國立中與大學

108 學年度 碩士班考試入學招生

試題

學系:資訊科學與工程學系 甲組

科目名稱:基礎數學A

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Part I Discrete Mathematics

- A. Fill the blanks from ① to ②. (4 points each)
 - 1. Assume that an automatic recognizer is used to distinguish boys from a group of people which consists of 10 boys and 8 girls. There are 12 persons recognized as boys by the recognizer. However, only 9 out of these 12 persons are actually boys, other 3 persons are girls. With these statistics, the precision and accuracy of this recognizer are ① and ② respectively.
 - 2. In the equation of $y_1 + y_2 + 5y_3 = 12$, there are 7 solutions of positive integers (that is, y_1 , y_2 , and y_3 are all positives) and ③ non-negative integers.
 - 3. Translate the following 2 statements using logical symbols, such as ∀ and ∃, propositional variables, and logical operators. The logical expression for "There is no maximum integer" is ④ and the logical expression of "Every integer has a unique additive inverse" is ⑤.
 - 4. The recurrence relation of the number of moves required for Hanoi tower is $a_k = 6$, where $a_1 = 1$, $a_2 = 3$.
 - 5. Assume that there are 1 red ball and 2 blue balls in box 1, and 2 red balls and 3 blue balls in box 2. You choose one ball randomly. If you have selected a red ball, then the probability that you selected a ball from the 1st box is ⑦.
 - 6. The number of bit strings of length 10 having more 0s than 1s is ®, and the number of bit strings of length 10 having at least 3 1s is ⑨.
- B. True or false (2 pts each for a correct answer and -1 point for a wrong answer)
 - 1. Incidence matrix, for graph representation, is a symmetric matrix.
 - 2. The cardinality of Q is the same as the cardinality of Z.
 - 3. Among 100 people there are at least 9 who were born in the same month.
 - 4. $(P(S), \subseteq)$ is a partially ordered set, where P(S) is a power set of $S=\{1,2,4\}$.
 - 5. " $\neg p \rightarrow q$ " is logically equivalent to " $\neg (q \leftrightarrow p)$ ", where \neg stands for "not"
 - 6. There are 81 ways to put 4 distinguishable balls into 3 different boxes.
 - 7. Traveling salesman problem is the problem to find an Euler circuit of least cost.

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Part II Linear Algebra

1. Determine whether the set S is linear independent or dependent. (3% each)

(a)
$$S = \{(2, -1, 4), (3, 6, 2), (2, 10, -4)\}$$
 in \mathbb{R}^3 .

(b)
$$S = \{(2,1,1), (2,-1,3), (2,3,-1)\}$$
 in \mathbb{R}^3

(c)
$$S = \{0, x, x^2\}$$
 in polynomial space P_2 .

(d)
$$S = \{3 + x + x^2, 2 - x + 5x^2, 4 - x^2\}$$
 in polynomial space P_2 .

(e)
$$S = \{(1+x)^2, x^2 + 2x, 3\}$$
 in polynomial space P_2 .

2. Let matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Find A^{-1} . (5%)
- (b) Verify whether A is positive definite. (5%)
- (c) Find a matrix P such that $P^{-1}AP$ is diagonal. (10%)
- 3. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be defined by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 + 2x_2 \\ -x_1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Find the matrix of T with respect to the bases $B = \{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2\}$ and $B' = \{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$, where

$$\mathbf{u}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{u}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}. (10\%)$$

(b) Use the matrix obtained in (a) to compute $T(\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix})$. (5%)