物聯網

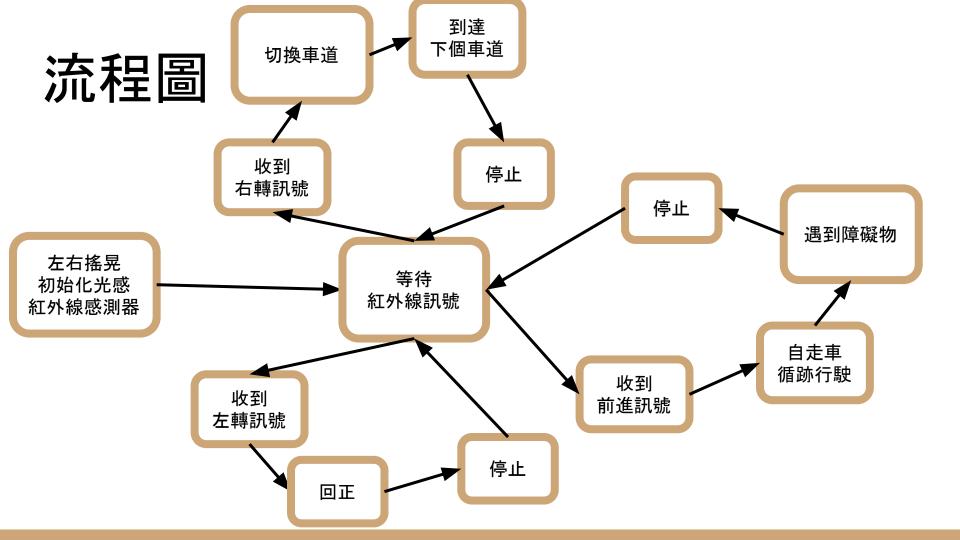
作業三 M1354020 林昀佑

功能說明



程式架構

- 馬達控制模組
 - 負責步進功能
 - 馬達功能包裝
 - 前、後、左、右、停止
 - 右輪、左輪 細部設定
- 感測器模組
 - 負責感知器部分功能
 - 紅外線訊號
 - 超音波
 - 光感測器
- 主程式
 - 統合需要感測與馬達同時作用的功能
 - 以狀態機為基礎的系統



程式碼-馬達控制模組-初始化部分

```
#include "Arduino.h"
#include "sensor_mod.h"//引入library
#define I PWM 6
#define left foward A0
#define left back A1
#define RPWM 5
#define right back A3
#define right foward A2 //設定Pin腳
unsigned int last proportional = 0;
long integral = 0;
int Distance = 0;//運算用的共通函數
```

```
void init motor(int max) {//初始化馬達腳位
 maximumSpeed = max;
 pinMode(LPWM, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(RPWM, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(left_foward, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(left_back, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(right_back, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(right_foward, OUTPUT);
```

程式碼-馬達控制模組-兩輪細部設定&前後左右

```
void left speed set(int speed) {//設定左輪速度可支援前進後退
if (speed \geq = 0) {
  analogWrite(LPWM, speed);
  digitalWrite(left_foward, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(left back, LOW);
} else {
  analogWrite(LPWM, -1 * speed);
  digitalWrite(left foward, LOW);
  digitalWrite(left_back, HIGH):
void right_speed_set(int speed) {//設定右輪速度可支援前進後退
if (speed \geq = 0) {
  analogWrite(RPWM, speed);
  digitalWrite(right_foward, LOW);
  digitalWrite(right back, HIGH);
 } else {
  analogWrite(RPWM, speed);
  digitalWrite(right_foward, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(right back, LOW):
```

```
void forward(int speed) {//前進
 left_speed_set(speed);
 right speed set(speed);
void backward(int speed) {//後退
 left speed set(-1 * speed);
 right speed set(-1 * speed);
void left(int speed) {//原地左轉
 left speed set(-1*speed);
 right speed set(speed);
void right(int speed) {//原地右轉
 left speed set(speed);
 right speed set(-1*speed);
void stop() {//停止
 left_speed_set(0);
right_speed_set(0);
```

程式碼 - 感測器模組-初始化

```
#include <TRSensors.h>
#include <IRremote.h>

#define NUM_SENSORS 5
#define ECHO 2
#define TRIG 3
//遙控器的按鈕對應值
#define ir_forward 0xFF18E7 // 2
#define ir_backward 0xFF4AB5 // 8
#define ir_left 0xFF10EF // 4
#define ir_right 0xFF5AA5 // 6
#define ir_line 0xFF38C7 // 5
```

```
TRSensors trs:
unsigned int sensorValues[NUM SENSORS];
IRrecv irrecv(4);//紅外線pin腳位設定
decode results results; // 紅外線解碼出來的資料
unsigned long lastReceiveTime = 0;
unsigned long timeout = 200;
void init sensor() {
  pinMode(ECHO, INPUT); // 測障超音波測回波
  pinMode(TRIG, OUTPUT); // 測障超音波發射波
  irrecv.enableIRIn(); //紅外線
 trs = TRSensors(); // 光感
 for (int i=0;i<200;i++) {
   trs.calibrate();
  delay(500);
```

程式碼 - 感測器模組-用到的功能

```
//取得光感資料
unsigned int getSV(int num) {
  return sensorValues[num];
}
// 超音波偵測
int Distance_test() {
  digitalWrite(TRIG, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  digitalWrite(TRIG, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10);
  digitalWrite(TRIG, LOW);
  return (int)(pulseIn(ECHO, HIGH)/58);
}
```

```
// 紅外線接收
String getAction() {
 if (irrecv.decode(&results)) {
  switch (results.value) {
   case ir forward://2
    return "track";
   case ir_line://5
    return "forward";
   case ir backward://8
    return "backward";
   case ir_right://6
    return "right";
   case ir_left://4
    return "left":
  irrecv.resume();
```

程式碼-主程式-初始化&綜合循跡

```
#include "motor mod.h"
#include "sensor mod.h"
//公共變數定義
// 執行速度
int speed = 100;
//轉彎速度
int turn speed = 60;
void setup() {
 //初始化馬達模組
 init motor(speed);
 //初始化感應器模組
 init sensor();
 Serial.begin(115200);
//初始化動作變數(狀態機需要)
String action = "none";
```

```
// 可前進或後退的循跡
void track(String act) {
  if (
    getSV(3)<400 &&
    getSV(2)<400 &&
    getSV(1)<400) {// 偵測是否在線上
    stop();
    action = "none";
  else {
    if (act.equals("track")) {
      forward(speed);
    else if (act.equals("backward")){
      backward(speed);
```

程式碼-主程式-狀態機

```
void loop() {
  action=getAction();//取得IR控制資料
  Serial.println(action);
  if (action.equals("track")) {
    if (Distance_test() <= 15){
       stop();
       action = "none";
    }else{
       track(action);
  else if (action.equals("forward")) {
    if (Distance_test() <= 15){</pre>
       stop();
       action = "none";
    }else{
       forward(100);
```

```
else if (action.equals("backward")) {
  track(action);
else if (action.equals("right")) {
   left_speed_set(turn_speed);
  right speed set(0);
  delay(300);
  stop();
  action = "none":
else if (action.equals("left")) {
   left_speed_set(0);
  right_speed_set(turn_speed);
  delay(300);
  stop();
  action = "none";
```

問題討論

後退時沒有偵測器可用,導致車容易超出範圍

解決方式

 盡量維持直線以及增加偵測頻率 (減少delay時間)

成果影片

https://youtube.com/shorts/f7r7PuQJKYE