# Prediction of age-structured model for SARS-CoV-2 in Seoul and Gyeonggi

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#### Data

- 1. Daily confirmed cases in Seoul and Gyeonggi
- 2. Vaccine
  - ▶ Daily number of vaccination for 1st dose (by age)
  - ▶ Daily number of vaccination for 2nd dose (by age)
  - ► Vaccine efficacy
- 3. Proportion of  $\delta$  variant

### 1. Daily number of vaccination for 1st dose (all ages)

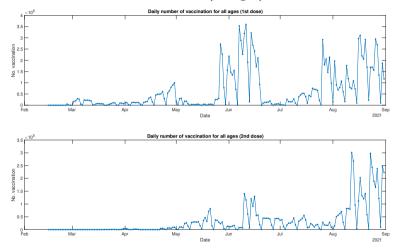


Figure 1: The daily number vaccination for 1st dose and 2nd dose from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01

#### 1. Daily number of vaccination for 1st dose (by age)

- ▶ The daily number of vaccination by age is generated by the ratio between ages of vaccinated people.
- ► The ratio is based on KDCA reports.

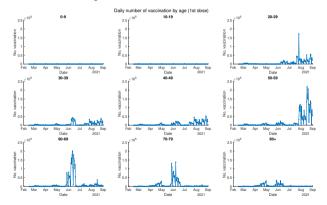


Figure 2: The daily number vaccination for 1st dose by age from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01

#### 2. Daily number of vaccination for 2nd dose (by age)

- ▶ The daily number of vaccination by age is generated by the ratio between ages of vaccinated people.
- ► The ratio is based on KDCA reports.

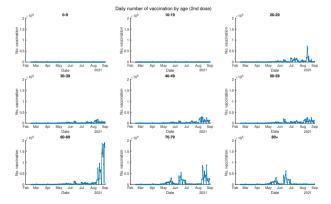


Figure 3: The daily number vaccination for 2nd dose by age from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01

#### 3. Vaccine efficacy

- ▶ The vaccine efficacies for  $\alpha$  variant and  $\delta$  variant are different.
- $\triangleright$  We use weighted sum of vaccine efficacies where weights are based on proportion of  $\delta$  variant

	Dose	Astrazeneca	Pfizer
$\alpha$ variant	1st dose 2nd dose	48.7% $74.5%$	$47.5\% \\ 93.7\%$
$\delta$ variant	1st dose 2nd dose	$30.0\% \\ 67\%$	35.6% $88%$

Table 1: The vaccine efficacies according to the vaccine type, variant and dose.

 $<sup>^1{\</sup>rm Jamie~Lopez~Bernal}$ et al. (2021). "Effectiveness of Covid-19 vaccines against the B. 1.617. 2 (Delta) variant". In: New England Journal of Medicine

### 3. Vaccine efficacy

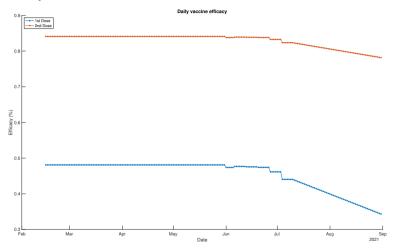
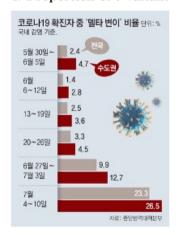


Figure 4: The estimated daily vaccine efficacy for 1st dose and 2nd dose.

### 4. Proportion of $\delta$ variant



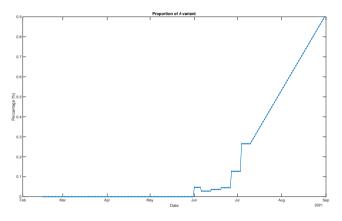


Figure 5: Estimates of proportion of  $\delta$  variant.

# Model

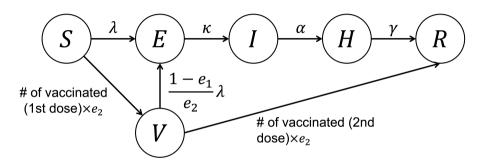


Figure 6: Diagram of age-structured model for SARS-CoV-2.

# Model

Notation	Interpretation
S	Susceptibles
E	Exposed
I	Infectious
H	Hospitalized
R	Removed (or recovered)
V	Vaccinated (between 1st dose and 2nd dose)
$\lambda$	Force of infection
$\kappa$	Latent period
$\alpha$	Infectious period
$\gamma$	Hospitalization period
$e_1$	Vaccine efficacy for 1st dose
$e_2$	Vaccine efficacy for 2nd dose

Table 2: Definition of states and parameters.

# Social distancing

#### Social distance level

- ▶ 0.5단계 감소: transmission rate 전단계 대비 41.61% 증가
- ▶ 0.5단계 증가: transmission rate 전단계 대비 30% 감소

Date	Social distancing level	Change of transmission rate
2021/02/15-2021/06/30	2	
2021/07/01-2021/07/11	1.5	$\beta \times 1.4161$
2021/07/12-2021/09/26	Assumed as 2	$\beta \times 1.4161 \times 0.699$
$2021/09/27-2021/12/31^2$	-	-

Table 3: The change of transmission rate according to the social distancing level from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{It}$  will be changed according to the experiments.

# School opening effect

- ▶ The school opening effect only affects the contact rate between teenagers.
- ▶ We assumed that the contact number of teenagers reduces by 85.86%.
- $\triangleright$  We assumed that the school opening effect is applied since 2021/09/02.

Assumption	Increment of contact rate (%)
원격수업	0
33% 등교	91.95
50% 등교	165.93
66% 등교	268.44
전면 등교	607.21

Table 4: The increment of contact rate of teenagers for the corresponding assumptions.

#### Definition of $\lambda$

#### Motivation

- ▶ In general,  $\lambda(t)$  is defined by  $W \times I(t)$  where W is the WAIFW matrix, and I(t) is the number of infectious at time t.
- $\triangleright$  To reflect the non-pharmaceutical intervention, we consider time-dependent W(t).

#### Definition of WAIFW matrix

Let p(t) and SD(t) be the proportion of  $\delta$  variant and proportionate of the corresponding social distancing level at time t. Let C(t) be the contact rate at time t.

$$W(t) = ((1 - p(t) + p(t)\delta) \times \beta \times SD(t) \times C(t)$$

# Order of experiment

School opening						
		원격수업	33% 등교	50% 등교	66% 등교	전면 등교
$\mathbf{SD}^3$	2단계 1.5단계	1 6	2 7	3 8	4 9	5 10

Table 5: The experiment numbers according to the social distancing level and school opening.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Abbreviation of "Social Distancing".

### Parameter estimation results

$$\hat{\beta} = 0.0432$$

Parameter	Initial	Estimate
δ	1.0000e+00	1.2532e+00
$\operatorname{Cost}$	1.9417e + 04	1.2841e + 04
Time	0.0000e+00	2.6832e + 01

Table 6: Parameter estimates obtained by maximum likelihood estimation.

#### Parameter estimation results

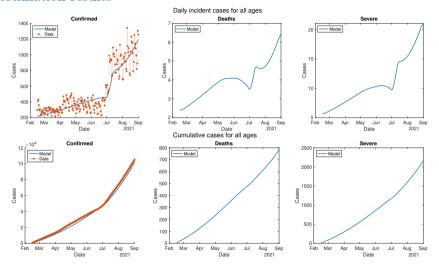


Figure 7: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

### Parameter estimation results

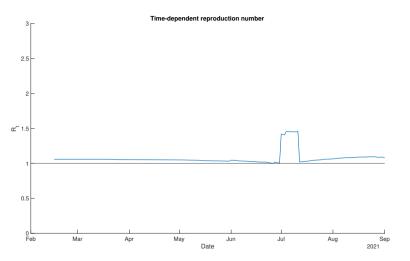


Figure 8: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

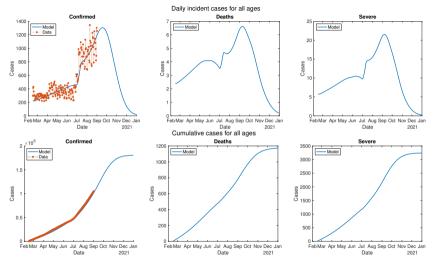


Figure 9: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

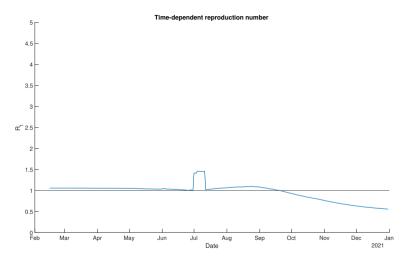


Figure 10: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

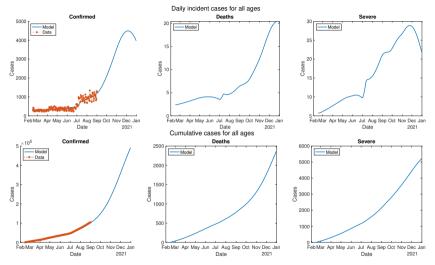


Figure 11: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

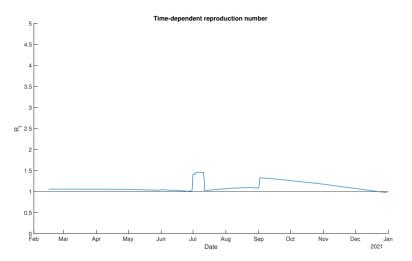


Figure 12: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

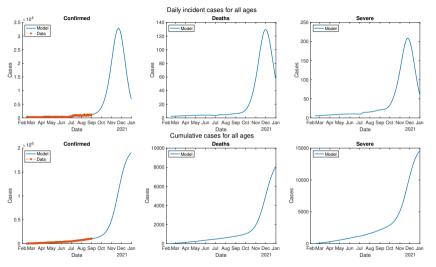


Figure 13: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

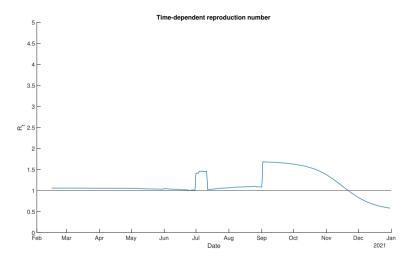


Figure 14: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

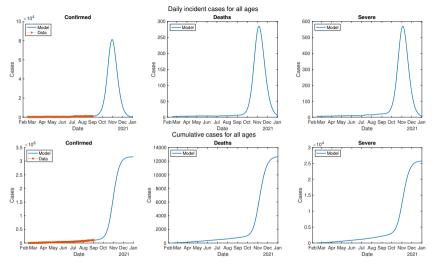


Figure 15: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

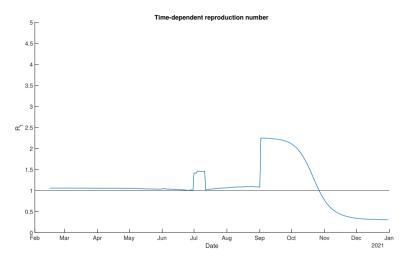


Figure 16: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

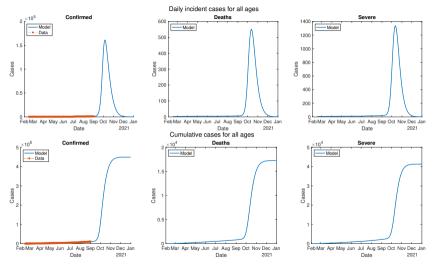


Figure 17: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

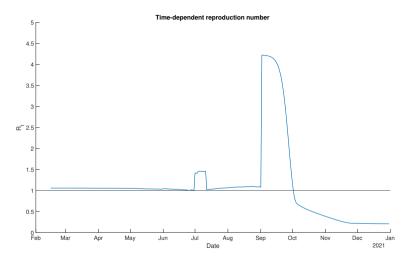


Figure 18: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

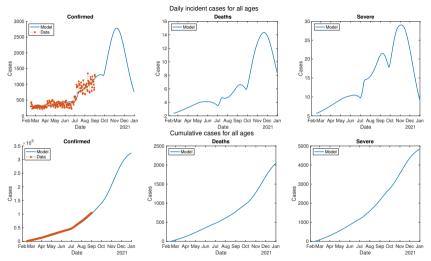


Figure 19: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

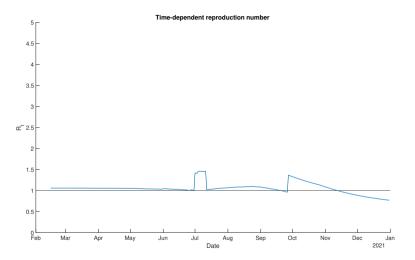


Figure 20: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

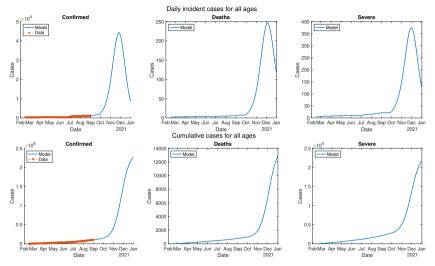


Figure 21: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

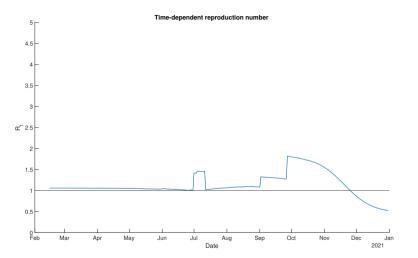


Figure 22: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

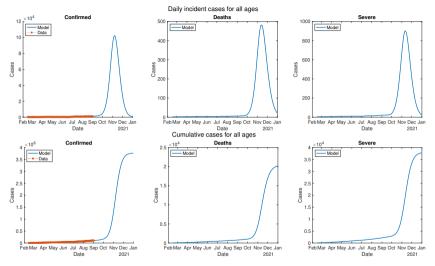


Figure 23: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

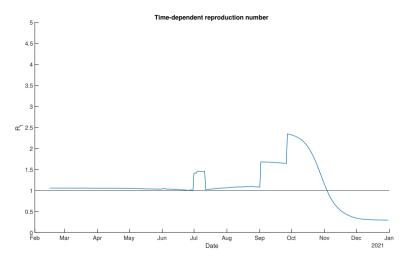


Figure 24: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

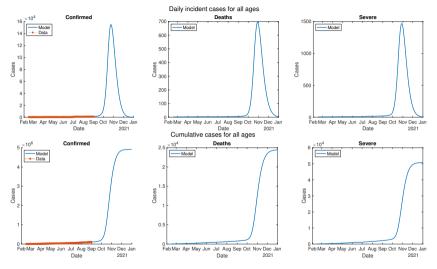


Figure 25: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

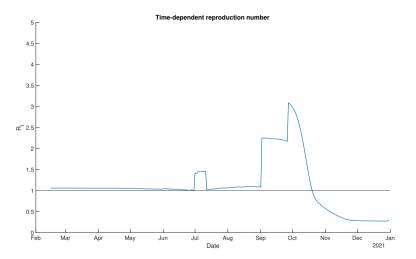


Figure 26: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.

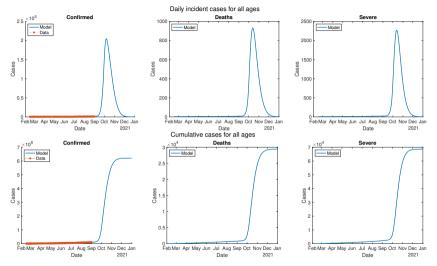


Figure 27: The model prediction and data for daily confirmed cases (top) and cumulative confirmed cases (bottom).

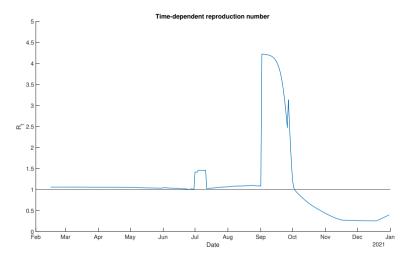


Figure 28: The estimated reproduction number from 2021/02/15 to 2021/09/01.