1 Explicit Feedback

For explicit feedback, we assume that a pair of purchase and click < w, l > is the result that (1) w is superior than l on the most pertinent aspect $g_k = 1$ and (2) w at least ties with l on other aspects.

We have the following equation:

$$p(< w, l > |\Theta, g) = \prod_{k=1}^{K} \frac{w_k}{w_k + \theta l_k} \frac{g_k}{l_k + \theta w_k} \frac{1 - g_k}{l_k + \theta w_k}, \tag{1}$$

where g the hidden variable is sampled from u, $\Theta = \{\theta, w_k, l_k, u\}$ is the parameter space.

The likelihood over all sessions is defined by

$$p(D|\Theta) = \prod_{u} \prod_{d \in D(u)} \sum_{k} \left(\prod_{w \in W(d)} \prod_{l \in L(d)} p(\langle w, l \rangle |\Theta, g) p(g|u) \right)$$
 (2)

Due to the summation part, the log-likelihood can not be analytically optimized. To maximize the log-likelihood, we follow the EM framework.

E-step

$$p(g|d, \Theta^t) \propto p(g|u, \Theta^t) p(d|g, \Theta^t)$$

$$p(g_k = 1|d, \Theta^t) \propto u_k^t \frac{w_k^t}{w_k^t + \theta^t l_k^t} \prod_{k' \neq k} \left[\frac{\theta^t w_{k'}^t}{l_{k'}^t + \theta^t w_{k'}^t} \right]$$
(3)

M-step

For any positive variables x, y, we have

$$\ln \frac{y}{x} \ge 1 - \frac{x}{y}$$

Therefore we can derive a lower bound for the log-likelihood over the complete data, given the parameters learnt from previous round.

$$l(\Theta, g) = \sum_{u} \sum_{d \in D(u)} \log \{ u_k \frac{w_k}{w_k + \theta l_k} \prod_{k' \neq k} [\frac{\theta^t w_{k'}}{l_{k'} + \theta^t w_{k'}}] \}$$

$$\geq Q^t(\Theta, g)$$

$$\sum_{u} \sum_{d \in D(u)} \{ \log u_k + [1 - \frac{w_k + \theta l_k}{w_k^t + \theta^t l_k^t}] \sum_{k' \neq k} [1 - \frac{l_{k'} + \theta w_{k'}}{l_{k'}^t + \theta^t w_{k'}^t}] \}$$

$$\geq Q^t(\Theta, g)$$

$$\sum_{u} \sum_{d \in D(u)} \{ \log u_k + [1 - \frac{w_k + \theta l_k}{w_k^t + \theta^t l_k^t}] \sum_{k' \neq k} [1 - \frac{l_{k'} + \theta w_{k'}}{l_{k'}^t + \theta^t w_{k'}^t}] \}$$

where l_k^t, w_k^t, θ^t are the parameters learnt from t-th round.

The objective in M-step is $Q^t = \sum_u \sum_{d \in D(u)} p(g_k = 1|d, \Theta^t) Q^t(\Theta, g)$. To maximize Q^t we adopt coordinate descent.

Fix v for all w and l and θ , we update u by. (See the corresponding derivation in our paper)

Fix u, θ , we update w and l by.

Fix u, v, we update θ by.

Stochastic S-step In stochastic EM, we simply add an S-step after the E-step. We draw the value of g for each session d by

$$k \sim u_k^t \frac{w_k^t}{w_k^t + \theta^t l_k^t} \prod_{k' \neq k} \left[\frac{\theta^t w_{k'}^t}{l_{k'}^t + \theta^t w_{k'}^t} \right]. \tag{5}$$

Next replace the M-step by

$$\sum_{u} \sum_{d \in D(u)} \{ \left[1 - \frac{w_k + \theta l_k}{w_k^t + \theta^t l_k^t} + \log \frac{w_k}{w_k^t + \theta^t l_k^t} \right] \sum_{k' \neq k} \left[1 - \frac{l_{k'} + \theta w_{k'}}{l_{k'}^t + \theta^t w_{k'}^t} + \log \frac{\theta w_{k'}}{l_{k'}^t + \theta^t w_{k'}^t} \right] \}$$
(6)

2 Implicit Feedback