Programming Assignment Checklist: WordNet

Frequently Asked Questions

Where are the textbook libraries stdlib.jar and algs4.jar? If you took Algorithms Part I, you should already have them installed. Otherwise, you can download them from the booksite. This page also contains links to all of the APIs.

How do I read input from a file? Use the In data type from stdlib.jar. (See pp. 82-83 of the textbook for more details.)

Can I read the synset or hypernym file twice? No, file I/O is very expensive so please read each file only once and store it in an appropriate data structure.

Any advice on how to read in and parse the synset and hypernym data files? Use the readLine() method in our In library to read in the data one line at a time. Use the split() method in Java's String library to divide a line into fields. You can find an example using split() in Domain.java. Use Integer.parseInt() to convert string id numbers into integers.

What assumption can I make about the digraph G passed to the SAP constructor? It can be any digraph, not necessarily a DAG

What data structure(s) should I use to store the synsets, synset ids, and hypernyms? This part of the assignment is up to you. You must carefully select data structures to achieve the specified performance requirements.

Do I need to store the glosses? No, you won't use them on this assignment.

Can I use my own Digraph class? No, it must have the same API as our <u>Digraph java</u> class; otherwise, you are changing the API to the SAP constructor (which takes a Digraph argument). Do not submit Digraph java.

Should I re-implement breadth-first search in my SAP class? No, you should call the relevant method(s) in BreadthFirstDirectedPaths. java. You may modify BreadthFirstDirectedPaths. java to optimize your code, but if you do so, rename it, say to DeluxeBFS. java, and submit it.

I understand how to compute the length(int v, int w) method in time proportional to E + V but my length(Iterable<Integer> v, Iterable<Integer> w) method takes time proportional to a \times b \times (E + V), where a and b are the sizes of the two iterables. How can I improve it to be proportional to E + V? The key is using the constructor in BreadthFirstDirectedPaths that takes an iterable of sources instead of using a single source.

What shound ancestor() or sap() return if there is more than one shortest ancestral path? Return any such one.

Is a vertex considered an ancestor of itself? Yes.

What is the root synset for the WordNet DAG?

38003, entity, that which is perceived or known or inferred to have its own distinct existence (living or nonliving)

Can a noun appear in more than one synset? Absolutely. It will appear once for each meaning that the noun has. For example, here are all of the entries in synsets.txt that include the noun word.

```
35532, discussion give-and-take word, an exchange of views on some topic; "we had a good discussion"; "we had a word or two about it"
56587, news intelligence tidings word, new information about specific and timely events; "they awaited news of the outcome"
59267, parole word word_of_honor, a promise; "he gave his word"
59465, password watchword word parole countersign, a secret word or phrase known only to a restricted group; "he forgot the password"
81575, word, a word is a string of bits stored in computer memory; "large computers use words up to 64 bits long"
81576, word, a verbal command for action; "when I give the word charge!"
81577, word, a brief statement; "he didn't say a word about it"
81578, word, a unit of language that native speakers can identify; "words are the blocks from which sentences are made"; "he hardly said ten words al
```

Can a synset consist of exactly one noun? Yes. Moreover, there can be several different synsets that consist of the same noun.

```
62, Aberdeen, a town in western Washington
63, Aberdeen, a town in northeastern South Dakota
64, Aberdeen, a town in northeastern Maryland
65, Aberdeen, a city in northeastern Scotland on the North Sea
```

I'm an ontologist and I noticed that your hypernyms.txt file contains both is-a and is-instance-of relationships. Yes, you caught us. This ensures that every noun (except entity) has a hypernym. Here is an article on the <u>subtle distinction</u>.

How can I make SAP immutable? You can (and should) save the associated digraph in an instance variable. However, because our Digraph data type is mutable, you must first make a defensive copy by calling the copy constructor.

Input, Output, and Testing

Some examples. Here are some interesting examples that you can use in your code.

• The synset municipality has two paths to region.

```
municipality -> administrative_district -> district -> region
municipality -> populated_area-> geographic_area -> region
```

• The synsets individual and edible_fruit have several different paths to their common ancestor physical_entity.

```
individual -> organism being -> living_thing animate_thing -> whole unit -> object physical_object -> physical_entity person individual someone somebody mortal soul -> causal_agent cause causal_agency -> physical_entity edible_fruit -> garden_truck -> food solid_food -> solid -> matter -> physical_entity edible_fruit -> fruit -> reproductive_structure -> plant_organ -> plant_part -> natural_object -> unit -> object -> physical_entity
```

• The following pairs of nouns are very far apart:

```
33 = distance("Black_Plague", "black_marlin")
27 = distance ("American_water_spaniel", "histology")
29 = distance("Brown_Swiss", "barrel_roll")
```

• The following synset has many ancestors and paths to entity.

Ambrose Saint_Ambrose St._Ambrose

Timing. In the "Optimizations" section below, we provide some tricks to speed up the running time by several orders of magnitude. But, don't try to implement these until you have a working nonoptimized solution.

DrJava. We do not recommend that you run your program on large inputs in DrJava—instead, use the command line.

Possible progress steps

These are purely suggestions for how you might make progress. You do not have to follow these steps.

- Download wordnet-testing.zip. It contains sample input files for testing.
- Create the data type SAP. This part of the assignment involves only graph algorithms (and you don't need to know anything about WordNet nouns, synsets, or hypernyms). First, think carefully about designing a correct and efficient algorithm for computing the shortest ancestral path. Ask in the Discussion Forums if you're unsure. In addition to the digraph*.txt files, design small DAGs to test and debug your code.
- Read in and parse the files described in the assignment, synsets.txt and hypernyms.txt. Don't worry about storing the data in any data structures yet. Test that you are parsing the input correctly before proceeding.
- Create a data type WordNet. Divide the constructor into two subtasks.
 - Read in the synsets.txt file and build appropriate data structures. You shouldn't need to design any data structures here, but choosing how to represent the data for efficient access is important. Think about what operations you need to support.
 - Read in the hypernyms.txt file and build a Digraph.

If you read in synsets txt first, you can identify the largest id before constructing the Digraph. Check that it is 82,191 but do not hardwire this number into your program because your program must work with any valid input file.

• Create the client Outcast. This is probably the easiest of the three components.

Optional Optimizations

There are a few things you can do to significantly speed up a sequence of SAP computations on the same digraph.

- The bottleneck operation is reinitializing arrays of length V to perform the BFS computations. This must be done once for the first BFS computation, but if you keep track of which array entries change, you can reuse the same array from computation to computation (reinitializing only those entries that changed in the previous computation). This can lead to a speedup of several orders of magnitude when only a small number of entries change (which is the typical case for the wordnet digraph). Note that if you have any other loops that iterates through all of the vertices, then you must eliminate those loops too in order to achieve a sublinear running time.
- If you run the breadth-first searches from v and w simultaneously, then you can terminate the BFS from v (or w) as soon as the distance exceeds the length of the best ancestral path found so far.
- Implement a software cache of recently computed length() and ancestor() queries. Often, a client calls ancestor() immediately after calling length() or vice versa, which results in a factor of 2 speedup.

Enrichment

- This <u>applet</u> connects words by a chain of WordNet synonyms.
- This paper measures the semantic orientation of WordNet adjectives by computing their relative distance to "good" and "bad."