FOUNDATIONS IN THE HUMANITIES

What is History?

Instructor: Duane Corpis, Associate Professor of Humanities and History

Course Nr.: HIST-SHU-101

Classroom: E202 Semester: Fall 2023

Day/Time: Tuesdays and Thursdays, 1:45-3:00 pm

Office Number: W810

Office Hours: Tuesdays, 11:00 am-1:00 pm or by appointment

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Course Description:

So you're interested in studying some history? Perhaps your goal is to be a professional historian and to make a career out of conducting research in libraries and archives, or maybe you enjoy history in a more casual way, reading books (or watching shows and movies) set in the distant past. You might be a person who values thinking "historically" as a form of academic study with its own antiquarian pleasures of imagining the clothes, architecture, behaviors, and cultures of bygone eras. Or perhaps you feel it is important to understand our contemporary world through the lens of historical events that have led us to where we are now. You might be fascinated with some particular historical figure, event, or development that evokes your sense of wonder and curiosity. Or, you might be a historical critic, keenly aware of the manifold forms of power, hierarchy, and struggle that have constituted both the past and present.

No matter what brings you to the study of the past, you probably already know that knowing a set of facts, names, and events is not enough to be a historian. Historians have to be trained to identify, understand, and interpret complex developments, patterns, and connections. They must learn how to formulate relevant questions, conduct research, evaluate sources, assess other historians' claims and arguments, and present their research to a variety of audiences. This course will introduce you to some of the theoretical and methodological frameworks that guide the work of historians. We therefore will discuss a variety of interrelated issues connected to your intellectual growth: research methods, approaches to writing of history, and historiography. Although we will be covering some very practical matters (e.g., conducting archival research, analyzing primary sources from different perspectives, developing a historical research project), we will also attempt to "theorize" the meaning of those practices – for example, the archive as a politicized space, the politics of historical periodizations and geopolitical space). Thus, this course is designed to help you develop a critical perspective of the discipline of history in order to encourage greater self-reflection concerning the importance and the limitations of academic historical knowledge.

Course Learning Outcomes and Goals:

This course has several broad learning goals. After you have completed this class, you should possess the knowledge to accomplish the following goals:

- to better understand the range of research skills used by professional historians, in order to develop your own original research project in upper-level history courses;
- to recognize, define, and apply a variety of methodological and theoretical approaches in order to interpret historical primary sources and to assess the claims made by other historians;
- to recognize and explain how and why historians who work on similar topics arrive at differing conclusions, and thereby to take a position within various historiographical debates;
- to identify, analyze, and critique the political, ethical, and ideological implications of historical methods, topics, and arguments.
- to develop basic skills of engaged learning, including different ways of formulating, documenting, and discussing the knowledge you have acquired over the course of the semester, whether through note-taking, brainstorming, asking and answering questions, discussing and dialoguing with your peers, and summarizing your impressions and ideas through in written assignments or class presentations.

Required Books to Purchase for this Course

- Davis, Natalie Zemon. The Return of Martin Guerre. Boston: Harvard University Press, 1984
- Dessalles, Pierre. Sugar and Slavery, Family and Race: The Letters and Diary of Pierre Dessalles, Planter in Martinique, 1808-1856. Edited by Elborg Forster and Robert Forster. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1996.
- Maza, Sarah. Thinking About History. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017.
- Trouillot, Michel-Rolph. *Silencing the Past: Power and the Production of History,* 2nd ed. Beacon Press, 2015.
- All additional readings will be available for free through NYU Bobst Library as online books or articles (https://library.nyu.edu) or in Brightspace for download. Please familiarize yourself with the procedures to search for and access online materials from the library's website and to download materials from Brightspace.

Assignments and Grading

Summary of Assignments: Graded work will be based on 5 writing activities of varying length, an inclass presentation, and overall course participation. All prompts for the assignments are described in the body of the syllabus, although the prompts may be modified before the deadline of the assignment

to make the assignment more clear or precise. You will receive further guidelines during the course of the semester as necessary. The schedule and grading weights are listed here:

-	Sunday, September 10th, (6:00 pm, China Standard Time): Writing Activity 1, no longer than 900 words	5%
-	Sunday, September 17th, (6:00 pm, China Standard Time): Writing Activity 2, no longer than 800 words	5%
-	Sunday, October 8 (6:00 pm, China Standard Time): Writing Activity 3, 1000 words	15%
-	Sunday, October 22 (6:00 pm, China Standard Time): Writing Activity 4, 1000 words	15%
-	Sunday, December 10 (6:00 pm, China Standard Time): Writing Activity 5, 1800-2400 words	30%
-	In-Class Presentation See the handout for more details on the format	15%
_	Active Participation in Weekly Assignments and Discussions	15%

Basic Standards for Assessing Grades: Grades in the A range will be given for excellent work, which reflects the student's exceptionally strong engagement with the readings and the discussions, as well as technical proficiency in writing, clarity of thinking, and careful, logical argumentation.

Grades in the B range will be given for above average work, which reflects the student's successful engagement with the readings and the discussions, as well as technical proficiency in writing, clarity of thinking, and careful, logical argumentation.

Grades in the C range will be given for average work, which reflects the student's competent but incomplete engagement with the readings and the discussions, as well as reflecting some weaknesses in technical writing proficiency, the formulation of clear thoughts, or careful argumentation.

Grades in the D and F range will be given for unsatisfactory work, which reflects the student's lack of engagement with or understanding of the readings and the discussions, and reflects a student's poor writing proficiency, incapacity to clearly express one's thoughts and thought process, and weak skills in logical argumentation.

Grades on most assignments will be assessed with the following grade-point conversion:

Letter Grade	Points	Percentage (presentations)
Α	4.00	94-110
A-	3.67	90-93
B+	3.33	87-89
В	3.00	84-86
B-	2.67	80-83
C+	2.33	77-79
С	2.00	74-76
C-	1.67	70-73
D+	1.33	67-69
D	65-66	65-66
F	.00	Below 65

Late written work: Unless students are experiencing a serious emergency that would cause a delay in your work, which they must report to me in a timely manner before the deadline, all late assignments will have a one-third letter grade penalty for each day that the assignment is turned in late (an A becomes an A-, etc.). If the reason for delay in work is a medical condition, students should contact their academic advisor to assess whether their condition is significant enough to warrant accommodation through the policies outlined by the NYU Moses Center for Student Accessibility (CSA).

Office hours: If students have any questions about the material taught in this course, the readings, or the assignments, it is their responsibility to come to the professor's office hours. Students who cannot make office hours should set up an alternative time for an appointment.

Academic Integrity

Violations of the NYUSH academic integrity policy are defined by and will be handled according to NYU Shanghai's *Statement on Academic Integrity* as published in the <u>Undergraduate Bulletin</u>. Breaches of academic integrity (including but not limited to plagiarism, unallowed use of digital or AI resources for the completion of assignments, or failure to cite sources of external information used in writing/research) could result in the failure of an assignment, failure of the course, or other sanctions, as determined by the Academic Affairs Office.

Attendance and Tardiness

Students are expected to attend all scheduled classes. If you are unable to attend a class, notify the professor *before* that class.

Absences and Grades:

- For the first three classes a student misses, they will receive a grade of F for their participation grade for each class session missed.
- Four or more absences from class will result in the grade of F for the student's overall participation grade.
- Eight or more absences from class will result in the grade of F for the final grade.

Absence Exceptions:

- Observance of Religious Holidays: Students may miss class for the observance of religious holidays. If a student anticipates being absent because of religious observance, they must notify the professor in advance in order to create a plan for making up missed work. For more details, consult the following guidelines: https://www.nyu.edu/about/policies-guidelines-compliance/policies-and-guidelines/university-calendar-policy-on-religious-holidays.html
- Competitions, Conferences, Presentations: Students are permitted to be absent from classes to participate in competitions, conferences, and presentations, either at home or out of town, as approved by the Associate Provost for Academic Affairs. Students should review the Undergraduate Bulletin for the conditions they must meet to obtain approval for this kind of absence. The students must provide the professor with proof of the Associate Provost's approval.
- Illness: When students are ill, they are expected to notify professors in advance of class, if at all possible. If the instructor determines that it is an excused absence then the student should negotiate with the professor the time and place for make-up of assignments, tests and/or examinations missed. Students who have been seriously ill, hospitalized and/or miss more than a week of classes due to medical reasons, should contact their academic advisor to discuss appropriate options for missed classes and/or coursework.

A student with an injury or medical condition that requires ongoing accommodations (temporary or permanent) should contact the NYU Moses Center for Student Accessibility (CSA). If an accommodation is recommended by the Moses Center, then Academic Affairs may communicate on behalf of students to advocate for excused absences/extensions. Reasonable accommodations, considering the course objectives, student learning, and fair standards, are ultimately decided by the professor.

Students who, in the judgment of the instructor, have not substantially met the requirements of the course or who have been excessively absent are not considered to have withdrawn from the course if they remain on the roster and may be given the final grade of F.

Tardiness: Punctual arrival is mandatory for this class. Students should arrive on time and should not not leave in the middle of class unless it is an emergency.

ARC Services

The Academic Resource Center (ARC) will be offering distance support for students who are enrolled in The Academic Resource Center (ARC) offers both individual, one-on-one tutoring as well as group sessions in a variety of ways, in a variety of courses. You can log on to WCOnline to book an appointment with a Global Writing & Speaking Fellow or a Learning Assistant (LA). The Global Writing & Speaking Fellows conduct individual consultations on writing, speaking, reading, and academic skills coaching. LAs provide both individual and small-group tutoring support in over 30 STEM, Business, Economics, IMA/IMB, and Chinese Language classes. Visit shanghai.nyu.edu/arc for more information about ARC services.

Academic Accommodations for Students with Disabilities

NYU Shanghai is committed to providing equal educational opportunity and participation for students with disabilities. It is NYU Shanghai's policy that no student with a qualified disability be excluded from participating in any NYU Shanghai program or activity, denied the benefits of any NYU Shanghai program or activity, or otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any NYU Shanghai program or activity. Any student who needs a reasonable accommodation based on a qualified disability should register with the Moses Center for Student Accessibility for assistance. Students can register online through the Moses Center and can contact the Academic Accommodations Team at shanghai.academicaccommodations@nyu.edu with questions or for assistance.

Students with approved academic accommodations should discuss as early as possible with their professors to generate a reasonable agreement on assignment extensions and/or absences.

Title IX Statement

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (Title IX) prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in educational programs. It protects victims of sexual or gender-based bullying and harassment and survivors of gender-based violence. Protection from the discrimination on the basis of sex includes protection from being retaliated against for filing a complaint of discrimination or harassment. NYU is committed to complying with Title IX and enforcing University policies prohibiting discrimination on the basis of sex. Mary Signor (mary.signor@nyu.edu), Executive Director of the Office of Equal Opportunity, serves as New York University's Title IX Coordinator. The University's Title IX Coordinator is a resource for any questions or concerns about sex discrimination, sexual harassment, sexual violence, or sexual misconduct and is available to discuss your rights and judicial options. University policies define prohibited conduct, provide informal and formal procedures for filing a complaint and a prompt and equitable resolution of complaints.

Note: This syllabus provides a general plan for the course; changes in the syllabus and course schedule may be necessary and are subject to change. Changes will be communicated via email and in NYU Classes. It is the student's responsibility to check email messages and course announcements to stay current in the online phase of the course.

PART I THEORIZING THE BASICS: TIME, SPACE, NARRATION

Week One What is History? What is Historiography? What is the Past?

• Tuesday, August 29

Introduction to the course

• Thursday, August 31

How do historians imagine "time" itself?

Time and History: Periodization

• Tuesday, September 5

How do historians imagine and invent time periods?

Required Reading for Thursday's Discussion:

- Hunt, Lynn. "Is Time Historical?" In *Measuring Time*, *Making History*. Budapest and New York: The Central European Press, 2008, pages 3-47. [Bobst Library Online: De Gruyter]
- Thursday, September 7

What are the politics of periodization?

Required Reading for Thursday's Discussion:

 Hunt, Lynn. "Modernity and History." In Measuring Time, Making History. Budapest and New York: The Central European Press, 2008, pages 47-93. [Bobst Library Online: De Gruyter Online]

Required Group Readings for Thursday's In-Class Group Work:

- *Group One:* Bin Wong, R. "Beyond Sinocentrism and Eurocentrism," *Science & Society* 67 no. 2 (Summer 20013): 173-184. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- *Group Two:* Chakrabarty, Dipesh. "The Muddle of Modernity," *The American History Review* 116, no. 3 (June 2011): 663-675. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- Group Three: Ben-Dor Benite, Zvi. "The Sphinx and the Historian," The American History Review 116, no. 3 (June 2011): 638-652. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

Writing Activity 1: Describe a historical moment, epoch, or period of history that fascinates or interests you, and discuss why. First, describe some of the most important characteristics, people, or events related to the time period that you have selected. Second, explain your personal investment in this historical time period. Why does this period of history fascinate or interest you? Third, using at least two of the articles you have read so far in weeks one and two, explain any underlying ideological or political stakes in why this period of history has been deemed important by you and by others. In this third section of your essay, make explicit use of the insights drawn from the authors in Weeks 1 and 2 by referring to at least 2 authors' concepts, ideas, examples, and/or arguments in order to take a critical stance toward your choice and to try to understand the (sometimes hidden, sometimes explicit) reasons why some moments or periods of history matter to us in the present. Be sure to use formal citations (Chicago Manual of Style) to reference any information, ideas, or arguments that you are borrowing from other people, including anything you discuss in sections 1 and 2 of this essay, including information you research to explain the period that is not part of your own basic knowledge.

900 words maximum (around 2.5 - 3 pages, double-spaced, 12-point Times or Times New Roman, 1" margins).

This assignment is worth 5% of your final grade.

Complete this assignment, and upload it into Brightspace as a Word Document or a PDF no later than 6:00 pm, Sunday, September 10, 2023, China Standard Time.

Week Three

Time and History: The Politics of Temporality

Tuesday, September 12

Does time itself have a history?

Professor's Lecture: No Readings this Tuesday

• Thursday, September 14

How have historians studied temporality?

Required Reading for Thursday's Discussion:

• Thompson, E.P. "Time, Work-Discipline and Industrial Capitalism," *Past and Present* 38 (December 1967): 56-97. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

1st Individual Reading for Presentation:

• Atkins, Keletso E. "'Kafir Time': Preindustrial Temporal Concepts and Labour Discipline in Nineteenth-Century Natal," *Journal of African History* 29, No. 2 (1988): 229-244. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

Writing Activity 2: This writing assignment falls into the category known as "self-reflexive" writing, in which you use specific examples from your own life to critically assess the conditions of your society and your surroundings to imagine what impact they have on you and/or that you have one your society and surroundings. In self-reflexive writing, it is often important to speculate (and hence to adopt a speculative tone in your written voice), since the object is not to prove beyond doubt that your claims are correct. Rather, your goal is to think through questions by putting your experiences and your thoughts in dialogue with the readings we've done for this week and with your sense of external social forces that influence your life. I am looking for coherent and clear thinking, but not necessarily fully polished prose.

In your response, answer the following two sets of questions:

- (1) In what ways do you experience time in your own, personal life as a form of work-discipline, and in what ways have your own experiences of time escaped from the temporality of work-discipline? To answer this question, be sure you are using E.P. Thompson's concept accurately.
- (2) Are there moments in your life when time seems to drag along slowly or other moments when it seems to race faster than what you would define as your normal temporal pace? After describing one or two examples of such moments, explain how society's norms, expectations, structures, or conditions shape your personal experiences of different temporal speeds or paces too slow, too fast, or just right. You should use E.P. Thompson and/or Keletso Atkins as (direct or indirect) models for how you might think about time as a social construction related to the historical social conditions of the present world. If you make any specific references to the authors from this week, be sure to use formal citations to site exactly where you got your information (Chicago Manual of Style).

800 words maximum (around 2 – 2.5 pages, double-spaced, 12-point Times or Times New Roman, 1" margins).

This assignment is worth 5% of your final grade.

Complete this assignment, and upload it into Brightspace as a Word Document or a PDF no later than 6:00 pm, Sunday, September 17, 2023, China Standard Time.

Geography and History: Mapping the Spaces of Historical Research

Week Four

• Tuesday, September 19

How and why has the geography of continents shaped historical studies?

Required Reading for Tuesday's Discussion:

- Lewis, Martin W. and Kären E. Wigen. "The Architecture of Continents." In *The Myth of Continents*. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1997. Chapter 2, pages 21-46. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- Thursday, September 21

How and why has the territorial space of empires and nations driven historical studies?

Required Reading for Thursday's Discussion:

• Maza, Sarah. "The History of Where?" Chapter 2 in *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

2nd Individual Reading for Presentation:

• Hostetler, Laura. *Qing Colonial Enterprise: Ethnography and Cartography in Early Modern China*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2001. Pages 51-80. [Assignment List in Brightspace]

Geography and History: Rethinking Space and Territory

• Tuesday, September 26

How can we reimagine geography beyond nations, empires and continents?

Required Readings for Tuesday:

• Braudel, Fernand. *The Mediterranean and the Mediterranean World in the Age of Philip II*. Vol. 1, translated by Sian Reynolds. Oakland: University of California Press, 1995. On mountains, plateaus, hills and foothills: pages 23-47, 51-60. On the plains: 60-62, 66-85. On the seas: 103-138. On the coastlines: 138-158. The boundaries of the Greater Mediterranean: 169-177, 181-185, 224-230. The Climate: 231-272. [Assignment List in Brightspace]

• Thursday, September 28

Can Fernand Braudel's model be applied to Asia?

3rd, 4th and 5th Individual Readings for Presentations:

- Bin Wong, R. "Between Nation and World: Braudelian Regions in Asia," *Review* (Fernand Braudel Center) 26, no. 1 (2003): 1-45. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- Amrith, Sunil S. "The Life of the Bay of Bengal." In *Crossing the Bay of Bengal: The Furies of Nature and the Fortunes of Migrants*. Boston: Harvard University Press, 2013. Chapter 1, pages 6-31. [Bobst Library Online: Ebook Central]
- Scott, James C. "Hills, Valleys, and States: An Introduction to Zomia." In *The Art of Not Being Governed: An Anarchist History of Upland Southeast Asia*. New Haven: Yale University Press, 2009. Chapter 1, pages 1-39. [Bobst Library Online: De Gruyter Books]

Writing Activity 3:

This week is the first analytical essay for this course. We have spent two weeks thinking about different ways that historians explore geography. In this essay, explain how Braudel's understanding of the slow pace of history rooted in expansive regional environmental and social conditions breaks away from a narrow focus on the nation-state and its boundaries as the primary stage upon which human history unfolds. You should consider the following: how Braudelian geography exceeds any one nation state and encompasses many regions that became nation-states in the 19th and 20th centuries, how Braudel's <u>comparisons</u> of social and economic life across regions questions the specificity of distinct national cultures, how methodologically Braudel's model is less concerned with the history of "events" (i.e., of political activities of the national ruling classes).

You should make specific references to the authors from both Weeks 4 and 5, including the individual readings assigned for presentations if you have read them. Be sure to use formal citations to site exactly where you got your information (Chicago Manual of Style).

1000 words maximum (around 4 pages, double-spaced, 12-point Times or Times New Roman, 1" margins).

This assignment is worth 15% of your final grade.

Complete this assignment, and upload it into Brightspace as a Word Document or a PDF no later than 6:00 pm, Sunday, October 8, 2023, China Standard Time.

The Politics of Historical Narratives

• Tuesday, October 10

Can historical narratives ever tell us the whole story? Can history silence the past as much as it can give the past a voice? How do we account for the multiplicity of competing voices narrating history?

Required Readings for Tuesday (only group 1):

- Trouillot, Michel-Rolph. "The Three Faces of Sans Souci." Chapter 2 in *Silencing the Past: Power and the Production of History*. Boston: Beacon Press, 1995. Pages 31-69. [Digital Copy for Purchase]
- Trouillot, Michel-Rolph. "An Unthinkable History." Chapter 3 in *Silencing the Past: Power and the Production of History*. Boston: Beacon Press, 1995. Pages 70-108. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

• Thursday, October 12

Can historical narratives ever tell us the whole story? Can history silence the past as much as it can give the past a voice? How do we account for the multiplicity of competing voices narrating history?

Required Readings for Tuesday (only group 2):

• Maza, Sarah. "How is History Produced?" Chapter 4 in *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

Week Seven

The Politics of Historical Narratives

• Tuesday, October 17

What role does historical memory play in shaping historical narratives?

Required Reading for Tuesday (only group 2):

- Trouillot, Michel-Rolph. "Good Day, Columbus." Chapter 4 in *Silencing the Past:* Power and the Production of History. Boston: Beacon Press, 1995. Pages 108-140. [Digital Copy for Purchase]
- Trouillot, Michel-Rolph. "The Presence in the Past." Chapter 5 in *Silencing the Past: Power and the Production of History*. Boston: Beacon Press, 1995. Pages 141-153. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

Tuesday, October 19

Is history fact or fiction?

Required Reading for Tuesday (only group 1):

• Maza, Sarah. "Facts or Fictions?" Chapter 6 in *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

Writing Activity 4:

For two weeks, we have been considering the fact that no historical project can ever tell the entirety of the story. In this sense, History is not the sum total of events in the past, but a set of interpretations, which can change over time, dependent on the knowledge and even the ideological assumptions of the persons telling that story. Drawing from the assigned texts written by Trouillot and Maza in Weeks Six and Seven, explain the problems associated with attempting to provide a total, objective history of the "past," and the problems associated with acknowledging that historical accounts are incomplete, fragmented interpretations that can change over time.

You should make specific references to the authors from both Weeks 4 and 5, including the individual readings assigned for presentations if you have read them. Be sure to use formal citations to site exactly where you got your information (Chicago Manual of Style).

1000 words maximum (around 4 pages, double-spaced, 12-point Times or Times New Roman, 1" margins).

This assignment is worth 15% of your final grade.

Complete this assignment, and upload it into Brightspace as a Word Document or a PDF no later than 6:00 pm, Sunday, October 21, 2023, China Standard Time.

PART II. EXPLORING HISTORICAL METHODS

Week Eight

Archives and the Production of Historical Knowledge

Tuesday, October 24

How does the archive shape historical knowledge?

Required Readings for Tuesday:

- Joyce, Patrick. "The Politics of the Liberal Archive," *History of the Human Sciences* 12, No. 2 (May 1999): 35-49. [Bobst Library Online: SAGE Journals Premier 2021 (PREM 2021)]
- Thursday, October 26

How can we critically reimagine the archive?

6th, 7th and 8th Individual Readings for Presentations:

- Samuels, Helen Willa. "Who Controls the Past?" *American Archivist* 49, No. 2 (Spring 1986): 109-124. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- Scott, Rebecca J. "The Provincial Archive as a Place of Memory: The Role of Former Slaves in the Cuban War of Independence (1895-98)," *History Workshop Journal* 58 (Autumn 2004): 149-166. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- Fuentes, Marisa J. "Molly: Enslaved Women, Condemnation, and Gendered Terror." In *Dispossessed Lives: Enslaved Women, Violence, and the Archive*. Philadelphia; University of Pennsylvania Press, 2016. Chapter 4, pages 100-132. [Bobst Library Online: Ebook Central]

Week Nine

Sampling Historical Debates

• Tuesday, October 31

The rise and fall of social history

Required Readings for Tuesday:

- Maza, Sara. "The History of Whom?" Chapter 1 in *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]
- Joyce, Patrick. "The End of Social History?" *Social History* 20.1 (1995): 73-91. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

9th Individual Readings for Presentation (The presenter this week must discuss both readings):

- Ely, Geoff and Keith Nield. "Starting Over: The Present, The Post-Modern and the Moment of Social History," *Social History* 20.3 (1995): 355-364. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]
- Joyce, Patrick. "The End of Social History? A Brief Reply to Eley and Nield," *Social History* 21.1 (1996): 96-98. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

• Thursday, November 2

Is gender a social construction?

Required Readings for Thursday:

• Scott, Joan. "Gender: A Useful Category of Historical Analysis," *American Historical Review* 91 (1986): 28-50. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

10th. Individual Readings for Presentation:

 Downs, Laura Lee. "If 'Woman' Is Just an Empty Category, Then Why Am I Afraid to Walk Alone at Night?" Comparative Studies in Society and History 35, no. 2 (April 1993): 414-437. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

Week Ten Sampling Historical Methods: Microhistory

• Tuesday, November 7

What is microhistory?

Required Reading for Tuesday:

- Davis, Natalie Zemon. *The Return of Martin Guerre*. Boston: Harvard University Press, 1983. Introduction and chapters 1-7. [Digital Copy for Purchase]
- Thursday, November 9

How do historians speculate about the past when the sources are silent or tell too many stories?

Required Reading for Tuesday:

- Davis, Natalie Zemon. *The Return of Martin Guerre*. Boston: Harvard University Press, 1983. Introduction and chapters 1-7. Chapters 8-12 and Epilogue. [Digital Copy for Purchase]
- Maza, Sarah. Section entitled "In Search of Meaning: Microhistory" in chapter 4, "How is History Produced?" *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

Week Eleven

Sampling Historical Methods: World-Systems Analysis and the History of Global Capitalism

• Tuesday, November 14

How do we build a global picture of world historical procceses?

Required Readings for Tuesday:

- Wallerstein, Immanuel. *World-Systems Analysis: An Introduction* (Durham and London: Duke University Press, 2006 [2004]), pages 1-59. Includes a glossary of terms, that might be useful as you read, but not necessary (pages 91-100). [Bobst Library Online: Ebook Central]
- Wallerstein, Immanuel and Joan Smith, "Households as an Institution of the World-Economy." In *The Essential Wallerstein* (New York: The New Press, 2000), pages 234-252. [Assignment List in Brightspace]

• Thursday, November 16

How do we build a global picture of world historical processes?

Required Readings for Tuesday:

• Wallerstein, Immanuel and Terence K. Hopkins, "Commodity Chains in the World-Economy Prior to 1800." In *The Essential Wallerstein* (New York: The New Press, 2000), pages 221-233. [Assignment List in Brightspace]

11th Individual Reading for Presentation:

• Beckert, Sven, et al. "Commodity Frontiers and the Transformation of the Global Countryside: A Research Agenda." *Journal of Global History* 16, no. 3 (November 2021): 435-450. [Bobst Library Online: Cambridge University Press Journals Complete]

12th Individual Reading for Presentation:

 Pierson, Stacey. "The Movement of Chinese Ceramics: Appropriation in Global History." The Journal of World History 23, no. 1 (March 2012): 9-39. [Bobst Library Online: JSTOR]

Week Twelve

Reading and Interpreting Primary Sources

Tuesday, November 21

Strategies for reading primary sources...

Required Readings for Tuesday:

• Desalles, Pierre. Sugar and Slavery, Family and Race: The Letters and Diary of Pierre Dessalles, Planter in Martinique, 1808-1856, edited by Elborg Forster and Robert Forster (Baltimore and London: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1996), pages 3-240. [Hardcopy Purchase]

• Thursday, November 23

Strategies for understading primary sources...

Required Readings for Thursday:

• Desalles, Pierre. Sugar and Slavery, Family and Race: The Letters and Diary of Pierre Dessalles, Planter in Martinique, 1808-1856, edited by Elborg Forster and Robert Forster (Baltimore and London: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1996), pages 3-240. [Hardcopy Purchase]

Writing Activity 5: Using the letters and diary of Pierre Dessalles and methodological perspectives drawn from Week Ten (microhistory) and Week Eleven (world systems analysis), you will complete two short essays applying microhistory and world systems analysis to the primary sources concerning the social life of colonial Martinique and the system of slavery on the island's plantations.

Pick a group of letters and/or diary entries that allow you to reflect on some theme or topic that is related to the types of questions and problems analyzed by Immanuel Wallerstein and other scholars using world systems analysis. Based upon insights, arguments, concepts, and ideas that you draw directly from the world systems analysis, compose a short essay that analyzes those letters and/or diary entries you have chosen, as if you were a member of the scholarly circles who conduct research through the lens of world systems analysis. The essay should include full and appropriate references, citations, and examples from the scholarly readings and the primary source.

Assignment 4: Either using the exact same sources you used in Essay One or selecting a new group of letters and/or diary entries, write a second essay that allows you to reflect on some theme or topic that is related to the types of questions and problems analyzed by scholars working from the perspective of microhistory. Based upon insights, arguments, concepts, and ideas drawn directly from microhistorical methods, compose a short essay that analyzes those letters and/or diary entries you have chosen, as if you were a microhistorian like Natalie Zemon Davis. The essay should include full and appropriate references, citations, and examples from the scholarly readings and the primary source.

Feel free to incorporate other readings you have done in this course. Each essay should be between 900-1200 words (3-4 pages), should include appropriate footnotes using Chicago Manual of Style format for all materials you use, and should be types in 12-point font, Times or New Times Roman, with 1" margins. This assignment is worth 30% of your final grade. Complete this assignment, and upload it into Brightspace as a Word Document or a PDF no later than 6:00 pm, Sunday, December 10, 2023, China Standard Time.

Week Thirteen

Reading and Interpreting Primary Sources

• Tuesday, November 28

Strategies for interpreting primary sources...

Required Readings for Tuesday:

- Desalles, Pierre. Sugar and Slavery, Family and Race: The Letters and Diary of Pierre Dessalles, Planter in Martinique, 1808-1856, edited by Elborg Forster and Robert Forster (Baltimore and London: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1996), pages 3-240. [Hardcopy Purchase]
- Thursday, November 30

Strategies for applying scholarly insights to primary sources...

Required Readings for Thursday:

• Desalles, Pierre. Sugar and Slavery, Family and Race: The Letters and Diary of Pierre Dessalles, Planter in Martinique, 1808-1856, edited by Elborg Forster and Robert Forster (Baltimore and London: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1996), pages 3-240. [Hardcopy Purchase]

Week Fourteen

Intellectual Trends in the Field of History

• Tuesday, December 5

What are some broad changes in the historical profession over the past 50 years?

Required Readings for Tuesday:

- Maza, Sarah. "The History of What?" Chapter 3 in *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]
- Maza, Sarah. "Facts or Fictions?" Chapter 6 in *Thinking About History*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2017. [Digital Copy for Purchase]

• Thursday, December 7

How has the theory of intersectionality influenced historical studies in recent years?

Required Readings for Thursday:

• Sears, Clare. "Problem Bodies, Nation-State." Chapter 6 of Arresting Dress: Cross-Dressing, Law, and Fascination in Nineteenth-Century San Francisco. Durham, NC: Duke University Press, 2014. [Bobst Library Online: Ebook Central]

13th Individual Reading for Presentation:

• Gore, Dayo F. "In Defense of Black Womanhood: Race, Gender, Class and the Politics of Interracial Solidarity, 1945-1951." Chapter 2 in *Radicalism at the Crossroads:*African American Women Activists in the Cold War. New York: NYU Press, 2011.

Pages 46-73. [Bobst Library Online: NYU Press Scholarship Online]