

# Tarea

03.-  $Q = (\operatorname{tg} \theta + \operatorname{ctg} \theta) \operatorname{sen} \theta.$

$$Q = \sec x \cdot \csc x \cdot \operatorname{sen} \theta$$

$$Q = \sec x \cdot 1$$

$$Q = \sec x$$

18.-  $Q = (\sec \phi \cdot \csc \phi - \operatorname{tg} \phi) (\sec \phi \cdot \csc \phi - \operatorname{ctg} \phi)$

$$Q = (\cancel{\operatorname{tg} \phi} + \operatorname{ctg} \phi - \cancel{\operatorname{tg} \phi}) (\operatorname{tg} \phi + \cancel{\operatorname{ctg} \phi} - \cancel{\operatorname{ctg} \phi})$$

$$Q = (\operatorname{ctg} \phi) (\operatorname{tg} \phi)$$

$$Q = 1$$

17.-  $P = \frac{1 + \operatorname{sen}^4 x + \cos^4 x}{2 + \operatorname{sen}^6 x + \cos^6 x}$

$$P = \frac{1 + 1 - 2 \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x}{2 + 1 - 3 \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x}$$

$$P = \frac{2 - 2 \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x}{2 - 2 \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = 1$$

01.-  $Q = 6 \operatorname{sen}^4 \theta - 4 \operatorname{sen}^6 \theta + 6 \cos^4 \theta - 4 \cos^6 \theta$