TSA toolbox

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This Matlab toolbox allows the Time Specific Analysis of complex systems dynamics through the use of two different approaches [1] for the computation of Information Storage (IS). The former is based on the identification of an autoregressive (AR) model through the recursive least squares (RLS) algorithm as described in [2] under non-stationary assumption and is called time-varying IS (TV-IS). The latter is called local IS (L-IS) and can provide a time-specific representation of the information stored in a system assuming stationarity [3].

- [1]- Antonacci, Yuri, et al. "A comparative study of Adaptive Time-Varying and Local Information Storage approaches with Application to physiological systems" (2023).
- [2]- Antonacci, Yuri, et al. "Time-varying information measures: an adaptive estimation of information storage with application to brain-heart interactions." Frontiers in Network Physiology 3 (2023).
- [3]- Barà, Chiara, et al. "Local and global measures of information storage for the assessment of heartbeat-evoked cortical responses." Biomedical Signal Processing and Control 86 (2023): 105315. [4]- Barnett, Lionel, and Anil K. Seth. "The MVGC multivariate Granger causality toolbox: a new approach to Granger-causal inference." Journal of neuroscience methods 223 (2014): 50-68. [5]- https://www.physionet.org/content/santa-fe/1.0.0/
- [6]- https://figshare.com/articles/dataset/epicranialEEG_10rats_zip/5909122/1

The code is provided free of charge. It is neither exhaustively tested nor particularly well documented. The authors accept no liability for its use. Use, modification and redistribution of the code is allowed in any way users see fit. Authors ask only that authorship is acknowledged and ref. [2] is cited upon utilization of the code in integral or partial form. To get started, we recommend that you run and work through the two demonstration scripts.

Demonstration scripts

Test_Simulation1,2,3 - These script computes Local and time-varying IS in a

simulative settings for three different scenarios as described in the main paper [1]. (Figure 1-2)

Test_Apnea - This script reproduces the results of Figure 3. Specifically, we analyzed Respiration amplitude [5] from a subject suffering from sleep apneas was used to investigate how local and time-varying approaches work in distinguishing state transitions in breathing dynamics.

Test_EpiEEG - In this script we analyzed Epicranial multichannel EEG from a rodent (IC070523) taken from the dataset [6], during a right whisker stimulation as described in the main paper. Specifically, we investigated how local and time-varying approaches work in distinguishing state transitions in somatosensory evoked potentials.

Functions

RLS_ID_AR1 - Identification procedure of an AR model (only for scalar processes) by using RLS algorithm.

RLS_ID_AR1_IC - Identification procedure of an AR model (only for scalar processes) by using RLS algorithm with fixed initial conditions for AR parameters and innovations variance.

tv_IS - Estimation of time-specific Information storage starting from the matrix of AR coefficients and the residuals variance.

var_nonstat - Generate random multi-trial non-stationary Gaussian VAR time series. This function is part of the toolbox MVGC [4].

surrshuf - Generates surrogate data from original time series through the permutation of temporal order of samples.

mos_idMVAR - estimates the optimal model order with several different criterion.

idMVAR - Given the optimal model order, estimates the AR coefficients and the innovation variance of the process.

localVAR - computes the covariances matrices necessary to compute local IS.

localInfoStorage - Computes Local Information Dynamics analytically for a stationary univariate process starting from the output of the localVAR function.

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