





Programme:	The International EPD® System
Programme Operator:	EPD International AB
Local Operator:	EPD Türkiye
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Geographical Scope:	Türkiye





Manufactured by by Kaleseramik Çanakkale Kalebodur Seramik Sanayi A.Ş. in accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012 2+A2:2019/AC:2021







# **Programme Information**

ISO standard ISO 21930 and CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core Product Category Rules (PCR).

Product Category Rules (PCR):

2019:14 Version 1.3.1, 2024-12-20, Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services, EN 15804:2012 - A2:2021 Sustainability of Construction Works

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison.

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# Third-party verification

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:

# **EPD** verification by individual verifier

Third party verifier: Prof. Ing. Vladimír Koçí, Ph.D., MBA, LCA Studio Šárecká 5,16000 Prague 6 - Czech Republic

Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes X No

**Kaleseramik Çanakkale Kalebodur Seramik Sanayi A.Ş.** has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for this EPD.

# How To Read This EPD?

An Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) is an ISO Type III Environmental Declaration based on ISO 14025 standard. An EPD transparently reports the environmental performance of products or services from a lifecycle perspective. The preparation of an EPD includes different stages, from acquiring raw materials to the end of life of the final product/service. EPDs are based on international standards and consider the entire value chain. Additionally, **EPD is a third-party verified document**. This EPD includes the following sections described below.

# 1. General and Program Information

The first part of an EPD has information about the name of the manufacturer and product/service and other general information such as the validity and expiration dates of the document, the name of the program operator, geographical scope, etc. The second page states the standards followed and gives information about the program operator, third-party verifier, etc. The followed Product Category Rule (PCR) is indicated on the second page.

# 2. Company and Product/Service Information

Information about the company and the investigated product is given in this section. It summarizes the characteristics of the product provided by the manufacturer. It also includes information about the product such as product composition and packaging.

### 3. LCA Information

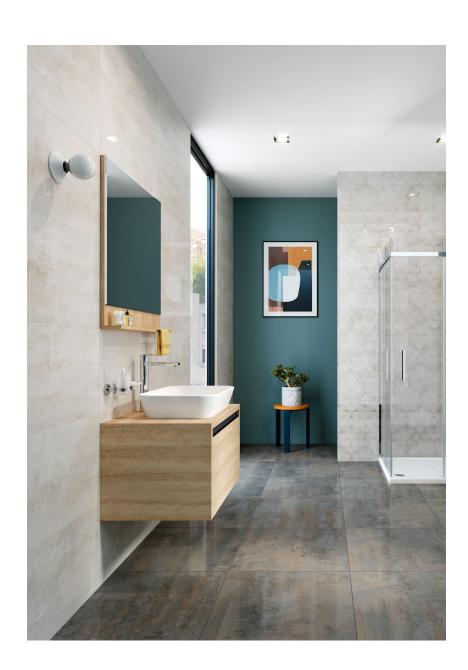
Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) information is one of the most important parts of the EPD as it describes the functional/declared unit, time

representativeness of the study, database(s) and LCA software, along with system boundaries. The table presented in this part has columns for each stage in the life cycle. The considered stages are marked 'X' whereas the ones that are not considered are labeled as 'NR' (Not Relevant). Not all EPDs consider the full life cycle assessment for a product's entire life stages. The 'System Boundary' page is also the place where one can find detailed information about the stages and the assumptions made.

### 4. LCA Results

The results of the LCA analysis are presented in table format. The first column in each table indicates the name of the impact category and their measurement units are presented in the second column. These tables show an amount at each life cycle stage to see the impact of different indicators on different stages. Each impact can be understood as what is released through the production of the declared unit of the material. The benefits of reuse/recycling of the declared product are reflected in this section.

The first impact in the table is global warming potential (GWP), which shows how much  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  is released at each stage. Other impacts include eutrophication potential, acidification potential, ozone layer depletion, land use related impacts, etc. The second table provides results for resource use and the third table is about the waste produced during production. The fourth and final table shows the results for the GWP-GHG indicator, which is almost equivalent to the GWP-Total indicator mentioned previously. The only difference is that this indicator excludes the biogenic carbon content by following a certain methodology.



# About **Kale**

Laying its foundation with Çanakkale Ceramic Factories Corporation in 1957, Kale Group pioneered the formation of the ceramics industry in Turkey, and has become an industry giant with its investments. It has grown over the course of time with investments in construction products, machinery and equipment manufacturing, defence, chemistry, electrical appliances, energy, IT, transportation, tourism and food industries. Kale Group is currently comprised of 17 companies, and is regarded as one of the most important industrial enterprises of Turkey with over 5000 employees, spanning over a geography across Çanakkale to several locations in Turkey to Italy and Russia. Today, Kale Group is Europe's 3rd and the world's 12th largest ceramics manufacturer. Kale Group provides its products to consumers in over 100 countries via more than 400 sales points.

Kaleseramik, a company of Kale Group, manufactures ceramic tiles with a production capacity of 66 million m<sup>2</sup> ceramic tile/year. Kaleseramik's tile products take place in market under Çanakkale Seramik, Kalebodur and Kale brand names.

Kaleseramik that aims for continuous development has received the following certifications within the scope of the system standards; TS EN ISO 9001:2015, TS ISO 10002:2018, TS EN ISO 14001: 2015, TS EN ISO 50001: 2018, ISO 27001: 2013, TS ISO 45001: 2018.

# **About Product**

# **Product Description**

Ceramic tiles are primarily made of kaolin, clay and feldspar, but they also include other raw materials such as marble, frit, dolomite, bentonite and quartz. The production technology of tiles is dry pressing. The required composition is blended with water to form uniform slurry. This slurry then fed into spray driers to form uniform granules ready for compaction. These granules are then shaped to form the bisque or green body. This can be glazed or left unglazed depending on its intended use. The green ceramic body is fired at high temperatures, resulting in a hard body.

Raw Material	Composition (%)	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Biogenic material, weight-% and kg C/kg
Clay	40-50	0	0
Ceramic Waste	20-30	0	0
Feldspar	10-20	0	0
Kaolin	10-20	0	0
Glaze	0-5	0	0
Dolomite	0-5	0	0
Others	0-5	0	0

Packaging Material	Weight, kg	Weight, % (versus the product)	Biogenic carbon content, kg C/kg
Corrugated Boardbox	0.06	<1%	0.4
Packaging Film (PE)	0.02	<1%	0
Kraft Paper	0.007	<1%	0.4
Polypropylene	0.002	<1%	0

### **Areas of Use**

Ceramic floor tiles are largely used as interior and exterior floor coverings. Interior applications include bathrooms, kitchens, living rooms, halls, balconies etc. Exterior applications can be in public buildings, commercial and industrial areas, swimming pools and façades etc. For interior applications, floor tiles should be selected regarding the technical specifications such as PEI value, hardness, stain resistance, chemical resistance and easy cleaning, if they are to be used in the interiors of a residence. The tiles selected for exteriors should be frost resistant and have low water absorbencymThe numbers beside ceramic floor tiles indicate the abrasion resistance of the ceramic surface according to Turkish and European Standard TS-EN ISO 10545-7:

Class-1: Suitable for walls and bedroom and bath-room floors.

Class-2: Suitable for light traffic areas, such as the floors of a house.

Class-3: Suitable for moderately heavy traffic floors such as in entrances and corridors.

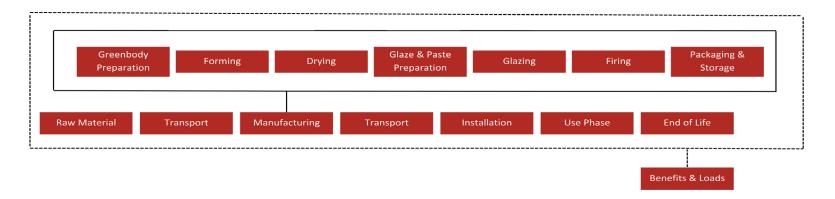
Class-4: Suitable for heavy traffic area floors such as in restaurants, stores, etc.

Class-5: Suitable for floors subject to heavy foot traffic and abrasion, such as in shops, hotels, restaurants, offices, schools, exhibition halls, etc.



**Technical Specifications** 

Technical Specification		Kaleseramik Wall Tiles	Related Standards		
Water Absorption (%)		3.0%	ISO 10545-3		
B. 1: 6: 11 (N)	Thickness ≥ 7.5 mm	1550 N	150 405 45 4		
Breaking Strength (N)	Thickness < 7.5 mm	1400 N	ISO 10545-4		
Modules of Rupture (N/mm2)		Min. 30	ISO 10545-4		
Resistance to Surface Abrasion fo	or Glazed Tile	Class: 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5	ISO 10545-7		
Linear Thermal Expansion Coeffic	cient (100°C)	Affirmative	ISO 10545-8		
Impact Resistance		Affirmative	ISO 10545-5		
Resistance to Thermal Shock		Affirmative	ISO 10545-9		
Crazing Resistance for Glazed Tile	es	Resistant	ISO 10545-11		
Frost Resistance		Resistant	ISO 10545-12		
Resistance to Low Concentration	s of Acids and Alkalis	GLA-GLB	ISO 10545-13		
Resistance to High Concentration	ns of Acids and Alkalis	Affirmative	ISO 10545-13		
Resistance to Household Chemic (glazed & unglazed)	als and Swimming Pool salts	Min. GB	ISO 10545-13		
Resistance to Stain		Min. class 3	ISO 10545-14		
Ramp Slip Resistance (Oil/Wet)		R = 09-10-11-12-13 CLASS = A-B-C	DIN51130 DIN 51097		



### **Product Stage**

A1-A3: Represents raw material supply which includes raw material extraction and pre-treatment processes before production. A2 relevant to raw material transportation to the plant and A3 refers to the impact occurs from manufacturing process.

Information	Description
Electricity Data	Türkiye electricity grid mix from Ecoinvent, Medium Voltage
Type of dataset	Cradle to gate, Ecoinvent
Geographical represetativeness description	Split of energy sources in Türkiye - Natural gas, 17% - Hydro, 33% - Coal, 37% - Wind, 8% - Other, 1% - Geothermal, 3% - Biogas, 1% - Biomass, <1%
Source	IEA (International Energy Agency)
GWP of Electricity Data	0.578 kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq./kWh

## **Construction Process Stage**

A4: This stage is relevant to the transportation of the final product from the factory gate to the customers.

A5. This stage includes the adhesive mortar and water usage in the construction site. For 1  $\rm m^2$  slab installation; 3.3 kg mortar and 0.8 L water usage was assumed.

### **Use Stage**

**B1**: Ceramic tile do not cause any emissions in the use stage because of the inert feature.

B2: Usage of detergent containing stain remover or neutral lowsulphate and rinsing with tap water after cleaning was assumed. 0.2 mL detergent and 0.1 L water use was assumed to wash 1  $m^2$  ceramic tile.

B3-B5: Ceramic tile do not require any repairment during the use phase and therefore no impacts should be declared.

B6-B7: Ceramic tile do not require any water and energy in the use phase and therefore no impacts ocurred in this module.

# **End of Life Stage**

**C1**: Deconstruction of ceramic at the end of their life is done manually. So no impact occurs in this module.

C2: Waste transport includes discarded ceramic tile and mortar to disposal area. Distance from demolition site to inert landfill site for final disposal is assumed as 50 km.

C3: Environmental impacts generated during the crushing of discarded ceramic tile before recycle or reuse.

C4. Disposal construction and demolition waste scenario is created separately depending on the geographic location of the use phase. After domestic usage, ceramic tile products end up at construction and demolition waste landfills as their final fate and modelled as such in the LCA.

D: Inert filler benefits and recycling of packaging materials specified in the disposal stage.

# **LCA Information**

# **Functional / Declared Unit**

The declared unit is 18.3 kg of 1 m<sup>2</sup> average ceramic floor tiles.

# **REACH Regulation**

No substances included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under the REACH regulations are present in this product either above the threshold for registration with the European Chemicals Agency or above 0.1% (wt/wt)

# **System Boundary**

The system boundary covers A1 - A3 product stages referred as 'Raw material supply', 'Transport' and ' Manufacturing', A4 - A5 'Construction', B1 - B7 'Use' and C1 - C4 'End of life' stages and Module D 'Benefits & Loads'.

### **Cut-off Rules**

For this LCA study, no cut-off criteria was applied.

# **Background Data**

For all LCA modelling and calculation, Ecoinvent database (v3.9) and SimaPro (v9.5) LCA software were used.

### **Period Under Review**

The data used for LCA study concerns the year 2022.

# LCA Modelling, Calculation and Data Quality

The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirements are given in the LCA result tables. All energy calculations were obtained using Cumulative Energy Demand (LHV) methodology, while freshwater use is calculated with selected inventory flows in SimaPro according to the PCR. There are no co-product allocations within the LCA study underlying this EPD. The regional energy datasets were used for all energy calculations.

### **Allocations**

There are no co-products in the production of ceramic tile manufactured by Kaleseramik. Hence, there was no need for co-product allocation. Kaleseramik sources raw materials from different I ocations across Turkey and other parts of the world and by different means of transport (truck and ship). For this reason, transport was allocated according to tonnages for almost all raw materials bought by Kaleseramik. Kaleseramik manufactures various ceramic tiles in the Company's Çanakkale plant in Turkey. Electricity and combined heat power (CHP) powered by natural gas are used. Raw materials, transport, packaging, waste, and energy consumption data were allocated for each product using related production tonnages from Kaleseramik's Çanakkale plant for the average product.

# **LCA** Information

		Product Stage	:	Constr Pro	cess	Use Stage				End of Life Stage				Benefits and Loads			
	Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	Deconstruction / Demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials
Module	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules Declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Geography	GLO	GLO	TR	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO
Specific Data Used		•	>90%	•		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation - Products			0%			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation - Sites			0%			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(X = Module included, - = Module not included)

# **LCA Results**

It is discouraging the use of the results of modules A1-A3 (A1-A5 for services) without considering the results of module C. The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks.

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP - Fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.08E+01	6.79E-01	4.74E+00	0.00E+00	3.86E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.54E-01	0.00E+00	4.08E-01	-7.69E-01
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.20E-01	1.96E-04	-7.10E-02	0.00E+00	4.50E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.19E-05	0.00E+00	4.90E-02	-1.00E-03
GWP - Luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	2.60E-02	3.82E-04	5.00E-03	0.00E+00	6.44E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.25E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-1.00E-03
GWP - Total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.09E+01	6.80E-01	4.67E+00	0.00E+00	1.08E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.54E-01	0.00E+00	4.57E-01	-7.71E-01
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	7.78E-07	1.33E-08	1.80E-07	0.00E+00	2.01E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.59E-09	0.00E+00	9.26E-09	-1.21E-08
AP	mol H+ eq	3.70E-02	6.00E-03	3.00E-02	0.00E+00	4.00E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00E-03	0.00E+00	3.00E-03	-6.00E-03
*EP - Freshwater	kg P eq	3.00E-03	4.13E-05	2.00E-03	0.00E+00	7.00E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.99E-05	0.00E+00	1.03E-04	-8.19E-05
EP - Marine	kg N eq	1.00E-02	1.26E-04	5.00E-03	0.00E+00	2.10E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.10E-05	0.00E+00	3.14E-04	-2.51E-04
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	7.00E-03	2.00E-03	5.00E-03	0.00E+00	5.00E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00E-03	-2.00E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC	7.30E-02	1.70E-02	5.10E-02	0.00E+00	1.60E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.00E-03	0.00E+00	1.10E-02	-2.20E-02
ADPE	kg Sb eq	2.70E-02	6.00E-03	1.90E-02	0.00E+00	3.00E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00E-03	0.00E+00	4.00E-03	-7.00E-03
ADPF	MJ	7.39E-05	1.76E-06	5.26E-05	0.00E+00	3.70E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.78E-07	0.00E+00	7.97E-07	-2.91E-06
WDP	m³ depriv.	1.46E+02	9.08E+00	6.78E+01	0.00E+00	3.88E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.43E+00	0.00E+00	8.49E+00	-1.03E+01
PM	disease inc.	3.74E+00	3.30E-02	2.32E+00	0.00E+00	1.01E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.40E-02	0.00E+00	3.59E-01	-8.58E-01
IR	kBq U-235 eq	2.43E-07	3.39E-08	2.67E-07	0.00E+00	6.71E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.42E-08	0.00E+00	5.82E-08	-6.60E-08
ETP - FW	CTUe	3.12E+01	4.79E+00	6.42E+01	0.00E+00	6.13E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.09E+00	0.00E+00	3.99E+00	-6.41E+00
HTTP - C	CTUh	3.21E-09	3.00E-10	2.84E-09	0.00E+00	8.26E-10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.03E-10	0.00E+00	2.20E-10	-5.58E-10
HTTP - NC	CTUh	1.15E-07	7.41E-09	1.64E-07	0.00E+00	2.48E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.20E-09	0.00E+00	4.84E-09	-1.11E-08
SQP	Pt	2.73E+01	4.35E+00	2.40E+01	0.00E+00	3.72E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.76E+00	0.00E+00	1.94E+01	-1.98E+01
Acronyms	GWP-total: Clin transformation. marine. EP-terr resources. WDP health effects. H	ODP: Ozone estrial: Eutro : Water scare	layer depletion te ophication te city. PM: Resp	on. AP: Acidif rrestrial. PO piratory inorg	ication terres CP: Photoche anics - partic	strial and fres emical oxidat ulate matter.	hwater. EP-fr tion. ADPE: / IR: Ionising r	eshwater: Eu Abiotic deple adiation. ETP	trophication etion - eleme	freshwater. E ents. ADPF: A	P-marine: Eu Abiotic deple	trophication etion - fossil
Legend	A1: Raw Materi C2: Transport. C									age. C1: Dec	onstruction /	Demolition.
Disclaimer 1	This impact cate effects due to p from the soil. fr	ossible nucle	ar accidents.	occupationa	il exposure n	or due to rad	ioactive wast	e disposal in				
Disclaimer 2	The results of the with the indicat	his environm or.	ental impact	indicator sha	all be used w	rith care as th	ne uncertaint	ies on these	results are h	igh or as the	re is limited	experienced

# LCA Results

Legend

Resource Use												
Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	1.16E+01	1.28E-01	4.44E+00	0.00E+00	1.82E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.60E-02	0.00E+00	1.47E-01	-2.12E-01
PERM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00E+00
PERT	MJ	1.16E+01	1.28E-01	4.44E+00	0.00E+00	1.82E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.60E-02	0.00E+00	1.47E-01	7.88E-01
PENRE	MJ	1.46E+02	9.08E+00	6.78E+01	0.00E+00	4.57E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.43E+00	0.00E+00	8.49E+00	-1.03E+01
PENRM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00E+00
PENRT	MJ	1.46E+02	9.08E+00	6.78E+01	0.00E+00	4.57E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.43E+00	0.00E+00	8.49E+00	-9.26E+00
SM	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
RSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	m³	1.31E-01	1.00E-03	5.90E-02	0.00E+00	1.23E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.00E-03	0.00E+00	9.00E-03	-6.50E-02
Acronyms	renewable pr	imary energy, P	ENRE: Use of n	on-renewable p	es used as raw orimary energy ry energy, SM: S	excluding resou	rces used as ra	w materials, PE	NRM: Use of no	on-renewable p	rimary energy r	esources used
Waste & Output Flows												
Impact Category												
	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	Unit kg	A1-A3 2.16E-07	A4 0.00E+00	A5 0.00E+00	B1 0.00E+00	B2 0.00E+00	B3-B7 0.00E+00	C1 0.00E+00	C2 0.00E+00	C3 0.00E+00	C4 0.00E+00	D 0.00E+00
, ,												
HWD	kg	2.16E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
HWD NHWD	kg kg	2.16E-07 3.10E-07	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD	kg kg kg	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD CRU	kg kg kg kg	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD CRU MFR	kg kg kg kg kg	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD CRU MFR MER	kg kg kg kg kg kg	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD CRU MFR MER EE (Electrical)	kg kg kg kg kg MJ MJ	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 ve waste dispos	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD CRU MFR MER EE (Electrical) EE (Thermal)	kg kg kg kg kg MJ MJ	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 ve waste dispos	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
HWD NHWD RWD CRU MFR MER EE (Electrical) EE (Thermal) Acronyms	kg kg kg kg kg MJ MJ	2.16E-07 3.10E-07 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 ve waste dispos	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00

GWP-GHG = Global Warming Potential total excl. biogenic carbon following IPCC AR5 methodology

\* The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

A1: Raw Material Supply, A2: Transport, A3: Manufacturing, A4: Transport, A5: Construction Installation, B1-B7: Use Stage, C1: Deconstruction / Demolition, C2: Transport, C3: Waste Processing, C4: Disposal, D: Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials

# References

/ISO 9001:2015/ Quality Management Systems

/ISO 50001:2018/ Energy Management Systems

/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 4.0.

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental Labels and Declarations — General principles

/EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804: A2) (1.3.1) prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, EPD International Secretariat, date 2023-12-08.

/The International EPD® System/ The International EPD® System is a programme for type III environmental declarations, maintaining a system to verify and register EPD®s as well as keeping a library of EPD®s and PCRs in accordance with ISO 14025. www.environdec.com

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre, www.ecoinvent.org

/SimaPro/ SimaPro LCA Software, Pré Consultants, the Netherlands, www.pre-sustainability.com

/Kaleseramik/ www.kale.com.tr

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