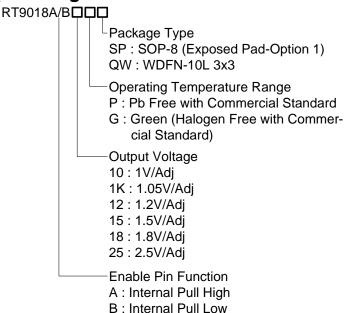
Maximum 3A, Ultra Low Dropout Regulator

General Description

The RT9018A/B is a high performance positive voltage regulator designed for use in applications requiring very low Input voltage and very low dropout voltage at up to 3A(Peak). It operates with a VIN as low as 1.0V and VDD voltage 3V with output voltage programmable as low as 0.8V. The significant feature includes ultra low dropout, ideal for applications where VOUT is very close to VIN. Additionally, there is an enable pin to further reduce power dissipation while shutdown. The RT9018A/B provides excellent regulation over variations in line, load and temperature and provides a power OK signal to indicate if the voltage level of Vo reaches 90% of its rating value.

The RT9018A/B is available in the SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) and WDFN-10L 3x3 packages with 1V, 1.05V, 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V and 2.5V internally preset outputs that are also adjustable using external resistors.

Ordering Information



Note:

Richtek Pb-free and Green products are :

- ▶RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.
- ▶100% matte tin (Sn) plating.

Features

- Maximum 3A Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator
- High Accuracy Output Voltage ±1.5%
- Typically 220mV Dropout at 3A
- Power Good Output
- Output Voltage Pull Low Resistance when Disable
- Thermal and Over Current Protection
- RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free

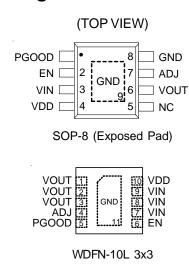
Applications

- Front Side Bus VTT (1.2V/3A)
- NoteBook PC Applications
- Motherboard Applications

Marking Information

For marking information, contact our sales representative directly or through a Richtek distributor located in your area, otherwise visit our website for detail.

Pin Configurations





Pin Description

Pin	No.	Pin Name	Pin Function	
PSOP-8	WDFN 3x3	riii Naiile	Pili Function	
3	7, 8, 9	VIN	Supply Input Voltage.	
2	6	EN	Chip Enable (Active-High).	
4	10	VDD	Supply Voltage of Control Circuitry.	
1	5	PGOOD	Power Good Open Drain Output.	
7	4	ADJ	Set the output voltage by the internal feedback resistors when ADJ is grounded. If external feedback resistors is used, $V_{OUT} = 0.8V \times (R1 + R2)/R2$.	
6	1, 2, 3	VOUT	Output Voltage.	
5		NC	No Internal Connection.	
8, Exposed Pad (9)	Exposed Pad (11)	GND	Ground. The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for maximum power dissipation.	

Typical Application Circuit

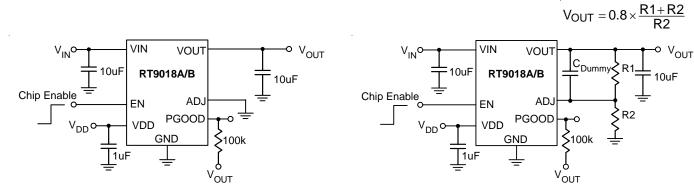
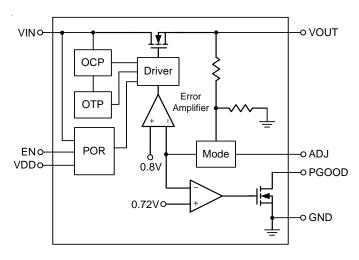


Figure 1. Fixed Voltage Regulator

Figure 2. Adjustable Voltage Regulator

Function Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

• Supply Voltage, V _{IN}	- 1V to 6V
• Control Voltage, V _{DD}	- 3V to 6V
Output Voltage, V _{OUT}	- 0.8 to 6V
 Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C 	
SOP-8 (Exposed Pad)	- 1.33W
WDFN-10L 3x3	- 1.67W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 4)	
SOP-8 (Exposed Pad), θ_{JA}	- 75°C/W
SOP-8 (Exposed Pad), θ_{JC}	
WDFN-10L 3x3, θ_{JA}	- 60°C/W
Junction Temperature	- 150°C
• Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	- 260°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to 150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 2)	
HBM (Human Body Mode)	- 2kV
MM (Machine Mode)	- 200V
Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)	
• Supply Voltage, V _{IN}	- 1.4V to 5.5V
• Control Voltage, V _{DD}	- 3.6V to 5.5V
Junction Temperature Range	40°C to 125°C
Ambient Temperature Range	- −40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 500 \text{mV}, V_{EN} = V_{DD} = 5 \text{V}, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10 \text{uF}, T_A = T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, unless otherwise specified})$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
VDD Operation Voltage Range	V_{DD}	V _{DD} Input Range	3.6		5.5	V
POR Threshold			2.4	2.7	3	V
POR Hysteresis			0.15	0.2		V
Adjustable Pin Threshold	V _{TH_ADJ}	I _{OUT} = 1mA		0.2	0.4	V
Reference Voltage (ADJ Pin Voltage)	V_{ADJ}	I _{OUT} = 1mA	0.788	0.8	0.812	V
Fixed Output Voltage Range	ΔV_{OUT}		-1.5	0	+1.5	%
Line Regulation (V _{IN})	ΔV _{LINE_IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V$ to 5V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA	-	0.2	0.6	%
Load Regulation (Note 7)	ΔV_{LOAD}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA to 3A		0.2	1	%
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V _{DROP}	I _{OUT} = 2A		150	250	mV
Diopout Voltage (Note 3)		I _{OUT} = 3A		210	350	mV
Quiescent Current (Note 6)	lQ	$V_{DD} = 5.5V$		0.6	1.2	mA
Current Limit	I _{LIM}		3.2	4.5		Α
Short Circuit Current		V _{OUT} < 0.2V	0.5	1.8		Α
In-rush Current		C _{OUT} = 10uF, Enable Start-up		0.6		Α
V _{OUT} Pull Low Resistance		$V_{EN} = 0V$		150		Ω

To be continued

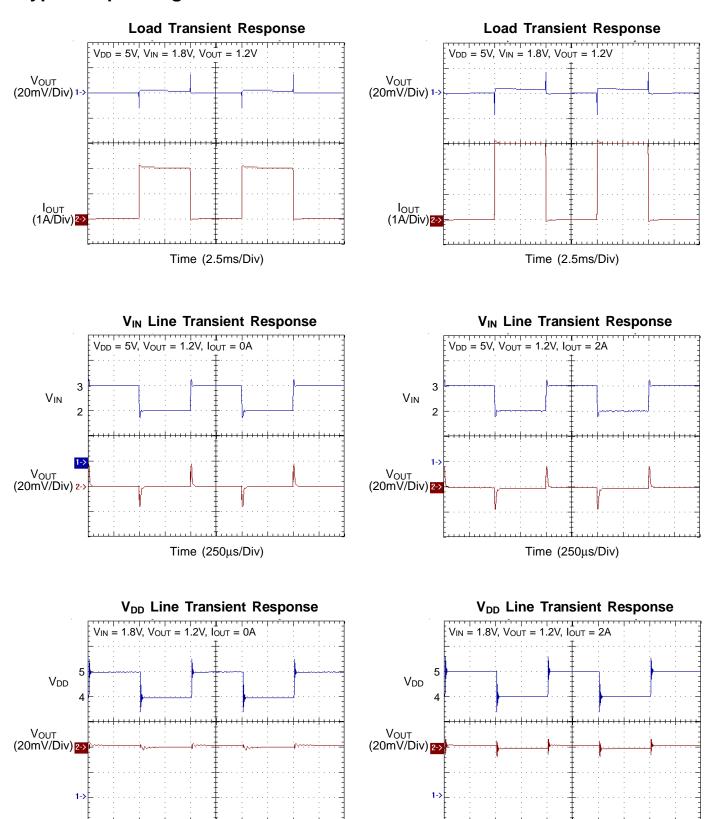


Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Chip Enable							
EN Input Bias Co	EN Input Bias Current		V _{EN} = 0V		12		μА
VDD Shutdown RT9018A			V OV		10	20	
Current	RT9018B	ISHDN	$V_{EN} = 0V$			1	μΑ
EN Threshold	Logic-Low Voltage	V _{ENL}	$V_{DD} = 5V$			0.2	V
	Logic-High Voltage	V _{ENH}	$V_{DD} = 5V$	1.2			
Power Good							
PGOOD Rising Threshold					90	93	%
PGOOD Hysteresis				3	10		%
PGOOD Sink Capability			I _{PGOOD} = 10mA		0.2	0.4	V
PGOOD Delay				0.5	1.5	5	ms
Thermal Protec	tion						
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		T _{SD}			160		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		ΔT _{SD}			30		°C
Thermal Shutdown Temperature Fold-back			V _{OUT} < 0.4V		110		°C

- **Note 1.** Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.
- Note 2. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.
- **Note 3.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.
- Note 4. θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a high effective thermal conductivity test board (4 Layers, 2S2P) of JEDEC 51-7 thermal measurement standard. The case point of θ_{JC} is on the expose pad for SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) package.
- Note 5. The dropout voltage is defined as V_{IN} -V_{OUT}, which is measured when V_{OUT} is V_{OUT(NORMAL)} 100mV.
- Note 6. Quiescent, or ground current, is the difference between input and output currents. It is defined by $I_Q = I_{IN} I_{OUT}$ under no load condition ($I_{OUT} = 0mA$). The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
- **Note 7.** Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature by using a 2ms current pulse. Devices are tested for load regulation in the load range from 1mA to 3A.



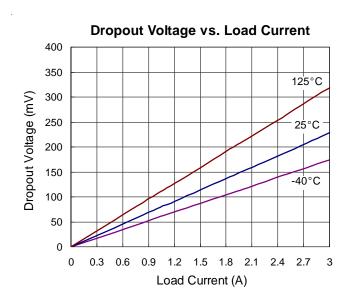
Typical Operating Characteristics

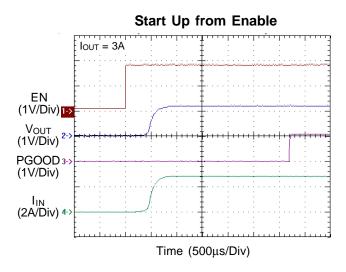


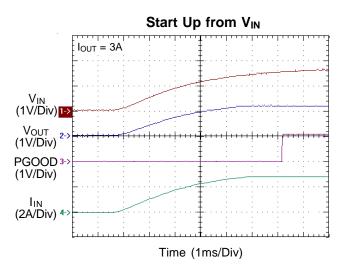
Time (250µs/Div)

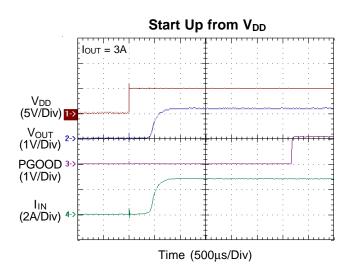
Time (250µs/Div)

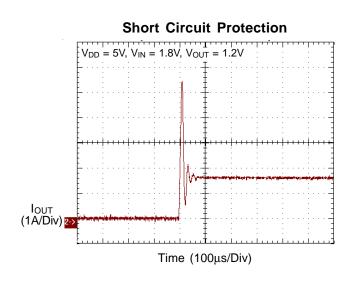


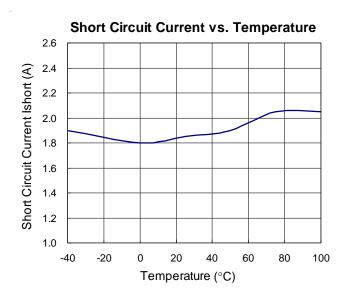


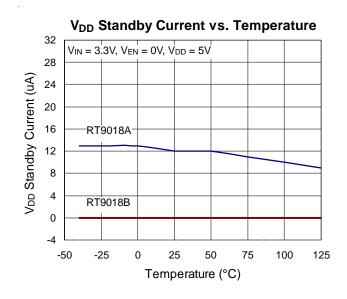


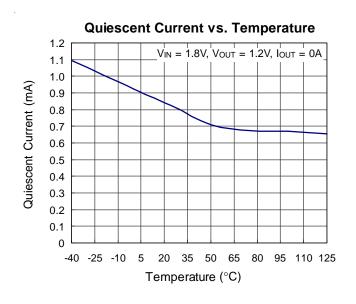


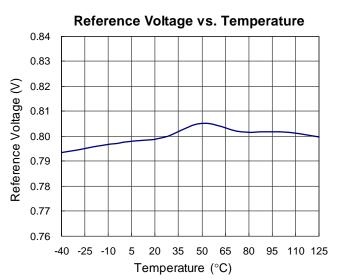


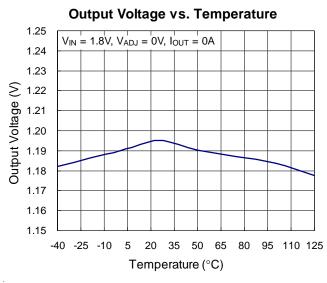


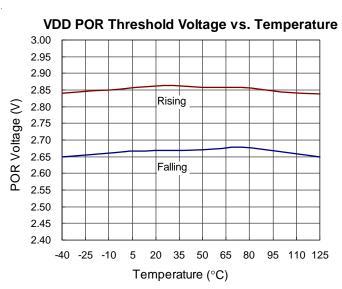


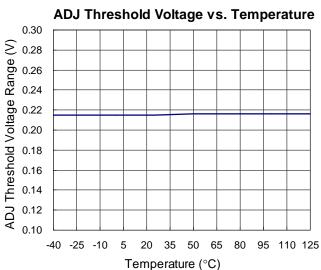


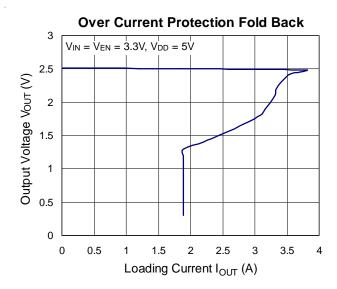














Application Information

Adjustable Mode Operation

The output voltage of RT9018A/B is adjustable from 0.8V to V_{IN} by external voltage divider resisters as shown in Typical Application Circuit (Figure 2). The value of resisters R1 and R2 should be more than $10\text{k}\Omega$ to reduce the power loss.

Enable

The RT9018A/B goes into shutdown mode when the EN pin is in the logic low condition. During this condition, the pass transistor, error amplifier, and band gap are turned off, reducing the supply current to 10uA typical. The RT9018A/B goes into operation mode when the EN pin is in the logic high condition. If the EN pin is floating, NOTE that the RT9018A/B internal initial logic level. For RT9018A, the EN pin function pulls high level internally. So the regulator will be turn on when EN pin is floating. For RT9018B, the EN pin function pulls low level internally. So the regulator will be turn off when EN pin is floating.

Output Capacitor

The RT9018A/B is specifically designed to employ ceramic output capacitors as low as 10uF. The ceramic capacitors offer significant cost and space savings, along with high frequency noise filtering.

Input Capacitor

Good bypassing is recommended from input to ground to help improve AC performance. A 10uF input capacitor or greater located as close as possible to the IC is recommended.

Current Limit

The RT9018A/B contains an independent current limit and the short circuit current protection to prevent unexpected applications. The current limit monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage, limiting the output current to higher than 4.5A typical. When the output voltage is less than 0.4V, the short circuit current protection starts the current fold back function and maintains the loading current 1.8A. The output can be shorted to ground indefinitely without damaging the part.

Power Good

The power good function is an open-drain output. Connects $100k\Omega$ pull up resistor to VOUT to obtain an output voltage. The PGOOD pin will output high immediately after the output voltage arrives 90% of normal output voltage. The PGOOD pin will output high with typical 1.5ms delay time.

Thermal-Shutdown Protection

Thermal protection limits power dissipation to prevent IC over temperature in RT9018A/B. When the operation junction temperature exceeds 160°C, the over-temperature protection circuit starts the thermal shutdown function and turns the pass transistor off. The pass transistor turn on again after the junction temperature cools by 30°C. RT9018A/B lowers its OTP trip level from 160°C to 110°C when output short circuit occurs ($V_{OUT} < 0.4V$). It limits IC case temperature under 100°C and provides maximum safety to customer while output short circuit occurring.

Power Dissipation

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature 125°C. The power dissipation definition in device is:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_{OUT}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junctions to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

Where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum operation junction temperature 125°C, T_A is the ambient temperature and the θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating conditions specification of RT9018A/B, where $T_{J\ (MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C) and T_A is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance for SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) package is 75°C/W on the standard JEDEC 51-7 (4 layers, 2S2P) thermal test board. The copper thickness is 2oz. The maximum power dissipation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ can be calculated by following formula:



 $P_{D \text{ (MAX)}} = (125^{\circ}\text{C} - 25^{\circ}\text{C}) / (75^{\circ}\text{C/W}) = 1.33\text{W (SOP-8}$ Exposed Pad on the minimum layout)

Layout Considerations

The thermal resistance θ_{JA} of SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) is determined by the package design and the PCB design. However, the package design had been designed. If possible, it's useful to increase thermal performance by the PCB design. The thermal resistance θ_{JA} can be decreased by adding a copper under the exposed pad of SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) package.

As shown in Figure 3, the amount of copper area to which the SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) is mounted affects thermal performance. When mounted to the standard SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) pad (Figure 3.a), θ_{JA} is 75°C/W. Adding copper area of pad under the SOP-8 (Exposed Pad) Figure 3.b) reduces the θ_{JA} to 64°C/W. Even further, increasing the copper area of pad to 70mm² (Figure 3.e) reduces the θ_{JA} to 49°C/W.

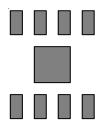


Figure 3 (a). Minimum Footprint, $\theta_{JA} = 75^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

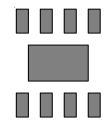


Figure 3 (b). Copper Area = 10mm^2 , $\theta_{JA} = 64^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

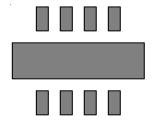


Figure 3 (c). Copper Area = 30mm^2 , $\theta_{JA} = 54 ^{\circ} \text{C/W}$

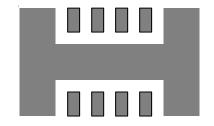


Figure 3 (d). Copper Area = 50mm^2 , $\theta_{JA} = 51 ^{\circ} \text{C/W}$

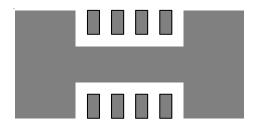


Figure 3 (e). Copper Area = 70mm^2 , $\theta_{JA} = 49^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

Figure 3. Thermal Resistance vs. Different Cooper Area Layout Design

The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance θ_{JA} . For RT9018A/B packages, the Figure 4 of de-rating curves allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power allowed.

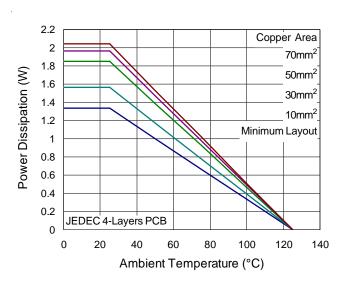
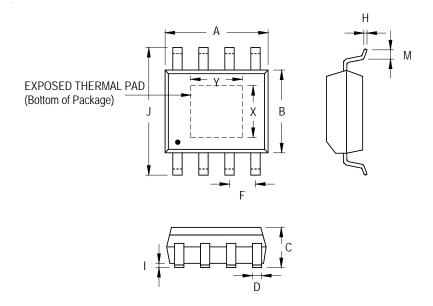


Figure 4. De-rating Curves



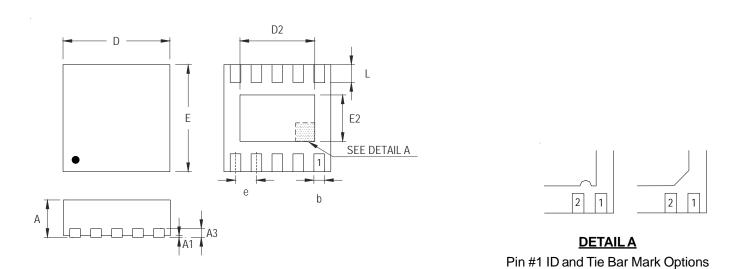
Outline Dimension



Symbol		Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
		Min	Мах	Min	Max	
А		4.801	5.004	0.189	0.197	
В		3.810	4.000	0.150	0.157	
С		1.346	1.753	0.053	0.069	
D		0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
F		1.194	1.346	0.047	0.053	
Н		0.170	0.254	0.007	0.010	
I		0.000	0.152	0.000	0.006	
J		5.791	6.200	0.228	0.244	
М		0.406	1.270	0.016	0.050	
Ontion 1	Χ	2.000	2.300	0.079	0.091	
Option 1	Υ	2.000	2.300	0.079	0.091	
Option 2	Χ	2.100	2.500	0.083	0.098	
	Υ	3.000	3.500	0.118	0.138	

8-Lead SOP (Exposed Pad) Plastic Package





Note: The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
А3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
b	0.180	0.300	0.007	0.012	
D	2.950	3.050	0.116	0.120	
D2	2.300	2.650	0.091	0.104	
Е	2.950	3.050	0.116	0.120	
E2	1.500	1.750	0.059	0.069	
е	0.500		0.020		
L	0.350	0.450	0.014	0.018	

W-Type 10L DFN 3x3 Package

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