

P3 - Logical ERD Model

Formula 1 Team Management System

Group-8

Overview

This document presents the revised Logical ERD Model for the Formula 1 Team Management System, following feedback from the instructor. The updated model ensures data normalization (3NF), elimination of redundant data, removal of many-to-many relationships, and incorporation of additional entities for enhanced system functionality.

The submission includes:

1. Fine-tuned Logical ERD (3NF-compliant)
2. Summary of Changes from the Conceptual ERD
3. Public Links to Project Files (ERD, SQL Scripts, Design Document, etc.)

Summary of Changes & Improvements

1. Normalization & Data Optimization

- Created DRIVER_CONTRACT table to separate contract details from DRIVER, ensuring historical tracking of contracts.
- Introduced LAP_TIMES table to record individual lap performances, removing redundancy from RESULTS.
- Standardized SPONSORSHIP_TYPE using a lookup table instead of storing string values in SPONSOR.

2. Eliminating Many-to-Many Relationships

- Refactored TEAM_SPONSOR to include Contract_ID as a primary key, ensuring multiple sponsorship contracts over different seasons.
- Ensured RACE_ENTRY correctly connects DRIVER, CAR, and RACE to eliminate implicit many-to-many relationships.

3. Enhancements for Better Data Integrity & Query Performance

- Added Points_Awarded in RACE_ENTRY so race results dynamically calculate standings.
- Separated CONSTRUCTOR_STANDINGS from STANDINGS to track team points separately from drivers.
- Expanded PIT_STOPS table to store pit stop duration, tire changes, and strategic impact.

- Specify Staff into 4 different duties, and make sure each duty has its unique attributes.

Logical ERD Compliance with 3NF

This version ensures:

- No multivalued attributes – Each column stores atomic values.
- No composite attributes – All attributes hold a single value.
- No many-to-many relationships – All M:N relationships have been converted into associative entities.
- Every entity has a Primary Key (PK) – Ensuring uniqueness.
- Every relationship has a Foreign Key (FK) – Maintaining referential integrity.

