

B+

$$29. a. E(x) = \sum x \cdot p(x)$$

$$= (1)(.05) + (2)(.10) + (4)(.35) + (8)(.4) + (16)(.10)$$

$$= .05 + .2 + 1.4 + 3.2 + 1.6$$

$$= 6.45$$

$$b. V(x) = \sum (x - 6.45)^2 \cdot p(x)$$

$$= (1-6.45)^2 \cdot (.05) + (2-6.45)^2 \cdot (.10) + (4-6.45)^2 \cdot (.35)$$

$$+ (8-6.45)^2 \cdot (.4) + (16-6.45)^2 \cdot (.10)$$

$$= 15.3185$$

$$c. \sigma_x = \sqrt{V(x)} = 3.914$$

$$d. V(x) = \sum x^2 \cdot p(x) - (6.45)^2$$

$$= 57.25 - 41.6025$$

$$= 15.65$$

$$33. a. E(x^2) = \sum_{x=0}^1 x^2 \cdot p(x) = (0^2)(1-p) + (1^2)p = p$$

$$b. V(x) = E(x^2) - [E(x)]^2 = p - p^2$$

$$c. E(x^n) = (0^n)(1-p) + (1^n)p = p$$

$$38. E(1/x) = E(1/x)$$

$$= p(x) \cdot \sum_{x=1}^6 (1/x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sum_{x=1}^6 \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= .408 > \frac{1}{3.5}$$

So you can win more



$$\begin{aligned} V(aX+b) &= \sum_k [aX+b - E(aX+b)]^2 \cdot p(x) \\ &= \sum_k [aX+b - a\mu - b]^2 p(x) \\ &= a^2 \sum_k [X-\mu]^2 p(x) \\ &= a^2 V(x). \end{aligned}$$

B⁺

46. a. $b(3; 8, .35) = \binom{8}{3} (.35)^3 (.65)^5 = .459 \cdot 2785$

b. $b(5; 8, .6) = \cancel{\binom{8}{5} (.6)^5 (.4)^3} =$
 $= \binom{8}{5} (.6)^5 (.4)^3 = .2787$

c. $P(3 \leq X \leq 5) = b(3; 7, .6) + b(4; 7, .6) + b(5; 7, .6)$
 $= \binom{7}{3} (.6)^3 (.4)^4 + \binom{7}{4} (.6)^4 (.4)^3 + \binom{7}{5} (.6)^5 (.4)^2$
 $= \cancel{.352} + \cancel{.48384}$
 $= \cancel{.83584} = 0.745$

d. $P(1 \leq X) = 1 - P(X=0) = 1 - \binom{12}{0} (.1)^0 (.9)^{12} = .718$

47. a. $B(4; 15, .3) = 0.2186$

b. $b(4; 15, .7) = 0.0116$

d. $P(2 \leq X \leq 4)$ when $X \sim \text{Bin}(15, .3)$

a. $B(4; 15, .3) = 0.515$

$B(4; 15, 0.3) - B(2; 15, 0.3) = 0.48$

e. $P(2 \leq X) = 1 - B(1; 15, 0.3) = 0.965$

f. $P(X \leq 1) = B(1; 15, 0.7)$



48. $X \sim \text{Bin}(25, .05)$

a. $P(X \leq 2) = B(2; 25, .05) = .873$

b. $P(X \geq 5) = 1 - P(X \leq 4)$
 $= .007$

c. $P(1 \leq X \leq 4) = P(X \leq 4) - P(X \leq 0)$
 $= .716$

d. $P(X=0) = P(X \leq 0) = .277$

e. $E(X) = np = 1.25$

$$V(X) = np(1-p) = 1.1875$$

$$\sigma_X = 1.0897$$

54. $X \sim \text{Bin}(10, .6)$

a. $P(X \geq 6) = 1 - P(X \leq 5)$
 $= .633$

b. $E(X) = np = 6$

$$V(X) = np(1-p) = 2.4$$

$$\sigma_X = 1.55$$

c. $P(3 \leq X \leq 7) = P(X \leq 7) - P(X \leq 2)$
 $= 0.821$



68. a. $N=15, n=5, M=6$ ✓
 b. $P(X=2) = \frac{\binom{6}{2}\binom{9}{3}}{\binom{15}{5}} = .280$

$$P(X \leq 2) = P(X=0) + P(X=1) + P(X=2) = .573$$

$$P(X \geq 2) = 1 - P(X=1) = .706$$
 ✓

c. $E(X) = 5 \cdot \left(\frac{6}{15}\right) = 2$

$$V(X) = .857$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{V(X)} = .926$$
 ✓

69. $X \sim h(x; 6, 12, 7)$

a. $P(X=5) = \frac{\binom{7}{5}\binom{5}{1}}{\binom{12}{6}} = .114$ ✓

b. $P(X \leq 4) = 1 - P(X=5) = 1 - \left[\frac{\binom{7}{5}\binom{5}{1}}{\binom{12}{6}} + \frac{\binom{7}{6}\binom{5}{0}}{\binom{12}{6}} \right] = .879$ ✓

c. $E(X) = \left(\frac{42}{12}\right) = 3.5$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1}{41} \cdot (6) \cdot \left(\frac{7}{12}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{5}{12}\right)} = \sqrt{.795} = .892$$
 ✓

d. $P(X \leq 5) = B(5; 15, .10) = .998$ ✓



$$a. h(x; 6, 4, 11)$$

$$b. 6 \cdot \frac{4}{11} = 2.18$$

$$75. a. P(X=x) = nb(x; 2, .5)$$

~~$$b. P(X) = P(X \leq 2) = \sum_{x=0}^2$$~~

$$b. P(\text{exactly } 4) = nb(2; 2, .5) = .188$$

$$c. P(\text{most } 4) = \sum_{x=0}^3 nb(x; 2, .5) = .688$$

$$d. E(x) = \frac{(2)(.5)}{.5} = 2$$

$$E(x+2) = E(x) + 2 = 4$$

$$79. a. P(X \leq 8) = F(8; 5) = .932$$

$$b. P(X=8) = F(8; 5) = .065$$

$$c. P(9 \leq X) = 1 - P(X \leq 8) = .068$$

$$d. P(5 \leq X \leq 8) = F(8; 5) - F(4; 5) = .492$$

$$e. P(5 < X < 8) = F(7; 5) - F(5; 5) = .251$$

$$84. a. n = 10000 \quad p = .001$$

$$\mu = np = 10$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{npq} = 3.161$$

$$b. P(X > 10) = 1 - F(10; 10) = .417$$

$$c. P(X=0) \sim 0$$



$$86. a. P(X=4) = F(4;5) - F(3;5) = .175$$

$$b. P(X \geq 4) = 1 - P(X \leq 3) = .735$$

$$c. \lambda = (5)(.75) = 3.75$$

$$87. a. \lambda t = 4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$P(X=10) = F(10;8) - F(9;8) = .099$$

$$b. \lambda t = (4)(.5) = 2$$

$$P(X=0) = F(0,2) = .135$$

$$c. E(X) = \lambda t = 2$$

