

Homework 14 蒋云翔 2022/02/30

Section 13.4

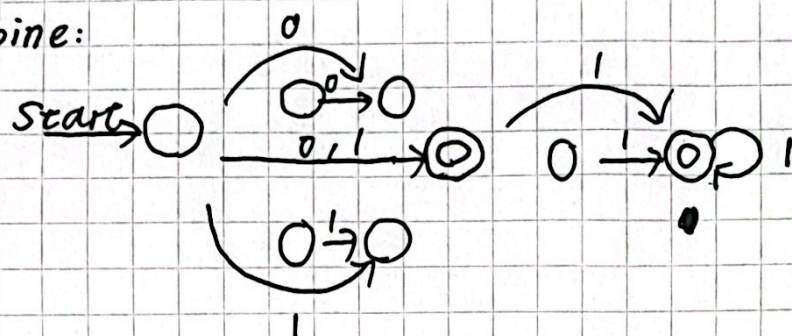
Ex. 12 By Kleene's theorem: we can find the NFSA step

(b) $(0 \cup 1)^* 1^*$: by step.

Step ①: find $0 \cup 1$: $0 \xrightarrow{0} 0$ $0 \xrightarrow{1} 0$

Step ②: find 1^* : $\text{start} \xrightarrow{1} \text{end}$

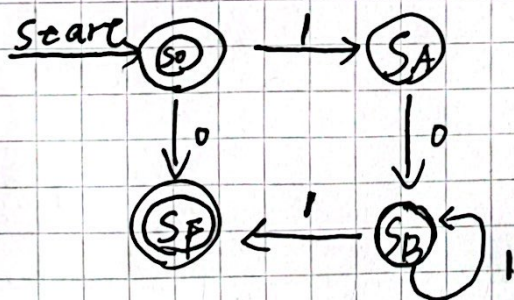
Step ③: Combine:



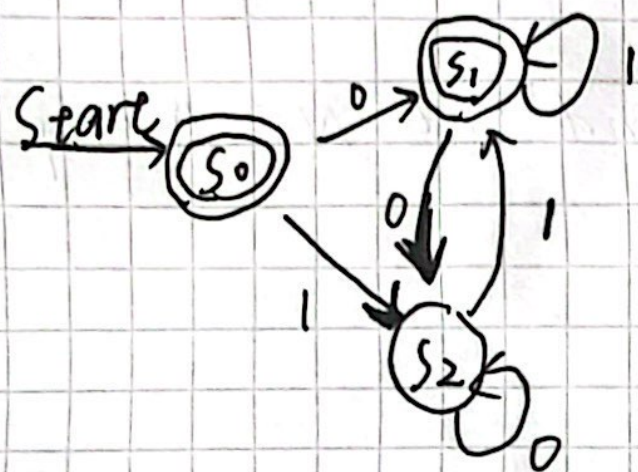
Ex. 14

(b) Construct NFSA: $G = \{V, T, S, P\}$, $V = \{0, 1, S, A, B\}$, $T = \{0, 1\}$

$S \rightarrow 1A$, $S \rightarrow 0$, $S \rightarrow \lambda$, $A \rightarrow 0B$, $B \rightarrow 1B$, $B \rightarrow 1$



Ex-16: Construct regular grammar $G = \{V, T, S, P\}$



From the NFSA, we can know:

$V = \{0, 1, S, A, B\}$

$P: S \rightarrow 0A, S \rightarrow 1B, S \rightarrow \lambda, S \rightarrow 0$

$A \rightarrow 0B, A \rightarrow 1A, A \rightarrow 1$

$B \rightarrow 0B, B \rightarrow 1A, B \rightarrow 1$