0.29 Canonical Cover for Class

you-said-5

give the functional dependencies after removing the extraneous attributes ChatGPT said:

After determining that CC is an extraneous attribute in the functional dependency $A \to \{B, C\}$ A $\to \{B, C\}$, we can remove CC from the right-hand side.

The original set of functional dependencies is:

$$F = \{A \to \{B, C\}, B \to C\}$$

$$F = \{A \rightarrow \{B,C\}, B \rightarrow C\}$$

step-1-remove-the-extraneous-attribute-cc-from-left.-arightarrow-bc-right.abc

Step 1: Remove the extraneous attribute CC from $A \to \{B, C\}A \to \{B, C\}S$ tep 1: Remove the extraneous attribute CC from \left. A\rightarrow\\\ B,C\\\rightarrow\\\ B,C\\\

After removing CC, the dependency $A \to \{B, C\}$ A $\to \{B, C\}$ becomes $A \to BA \to B$. step-2-the-new-set-of-functional-dependencies

Step 2: The new set of functional dependencies

The functional dependency set after removing the extraneous attribute CC is:

$$F' = \{A \to B, B \to C\}$$

$$F = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$$

This is the simplified set of functional dependencies after removing the extraneous attributes.

you-said-6

are there any other extarneous attributes remaining in functional dependencies? ChatGPT said:

To check if there are any remaining extraneous attributes in the functional dependencies $F' = \{A \to B, B \to C\}$ F= $\{A \to B, B \to C\}$, we need to follow the steps for identifying extraneous attributes.

step-1-check-if-any-attribute-in-the-left-hand-side-is-extraneous

Step 1: Check if any attribute in the left-hand side is extraneous

- Dependency 1: $A \rightarrow B \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{B}$:
 - The left-hand side is AA, which is a single attribute. Since there are no other attributes in the left-hand side, there cannot be any extraneous attributes here.
- Dependency 2: $B \rightarrow CB \rightarrow C$:
 - The left-hand side is BB, which is also a single attribute. Similarly, there are no other attributes to check for extraneousness here.

step-2-check-if-any-attribute-in-the-right-hand-side-is-extraneous

Step 2: Check if any attribute in the right-hand side is extraneous

For a right-hand side attribute to be extraneous, it must already be implied by the closure of the left-hand side. Let's compute the closure for each dependency.

- Dependency 1: $A \rightarrow B \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{B}$:
 - The closure of AA, A^+A+ , under F'F is:
 - $* result = \{A\} result = \{A\}$
 - * Check $A \to B A \to B$: Since $A \subseteq \{A\}A\{A\}$, we add BB to the result.

· result =
$$\{A, B\}$$
 result = $\{A, B\}$

- Since the right-hand side is just BB, there is no extraneous attribute to remove.
- Dependency 2: $B \rightarrow CB \rightarrow C$:

- The closure of BB, B^+B+ , under F'F is:

* result =
$$\{B\}$$
 result = $\{B\}$

* Check $B \to C \to C$: Since $B \subseteq \{B\} \to B \in B \in C$, we add $C \to C$ to the result.

· result =
$$\{B, C\}$$
 result= $\{B, C\}$

- Since the right-hand side is CC, and CC is not already implied by BB without using this dependency, CC is not extraneous.

conclusion-1

Conclusion

There are no remaining extraneous attributes in the functional dependencies $F' = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$ F= $\{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$ This is the minimal set of functional dependencies. prompt-textarea $\bar{\ }$

composer-background