



# Minimizing Age of Incorrect Information for Unreliable Channel with Power Constraint

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# Scheduling to Minimize Age of Incorrect Information with Imperfect Channel State Information

# **SECTION 1**

SECTION 2

SECTION 3

Frame Subtitle

# **Equation**

$$\arg\min_{\phi\in\Phi} \lim_{T\to\infty} \frac{1}{T} \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{t=0}^{T-1} s^{\phi}(t) \mid \phi, (d(0), s(0))\right]$$
 (1)

ullet  $\Phi$  is the collection of all feasible series of actions ullet  $s^\phi(t)$  is the penalty paid at time t when the **transmitter acted** following the series of actions  $\phi ullet$  (d(0), s(0)) are the initial values of the difference and the penalty respectively

#### Normal text

Some text [1]

# **SECTION 1**

**SECTION 2** 

SECTION 3

#### **Columns**

- The command creates the frame environment, see full example to the right.
  - Options are for setting frame labels or template specific frame types – see next slide and the examples section
- Examine the main.tex file and Beamer class for more LATEX code examples

#### **Enumerate**

- 1. item 1
  - 1.1 text
    - 1.1.1 Text2
- 2. item 2

- The command creates the frame environment, see full example to the right.
- Options are for setting frame labels or template specific frame types – see next slide and [2] the examples section
- Examine the main.tex file and Beamer class for more LATEX code examples

# **Figure**

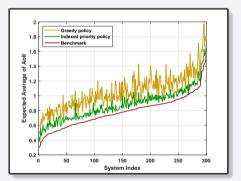


Figure: Random system settings

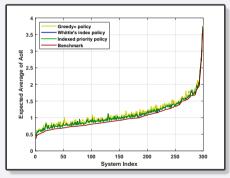


Figure: Random system settings with Whittle

# **Table**

Table 1: Optimal thresholds for different p

	Mixing Coef.	$n_1$	$n_2$	$n_3$	$n_4$	$n_5$	$n_6$
p = 0.1	$\mu = 0.7176$	15	6/7	1	1	1	1
p = 0.2	$\mu = 0.0331$	37	16	8/9	1	1	1
p = 0.3	$\mu = 0.1178$	69	25/26	15	1	1	1

**SECTION 1** 

SECTION 2

**SECTION 3** 

# **Blocks**

# Theorem 1.1 (Optimal Policy)

Theorem

# Lemma 1.1 (Monotone)

lemma

## **Blocks**

Theorem 1.1 (Optimal Policy)

Theorem

Lemma 1.1 (Monotone)

lemma

Corollary 1.1 (Consequences)

corollary

Proposition 1.1 (Structural Property)

proposition

# **More Blocks**

Definition 1.1 (Statistically Identical)

Definition

Assumption 1.1 (Perfect CSI)

assumption

## **More Blocks**

Definition 1.1 (Statistically Identical)

Definition

Assumption 1.1 (Perfect CSI)

assumption

Remark 1

emark

**Example - Machine Overheating** 

Example

Blocks references According to Theorem 1.1, Lemma 1, Corollary 1, and Proposition 1.

# **Summary**

**Combination** is a combination of age-based metrics framework.

**Sufficiency** characterize the "Real-time Error" metric in some systems and for some choices of penalty functions.

**Semantic** communication goal is taken into account.

Thank You!

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# References

- [1] Sanjit Kaul, Roy Yates, and Marco Gruteser.
   Real-time status: How often should one update?
   In 2012 Proceedings IEEE INFOCOM, pages 2731–2735. IEEE, 2012.
- [2] Roy D. Yates, Yin Sun, D. Richard Brown, Sanjit K. Kaul, Eytan Modiano, and Sennur Ulukus. Age of information: An introduction and survey.

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