

# Fundamentals on the package

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## 1 Derivatives of the composite map

Let  $V$ ,  $W$ , and  $X$  be vector spaces over  $\mathbb{R}$ , and  $f$  and  $g$  be diffeomorphisms defined by

$$f : V \rightarrow W, \quad g : W \rightarrow X. \quad (1)$$

Then, the Jacobian matrix of  $f$  and  $g$  are elements of tensor products

$$J_f \in W \otimes V^*, \quad J_g \in X \otimes W^*, \quad (2)$$

where  $V^*$  and  $W^*$  are the dual spaces of  $V$  and  $W$ , respectively.  $J_f$  is also a map  $V \rightarrow W$ ;  $J_g$  is  $W \rightarrow X$ . If  $J_f$  and  $J_g$  are differentiable in  $V$  and  $W$ , the Hessian tensors  $H_f$  and  $H_g$  are available as elements of another tensor products

$$H_f \in W \otimes V^* \otimes V^*, \quad H_g \in X \otimes W^* \otimes W^*. \quad (3)$$

On the other hand, a composite map  $g \circ f$  is described as

$$g \circ f : V \rightarrow X. \quad (4)$$

From the chain-rule, the Jacobian matrix of  $g \circ f$  is

$$J_{g \circ f} = J_g J_f \in X \otimes V^*. \quad (5)$$

In the context of the tensor, Eq. (5) is equivalent to the following contraction of the tensor product.

$$J_{g \circ f} = \text{tr}_{23} (J_g \otimes J_f), \quad (6)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} J_g \otimes J_f &\in (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*), \\ \text{tr}_{23} : (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*) &\rightarrow X \otimes V^*. \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

We write the  $(i, j)$  contraction of a tensor by  $\text{tr}_{ij}$ , which is a generalization of the trace. The Hessian tensor of  $g \circ f$  is an element of  $X \otimes V^* \otimes V^*$ . From the chain-rule, we have

$$H_{g \circ f} = (H_g J_f) J_f + J_g H_f, \quad (8)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} H_g J_f &= \text{tr}_{24} (H_g \otimes J_f) \quad (= \text{tr}_{34} (H_g \otimes J_f)), \\ H_g \otimes J_f &\in (X \otimes W^* \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*), \\ \text{tr}_{24} (= \text{tr}_{34}) : (X \otimes W^* \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*) &\rightarrow X \otimes W^* \otimes V^*, \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (H_g J_f) J_f &= \text{tr}_{24} ((H_g J_f) \otimes J_f), \\ \text{tr}_{24} : (X \otimes W^* \otimes V^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*) &\rightarrow X \otimes V^* \otimes V^*, \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_g H_f &= \text{tr}_{23} (J_g \otimes H_f), \\ J_g \otimes H_f &\in (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^* \otimes V^*), \\ \text{tr}_{23} : (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^* \otimes V^*) &\rightarrow X \otimes V^* \otimes V^*, \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

Let  $T$  be a composite map of  $T_i$

$$T = T_{m-1} \circ T_{m-2} \circ \cdots \circ T_1 \circ T_0, \quad T : M_0 \rightarrow M_{m-1} \quad (12)$$

where  $T_i$  is a  $C^\infty$  diffeomorphism  $T_i : M_i \rightarrow M_{i+1}$  and  $M_i \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Given  $\mathbf{x}_i \in M_i$ , the Jacobian matrix of  $T$  is

$$J = \frac{\partial T}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \prod_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{\partial T_{m-1-k}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1-k}}. \quad (13)$$

Let us denote the product in the right-hand of equation as  $J_{m-1}$ , and we have

$$J_{m-1} = \frac{\partial T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}} J_{m-2}, \quad (14)$$

for  $m \geq 2$ . If  $J_k$  is Hessian tensor of  $T$  is available by differentiating Eq. (14),

$$H = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \left( \frac{\partial^2 T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}^2} J_{m-2} \right) J_{m-2} + \frac{\partial T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}} \frac{\partial J_{m-2}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}. \quad (15)$$

Rewriting the derivative of  $J_{m-1}$  by  $H_{m-1}$ , we get

$$H_{m-1} = \left( \frac{\partial^2 T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}^2} J_{m-2} \right) J_{m-2} + \frac{\partial T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}} H_{m-2} \quad (16)$$

Notice that  $(J_{m-2} J_{m-2})$  is sometimes not  $J_{m-2}^2$  because the dimensions of  $M_i$  and  $M_{i+1}^*$  are not necessarily equal.

## 2 Derivative of a map for the continuous-time systems

Consider a  $C^\infty$  autonomous dynamical system

$$\frac{d\mathbf{x}}{dt} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{x} \in M \subset \mathbb{R}^n, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}, \quad (17)$$

where  $M$  is a state space, and  $\mathbf{f}$  is a function such that  $M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ . We write the trajectory of the system (17) by  $\boldsymbol{\varphi} : \mathbb{R} \times M \rightarrow M$ , where  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}(0, \mathbf{x}_0) = \mathbf{x}_0$  is the initial state and  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}(t, \mathbf{x}_0)$  is the state at  $t$ . Let  $\partial M$  be an  $n - 1$  dimensional manifold defined by a conditional function  $q : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$\partial M = \{\mathbf{x} \in M \mid q(\mathbf{x}) = 0\} \quad (18)$$

Suppose that  $T_0$  is a local map from  $\mathbf{x}_0 \in M$  to a point in  $\partial M$  such that  $M \rightarrow \partial M$ . Then, the Jacobian matrix of  $T_0$  is described by

$$J_{T_0} = \frac{\partial T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \left[ I - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) \frac{dq}{dx} \right] \bigg|_{\mathbf{x}=\mathbf{x}_1} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}(\tau) = B(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}(\tau), \quad (19)$$

where  $\tau$  is the spent time during the trajectory  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$  moves from  $\mathbf{x}_0$  to the boundary  $\partial M$ , which only depends on  $\mathbf{x}_0$ , and  $\mathbf{x}_1 = \boldsymbol{\varphi}(\tau, \mathbf{x}_0)$ . The Hessian tensor of  $T_0$  is

$$H_{T_0} = \left( \frac{\partial B}{\partial \mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}(\tau) \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}(\tau) + \left( \frac{\partial B}{\partial \mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{x}_1) B \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}(\tau) \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}(\tau) + B(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2}(\tau), \quad (20)$$

where

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = - \frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) \right)^2} \left\{ \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) \otimes \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \right) \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) - \left( \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) \frac{dq}{dx} \right) \otimes \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \right) \right\}, \quad (21)$$

since

$$\begin{aligned} B &\in X \otimes X^*, & \frac{\partial B}{\partial \mathbf{x}} &\in X \otimes X^* \otimes X^*, \\ \frac{dq}{dx} &\in X^*, & \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} &\in X^* \otimes X^*, \\ \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) &\in X, & \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} &\in X \otimes X^*. \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

Check if order “F” or “C”!

On the other hand,

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} \right) = \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} \right) = \left( \frac{d^2 \mathbf{f}}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} + \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2}, \quad (24)$$

where

$$\frac{d^2 \mathbf{f}}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \text{tr}_{34} \left( \frac{d^2 \mathbf{f}}{dx^2} \otimes \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} \right), \quad \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} = \text{tr}_{23} \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \otimes \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} \right). \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} &= \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} + \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} \\ \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} &= -\frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_1)} \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} \\ \frac{\partial T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} &= \left[ I - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_1)} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{dq}{dx} \right] \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = B(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}\end{aligned}\tag{26}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial^2 T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} &= \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} + \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \otimes \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial x_0} + \mathbf{f}(x_1) \otimes \frac{\partial^2 \tau}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} \\
\frac{\partial^2 \tau}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} &= -\frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right)^2} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_0} \left( \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) - \left( \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial x_0} \left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right) \right] \\
&= -\frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right)^2} \left\{ \left[ \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} \right] \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) - \left( \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \otimes \left[ \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \mathbf{f}(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \right] \right\} \\
&= -\frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1)} \left[ \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} \right] + \frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right)^2} \left( \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \otimes \left[ \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \mathbf{f}(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \right] \\
\frac{\partial^2 T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1)} \left[ \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + \mathbf{f}(x_1) \otimes \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \right] \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right)^2} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \otimes \left( \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \otimes \left[ \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \mathbf{f}(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \right] \\
&= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1)} \left[ \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + \mathbf{f}(x_1) \otimes \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right] \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right)^2} \left( \mathbf{f}(x_1) \frac{dq}{dx} \right) \otimes \left[ \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \mathbf{f}(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right] \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \\
&= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{\left( \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) \right)^2} \left\{ \left[ \left( \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + \mathbf{f}(x_1) \otimes \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \right) \frac{dq}{dx} \mathbf{f}(x_1) - \left( \mathbf{f}(x_1) \frac{dq}{dx} \right) \otimes \left( \frac{d^2 q}{dx^2} \mathbf{f}(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{d\mathbf{f}}{dx} \right) \right] \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right\} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \\
&= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0^2} + \left( \frac{dB}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} \right) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0}
\end{aligned}$$