## Fundamentals on the package

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## 1 Derivatives of the composite map

Let V, W, and X be vector spaces over  $\mathbb{R}$ , and f and g be diffeomorphisms defined by

$$f: V \to W, \quad g: W \to X.$$
 (1)

Then, the Jacobian matrix of f and g are elements of tensor products

$$J_f \in W \otimes V^*, \quad J_g \in X \otimes W^*,$$
 (2)

where  $V^*$  and  $W^*$  are the dual spaces of V and W, respectively.  $J_f$  is also a map  $V \to W$ ;  $J_g$  is  $W \to X$ . If  $J_f$  and  $J_g$  are differentiable in V and W, the Hessian tensors  $H_f$  and  $H_g$  are available as elements of another tensor products

$$H_f \in W \otimes V^* \otimes V^*, \quad H_g \in X \otimes W^* \otimes W^*.$$
 (3)

On the other hand, a composite map  $g \circ f$  is described as

$$g \circ f: V \to X.$$
 (4)

From the chain-rule, the Jacobian matrix of  $g \circ f$  is

$$J_{g \circ f} = J_g J_f \in X \otimes V^*. \tag{5}$$

In the context of the tensor, Eq. (5) is equivalent to the following contraction of the tensor product.

$$J_{g \circ f} = \operatorname{tr}_{23} \left( J_g \otimes J_f \right), \tag{6}$$

where

$$J_g \otimes J_f \in (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*),$$
  

$$\operatorname{tr}_{23} : (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*) \to X \otimes V^*.$$
(7)

We write the (i, j) contraction of a tensor by  $\operatorname{tr}_{ij}$ , which is a generalization of the trace. The Hessian tensor of  $g \circ f$  is an element of  $X \otimes V^* \otimes V^*$ . From the chain-rule, we have

$$H_{g \circ f} = (H_g J_f) J_f + J_g H_f, \tag{8}$$

where

$$H_{g}J_{f} = \operatorname{tr}_{24}\left(H_{g} \otimes J_{f}\right) \quad \left(=\operatorname{tr}_{34}\left(H_{g} \otimes J_{f}\right)\right),$$

$$H_{g} \otimes J_{f} \in \left(X \otimes W^{*} \otimes W^{*}\right) \otimes \left(W \otimes V^{*}\right),$$

$$\operatorname{tr}_{24}\left(=\operatorname{tr}_{34}\right) : \left(X \otimes W^{*} \otimes W^{*}\right) \otimes \left(W \otimes V^{*}\right) \to X \otimes W^{*} \otimes V^{*},$$

$$(9)$$

$$(H_g J_f) J_f = \operatorname{tr}_{24} ((H_g J_f) \otimes J_f),$$
  

$$\operatorname{tr}_{24} : (X \otimes W^* \otimes V^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^*) \to X \otimes V^* \otimes V^*,$$
(10)

$$J_g H_f = \operatorname{tr}_{23} \left( J_g \otimes H_f \right),$$

$$J_g \otimes H_f \in (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^* \otimes V^*),$$

$$\operatorname{tr}_{23} : (X \otimes W^*) \otimes (W \otimes V^* \otimes V^*) \to X \otimes V^* \otimes V^*,$$
(11)

Let T be a composite map of  $T_i$ 

$$T = T_{m-1} \circ T_{m-2} \circ \cdots \circ T_1 \circ T_0, \quad T : M_0 \to M_{m-1}$$
 (12)

where  $T_i$  is a  $C^{\infty}$  diffeomorphism  $T_i: M_i \to M_{i+1}$  and  $M_i \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Given  $x_i \in M_i$ , the Jacobian matrix of T is

$$J = \frac{\partial T}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \prod_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{\partial T_{m-1-k}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1-k}}.$$
 (13)

Let us denote the product in the right-hand of equation as  $J_{m-1}$ , and we have

$$J_{m-1} = \frac{\partial T_{m-1}}{\partial x_{m-1}} J_{m-2},\tag{14}$$

for  $m \ge 2$ . If  $J_k$  is Hessian tensor of T is available by differentiating Eq. (14),

$$H = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \left(\frac{\partial^2 T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}} J_{m-2}\right) J_{m-2} + \frac{\partial T_{m-1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_{m-1}} \frac{\partial J_{m-2}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}.$$
 (15)

Rewriting the derivative of  $J_{m-1}$  by  $H_{m-1}$ , we get

$$H_{m-1} = \left(\frac{\partial^2 T_{m-1}}{\partial x_{m-1}^2} J_{m-2}\right) J_{m-2} + \frac{\partial T_{m-1}}{\partial x_{m-1}} H_{m-2}$$
(16)

Notice that  $(J_{m-2}J_{m-2})$  is sometimes not  $J_{m-2}^2$  because the dimensions of  $M_i$  and  $M_{i+1}^*$  are not necessarily equal.

## 2 Derivative of a map for the continuous-time systems

Consider a  $C^{\infty}$  autonomous dynamical system

$$\frac{d\mathbf{x}}{dt} = f(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{x} \in M \subset \mathbb{R}^n, \quad t \in \mathbb{R},$$
(17)

where M is a state space, and f is a function such that  $M \to \mathbb{R}^n$ . We write the trajectory of the system (17) by  $\varphi : \mathbb{R} \times M \to M$ , where  $\varphi(0, x_0) = x_0$  is the initial state and  $\varphi(t, x_0)$  is the state at t. Let  $\partial M$  be an n-1 dimensional manifold defined by a conditional function  $q: M \to \mathbb{R}$ 

$$\partial M = \{ \boldsymbol{x} \in M \mid q(\boldsymbol{x}) = 0 \} \tag{18}$$

Suppose that  $T_0$  is a local map from  $x_0 \in M$  to a point in  $\partial M$  such that  $M \to \partial M$ . Then, the Jacobian matrix of  $T_0$  is described by

$$J_{T_0} = \frac{\partial T_0}{\partial x_0} = \left[ I - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(x)} f(x) \frac{dq}{dx} \right]_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}_1} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} (\tau) = B(x_1) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial x_0} (\tau), \tag{19}$$

where  $\tau$  is the spent time during the trajectory  $\varphi$  moves from  $x_0$  to the boundary  $\partial M$ , which only depends on  $x_0$ , and  $x_1 = \varphi(\tau, x_0)$ . The Hessian tensor of  $T_0$  is

$$H_{T_0} = \left(\frac{\partial B}{\partial x}(x_1)J_{T_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}(\tau) + B(x_1) \left[\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2}(\tau) + \left(\frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}(\tau)\right) \otimes \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial x_0}\right],$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial B}{\partial x}(x_1)J_{T_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}(\tau) + B(x_1) \left[\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2}(\tau) - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx}f(x_1)} \left(\frac{df}{dx}\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}(\tau)\right) \otimes \left(\frac{dq}{dx}\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}(\tau)\right)\right],$$
(20)

where

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial x} = -\frac{1}{\left(\frac{dq}{dx}f(x)\right)^2} \left\{ \left(\frac{df}{dx} \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + f(x) \otimes \frac{d^2q}{dx^2}\right) \frac{dq}{dx} f(x) - \left(f(x)\frac{dq}{dx}\right) \otimes \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2}f(x) + \frac{dq}{dx}\frac{df}{dx}\right) \right\}, \tag{21}$$

since

$$B \in X \otimes X^*, \quad \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} \in X \otimes X^* \otimes X^*,$$

$$\frac{dq}{dx} \in X^*, \qquad \frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \in X^* \otimes X^*,$$

$$f(x) \in X, \qquad \frac{df}{dx} \in X \otimes X^*.$$
(22)

On the other hand,

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \boldsymbol{x}_0} \right) = \frac{d\boldsymbol{f}}{d\boldsymbol{x}} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \boldsymbol{x}_0} \tag{23}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} \right) = \left( \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} + \frac{d f}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2}, \tag{24}$$

where

$$\frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} = \operatorname{tr}_{34} \left( \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} \otimes \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \right), \quad \frac{d f}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} = \operatorname{tr}_{23} \left( \frac{d f}{dx} \otimes \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} \right). \tag{25}$$

$$\frac{\partial T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} + f(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} 
\frac{\partial \tau}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = -\frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(\mathbf{x}_1)} \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} 
\frac{\partial T_0}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = \left[ I - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(\mathbf{x}_1)} f(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{dq}{dx} \right] \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0} = B(\mathbf{x}_1) \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\varphi}}{\partial \mathbf{x}_0}$$
(26)

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial^2 T_0}{\partial x_0^2} &= \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} + \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \otimes \frac{\partial \tau}{\partial x_0} + f(x_1) \otimes \frac{\partial^2 \tau}{\partial x_0^2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 \tau}{\partial x_0^2} &= -\frac{1}{\left(\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)\right)^2} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_0} \left(\frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1) - \left(\frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial x_0} \left(\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)\right) \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{\left(\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)\right)^2} \left\{ \left[ \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} \right] \frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1) - \left(\frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \otimes \left[ \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) f(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \right] \right\} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)} \left[ \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} + \frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} \right] + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)\right)^2} \left(\frac{dq}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \otimes \left[ \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) f(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \right] \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)} \left[ \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \otimes \left[ \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) f(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \right] \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)} \left[ \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \otimes \left[ \left(\frac{d^2q}{dx^2} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) f(x_1) + \frac{dq}{dx} \left(\frac{df}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \right] \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)} \left[ \left(\frac{df}{dx} \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + f(x_1) \otimes \frac{d^2q}{dx^2}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \right] \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} - \frac{1}{\frac{dq}{dx} f(x_1)} \left[ \left(\frac{df}{dx} \otimes \frac{dq}{dx} + f(x_1) \otimes \frac{d^2q}{dx^2}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \right] \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} + \left(\frac{dB}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} + \left(\frac{dB}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \\ &= B(x_1) \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x_0^2} + \left(\frac{dB}{dx} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0}\right) \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_0} \end{split}$$