## HO CHI MINH CITY UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY FACULTY OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

## **OPERATING SYSTEM – LAB 02**

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- 1. There are 4 compiling stages:
  - Pre-processing: do follows:
    - + Removal of Comments
    - + Expansion of Macros
    - + Expansion of the included files.
  - Compiling: compile C program files into assembly code
- Assembly: convert by assembler to machine code, each C file is converted to .o file
  - Linking: Linker links functions' prototype and its implementation
- 2. \* transmit.c and transmit.h are compiled to transmit.o file
  - \* receive.c and receive.h are compiled to receive.o file
  - \* main.c is compiled to main.o file
  - all \*.o files are linked in Linking stage to 1 executable file
- 3. Because in the first time compiling, necessary files (source files) are loaded from disk to RAM and they are still be there in an interval of time even if OS has finished with them. As a result, later compiling, the compiling process takes place faster since they have been already in RAM.
- 4. Belows are in makefile used for Python:

```
HOST=127.0.0.1
TEST_PATH=./

clean-pyc:
  find . -name '*.pyc' -exec rm --force {} +
  find . -name '*.pyo' -exec rm --force {} +
  name '*~' -exec rm --force {}
```

```
clean-build:
  rm --force --recursive build/
  rm --force --recursive dist/
  rm --force --recursive *.egg-info
isort:
  sh -c "isort --skip-glob=.tox --recursive . "
lint:
  flake8 --exclude=.tox
test: clean-pyc
  py.test --verbose --color=yes $(TEST_PATH)
run:
  python manage.py runserver
docker-run:
  docker build \
   --file=./Dockerfile \
   --tag=my_project ./
  docker run \
   --detach=false \
   --name=my_project \
   --publish=$(HOST):8080 \
   my_project
5. Assume the program consists of header file (foo.h) and source file (foo.c):
home
|-- headers
   |-- foo.h
 -- sources
   |-- foo.c
|-- main.c
and we are in "home"
makefile:
```

foo: foo.o main.o gcc foo.o main.o -o prog

./sources/foo.o: ./sources/foo.c ./headers/foo.h gcc -c ./sources/foo.c main.o: main.c ./headers/foo.h gcc -c main.c