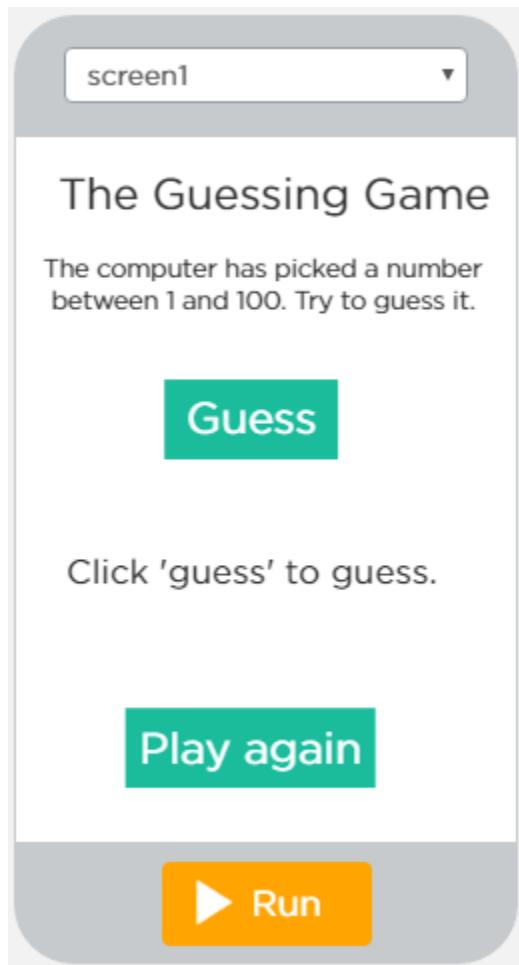


A5: Guessing Game

Create this screen:



Make a variable outside of all onEvent blocks. It is the number that the user will need to guess. Have the computer pick a random number between 1 and 100.

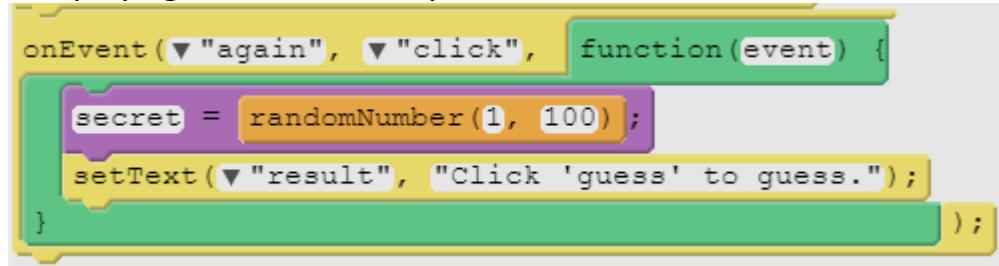
```
var secret = randomNumber(1, 100);
```

Inside the onEvent for the guess button, you will first need to get the user's guess:

```
var guess = promptNum("Enter a value: ");
```

If the guess == the secret number, tell the user:	Else if the guess > secret, tell the user:	Otherwise, tell the user:
<p>The Guessing Game</p> <p>The computer has picked a number between 1 and 100. Try to guess it.</p> <p>Guess</p> <p>You got it!</p> <p>Play again</p> <p> Reset</p>	<p>The Guessing Game</p> <p>The computer has picked a number between 1 and 100. Try to guess it.</p> <p>Guess</p> <p>Too high.</p> <p>Play again</p> <p> Reset</p>	<p>The Guessing Game</p> <p>The computer has picked a number between 1 and 100. Try to guess it.</p> <p>Guess</p> <p>Too low.</p> <p>Play again</p> <p> Reset</p>

The play again button is very short:



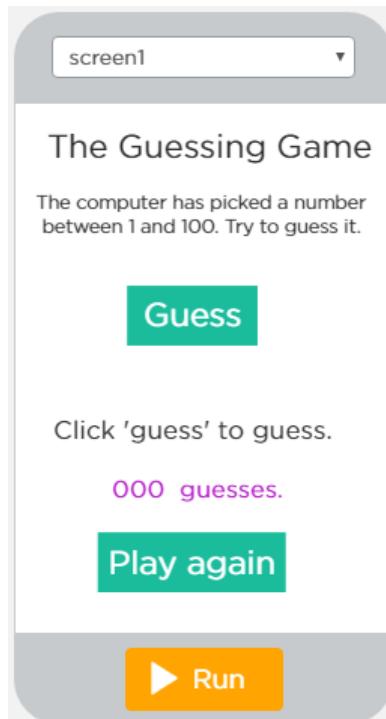
You get a new random number AND reset the result label.

Play your game to make sure it works.

Score

If you are a clever guesser, there is a way to always get the answer in 7 guesses or less. This means we need to make the guessing game keep score.

Add a label to the screen:



Make a variable called num outside all of the OnEvents:

```
var num = 0;
```

Inside the guess OnEvent, you need to increase the num variable AND show it on the screen.

```
num = num+1;
setText( "count", num+" guesses." );
```

Inside the again OnEvent, you need to set the num variable back to 0 AND show it on the screen.

```
num = 0;
setText( "count", "000 guesses." );
```