615 Topic Modeling

1.Read the data set and take a general look.

5

6

The Slave Trade

The 303rd

```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(stringr)
movies <- read.csv("movie_plots_with_genres.csv")</pre>
2: Extract the Plot columns into Title and Text. Since we will meet some strange condition like "Graviton:
The Ghost Particle".
movies1 <- movies %>%
  mutate(
    Title = str_extract(Plot, "^[^:]+"), # Extracts the title up to the first colon
    PlotText = str_replace(Plot, "^[^:]+: ", "") # Keeps only the plot description
 )
head(movies1)
##
                                      Movie.Name
    row
                                                    Genre
## 1 31
                           Pioneers of the West western
## 2 87
                               The Infiltrators
                                                   action
## 3 146
                "Graviton: The Ghost Particle"
                                                   sci-fi
## 4 197 Moses: Fallen. In the City of Angels.
                                                   action
                                The Slave Trade history
## 6 448
                                      The 303rd history
##
## 1
## 4 Moses: Fallen. In the City of Angels. : A tale of a fallen angel who was sentenced to a human li
## 5
## 6
##
                      Title
## 1 Pioneers of the West
         The Infiltrators
## 2
## 3
                  "Graviton
## 4
                      Moses
```

```
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4 Fallen. In the City of Angels. : A tale of a fallen angel who was sentenced to a human life sent
## 6
  3. We change our idea that we want to find all same text in the variables of Text and Movie. Name and
     drop them, since even though we extract a new column, they will be duplicate.
movies2 <- movies %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(Plot = str_remove_all(Plot, fixed(Movie.Name)))
head(movies2)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## # Rowwise:
##
       row Movie.Name
                                                      Genre
                                                              Plot
##
     <dbl> <chr>
                                                               <chr>
                                                      <chr>
        31 "Pioneers of the West "
## 1
                                                      western " : Caught by the Piu~
## 2
        87 "The Infiltrators "
                                                      action " : A tight team of t~
                                                              ": Science is on the~
       146 "\"Graviton: The Ghost Particle\" "
## 3
                                                      sci-fi
## 4
       197 "Moses: Fallen. In the City of Angels. " action " : A tale of a falle~
## 5
       314 "The Slave Trade "
                                                      history " : Beginning with th~
       448 "The 303rd "
                                                      history " : Ret. Col. Louis \~
## 6
4. Then we will tokenize the column plot and remove the stop words
library(tidytext)
tidy movies <- movies2 %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, Plot)
data("stop_words")
tidy_movies <- tidy_movies %>%
  anti_join(stop_words, by = "word")
head(tidy_movies)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## # Rowwise:
##
       row Movie.Name
                                    Genre
                                             word
##
     <dbl> <chr>
                                    <chr>
                                             <chr>
## 1
        31 "Pioneers of the West " western caught
## 2
        31 "Pioneers of the West " western piutes
        31 "Pioneers of the West " western pony
## 3
## 4
        31 "Pioneers of the West " western express
## 5
        31 "Pioneers of the West " western rider
        31 "Pioneers of the West " western dick
movie words <- tidy movies %>%
  count(row, word, sort = TRUE)
5. Count word occurrences for each movie plot and convert this into a DTM
movie_dtm <- tidy_movies %>%
  count(row, word, sort = TRUE) %>%
  cast_dtm(row, word, n)
```

movie_dtm

```
## <<DocumentTermMatrix (documents: 1077, terms: 14095)>>
## Non-/sparse entries: 46254/15134061
## Sparsity : 100%
## Maximal term length: 17
## Weighting : term frequency (tf)
```

6. We will use a LDA function and fit the lda model.

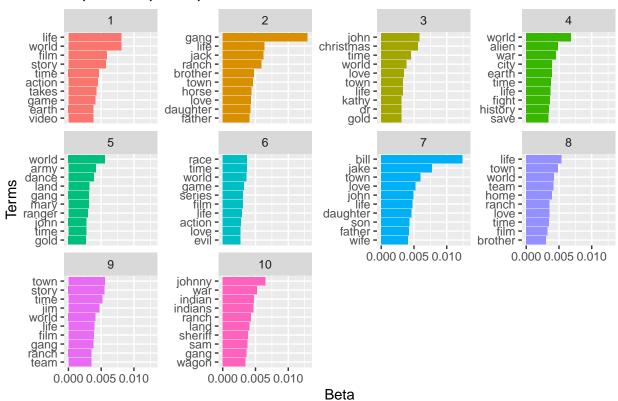
```
library(topicmodels)
num_topics <- 10
lda_model <- LDA(movie_dtm, k = num_topics, control = list(seed = 1000))</pre>
```

7.Extract and visualize the top terms per topic.

```
top_terms <- tidy(lda_model, matrix = "beta") %>%
  group_by(topic) %>%
  slice_max(beta, n = 10) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(topic, -beta)

ggplot(top_terms, aes(reorder_within(term, beta, topic), beta, fill = factor(topic))) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ topic, scales = "free_y") +
  coord_flip() +
  scale_x_reordered() +
  labs(title = "Top Terms per Topic", x = "Terms", y = "Beta")
```

Top Terms per Topic



8:Now we want to find the k means cluster and evaluate the cluster by find the distance between the centroid and each word.

```
dtm_matrix <- as.matrix(movie_dtm)</pre>
topic_distributions <- posterior(lda_model)$topics</pre>
k clusters <- 5
set.seed(1000)
km <- kmeans(topic_distributions, centers = k_clusters)</pre>
movies$Cluster <- km$cluster</pre>
distances <- sapply(1:nrow(topic_distributions), function(i) {</pre>
  cluster_center <- km$centers[km$cluster[i], ]</pre>
  sqrt(sum((topic_distributions[i, ] - cluster_center)^2))
})
movies$Distance_to_Centroid <- distances</pre>
head(movies$Distance_to_Centroid)
## [1] 0.96037224 0.96031485 0.96037589 0.94475016 0.93846614 0.08442956
average_distances <- movies %>%
  group_by(Cluster) %>%
  summarize(Average_Distance = mean(Distance_to_Centroid))
print(average_distances)
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
##
    Cluster Average_Distance
##
       <int>
                         <dbl>
## 1
           1
                        0.140
## 2
           2
                       0.176
## 3
           3
                        0.0817
## 4
           4
                        0.848
## 5
           5
                        0.148
9:Create a word cloud which the font size indicate the occurence of the words in each cluster.
library(wordcloud)
## Loading required package: RColorBrewer
library(RColorBrewer)
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
                                      2.1.5
## v forcats 1.0.0
                         v readr
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                         v tibble
                                      3.2.1
## v purrr
              1.0.2
                         v tidyr
                                      1.3.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
colors <- brewer.pal(8, "Dark2")</pre>
for (i in 1:k_clusters) {
 cluster_words <- movie_words %>%
```

```
filter(row %in% movies$row[movies$Cluster == i]) %>%
   count(word, sort = TRUE)
 wordcloud(
 words = cluster_words$word,
 freq = cluster_words$n,
 min.freq = 2,
 max.words = 100,
 scale = c(3, 0.5),
 random.order = FALSE,
 colors = colors
)
}
## Warning in wordcloud(words = cluster_words$word, freq = cluster_words$n, :
## government could not be fit on page. It will not be plotted.
  mysterious world's secret makes
       friendship friends figure friend
                    daughter
                                 fighting attempt
  plane:
                                      past taking
east
living
                              #power
  meet battle gangled
father's save changeforces meets
      questwife legendary
                                crew indian
     marriage
                 returnsbasedwoman
         return
                 survivewater
## Warning in wordcloud(words = cluster_words$word, freq = cluster_words$n, :
## dangerous could not be fit on page. It will not be plotted.
```

game john beginsdiscovers night grescuegirl.≧jim meets ranch truth friend otimetown future jack utlaw ad _{III}q tion fight E line dead g true^u:5 9 death of sister job age return mysterious, evil falls revenge deadteam friends gold forced meet ledkill father family discovers öbrother cattlefilm city secret sam run secret town film woman Splans = iim game ō land = $\frac{1}{4}$ son war friend sets lost action dayleads stop jack brother past wife Ø > save army power john 👸 found death killed ranch of tells

rwac - i i i nedius ternit g glive set relationship decides features_ aid > time series p makes o film OVE killed race learn o outlaws travelsteam odeath Story sends forces american War Chome lea girlearth brother stop city pastfig at battlefuture learr times day friend action law ho meets gold ganghistory takes er video discoverdead family murder government learns country footage free kill city action people red discovers family daughter rich ranch forces daughter killed kills gang control c real sonlocal WOrld steam **D** lives black fight control meets jack o law girl boss ride events journey named lead murder leads : h money sets cattle