

PROGRAM:

DISTANCE MEASUREMENT AND OBJECT DETECTION USING ULTRASONIC SENSOR WITH RASPBERRY PI

```
from machine import Pin, SoftI2C
import utime
from pico_i2c_lcd import I2cLcd

# Define the GPIO pins for the HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensor
trigger = Pin(3, Pin.OUT)
echo = Pin(2, Pin.IN)

# Define the built-in LED pin for proximity alerts
led = Pin(25, Pin.OUT) # Onboard LED on Raspberry Pi Pico W

# --- LCD Configuration ---
I2C_ADDR = 0x27    # I2C address of the LCD
I2C_NUM_ROWS = 2   # Number of rows on the LCD
I2C_NUM_COLS = 16  # Number of columns on the LCD

# Initialize I2C communication for the LCD
i2c = SoftI2C(sda=Pin(4), scl=Pin(5), freq=400000)
lcd = I2cLcd(i2c, I2C_ADDR, I2C_NUM_ROWS, I2C_NUM_COLS)

def measure_distance():
```

"""

Triggers the ultrasonic sensor and measures the distance to an object.

Returns the distance in centimeters.

"""

Send a short pulse to trigger the sensor

trigger.low()

utime.sleep_us(2)

trigger.high()

utime.sleep_us(5) # A 10us pulse is recommended, but 5us works well

trigger.low()

Wait for the echo pin to go high, marking the start of the echo pulse

while echo.value() == 0:

pulse_start = utime.ticks_us()

Wait for the echo pin to go low, marking the end of the echo pulse

while echo.value() == 1:

pulse_end = utime.ticks_us()

Calculate the duration of the pulse

pulse_duration = pulse_end - pulse_start

Calculate distance using the speed of sound (343 m/s or 0.0343 cm/ μ s)

The duration is divided by 2 because the pulse travels to the object and back.

distance_cm = (pulse_duration * 0.0343) / 2

return distance_cm

```
# --- Main Program Execution ---

# Display an initial message on the LCD
lcd.putstr("Measuring...")
utime.sleep(2)
lcd.clear()

try:
    # Main loop to continuously measure and display distance
    while True:
        distance = measure_distance()

        # Clear the LCD and display the new distance reading
        lcd.clear()
        lcd.putstr("Distance:\n {:.2f} cm".format(distance))

        # Check if an object is within the 10 cm threshold
        if distance < 10:
            led.value(1) # Turn on the LED for alert
        else:
            led.value(0) # Turn off the LED

        # Wait for 1 second before the next measurement
        utime.sleep(1)

except KeyboardInterrupt:
```

```
# Clean up resources if the program is stopped manually (Ctrl+C)
lcd.backlight_off()
lcd.display_off()
led.value(0) # Ensure LED is off on exit
print("Program stopped.")
```