1. Create a Java class with user defined exception handling

CODE:

person.java:

```
package com.task;
//Person.java
public class Person {
private String name;
private int age;
// Constructor
public Person(String name, int age) throws InvalidAgeException {
  this.name = name;
  setAge(age); // Set age with validation
}
// Getter for age
public int getAge() {
  return age;
// Setter for age with exception handling
public void setAge(int age) throws InvalidAgeException {
  if (age < 0 | | age > 150) {
     throw new InvalidAgeException("Age must be between 0 and 150.");
  this.age = age;
// Getter for name
public String getName() {
  return name;
}
// Method to display person information
public void displayPersonInfo() {
  System.out.println("Name: " + name + ", Age: " + age);
public static void main(String[] args) {
  try {
     Person person1 = new Person("John Doe", 30);
     person1.displayPersonInfo();
     // This will throw an InvalidAgeException
     Person <u>person2</u> = new Person("Jane Doe", 200);
  } catch (InvalidAgeException e) {
     System.out.println("Exception: " + e.getMessage());
  }
}
```

}

InvalidAgeException.java:

```
package com.task;
//InvalidAgeException.java
public class <u>InvalidAgeException</u> extends Exception {
   // Constructor that accepts a message
   public InvalidAgeException(String message) {
      super(message);
   }
}
```

OUTPUT:

2. Modify below sorted list of user with name, age and height such that age can be descending and height as ascending using python

```
"people = [
    ('Arun', 30, 160),
    ('Black', 25, 175),
    ('Carter', 30, 170),
    ('Divya', 25, 180),
]
```

CODE:

```
people = [
    ('Arun', 30, 160),
    ('Black', 25, 175),
    ('Carter', 30, 170),
    ('Divya', 25, 180),
]
# Sort by age (descending) and then by height (ascending)
sorted_people = sorted(people, key=lambda x: (-x[1], x[2]))
print(sorted_people)
```

OUTPUT:

3. Implement quick sort and display sorted values for [7,6,10,5,9,2,1,15,7] using java or python

CODE:

```
def quick_sort(arr):
    if len(arr) <= 1:
        return arr
    pivot = arr[len(arr) // 2]
    left = [x for x in arr if x < pivot]
    middle = [x for x in arr if x == pivot]
    right = [x for x in arr if x > pivot]
    return quick_sort(left) + middle + quick_sort(right)
# Example usage
array = [7, 6, 10, 5, 9, 2, 1, 15, 7]
sorted_array = quick_sort(array)
print("Sorted array:", sorted_array)
```

OUTPUT: