The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.						
Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.						
Example 1:						
Input:						
153						
Output:						
true						
Explanation:						
153 is a 3-digit number, and 153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3.						
Example 2:						
Input:						

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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```
int d=c\%10;
         int f=1;
    for(int i=0;i<e;i++)
    {
         f * = d;
    }
    b + = f;
    c/=10;
    }
    if(a==b)
        printf("true");
    else
        printf("false");
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	153	true	true	~
~	123	false	false	~

Passed all tests! <

Question $\bf 2$

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Take a number, reverse it and add it to the original number until the obtained number is a palindrome. Constraints 1<=num<=99999999 Sample Input 1 32 Sample Output 1 55 Sample Input 2 789 Sample Output 2 66066

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int rn, n, nt=0, i=0;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    dof
         nt=n;rn=0;
         while(n!=0)
         {
              rn = rn * 10 + n\% 10;
              n=n/10;
         7
         n=nt+rn;
         i++;
    7
    while(rn!=nt||i==1);
    printf("%d",rn);
    return 0;
```

Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

▼ Flag question

A number is considered lucky if it contains either 3 or 4 or 3 and 4 both in it. Write a program to print the nth lucky number. Example, 1st lucky number is 3, and 2nd lucky number is 4 and 3rd lucky number is 33 and 4th lucky number is 34 and so on. Note that 13, 40 etc., are not lucky as they have other numbers in it.

The program should accept a number 'n' as input and display the nth lucky number as output.

Sample Input 1:

3

Sample Output 1:

33

Explanation:

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page? Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int con(int a)
{
    int c=a;
    while (c!=0)
    {
         int d=c\%10;
         if(d!=3 &&d!=4)
          return 0;
         c/=10;
    }
    return 1;
}
int main()
{
    int a,b=0;
    scanf("%d",&a);
    while (a!=0)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	34	33344	33344	~

Passed all tests! 🗸