IARE OLIVERY TON FOR LINE

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK

| Course Title | APPLIED PHYSICS | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------|--|--|
| Course Code | AHSC09 | AHSC09 | | | | | |
| Program | B. Tech | B. Tech | | | | | |
| Semester | TWO | TWO | | | | | |
| Course Type | Foundation | | | | | | |
| Regulation | IARE – UG20 | | | | | | |
| | | Theory | Practical | | | | |
| Course Structure | Lectures | Tutorials | Credits | Laboratory | Credits | | |
| | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 1.5 | | |
| Course Coordinator | Dr. Rizwana, Professor | | | | | | |

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

| Studen | Students will try to learn: | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I | Basic formulations in wave mechanics for the evolution of energy levels and quantization of | | | | | |
| | energies for a particle in a potential box with the help of mathematical description. | | | | | |
| II | Fundamental properties of semiconductors including the band gap, charge carrier concentration, | | | | | |
| | doping and transport mechanisms. | | | | | |
| III | The metrics of optoelectronic components, lasers, optical fiber communication and be able to | | | | | |
| | incorporate them into systems for optimal performance. | | | | | |
| IV | The appropriate magnetic and dielectric materials required for various engineering applications. | | | | | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

| | Course Outcomes | Knowledge Level (Bloom's Taxonomy) |
|------|--|--|
| CO 1 | Recall classical mechanics being replaced with a wave equation by using experiments that revealed the wave properties of matter. | Remember |
| CO 2 | Make use of quantum mechanical description in Schrödinger's equation for simple systems and interpretation of wave functions. | Apply |
| CO 3 | Illustrate the charge transport mechanism in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors by quantizing the charge carrier density. | Understand |

| CO 4 | Identify the behavior of charge carriers in a semiconductor by using the phenomenon of Hall effect. | Apply |
|-------|---|------------|
| CO 5 | Explain detailed knowledge of fundamental and applied aspects of optoelectronic device physics. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Make use of the key concepts of semiconductors to illustrate basic working mechanism of optoelectronic device characteristics of light-emitting diodes, photodetectors and solar cells. | Apply |
| CO 7 | Illustrate principles of different types of polarization mechanism to the properties of functional ferroelectric materials. | Apply |
| CO 8 | Utilize spin and orbital motion of electrons in determining magnetic properties of materials and their role in classification of magnetic materials having specific engineering applications. | Understand |
| CO 9 | Compare the concepts of Laser and normal light in terms of mechanism and working principles for applications in different fields and scientific practices. | Understand |
| CO 10 | Explain functionality of components in optical fiber communication system by using the basics of signal propagation, attenuation and dispersion. | Understand |

MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| Course | Program Outcomes | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------|----|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|---|----|----|----|---|---|---|
| Outcomes | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 7 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 8 | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| CO 9 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 10 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 30 | 10 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |

TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK

MODULE – I **OUANTUM MECHANICS Part - A(Short Answer Questions) Blooms** How does this subsume the level Course S. No. **Ouestion Taxonomy** below Outcomes Level 1 Relate the dependency of wavelength of Remember CO₁ matter waves on velocity and mass of material particle. Write an expression for de-Broglie 2 CO₁ Remember wavelength in terms of momentum and kinetic energy. Explain the conception of light behaving 3 Understand Learner to recall the properties of CO1, CO2 both as a particle and wave. particle and wave and understand the dual nature of light radiation Justify the statement that Heisenberg's Understand Learner to recall the properties of CO1, CO2 4 uncertainty principle is a direct matter wave and understand consequence of dual nature of matter uncertainty in locating position of wave. particle behaving as wave. 5 Prove that matter waves travel with a Understand Learner to recall the Planck's and CO1, CO2 Einstein's theory and understand velocity greater than velocity of light. how matter wave travel with Also justify it. velocity of light. Write one dimensional time independent 6 Remember CO₂ Schrodinger equation associated with matter wave. 7 Explain the feature of wave function Learner to recall the CO2 Understand which connects the particle nature and characteristics of wave function wave nature of matter wave. and understand the dual nature of material particle. Understand Learner to recall the properties of CO₁ 8 Describe behavior of matter waves by giving any two of its properties. particle and wave and understand the dual nature of material particle. 9 Write expressions for wave function and Remember CO2 energy of a particle in three dimensional square well box of infinite potential. 10 Write expressions for Eigen function and Remember CO2 Eigen values for a particle in one dimensional square well box of infinite potential. 11 What are the limitations of wave function Understand Learner to recall the CO2 to be a solution of second order characteristics of wave function differential equation associated with and understand the dual nature of material particle? material particle. 12 Discuss about Normalization condition as Learner to recall the CO₂ Apply postulated by Max Born. characteristics of wavefunction. understand Max Born interpretation of wave function and apply it to probability density.

| 13 | What is the Schrodinger's interpretation of complex and not observable wave function? | Apply | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function, understand Schrodinger's interpretation of wave function and apply it to charge density. | CO2 |
|----|---|--------------|--|-----|
| 14 | How energy of a particle confined in a potential box is related to the width of the box. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 15 | Write about probability density of moving material particle as explained by Born and Schrodinger. | | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function, understand Max Born interpretation of wave function and apply it to probability density | CO2 |
| 16 | What is the minimum energy possessed by the particle in an infinitely deep potential well. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 17 | Discuss about the nature of the walls of the box in which a particle is bound. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 18 | What happens to the wave function associated with a particle in an infinitely deep potential well. | Apply | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function, understand Max Born interpretation of wave function and apply it to probability density | CO2 |
| 19 | What is the boundary condition for normalized wave function? | Apply | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function, understand Max Born interpretation of wave function and apply it to probability density | CO2 |
| 20 | Define square well potential associated with a bound electron moving along one dimension. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| | Part - B (Lo | ong Answer Q | questions) | |
| 1 | Compare a particle with a wave and discuss about dual nature of radiation. | Understand | Learner to recall the properties of particle and wave and understand the dual nature of light radiation | CO1 |
| 2 | Enlist physical significance of wave function according to Schrodinger and Max – Born interpretation. | Understand | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function and understand Max Born and Schrodinger's interpretation of wave function. | CO2 |
| 3 | Matter waves are new kind of waves. Justify this concept by discussing different properties of matter waves. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of dual nature of material particle and understand the behavior of matter wave. | CO1 |
| 4 | Using Planck's and Einstein's theory of radiation, Show that the wavelength associated with an electron of mass 'm' and kinetic energy 'E' is given by $\frac{h}{\sqrt{2mE}}$. | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand the derivation of de Broglie wavelength. | CO1 |

| 5 | Determine an expression for the wavelength associated with an electron, accelerated by a potential V. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of de Broglie wavelength and understand the wavelength associated with electron. | CO1 |
|----|---|------------|---|-----|
| 6 | Why matter waves are observed for particles of atomic or nuclear size. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of dual nature of material particle and understand the behavior of matter wave. | CO1 |
| 7 | Explain the difference between a matter wave and an electromagnetic wave. | Understand | Learner to recall the properties of matter wave and understand that matter waves are not electromagnetic waves | CO1 |
| 8 | Describe Davisson Germer experiment with a neat diagram and explain how it established the proof for wave nature of electrons. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of dual nature of material particle and understand the proof for existence of matter wave. | CO2 |
| 9 | Considering dual nature of electron, derive Schrodinger's time independent wave equation for the motion of an electron. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave and understand the wave equation associated with matter wave. | CO2 |
| 10 | Assuming that a particle of mass m is confined in a field free region between impenetrable walls in infinite height at $x=0$ and $x=a$, show that the permitted energy levels of a particle are given by $n^2 h^2 / 8 m a^2$. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 11 | Discuss the results from the Eigen values, Eigen functions and probability density for a particle in a one dimensional potential box of infinite height. Also sketch the figures. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 12 | Show that the energies of a particle confined between two rigid walls of infinite potential are quantized. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 13 | What are de Broglie matter waves? Derive expression for de Broglie wavelength associated with a particle having mass <i>m</i> and velocity <i>v</i> . | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand the derivation of de Broglie wavelength. | CO1 |
| 14 | Discuss different phenomenon's that show the behavior of light radiation interacting with matter. | Understand | Learner to recall the properties of particle and wave and understand the dual nature of light radiation | CO1 |
| 15 | Write major differences between classical mechanics and quantum mechanics. | | Learner to recall the basics of classical mechanics and understand to compare with quantum mechanics. | CO1 |
| 16 | Differentiate between ψ and $ \psi ^2$ | Understand | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function and understand Max Born and Schrodinger's interpretation of wave function. | CO2 |
| 17 | Highlight the conditions for an acceptable wave function. | Understand | Learner to recall the characteristics of wave function and understand the dual nature of material particle. | CO2 |

| 18 | How do you predict the energy of a particle in closed box from classical theory and quantum theory? | Understand | Learner to recall the basics of classical mechanics and understand to compare with quantum mechanics. | CO1 |
|----|--|---------------|---|-----|
| 19 | Starting from the wave equation and introducing energy and momentum of particle, obtain n expression for one dimensional Schrodinger's equation for a free particle. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave and understand the wave equation associated with matter wave. | CO2 |
| 20 | Enlighten different laws of quantum physics that lead to different interpretation of energy. | Understand | Learner to recall the basics of classical mechanics and understand to compare with quantum mechanics. | CO1 |
| | Part - C (| Analytical Qu | estions) | |
| 1 | Calculate the velocity and kinetic energy of an electron having wavelength of 0.21nm. | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand about de Broglie wavelength. | CO1 |
| 2 | Determine the de Broglie wavelength associated with a proton moving with a velocity of 1/10 of velocity of light. (Mass of proton = 1.674 x 10 ⁻²⁷ kg). | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand about de Broglie wavelength. | CO1 |
| 3 | Estimate the wavelength of an electron rose to a potential 15kV. | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand about de Broglie wavelength associated with electron. | CO1 |
| 4 | Obtain de-Broglie wavelength of neutron. (Given kinetic energy of the neutron is 0.025eV mass of neutron =1.674 x 10 ⁻²⁷ kg). | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand about de Broglie wavelength. | CO1 |
| 5 | Calculate the wavelength of an electron, if the kinetic energy of the neutron is 0.025 eV. | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand about de Broglie wavelength. | CO1 |
| 6 | Find the wavelength associated with an electron rose to a potential 1600V. | Understand | Learner to recall the Planck's and Einstein's theory and understand about de Broglie wavelength associated with electron. | CO1 |
| 7 | Calculate the energies that can be possessed by a particle of mass 8.50 x10 ⁻³¹ kg which is placed in an infinite potential box of width 10 ⁻⁹ m. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 8 | Find the lowest energy of an electron confined in a square box of side 0.1nm. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 9 | Electrons are accelerated by 344 volts and are reflected from a crystal. The first reflection maximum occurs when the glancing angle is 60°. Determine the spacing of the crystal. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| 10 | An electron is bound in one-dimensional infinite well of width 1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ m. Find the energy levels in the ground state and first two excited states. | Apply | Learner to recall the concept of matter wave, understand quantization of energy and apply it to potential box. | CO2 |
| | | | | |

MODULE – II INTRODUCTION TO SOLIDS AND SEMICONDUCTORS **Part – A (Short Answer Questions)** 1 What do you mean by periodic potential Understand Learner to recall one dimensional CO3 associated with an electron moving in a crystal array and understand one dimensional crystal lattice? variation of potential of electron with its position in lattice. Explain a metallic solid and draw its band Learner to recall structure of a 2. Understand CO3 diagram to explain its electronic behavior. metal and understand free flow of electrons through it. 3 Justify that the crystalline solids are Understand Learner to recall energy band CO3 diagram and understand change classified into conductors, semiconductors in properties of solids with width and insulators. of forbidden energy gap. Learner to recall structure of a 4 Illustrate electronic behavior of a Understand CO3 semiconductor by drawing its band semiconductor and understand diagram. about its conductivity based on energy band diagram. 5 Outline the behavior of an insulator by Understand Learner to recall structure of CO3 sketching its band diagram. insulator and understand about its conductivity based on energy band diagram. Learner to recall structure of a Distinguish semiconductors based on Understand 6 CO₃ variation of conductivity in terms of semiconductor and understand temperature and doping. about its conductivity based on energy band diagram and doping. 7 Learner to recall structure of Explore an intrinsic semiconductor by Understand CO3 giving an example. intrinsic semiconductor and understand about its conductivity based on energy band diagram and temperature. Understand Learner to recall conduction 8 Give the expressions for carrier CO3 concentration of electrons and holes in phenomenon in intrinsic intrinsic semiconductors. semiconductor and understand about its carrier concentration. 9 Write an expression for carrier Understand Learner to recall conduction CO₃ concentration of electrons in n-type phenomenon in n-type semiconductor and understand semiconductor. about its carrier concentration. 10 Give an expression for carrier Understand Learner to recall conduction CO₃ concentration of holes in p-type phenomenon in p-type semiconductor? semiconductor and understand about its carrier concentration. 11 Describe Hall effect using a proper Apply Learner to recall Hall effect. CO4 diagram representing current, magnetic understand about this field and Hall voltage. phenomenon and apply it to find nature of charge carriers. 12 How does the Fermi level play a Understand Learner to recall Fermi level and CO₃ significant role in semiconductor? understand its dependency on temperature. Explain different mechanisms responsible Learner to recall nature of charge 13 Understand CO3 for electrical resistance in metals. carriers in metals and understand their behavior for different electrical resistance.

| 14 | Explain about drift velocity and mobility associated with charge carriers in a semiconductor. | Understand | Learner to recall terms drift velocity and mobility and understand how their values change with movement of electrons and holes in a semiconductor. | CO3 |
|----|--|--------------|---|-----|
| 15 | List out the failures of quantum free electron theory of solids. | Remember | Sering Graduction | CO3 |
| 16 | Enlighten about Root Mean Square velocity (RMS) and Relaxation time. | Remember | | CO3 |
| 17 | Define mean collision time (τ) associated with moving electron. | Remember | | CO3 |
| 18 | Write about Mean free path as given by classical free electron theory of metals. | Remember | | CO3 |
| 19 | Discuss about formation of a hole in a semiconductor. | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of formation of holes and understand its nature in a semiconductor. | CO3 |
| 20 | How do you interpret the idea of conduction taking place due to movement of holes in a semiconductor? | Understand | Learner to recall the concept of formation of holes and understand its role in conduction in a semiconductor. | CO3 |
| | Part - B (Lo | ong Answer Q | Questions) | |
| 1 | Summarize Bloch's theorem? Demonstrate in detail the motion of an electron in a periodic potential. | Understand | Learner to recall one dimensional crystal array and understand variation of potential of electron with its position in lattice. | CO3 |
| 2 | Using Kronig-Penny model, show that the energy spectrum of an electron contains a number of allowed energy bands separated by forbidden bands. | Understand | Learner to recall about periodic potential and understand formation of energy bands. | CO3 |
| 3 | Explain in detail the origin of energy band formation in solids that lead to the classification of materials based on conductivity. | Understand | Learner to recall about energy band diagram and understand types of solids based on width of forbidden energy gap. | CO3 |
| 4 | Distinguish between intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. Indicate on an energy level diagram, the conduction and valence bands, donor and acceptor levels for intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. | Understand | Learner to recall different semiconductors and understand about them based on their energy levels. | CO3 |
| 5 | Develop a mathematical expression for intrinsic carrier concentration and hence prove that the Fermi level lies at the middle for an intrinsic semiconductor. | Understand | Learner to recall about intrinsic semiconductor and understand derivation of its carrier concentration and locating position of Fermi level. | CO3 |
| 6 | Obtain an expression for carrier concentration of n- type semiconductor. | Understand | Learner to recall about extrinsic semiconductor and understand derivation of carrier concentration of n-type semiconductor. | CO3 |
| 7 | Derive an expression for carrier concentration of p- type semiconductor. | Understand | Learner to recall about extrinsic semiconductor and understand derivation of carrier concentration of p-type semiconductor | CO3 |

| 8 | Illustrate the dependence of Fermi level | Understand | Learner to recall Fermi level and | CO3 |
|-----|--|---------------|------------------------------------|-----|
| | on carrier-concentration and temperature | Onderstand | understand its dependency on | 003 |
| | in n-type and p-type semiconductors. | | temperature and nature of | |
| | | | dopants. | |
| 9 | Demonstrate in detail Hall effect and | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, | CO4 |
| | obtain an expression for Hall coefficient. | | understand about this | |
| | List out the uses of Hall effect. | | phenomenon and apply it to find | |
| | | | nature of charge carriers. | |
| 10 | Interpret the graphical representation of | Understand | Learner to recall about periodic | CO3 |
| | Kronig-Penny model. Extend the | | potential and understand | |
| | conclusions drawn from the graph. | | formation of energy bands. | |
| 11 | With neat energy band diagrams, classify | Understand | Learner to recall about energy | CO3 |
| | the materials into conductors, insulators | | band diagram and understand | |
| | and semiconductors. | | types of solids based on width of | |
| | | | forbidden energy gap. | |
| 12 | Derive an expression for the electron | Understand | Learner to recall about intrinsic | CO3 |
| | concentration in the conduction band of | | semiconductor and understand | |
| | an intrinsic semiconductor. | | derivation of its electron | |
| | | | concentration. | |
| 13 | Infer an expression for hole concentration | Understand | Learner to recall about intrinsic | CO3 |
| | in the valence band of an intrinsic | | semiconductor and understand | |
| | semiconductor. | | derivation of its electron | |
| | | | concentration. | ~~~ |
| 14 | Summarize an intrinsic semiconductor? | Understand | Learner to recall intrinsic | CO3 |
| | Justify why an intrinsic semiconductor | | semiconductor and understand | |
| | behaves as an insulator at 0K. Highlight | | change in its conduction with | |
| | 2D representations of the crystal of | | temperature. | |
| | Silicon at $T = 0K$ and $T > 0K$. | | | ~~~ |
| 15 | Discuss about an extrinsic | Understand | Learner to recall extrinsic | CO3 |
| | semiconductor? Distinguish between n- | | semiconductor and understand | |
| | type and p-type semiconductors. | | change in its conduction with | |
| 1.0 | | TT 1 4 1 | nature of dopants. | CO2 |
| 16 | Explain the significance of Fermi energy | Understand | Learner to recall Fermi level and | CO3 |
| | level. Mention its position in intrinsic and | | understand its dependency on | |
| | extrinsic semiconductors at 0 K. | | temperature and nature of | |
| 17 | | TT 1 . 1 | dopants. | 002 |
| 17 | Develop the mathematical expression | Understand | Learner to recall Fermi level and | CO3 |
| | showing the variation of position of Fermi | | understand derivation of | |
| | energy level in n-type semiconductor. | | expression for Fermi level | |
| | | | showing its dependency on | |
| | | | temperature and nature of | |
| 10 | Dariya mathamatical ayonasaisa ahasaisa | I Indoneter d | dopants. | CO2 |
| 18 | Derive mathematical expression showing | Understand | Learner to recall Fermi level and | CO3 |
| | the variation of position of Fermi energy | | understand derivation of | |
| | level in n-type semiconductor. | | expression for Fermi level | |
| | | | showing its dependency on | |
| | | | temperature and nature of dopants. | |
| 19 | Explain the classical free electron theory | Understand | Learner to recall classical free | CO3 |
| 17 | of metals. Also discuss its drawbacks. | Onderständ | electron theory and understand its | COS |
| | of frictals. Also discuss its drawbacks. | | postulates and drawbacks. | |
| 20 | Discuss the assumptions made in quantum | Understand | Learner to recall quantum theory | CO3 |
| 20 | theory to overcome the drawbacks of free | Onderständ | of solids and understand its | CO3 |
| | electron theory of metals. | | postulates. | |
| | ciccuon dicory of flictars. | | posturates. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| | Part - C (A | Analytical Qu | estions) | |
|---|--|---------------|--|-----|
| 1 | Determine carrier concentration of an intrinsic semiconductor of band gap 0.7eV at 300K. [Given that the effective mass of electron = effective mass of hole = rest mass of electron]. | Understand | Learner to recall about intrinsic semiconductor and understand to find value of carrier concentration from the data given. | CO3 |
| 2 | Calculate the position of Fermi level E_F and the conductivity at 300 K for germanium crystal containing 5 x 10^{22} arsenic atoms / m^3 . Also calculate the conductivity if the mobility of the electron is $0.39 \ m^2 V^{-1} s^{-1}$. | Understand | Learner to recall about intrinsic semiconductor and understand to find values of conductivity, mobility and position of Fermi level from the data given. | CO3 |
| 3 | Obtain the temperature at which the E_F shifts by 15% from middle of forbidden gap (E_g)? Given E_g =1.2ev, effective mass of holes is 5 times that of electrons. | | Learner to recall Fermi level and understand its dependency on temperature and nature of dopants. | CO3 |
| 4 | For silicon semiconductor with bandgap 1.12 eV, interpret the position of the Fermi level at 300 K if $m_e^* = 0.12 m_o$ and $m_h^* = 0.28 m_o$. | Understand | Learner to recall Fermi level and understand its dependency on temperature and nature of dopants. | CO3 |
| 5 | In a Hall experiment, a current of 25 A is passed through a long foil of silver which is 0.1 mm thick and 3 cm wide. If the magnetic field of flux density 0.14 Wb/m³ is applied perpendicular to the foil, calculate the Hall voltage developed and estimate the mobility of electrons in silver. The conductivity of silver is 6.8 x $10^7 \ \Omega^{-1} \text{m}^{-1}$ and the Hall coefficient is -8.4 x $10^{-11} \ \text{m}^3$ /coulomb. | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, understand about this phenomenon and apply it to find Hall voltage. | CO4 |
| 6 | Simulate the Hall voltage developed across the width of the slab of a metallic slab carrying a current of 30A is subjected to a magnetic field of 1.75T. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the plane of the slab and to the current. The thickness of the slab is 0.35cm. The concentration of free electrons in the metal is 6.55 x 10 ²⁸ electrons/m ³ . | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, understand about this phenomenon and apply it to find Hall voltage. | CO4 |
| 7 | Evaluate the value of carrier concentration, if the R _H of a specimen is 3.66 x 10 ⁻⁴ m ³ C ⁻¹ . | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, understand about this phenomenon and apply it to find carrier concentration. | CO4 |
| 8 | Calculate the density of charge carriers of semiconductor, given the Hall efficient is -6.85×10^{-5} m ³ /Coulomb. | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, understand about this phenomenon and apply it to find carrier concentration. | CO4 |
| 9 | A silicon plate of thickness 1 mm, breadth 10 mm and length 100 mm is placed in a magnetic field of 0.5 Wb/m ² acting perpendicular to its thickness. If 10 ⁻² A current flows along its length, obtain the Hall voltage developed if the Hall coefficient is 3.66 x 10 ⁻⁴ m ³ /coulomb. | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, understand about this phenomenon and apply it to find Hall voltage. | CO4 |

| 10 | For a semiconductor, the Hall coefficient is -3.7 x 10^{-6} m ³ /coulomb and electrical conductivity is 250 m ⁻¹ Ω^{-1} . Calculate the density and mobility of charge carriers. | Apply | Learner to recall Hall effect, understand about this phenomenon and apply it to find density and mobility of charge carriers. | CO4 |
|----|---|--------------|---|-----|
| | M | ODULE -III | | |
| | SEMICON | DUCTOR D | EVICES | |
| | Part - A (Sh | ort Answer (| Questions) | |
| 1 | Illustrate how potential barrier prevents the diffusion of electrons and holes across the junction. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand formation of depletion layer in diode. | CO5 |
| 2 | Explain the terms charge carrier generation and recombination in semiconductors. | Understand | Learner to recall semiconductor and understand the phenomenon of generation and recombination of electron-hole pairs. | CO5 |
| 3 | List the materials used to fabricate direct and indirect band gaps semiconductors. | Remember | | CO5 |
| 4 | Explain biasing of a semiconductor material. Show how they are connected in forward and reverse biasing. | Understand | Learner to recall biasing of diode and understand about forward and reverse biasing of diode. | CO5 |
| 5 | List the applications of direct and indirect bandgap semiconductors. | Remember | | CO5 |
| 6 | Recall different techniques used for the formation PN junction diode. | Remember | | CO5 |
| 7 | Define Depletion layer formed in a PN junction diode. Draw the V-I characteristics of diode. | Remember | | CO5 |
| 8 | Draw the circuit of a forward biased PN junction diode. | Remember | | CO5 |
| 9 | What are elemental and compound semiconductors? Give two examples. | Understand | Learner to recall compound semiconductors and understand how they help in light emission. | CO5 |
| 10 | Why is Zener diode used as voltage regulator? | Understand | Learner to recall Zener diode and understand how it behaves as voltage regulator. | CO5 |
| | | | | |
| 11 | Why do we need a suitable material for the Light Emitting Diode? | Apply | Learner to recall direct bandgap semiconductors and understand how they help in light emission. | CO6 |
| 12 | Mention the different types of LED materials along with their radiant colour. | Remember | | CO6 |
| 13 | Illustrate any two differences between Light Emitting Diode and Photo diode. | Apply | Learner to recall LED and photo diode and understand difference in their principle. | CO6 |
| 14 | Compare the principle behind working of Light Emitting Diode and solar cell. | Apply | Learner to recall LED and solar cell, understand difference in their principle and apply it to day to day applications. | CO6 |
| 15 | Draw the circuit of a reverse biased PN junction diode | Remember | | CO6 |
| 16 | Mention any two advantages of Avalanche photo diode. | Remember | | CO6 |
| 17 | Mention the industrial applications of a solar cell. | Remember | | CO6 |

| 18 | What are the materials used for the fabrication of a solar cell. | Remember | | CO6 |
|----|--|--------------|--|-----|
| 19 | Define the efficiency of a solar cell. | Remember | | CO6 |
| 20 | Draw the V-I characteristics of photo diode. | Remember | | CO6 |
| | Part – B (Le | ong Answer Q | Questions) | |
| 1 | Write notes on direct and indirect band gap semiconductors. | Understand | Learner to recall role of energy band gap in semiconductors and understand the importance of indirect band gap semiconductors for light emission. | CO5 |
| 2 | What is forward biasing of a PN junction? Draw the circuit diagram and explain. | Understand | Learner to recall biasing of diode and understand about forward biased diode behaving as conductor. | CO5 |
| 3 | Describe the drift and diffusion currents in a semiconductor. | Understand | Learner to recall mobility of charge carriers in a semiconductor and understand drifting and diffusion of charge carriers contributing to current. | CO5 |
| 4 | Discuss in detail about formation of a PN junction diode. | Understand | Learner to recall p-type and n- type semiconductors and understand formation PN junction diode and depletion layer in diode. | CO5 |
| 5 | What is reverse biasing of a PN junction diode? Draw the circuit diagram and explain. | Understand | Learner to recall biasing of diode and understand about reverse biased diode behaving as insulator. | CO5 |
| 6 | Draw the graphic symbol of crystal diode and explain its significance. How will you determine the V-I characteristics of a p-n diode. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand diode behaving as conductor and insulator from V-I characteristics. | CO5 |
| 7 | Write a short note on Zener diode. Explain how Zener diode maintains constant voltage across the load. | Understand | Learner to recall Zener diode and understand how Zener diode acts as voltage regulator. | CO5 |
| 8 | Draw and explain the energy band diagram for a p-n junction diode in an unbiased condition. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand change in energy band diagram of individual p- type and n-type semiconductors after forming PN junction. | CO5 |
| 9 | Show that the application of forward bias voltage across p-n junction causes an exponential increase in number of charge carriers in opposite regions. | Understand | Learner to recall biasing of diode and understand about forward biased diode behaving as conductor from V-I characteristics | CO5 |
| 10 | What is Zener voltage or breakdown voltage in a PN junction diode? | Understand | Learner to recall Zener diode and understand the phenomenon of Avalanche breakdown in reverse biasing. | CO5 |
| | | | | |
| 11 | Write a note on Avalanche photo diode. Review the parameters that are commonly used to assess the performance of a detector. | Understand | Learner to recall Avalanche diode and understand difference between normal photodiode and Avalanche photodiode. | CO6 |

| 12 | Illustrate the construction and working of LED. What are the advantages and disadvantages of LEDs in electronic display? | Apply | Learner to recall LED, understand its working principle and apply it in day to day life. | CO6 |
|----|---|---------------|---|-----|
| 13 | Compare and contrast the functioning of Light Emitting diode and photo diode. | Apply | Learner to recall LED and photodiode, understand difference in their working principle and apply it in different fields. | CO6 |
| 14 | Give the theory of junction photo diode with a neat diagram. Discuss the factors which limit the speed of response of photodiodes. | Apply | Learner to recall photo diode, understand its drawbacks by studying its working principle and apply it in day to day life. | CO6 |
| 15 | Summarize how a photo diode can be converted into PIN and Avalanche photo diode. | Apply | Learner to recall photo diode, understand its drawbacks and apply to convert it to PIN and Avalanche photo diode. | CO6 |
| 16 | In what respect is an LED different from an ordinary p-n junction diode? State applications of LEDs. Why should LEDs preferred over conventional incandescent lamps. | Apply | Learner to recall junction diode and LED, understand LED being superior to normal diode in light emission and apply in day to day life. | CO6 |
| 17 | Explain with a neat sketch the construction, working and V-I characteristics of solar cell. | Apply | Learner to recall solar cell, understand its construction and working principle and apply it in different fields. | CO6 |
| 18 | Compare and contrast the functioning of Light Emitting diode and solar cell. | Apply | Learner to recall LED and solar cell, understand difference in their working principle and apply in different fields | CO6 |
| 19 | Give the properties of silicon and gallium arsenide based on band theory. | Apply | Learner to recall structure of silicon and GaAs, understand difference in their energy bandgap and apply GaAs for light emission. | CO6 |
| 20 | What are the main requirements of a LED material? Infer advantages of LED. | Apply | Learner to recall LED, understand its working principle and apply it in day to day life. | CO6 |
| | Part - C (| Analytical Qu | estions) | |
| 1 | Calculate the value of applied forward voltage for a p-n junction diode if $I_s = 50$ μA , $I = 2$ A and $e/kT = 40$. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of applied forward voltage from the given data. | CO5 |
| 2 | The current in a p-n junction at 27°C is 0.18 μA when a large reverse bias voltage is applied. Estimate the current when a forward bias of 0.98 V is applied. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of forward current from the given data. | CO5 |
| 3 | Evaluate the forward bias current of a Si diode when forward bias voltage of 0.4V is applied, the reverse saturation current is 1.17×10-9A and the thermal voltage is 25.2mV. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of forward current from the given data. | CO5 |
| 4 | Obtain the reverse saturation current of a diode if the current at 0.2V forward bias is 0.1mA at a temperature of 25°C and the ideality factor is 1.5. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of forward current from the given data. | CO5 |

| 5 | Find the applied voltage on a forward biased diode if the current is 1mA and reverse saturation current is 10^{-10} . (Given temperature is 25°C and ideality factor as 1.5). | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of applied forward voltage from the given data. | CO5 |
|------------------|--|--|---|-------------|
| | | | | |
| 6 | Calculate the wavelength of emitted radiation from a LED made up of GaAs with a band gap of 1.52eV. | Apply | Learner to recall LED, understand its working principle and apply it to calculate wavelength of emitted radiation. | CO6 |
| 7 | A semiconductor diode laser has a wavelength of 1.65μm. Find its band gap in eV | Apply | Learner to recall LED, understand its working principle and apply it to calculate bandgap. | CO6 |
| 8 | Find the temperature at which a diode current is 2mA for a diode which has reverse saturation current of 10 ⁻⁹ A. The ideality factor is 1.4 and the applied voltage is 0.6V forward bias. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of temperature at which current is emitted. | CO5 |
| 9 | Consider a silicon diode with η =1.2. Estimate the change in voltage if the current changes from 0.1mA to 10mA. | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of change in voltage for current variation. | CO5 |
| 10 | What will be the ratio of final current to initial current of a diode if voltage of a diode changes from 0.7V to 872.5 mV? | Understand | Learner to recall junction diode and understand calculation of ratio of final to initial current. | CO5 |
| | Take ideality factor as 1.5. | | | |
| | Take ideality factor as 1.5. | ODULE -IV | | |
| | Take ideality factor as 1.5. | | GNETIC MATERIALS | |
| | Take ideality factor as 1.5. MENGINEERED ELECTR | | | |
| 1 | Take ideality factor as 1.5. MENGINEERED ELECTR | IC AND MA | Questions) Learner to recall different dielectric materials and understand nature of polarization | CO7 |
| 1 | Take ideality factor as 1.5. MENGINEERED ELECTR Part – A (St Explain the different types of solid dielectric materials and their polarization | IC AND MAG | Questions) Learner to recall different dielectric materials and | CO7 |
| | Take ideality factor as 1.5. MENGINEERED ELECTR Part – A (State of the state of t | IC AND MAC nort Answer (Understand | Questions) Learner to recall different dielectric materials and understand nature of polarization | |
| 2 | Take ideality factor as 1.5. MENGINEERED ELECTR Part – A (St Explain the different types of solid dielectric materials and their polarization process. Write Lorentz relation for internal field or local field in a dielectric material. How ferroelectric material is different | IC AND MAC nort Answer (Understand Remember | Learner to recall different dielectric materials and understand nature of polarization occurring in it. Learner to recall ferroelectric materials, understand their retention property and apply it to | CO7 |
| 3 | ENGINEERED ELECTR Part – A (St Explain the different types of solid dielectric materials and their polarization process. Write Lorentz relation for internal field or local field in a dielectric material. How ferroelectric material is different from normal dielectric material. Write the Clausius - Mosotti equation | IC AND MAC nort Answer (Understand Remember Apply | Learner to recall different dielectric materials and understand nature of polarization occurring in it. Learner to recall ferroelectric materials, understand their retention property and apply it to | CO7 |
| 3 | ENGINEERED ELECTR Part – A (St Explain the different types of solid dielectric materials and their polarization process. Write Lorentz relation for internal field or local field in a dielectric material. How ferroelectric material is different from normal dielectric material. Write the Clausius - Mosotti equation associated with a dielectric material. Name different types of polarizations that occur in dielectric materials in the | IC AND MACONOTE Answer (Understand Remember Apply Remember | Learner to recall different dielectric materials and understand nature of polarization occurring in it. Learner to recall ferroelectric materials, understand their retention property and apply it to | CO7 CO7 |
| 2 3 4 5 | Part – A (Standard Explain the different types of solid dielectric materials and their polarization process. Write Lorentz relation for internal field or local field in a dielectric material. How ferroelectric material is different from normal dielectric material. Write the Clausius - Mosotti equation associated with a dielectric material. Name different types of polarizations that occur in dielectric materials in the presence of external electric field. When an electric field is applied, how does the phenomenon of polarization | IC AND MACONOTE Answer (Understand Remember Apply Remember Remember | Learner to recall different dielectric materials and understand nature of polarization occurring in it. Learner to recall ferroelectric materials, understand their retention property and apply it to memory storage. Learner to recall polarization process and understand separation of charges with | CO7 CO7 CO7 |

| 9 | Write the relation between electric | Remember | | CO7 |
|----|---|--------------|---|-----|
| 9 | susceptibility and dielectric constant. | Remember | | CO/ |
| 10 | Why is a capacitor known to be an energy storing device? | Understand | Learner to recall capacitor and understand development of charges on the surface of plates of capacitor. | CO7 |
| 11 | How do you account for the magnetic properties of materials? | Understand | Learner to recall magnetic moment and understand how it helps for magnetism in some materials. | CO8 |
| 12 | What is curie temperature? Is it unique for all substances? | Understand | Learner to learn curie temperature and understand transition of magnetic properties at this temperature. | CO8 |
| 13 | Mention the types of magnetic materials based on electron spins. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 14 | Sketch neatly hysteresis loop observed in ferromagnetic materials. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 15 | What is hysteresis? What does the area of hysteresis curve represent? | Remember | | CO8 |
| 16 | Define diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic materials. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 17 | Give two examples for each diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic material. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 18 | Define coercivity and retentivity of a ferromagnetic material. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 19 | Discuss in detail about Bohr magneton. Also mention its value. | Understand | Learner to recall Bohr magneton and understand how it helps to measure magnetic moment of atomic systems. | CO8 |
| 20 | Compare the relative permeability values of diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic material. | Understand | Learner to recall relative permeability and understand that ferromagnetic materials have highest relative permeability values. | CO8 |
| | Part – B (Le | ong Answer Ç | Questions) | |
| 1 | What do you understand by dielectric materials? Establish a relationship between <i>D</i> , <i>E</i> and <i>P</i> . | Understand | Learner to recall dielectric material and understand occurrence of polarization with applied electric field. | CO7 |
| 2 | Explain in detail, the terms: (a) Dielectric constant (b) Electric susceptibility (c) Displacement vector | Understand | Learner to recall different terms related to polarization and understands measurement of dielectric constant, susceptibility from polarization. | C07 |
| 3 | Derive a relation between electronic polarization and electric susceptibility of the dielectric medium. | Apply | Learner to recall polarization in dielectrics, understand measurement of susceptibility and apply it to functional materials. | CO7 |
| 4 | Explain in detail, the terms: (a) Polarizability (b) Polarization vector (c) Electric dipole (d) Electric dipole moment | Understand | Learner to recall different terms related to polarization and understands measurement of polarizability, dipole moment from polarization. | C07 |

| | T | | I | ~~- |
|------|---|---------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| 5 | Discuss about Clausius-Mosotti relation | Apply | Learner to recall polarizability | CO7 |
| | in dielectrics subjected to static fields and | | and dielectric constant, | |
| | also explain its significance. | | understand relation between them | |
| | | | and apply it to find dielectric | |
| | | | constant once given polarizability | |
| | | | value. | |
| | On application of external electric field, | Apply | Learner to recall different | CO7 |
| 6 | various polarization processes takes place | FF-J | dielectric materials, understand | |
| | in dielectric material. Explain briefly all | | nature of polarization occurring | |
| | these polarization processes. | | in it and apply it to get functional | |
| | these potarization processes. | | materials. | |
| | Obtain an arrange on for the internal field | A1 | | CO7 |
| | Obtain an expression for the internal field | Apply | Learner to recall internal field, | CO7 |
| 7 | experienced by an atom inside a dielectric | | understand different types | |
| | material subjected to an external field by | | polarization contributing to it | |
| | using Lorentz method. | | and apply it to get functional | |
| | | | materials | |
| 8 | Write notes on dielectric theory of | Apply | Learner to recall ferroelectric | CO7 |
| | ferroelectricity. What are the important | | materials, understand their | |
| | characteristics of ferroelectric materials | | retention property and apply it to | |
| | | | memory storage. | |
| 9 | Explain the phenomenon of | Apply | Learner to recall structure of | CO7 |
| | ferroelectricity with particular reference | -rr- <i>J</i> | Barium Titanate, understand its | |
| | to Barium titanate. | | retention property and apply it to | |
| | to Buriam thanate. | | memory storage. | |
| 10 | Define dielectric breakdown. What are the | Apply | Learner to recall dielectric | CO7 |
| 10 | different mechanisms involved in | Арргу | breakdown, understand causes of | COT |
| | dielectric breakdown? | | | |
| | dielectric breakdowit? | | it and apply it to get good | |
| - 11 | | ** 1 | functional materials | G00 |
| 11 | Explain the terms magnetic dipole, | Understand | Learner to recall different terms | CO8 |
| | magnetic dipole moment, magnetic field | | related to magnetism, and | |
| | intensity and magnetic induction. | | understands measurement of | |
| | | | dipole moment and magnetic | |
| | | | induction. | |
| 12 | Discuss in detail about the magnetic | Understand | Learner to recall different terms | CO8 |
| | permeability, relative permeability, | | related to magnetism and | |
| | Intensity of magnetization and magnetic | | understands measurement of | |
| | susceptibility. | | permeability and magnetic | |
| | | | susceptibility. | |
| 13 | Obtain a relation between magnetic | Understand | Learner to recall different terms | CO8 |
| | susceptibility, magnetization and | | related to magnetism and | 2 - 3 |
| | magnetic field intensity. | | understands relation between | |
| | giroto incomotoj. | | susceptibility and magnetization. | |
| 14 | Describe the origin of magnetic moment | Understand | Learner to recall spins in | CO8 |
| 17 | and find the magnetic dipole moments | Onderstand | magnetic materials and | 200 |
| | | | • | |
| | due to orbital and spin motions of an | | understand how magnetic | |
| | electron. | | moment is developed from their | |
| | | ** | spins. | |
| 15 | What is a Bohr magneton? How it is | Understand | Learner to recall Bohr magneton | CO8 |
| | related to magnetic moment of electron. | | and understand how it helps to | |
| | | | measure magnetic moment of | |
| | | | atomic systems. | |
| 16 | Distinguish between diamagnetic, | Understand | Learner to recall different | CO8 |
| | paramagnetic and ferromagnetic | | magnetic materials and | |
| | materials. Explain their behavior with the | | understand their properties in | |
| | help of examples. | | terms of magnetization. | |
| | | | | |
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| 17 | Illustrate the phenomenon of magnetization. Show that $B=\mu_o(H+M). \label{eq:beta}$ | Understand | Learner to recall magnetization and understand derivation of relation between magnetic induction and permeability. | CO8 |
|----|--|---------------|--|-----|
| 18 | Draw the B-H curve for a ferromagnetic material and identify the retentivity and the coercive field on the curve. | Understand | Learner to recall hysteresis curve and understand to get retentivity and coercivity from it. | CO8 |
| 19 | What are the sources of permanent dipole moment in magnetic materials? | Understand | Learner to recall dipole moment and understand different materials exhibiting different moment values. | CO8 |
| 20 | Discuss Curie-Weiss law of ferromagnetic materials. Explain the effect of temperature on ferromagnetic properties of a material. | Understand | Learner to recall Curie-Weiss law and understand change in magnetic behavior at curie temperation. | CO8 |
| | Part - C (A | Analytical Qu | estions) | |
| 1 | Find the electric susceptibility of a dielectric gas having dielectric constant of 1.000041. | Apply | Learner to recall susceptibility and dielectric constant, understand relation between them and applies it to find susceptibility once given dielectric constant value. | CO7 |
| 2 | A parallel capacitor has an area of 100cm ² , a plate separation of 1 cm and is charged to a potential of 100 Volts. Calculate the capacitance of the capacitor and the change on the plates. | Apply | Learner to recall capacitor, understand capacitance in terms of area, plate separation and potential and apply it to find capacitance from the given data. | CO7 |
| 3 | The dielectric constant of He gas is 1.0000684. Find the electronic polarizability of He atoms if the gas contains 2.7 x 10 ²⁵ atoms per m ³ . | Apply | Learner to recall polarizability and dielectric constant, understand relation between them and applies it to find polarizability once given dielectric constant value. | CO7 |
| 4 | A solid dielectric with density 3 x 10 ²⁸ atoms / m³ shows an electronic polarizability of 10 ⁻⁴⁰ farad -m ⁻² . Assuming the internal electric field to be a Lorentz field, calculate the dielectric constant of the material. | Apply | Learner to recall susceptibility and dielectric constant, understand relation between them and applies it to find dielectric constant once given polarizability value. | CO7 |
| 5 | A parallel capacitor of area 650 mm ² and a plate separation of 4 mm has a charge of 2x10 ⁻¹⁰ C on it. When a material of dielectric constant 3.5 is introduced between the plates, what is the resultant voltage across the capacitors? | Apply | Learner to recall capacitor, understand capacitance in terms of area, plate separation and potential and apply it to find potential from the given data. | CO7 |
| 6 | Calculate magnetization and magnetic flux density if magnetic field intensity 250amp/m and relative permeability is 15. | Apply | Learner to recall terms related to magnetism, understands relation between them and apply it to find magnetization and flux density from the data given. | CO8 |
| 7 | Find relative permeability, if H=220amp/m and M=3300 amp/m. | Apply | Learner to recall terms related to magnetism, understands relation between them and apply it to find relative permeability from the data given. | CO8 |

| 8 | The magnetic susceptibility of aluminium is 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁵ . Find its permeability and relative permeability. | Apply | Learner to recall terms related to magnetism, understands relation between them and apply it to find permeability from the data given. | CO8 |
|----|---|--------------|--|-----|
| 9 | If a magnetic field of strength 300 amp/meter produces a magnetization of 4200 A/m in a ferromagnetic material, find the relative permeability of the material. | Apply | Learner to recall terms related to magnetism, understands relation between them and apply it to find relative permeability from the data given. | CO8 |
| 10 | A paramagnetic material has a magnetic field intensity of 10 ⁴ A/m. If the susceptibility of the material at room temperature is 3.7 x 10 ⁻³ , calculate the magnetization and magnetic flux density in the material. | Apply | Learner to recall terms related to magnetism, understands relation between them and apply it to find magnetization and flux density from the data given. | CO8 |
| | N | MODULE-V | | |
| | LASERS A | AND FIBER (| OPTICS | |
| | Part – A (Sh | ort Answer (| Questions) | |
| 1 | Mention the three distinct processes by which a transition can take place. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 2 | What do you mean by coherence? Name two types of coherence. | Understand | Learner to recall coherence and understand spatial and temporal coherence. | CO8 |
| 3 | State the properties of laser beam that makes it different from normal light. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 4 | List out the different types of lasers? | Remember | | CO8 |
| 5 | What is the advantage of using laser as light sources in CD player? | Understand | Learner to recall principle of laser and understand its use in CD player | CO8 |
| 6 | What are the three important requisites for laser action to take place? | Remember | | CO8 |
| 7 | What does the term laser stand for? Illustrate about the principle of laser. | Understand | Learner to recall abbreviation of laser and understand its principle. | CO8 |
| 8 | Recall the role of metastable state in achieving the population inversion. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 9 | Define the terms lifetime and population of an energy state. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 10 | List any two applications of lasers in engineering. | Remember | | CO8 |
| 11 | Explain the basic principle used in optical fiber for transmission of light. | Understand | Learner to recall optical fiber and understand its principle. | CO9 |
| 12 | Define Acceptance angle, Acceptance cone and Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber. | Remember | | CO9 |
| 13 | List any two applications of optical fibers in day to day life. | Remember | | CO9 |
| 14 | Mention any three advantages of optical fiber communication system. | Remember | | CO9 |
| 15 | How is attenuation loss in optical fiber measured? Mention its units. | Understand | Learner to recall propagation of signal through fiber and understand loss during propagation. | CO9 |

| angle and Numerical aperture of an optical fiber. 17 Illustrate a neat sketch of refractive index profile of sleep index optical fiber. 18 Mention the principle behind propagation of light signal through an optical fiber? 19 State the expressions for Snell's law and critical angle associated with an optical fiber. 20 Enlist different types of attenuation in optical fibers that occur during propagation of light signals. 21 Illustrate the characteristics of lasers, and highlight the phenomenon of lasing action required for the production of laser light. 22 Explore the phenomena's of absorption and pumping mechanism related to excitation of atoms from lower to higher energy states? 3 Demonstrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat suitable diagram. 4 Narrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat diagram. 5 Enlist the importance of lasers in various fields like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. 6 Discuss in detail the phenomenon's of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. 7 What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. 8 Illustrate the purpose of an active medium and optical resonator in a laser system. 9 How light amplification is achieved in a laser system. 10 Explain the pumping process involved in laser emission. Also discuss in detail different pumping mechanisms. 11 Describe an optical fiber? Explore its construction and principle. 12 Derive an expression for angle of Understand 13 Learner to recall transition between energy states and understand role optical resonator in a laser system. 14 Understand Learner to recall excitation process and understand orloe of them in laser emission. 15 Cost and understand its construction and understand its construction and understand orloe optical resonator to light amplification is achieve population inversion | angle and Numerical aperture of an optical fiber. 17 Illustrate a neat sketch of refractive index profile of step index optical fiber. 18 Mention the principle behind propagation of light signal through an optical fiber? 19 State the expressions for Snell's law and critical angle associated with an optical fiber. 20 Enlist different types of attenuation in optical fibers that occur during propagation of light signals. 21 Illustrate the characteristics of lasers, and highlight the phenomenon of lasing action required for the production of laser light. 22 Explore the phenomena's of absorption and pumping mechanism related to excitation of atoms from lower to higher energy states? 3 Demonstrate the construction and working of a fleat and disparam. 4 Narrate the construction and working of He-Ne gascous laser in detail, with the help of a neat stillable diagram. 4 Narrate the construction and working. 5 Enlist the importance of lasers in various fields like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. 6 Discuss in detail the phenomenon's of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. 7 What do you mean by population inversion is essential for laser action. 8 Illustrate the purpose of an active medium and optical resonator in a laser system. 9 How light amplification is achieved in a laser system. 10 Explain the pumping process involved in laser emission. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. 11 Describe an optical fiber? Explore is construction and principle. | | <u></u> | | , | |
|--|--|----|--|---------------|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Illustrate a neat sketch of refractive index profile of step index optical fiber. CO9 | Illustrate a near sketch of refractive index profile of step index optical fiber. Cop | 16 | | Remember | | CO9 |
| profile of step index optical fiber. Mention the principle behind propagation of light signal through an optical fiber? State the expressions for Snell's law and critical angle associated with an optical fiber. Enlist different types of attenuation in optical fibers that occur during propagation of light signals. Part - B (Long Answer Questions) I Illustrate the characteristics of lasers, and highlight the phenomenon of lasing action required for the production of laser light. Explore the phenomena's of absorption and pumping mechanism related to excitation of atoms from lower to higher energy states? Demonstrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat suitable diagram. Narrate the construction and working of laser late the construction and working of a neat diagram. Narrate the construction and working of least like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. Enlists the importance of lasers in various fields like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. What do you mean by population and optical resonator in a laser system. What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. How light amplification is achieved in a laser system. Martage different pumping and process involved in laser emission. Learner to recall stimulated emission. Learner to recall stimu | profile of step index optical fiber. Mention the principle behind propagation of light signal through an optical fiber? State the expressions for Snell's law and critical angle associated with an optical fiber. Enlist different types of attenuation in optical fibers that occur during propagation of light signals. Part - B (Long Answer Questions) I Illustrate the characteristics of lasers, and highlight the phenomenon of lasing action required for the production of laser light. Explore the phenomena's of absorption and pumping mechanism related to excitation of atoms from lower to higher energy states? Demonstrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat diagram. Narrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat diagram. Narrate the construction and working of leds like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. Discuss in detail the phenomenon's of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. B Illustrate the purpose of an active medium and optical resonator in a laser system. What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. B Illustrate the purpose of an active medium and optical resonator in a laser system. Understand Learner to recall transition between energy states and understand its construction and understand its only interest and understand its of laser system and understand role of them in laser emission. CO8 Explain the pumping process involved in laser emission. Also discuss in detail different pumping mechanisms. Understand Learner to recall stimulated emi | | optical fiber. | | | |
| 1 | Mention the principle behind propagation of light signal through an optical fiber? | 17 | | Remember | | CO9 |
| State the expressions for Snell's law and critical angle associated with an optical fiber. Remember CO9 | State the expressions for Shell's law and critical angle associated with an optical fiber. Remember CO9 | 18 | Mention the principle behind propagation | Remember | | CO9 |
| critical angle associated with an optical fiber. 20 Enlist different types of attenuation in optical fibers that occur during propagation of light signals. Part - B (Long Answer Questions) 1 Illustrate the characteristics of lasers, and highlight the phenomenon of lasing action required for the production of laser light. 2 Explore the phenomena's of absorption and pumping mechanism related to excitation of atoms from lower to higher energy states? 3 Demonstrate the construction and working of a Ruby laser in detail, with the help of a neat suitable diagram. 4 Narrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat diagram. 5 Enlist the importance of lasers in various fields like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. 6 Discuss in detail the phenomenon's of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. 7 What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. 8 Illustrate the purpose of an active medium and optical resonator in a laser system. 9 How light amplification is achieved in a laser system. 10 Explain the pumping process involved in laser emission. Also discuss in detail different pumping mechanisms. 11 Describe an optical fiber? Explore its construction and principle with a neat diagram. 12 Derivation of the phenomenon of a state and understand different ways of excitation to achieve population inversion inversion in detail. Understand construction and principle with a neat diagram. 12 Derivation are process involved in laser emission and understand different ways of excitation to achieve population inversion and principle with a neat diagram. 11 Describe an optical fiber? Explore its construction and principle with a neat diagram. 12 Derivation and principle with a neat diagram. 13 Derivation of attention of attention in a laser emission. | critical angle associated with an optical fiber. 20 Enlist different types of attenuation in optical fibers that occur during propagation of light signals. Part - B (Long Answer Questions) 1 Illustrate the characteristics of lasers, and highlight the phenomenon of lasing action required for the production of laser light. 2 Explore the phenomena's of absorption and pumping mechanism related to excitation of atoms from lower to higher energy states? 3 Demonstrate the construction and working of a Ruby laser in detail, with the help of a neat suitable diagram. 4 Narrate the construction and working of He-Ne gaseous laser in detail, with the help of a neat diagram. 5 Enlist the importance of lasers in various fields like industry, medicine, science, etc., by giving their applications. 6 Discuss in detail the phenomenon's of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. 7 What do you mean by population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion? Explain it using three energy level diagram it using three energy level diagram. Also discuss why population inversion is essential for laser action. 8 Illustrate the purpose of an active medium and optical resonator in a laser system. 9 How light amplification is achieved in a laser system. 10 Explain the pumping process involved in laser emission. Also discuss in detail different pumping mechanisms. 11 Describe an optical fiber? Explore its construction and principle with a neat diagram. 12 Derivation of the phenomenon of a structure of the process and understand different ways of excitation to achieve population inversion and principle with a neat diagram. 12 Derivation of a structure of explainment of the pumping process involved in lacer emission. Also discuss in detail diagram. 13 Describe an optical fiber? Explore its construction and principle with a neat diagram. 14 Describe an optical fiber? | 19 | | Remember | | CO9 |
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| | | 10 | | TT 3 · 4 | | CO0 |
| Langle and understand to get | acceptance of an optical fiber in terms of | 12 | | Understand | | CO9 |
| | | | | | | |
| refractive indices of core and cladding. expression for it. | retractive indices of core and cladding. expression for it. | | retractive indices of core and cladding. | | expression for it. | |

| 13 | What is a Numerical aperture? Determine an expression for numerical aperture of an optical fiber. | Understand | Learner to recall Numerical Aperture and understand to get expression for it. | CO9 |
|----|---|---------------|--|-----|
| 14 | Compare different types of optical fibers based on number of modes propagation through core medium of an optical fiber. | Understand | Learner to recall single and multimode fibers and understand that single mode is best suitable for communication. | CO9 |
| 15 | Draw the block diagram of fiber optic communication system and explain the functions of each block in the system. | Understand | Learner to recall different parts of optical fiber communication system and understand role of each. | CO9 |
| 16 | Describe the step index fiber with a neat diagram and explain the transmission of a signal through it. | Understand | Learner to recall step index fiber and understand how its refractive index profile affects signal transmission. | CO9 |
| 17 | Illustrate the advantages of optical fibers in communication system over ordinary cable communication. | Understand | Learner to recall advantages of optical fibers and understand its importance. | CO9 |
| 18 | Discuss in detail graded index optical fiber with a neat figure and explain the transmission of signal through it. | Understand | Learner to recall Graded index fiber and understand how its refractive index profile reduces dispersion. | CO9 |
| 19 | What do you mean by attenuation in optical fibers? Write a brief note on different losses in optical fibers. | Understand | Learner to recall transmission loss in optical fibers and understand different reasons for losses. | CO9 |
| 20 | Write a note on the applications of optical fibers in different fields. | Understand | Learner to recall advantages of optical fibers and understand its application in different fields. | CO9 |
| | Part - C (A | Analytical Qu | estions) | |
| 1 | Find the relative population of the two states in a ruby laser that produces a light beam of wavelength 6943 A° at 300 K. | Understand | Learner to recall expression for population and understand to calculate relative population. | CO8 |
| 2 | For a He-Ne laser at 1 m and 2 m distances from the laser the output beam spot diameters are 4 mm and 6 mm respectively. Calculate the divergence. | Understand | Learner to recall divergence and understand to find its value from the data given. | CO8 |
| 3 | A He-Ne laser emits light at a wavelength of 632.8 nm and has an output power of 2.3 mW. How many photons are emitted in each minute by this laser when operating? | Understand | Learner to recall energy bandgap and understand to find photons emitted from energy gap and energy of photon. | CO8 |
| 4 | Solve the value of the wavelength of emitted radiation from a semiconductor diode laser, which has a band gap of 1.44eV. | Understand | Learner to recall energy bandgap and understand to find wavelength of laser from it. | CO8 |
| 5 | A semiconductor diode laser has a wavelength of 1.55 µm. Estimate its band gap in eV. | Understand | Learner to recall energy bandgap and understand to find its value once given wavelength of laser. | CO8 |
| 6 | A step index fiber has a numerical aperture of 0.16 and core refractive index of 1.45. Estimate the acceptance angle of the fiber and refractive index of the cladding. | Understand | Learner to recall acceptance angle and understand to find its value from the data given. | CO9 |

| 7 | The refractive indices of core and | Understand | Learner to recall acceptance | CO9 |
|----|---|------------|-----------------------------------|-----|
| | cladding materials of a step index fiber | | angle and numerical aperture and | |
| | are 1.48 and 1.45 respectively. Simulate i) | | understand to find their values | |
| | Numerical aperture ii) Acceptance angle. | | from the data given. | |
| 8 | An optical fiber has a numerical aperture | Understand | Learner to recall acceptance | CO9 |
| | of 0.02 and a cladding refractive index of | | angle and understand to find its | |
| | 1.59. Solve the value of acceptance angle | | value from the data given. | |
| | for the fiber in water which has a | | | |
| | refractive index of 1.33. | | | |
| 9 | Calculate the fractional index change for a | Understand | Learner to recall relative | CO9 |
| | given optical fiber if the refractive indices | | refractive change and understand | |
| | of the core and the cladding are 1.563 and | | to find its value from the data | |
| | 1.498 respectively. | | given. | |
| 10 | When the mean optical power launched | Understand | Learner to recall logarithmic | CO9 |
| | into an 8 Km length of fiber is 120 μW. | | formula for attenuation and | |
| | The mean optical power at the fiber | | understand to find its value from | |
| | output is 3 µW. Find the overall signal | | the data given | |
| | attenuation and signal attenuation per Km. | | | |

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