Ex. No.: 4 Date: 12.3.24

SIGNAL CATCHING

Aim:

To write a C program to catch signals used in Linux.

Algorithm:

- 1. The program is initialized for catching interrupt signal(SIGINT).
- 2. If Cntrl+C is pressed within 3 seconds then my handler is called
- 3. my handler routine displays the signal that was caught.
- 4. If no interrupt received then PART-II is executed.
- 5. In PART-II, Cntrl+C is ignored till 3 seconds then it goes to PART-III.
- 6. In PART-III, the default action takes place.

```
Program Code:
```

// signals.c #include <signal.h> #include <stdio.h> void my_handler (int sig); /* function prototype */ int main()

struct sigaction my action;

/* Part I: Catch SIGINT */
my_action.sa_handler = my_handler;
my_action.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
sigaction (SIGINT, &my_action, NULL);
printf ("Catching SIGINT\n");
sleep (3);
printf (" No SIGINT within 3 seconds\n");

/* Part II: Ignore SIGINT */
my_action.sa_handler = SIG_IGN;
my_action.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
sigaetion (SIGINT, &my_action, NULL);
printf ("Ignoring SIGINT\n");
sleep (3);
printf (" Sleep is over\n");

/* Part III: Default action for SIGINT */
my action.sa handler = SIG DFL;

```
my_action.sa_flags = SA_RESTART;
sigaction (SIGINT, &my_action, NULL);
sleep (3);
printf ("No SIGINT within 3 seconds'n");
}

void my_handler (int sig)
{
printf (" 'n I got SIGINT, number %d\n", sig);
exit(0);
}
```

Output:

Catching SIGINT

NO SIGINT within 3 seconds Ignoring

SIGINT

Sleep is over

No SIGINT within 3 seconds

Rende: The close commonds are executed successfully

33