SAS'9 Graph Template Modification Tip Sheet

GTL Overview

For every graph and style, SAS provides an ODS template, which is a SAS program that gives instructions for creating the graph or style. You do not need to know *anything* about templates to create statistical graphics. With just a little knowledge of the template languages, you can modify graph and style templates and make permanent changes that apply every time you run a procedure.

Determining Template Names

Submit the following:

ods graphics on; ods trace on; proc kde data=sashelp.class; bivar height weight / plots=scatter; run;

Trace output in the SAS log:

Name: ScatterPlot Label: Scatter Plot

Template: Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot

Path: KDE.Bivar1.Height Weight.ScatterPlot

Displaying Template Source Code

Submit a PROC TEMPLATE statement with a SOURCE statement and a template name to display a template as follows:

proc template; source Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot; run;

Modifying a Template

Add a PROC TEMPLATE statement, modify the existing template, and submit it to SAS. From then on, your modified template is used instead of the default template. You can control and change the graph and style templates.

Libraries for Storing Templates

The ODS PATH statement specifies where compiled templates are stored:

- SASUSER (default) library, where they are permanently available until you delete them
- WORK library, where they are deleted at the end of your SAS session
- Permanent library that you name and create for you or others to use

ods path show;

The current ODS PATH list is:

- 1. SASUSER.TEMPLAT(UPDATE)
- 2. SASHELP.TMPLMST(READ)

By default, templates that you submit to SAS are stored in SASUSER. The templates that SAS provides are stored in SASHELP. When retrieving templates, SAS first looks in SASUSER.TEMPLAT and then in SASHELP.TMPLMST.

ods path (prepend) work.templat(update); ods path show;

Current ODS PATH list is:

- 1. WORK.TEMPLAT(UPDATE)
- 2. SASUSER.TEMPLAT(UPDATE)
- 3. SASHELP.TMPLMST(READ)

Cleaning Up Modified Templates

Delete modified templates from SASUSER to restore the default templates as follows:

ods path sashelp.tmplmst(read);

proc datasets library=sasuser nolist;
 delete templat(memtype=itemstor);
run;

ods path reset;

For more information, see the following:

Basic ODS Graphics Examples http://support.sas.com/documentation/prodp/grstat/9.4/en/PDF/odsbasicq.pdf

Advanced ODS Graphics Examples
http://support.sas.com/documentation/prod-p/grstat/9.4/en/PDF/odsadvg.pdf

For complete information, see the SAS 9.4 documentation at http://support.sas.com/documentation/.



Graph Template Modification Tip Sheet

This tip sheet collects frequently used information in one place so you don't have to search through the online documentation. It also gives you examples to take home and try.

ODS Graphics is an extension of ODS (the Output Delivery System). The Graph Template Language (GTL) specifies the layout and details of each graph produced by ODS. This powerful language includes statements for specifying plot layouts (such as lattices or overlays), plot types (such as scatter plots and histograms), and text elements (such as titles, footnotes, and insets). It also provides support for built-in computations (such as histogram binning) and the evaluation of expressions. Visual attributes of graphs are determined by the active ODS style. However, options are available for specifying colors, markers, and other plot features. You can modify the templates that SAS® provides to make permanent graph changes.

This tip sheet provides examples of modifying graph templates to permanently change how graphs are produced when you run analytical procedures in SAS 9.4.

SAS Graph Template Modification Tip Sheet

The Displayed Template

Here is an abridged version of the PROC TEMPLATE source for Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot:

```
define statgraph Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot;
dynamic _VAR1NAME _VAR1LABEL
   __VAR2NAME _VAR2LABEL;
BeginGraph;
EntryTitle "Distribution of " _VAR1NAME
   " by " _VAR2NAME;
layout Overlay /
        xaxisopts=(offsetmin=0.05 offsetmax=0.05)
        yaxisopts=(offsetmin=0.05 offsetmax=0.05);
        ScatterPlot x=X y=Y /
        markerattrs=GRAPHDATADEFAULT;
EndLayout;
EndGraph;
end;
```

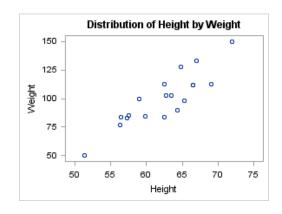
Template Modification

Make simple template modifications as follows:

```
proc template; *add a proc template statement;
define staturaph Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot:
 dynamic VAR1NAME VAR1LABEL
            VAR2NAME VAR2LABEL;
 BeginGraph:
    *change entrytitle statement to change the title;
    EntryTitle "Distribution of " VAR1NAME
     "by " VAR2NAME:
    * add entryfootnote statement to add a footnote;
    layout Overlay /
     * add axis labels or other options by adding
     options in xaxisopts= or vaxisopts=:
     xaxisopts=(offsetmin=0.05 offsetmax=0.05)
     yaxisopts=(offsetmin=0.05 offsetmax=0.05);
     ScatterPlot x=X y=Y /
       markerattrs=GRAPHDATADEFAULT:
    EndLayout;
 EndGraph;
end;
run;
```

Modify Tick Marks

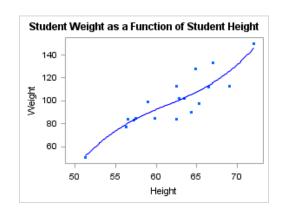
```
You can use a macro to change the tick marks:
%let offsets = offsetmin=0.05 offsetmax=0.05;
%macro ticks(mn, mx, i);
tickvaluesequence=(start=&mn end=&mx
  increment=&i) viewmin=&mn viewmax=&mx
%mend;
proc template:
define statgraph Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot:
  dynamic _VAR1NAME _VAR2NAME;
  BeginGraph;
    EntryTitle "Distribution of "_VAR1NAME
                 "by " VAR2NAME;
    lavout Overlav /
      xaxisopts=(&offsets
                 linearopts=(%ticks(50,75,5)))
      vaxisopts=(&offsets
                linearopts=(%ticks(50,150,25)));
      ScatterPlot x=X y=Y;
    EndLavout:
  EndGraph;
end;
run;
ods graphics on / width=3in;
proc kde data=sashelp.class:
  bivar height weight / plots=scatter;
run;
```



Modify Text, Labels, Markers

This example changes the title, axis labels, and markers. It also adds a nonlinear fit function.

```
%let offsets = offsetmin=0.05 offsetmax=0.05;
proc template;
define statgraph Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot;
 dynamic VAR1NAME VAR1LABEL
            VAR2NAME VAR2LABEL:
  BeginGraph;
   EntryTitle _VAR2Label " as a Function of "
      _VAR1Label;
    layout Overlay /
      xaxisopts=(&offsets label= VAR1NAME)
     yaxisopts=(&offsets label=_VAR2NAME);
     scatterplot x=x y=y / markerattrs=(size=5px
       color=cx0066FF symbol=circlefilled );
     pbsplineplot x=X y=Y /
        lineattrs=(thickness=1px color=blue);
   EndLayout;
  EndGraph;
end;
run;
ods graphics on / width=3in;
proc kde data=sashelp.class;
 label height = 'Student Height'
      weight = 'Student Weight';
  bivar height weight / plots=scatter;
run;
```



Modify Axes, Expression Evaluation

This example removes titles and axes. Footnotes, reference lines at the means, and a cubic fit function are added.

```
proc template;
define statgraph Stat.KDE.Graphics.ScatterPlot;
 dynamic VAR1NAME VAR1LABEL
             VAR2NAME VAR2LABEL:
 BeginGraph;
   EntryFootNote "Distribution of "
      _VAR1NAME " by " _VAR2NAME;
    EntryFootNote "With a Cubic Fit Function";
    layout Overlay / walldisplay=none
     xaxisopts=(display=(label))
     yaxisopts=(display=(label));
     referenceline y=eval(mean(y));
     referenceline x=eval(mean(x));
     ScatterPlot x=X y=Y /
       markerattrs=GRAPHDATADEFAULT:
     regressionplot x=x y=y / degree=3;
    EndLavout:
 EndGraph;
end:
run;
ods graphics on / width=3in;
proc kde data=sashelp.class;
  bivar height weight / plots=scatter;
run;
```

