

CS 200

SOFTWARE TOOLS & TECHNOLOGIES LAB II

Session 5

GIT Advanced

Instructor
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```
git init
echo 'Alice' >> alice.md
git add alice.md; git commit -m 'C1-Alice-1-file' alice.md

echo 'Bob' >> bob.md
git add bob.md; git commit -m 'C2-Bob-2-files' bob.md

echo 'Eve' >> eve.md
echo 'Alice Updated' >> alice.md
git add eve.md alice.md
git commit -m 'C3-Eve-Alice-3-files' eve.md alice.md

echo 'Dan' >> dan.md
git add dan.md; git commit -m 'C4-Dan-4-files' dan.md

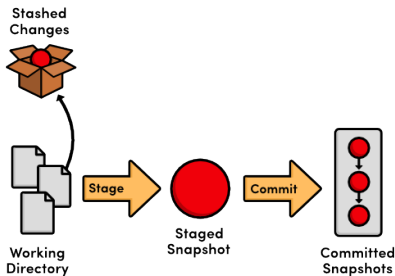
rm *.md
git add .
git commit -m "all deleted-0-files"

git cherry-pick <C4-Commit-Hash>
git cherry-pick <C3-Commit-Hash>
```

Point-to-Ponder

- ▶ When we `git cherry-pick` a commit, will we get all of the files associated with that commit
- ▶ Or will we get just one file back?
- ▶ Or will the attempt to `git cherry-pick` a commit fail since all of the files associated with the commit have been deleted from our workspace?

When you `git cherry-pick` a commit, **only the change associated** with that commit is re-applied to the working tree.



What is the motivation?

Note

- ▶ The stash is local to your Git repository
- ▶ Stashes are not transferred to the server when you push.

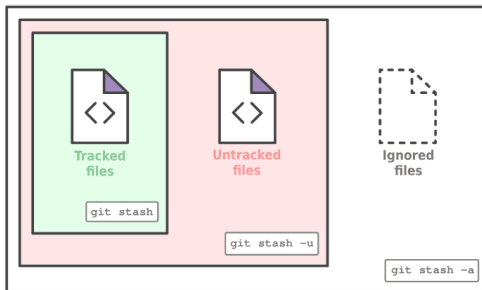
The Scenario

- ▶ I have both committed and uncommitted changes in my current branch.
 - ▶ I want to switch to a different branch.
 - ▶ I don't want to commit the changes before switching
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- ▶ Recreate this scenario and see the result of `git status` in each branch

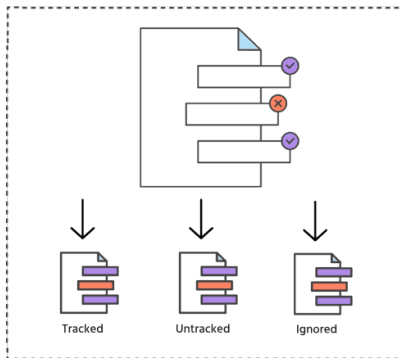
Real World example

Switching between development and production branches with uncommitted changes in development.

- ▶ Stashing your work
`git stash`
- ▶ Stash with a message
`git stash save "Descriptive Message of changes"`
- ▶ Stashing untracked or ignored files
`git stash -u`



- ▶ You can also choose to stash just a single file, a collection of files, or individual changes from within files.
- ▶ This is interactive.



- ▶ Viewing stash diffs
- ▶ Listing stashed changes
- ▶ Re-applying your stashed changes
- ▶ Creating a branch from a stash
- ▶ Cleaning up your stash

- ▶ Let us do an experiment
- ▶ Make two commits in your current branch
- ▶ Discard the latest commit with `git reset --hard`
- ▶ Is the latest commit deleted?