Unit 1

Classes & Objects: Classes, objects and methods: defining a class, Access Control, Method overloading, constructors, constructor overloading, use of this and static.

Question 1: Implement a Banking System

Problem Statement

Design a BankAccount class that supports:

- 1. Creating a bank account with an account number and initial balance.
- 2. **Depositing money** into the account.
- 3. Withdrawing money (but ensure sufficient balance).
- 4. Checking the account balance.

Expected Features

- Constructor to initialize account number and balance.
- **Methods**: deposit(), withdraw(), getBalance().
- Balance validation: Withdrawal should not exceed available funds.

```
class BankAccount {
  private String accountNumber;
  private double balance;
 // Constructor
  public BankAccount(String accountNumber, double initialBalance) {
    this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
    this.balance = initialBalance;
  }
  // Deposit method
  public void deposit(double amount) {
    if (amount > 0) {
      balance += amount;
      System.out.println("Deposited: $" + amount);
      System.out.println("Deposit amount must be positive.");
    }
  }
  // Withdraw method
  public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (amount > 0 && amount <= balance) {
      balance -= amount;
      System.out.println("Withdrawn: $" + amount);
    } else {
      System.out.println("Insufficient balance or invalid amount.");
    }
  }
  // Get balance method
  public void getBalance() {
```

```
System.out.println("Current Balance: $" + balance);
}

public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    BankAccount myAccount = new BankAccount("123456", 500);
    myAccount.getBalance();
    myAccount.deposit(200);
    myAccount.withdraw(100);
    myAccount.getBalance();
}
```

Question 2: Implement a Library Management System Problem Statement

Create a Book class that contains:

- 1. Book title, author, and availability status.
- 2. Methods:
 - o borrowBook() → Mark as borrowed (if available).
 - o returnBook() → Mark as available.
 - o displayDetails() → Show book details.

Expected Features

- **Constructor** to initialize title, author, and set availability to true.
- Methods: borrowBook(), returnBook(), displayDetails().
- Check Availability before borrowing.

```
class Book {
  private String title;
  private String author;
  private boolean is Available;
  // Constructor
  public Book(String title, String author) {
    this.title = title;
    this.author = author;
    this.isAvailable = true;
  }
  // Borrow book method
  public void borrowBook() {
    if (isAvailable) {
       isAvailable = false;
       System.out.println(title + " has been borrowed.");
    } else {
       System.out.println(title + " is already borrowed.");
```

```
}
  }
  // Return book method
  public void returnBook() {
    if (!isAvailable) {
      isAvailable = true;
      System.out.println(title + " has been returned.");
    } else {
      System.out.println(title + " is already in the library.");
    }
  }
  // Display book details
  public void displayDetails() {
    System.out.println("Title: " + title + ", Author: " + author + ", Available: " + isAvailable);
  }
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Book book1 = new Book("1984", "George Orwell");
    book1.displayDetails();
    book1.borrowBook();
    book1.displayDetails();
    book1.returnBook();
    book1.displayDetails();
 }
}
Question 3
Student Management System Implementation
Features Covered
Constructor initializes student details
Methods: calculateTotalMarks(), calculateAverageMarks(), displayStudentDetails()
Marks validation (between 0-100)
class Student {
  private String name;
  private int rollNumber;
  private int marks1, marks2, marks3;
  // Constructor
  public Student(String name, int rollNumber, int marks1, int marks2, int marks3) {
    this.name = name;
    this.rollNumber = rollNumber;
    if (isValidMarks(marks1) && isValidMarks(marks2) && isValidMarks(marks3)) {
```

```
this.marks1 = marks1;
      this.marks2 = marks2;
      this.marks3 = marks3;
    } else {
      System.out.println("Invalid marks! Marks should be between 0 and 100.");
    }
  }
  // Method to validate marks
  private boolean isValidMarks(int marks) {
    return marks >= 0 && marks <= 100;
  // Calculate total marks
  public int calculateTotalMarks() {
    return marks1 + marks2 + marks3;
  }
  // Calculate average marks
  public double calculateAverageMarks() {
    return calculateTotalMarks() / 3.0;
  }
  // Display student details
  public void displayStudentDetails() {
    System.out.println("Name: " + name);
    System.out.println("Roll Number: " + rollNumber);
    System.out.println("Marks: " + marks1 + ", " + marks2 + ", " + marks3);
    System.out.println("Total Marks: " + calculateTotalMarks());
    System.out.println("Average Marks: " + calculateAverageMarks());
  }
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Student student1 = new Student("Alice", 101, 85, 90, 78);
    student1.displayStudentDetails();
 }
}
```

Mcq

```
Question 1
Static block instance block and constructor
class Test {
  static {
    System.out.println("Static Block");
  }
  {
    System.out.println("Instance Block");
  Test() {
    System.out.println("Constructor");
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Test t1 = new Test();
    Test t2 = new Test();
 }
}
Question 2
class Test {
  {
    System.out.println("Instance Block");
  }
  Test() {
    System.out.println("Constructor");
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Test();
  }
Question 3 Example of this
class Test {
  Test() {
    this(10);
    System.out.println("Default Constructor");
  }
  Test(int x) {
    System.out.println("Parameterized Constructor: " + x);
  }
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Test obj = new Test();
  }
}
Example 4
class Test {
  static {
    System.out.println("Static Block");
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Main Method");
  }
}
Example 5
class Test {
  static {
    System.out.println("Static Block 1");
  }
    System.out.println("Instance Block 1");
  Test() {
    System.out.println("Constructor");
  }
  static {
    System.out.println("Static Block 2");
  {
    System.out.println("Instance Block 2");
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Test obj1 = new Test();
    Test obj2 = new Test();
  }
}
```

```
Example 7
class Test {
  int x = 10;
  static {
    System.out.println(x);
    System.out.println("Static Block");
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Test obj = new Test();
  }
}
Example 8
class Test {
  int x = 10;
  static {
    //System.out.println(x);
    System.out.println("Static Block");
  }
  {
  System.out.println(x);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Test obj1 = new Test();
    Test obj2 = new Test();
  }
}
Example 9
class Test {
  private int num = 10;
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Test obj = new Test();
    System.out.println(obj.num);
  }
Ans: compilation error
```