

MergeSort in C++

// C++ Implementation of Merge Sort

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right) {

int n1 = mid - left + 1;

int n2 = right - mid;

// Create temp arrays

int L[n1], R[n2];

// Copy data to temp arrays

for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)

L[i] = arr[left + i];

for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)

R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];

// Merge temp arrays back into arr[left..right]

int i = 0; // Initial index of first subarray

int j = 0; // Initial index of second subarray

int k = left; // Initial index of merged subarray

while (i < n1 && j < n2) {

if (L[i] <= R[j]) {

arr[k] = L[i];

i++;

} else {

arr[k] = R[j];

j++;

}

k++;

}

// Copy remaining elements of L[] if any

while (i < n1) {

arr[k] = L[i];

i++;

k++;

}

// Copy remaining elements of R[] if any

while (j < n2) {

arr[k] = R[j];

j++;

k++;

}

}

void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right) {

```

    if (left < right) {
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;

        // Sort first and second halves
        mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);

        merge(arr, left, mid, right);
    }
}

```

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int main() {
    int n;
    cin >> n;

    int arr[n];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> arr[i];
    }

    mergeSort(arr, 0, n-1);

    cout << "\nSorted array: ";
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << arr[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

Merge Sort in Java

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// Java Implementation of Merge Sort
import java.util.Scanner;

```

```

class Main {
    public static void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right) {
        int n1 = mid - left + 1;
        int n2 = right - mid;

        // Create temp arrays
        int L[] = new int[n1];
        int R[] = new int[n2];

        // Copy data to temp arrays
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)

```

```

        L[i] = arr[left + i];
    for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
        R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];

    // Merge temp arrays
    int i = 0, j = 0; // Initial indexes of first and second subarrays
    int k = left;    // Initial index of merged subarray

    while (i < n1 && j < n2) {
        if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
            arr[k] = L[i];
            i++;
        } else {
            arr[k] = R[j];
            j++;
        }
        k++;
    }

    // Copy remaining elements of L[] if any
    while (i < n1) {
        arr[k] = L[i];
        i++;
        k++;
    }

    // Copy remaining elements of R[] if any
    while (j < n2) {
        arr[k] = R[j];
        j++;
        k++;
    }
}

public static void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right) {
    if (left < right) {
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;

        // Sort first and second halves
        mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);

        merge(arr, left, mid, right);
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

```

```
int n = scanner.nextInt();

int[] arr = new int[n];
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
}

mergeSort(arr, 0, n-1);

System.out.print("\nSorted array: ");
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
}
System.out.println();

scanner.close();
}
}
```