



# JJ Tech

## Working with MYSQL RDS

### Use case: Create and Access and perform some CRUD in MYSQL RDS

Prerequisites:

1. VPC: [use VPC-and\\_more](#)
  2. Bastion Host ([check previous runbooks for bastion setting.](#) )
  3. DB Subnet Group
  4. Security Groups for DB and Instance communication (will be auto generated using RDS)
- Navigate to RDS Console
  - Create a DB subnet group for RDS

### Create DB subnet group

To create a new subnet group, give it a name and a description, and choose an existing VPC. You will then be able to add subnets related to that VPC.

**Subnet group details**

**Name**  
You won't be able to modify the name after your subnet group has been created.  
  
Must contain from 1 to 255 characters. Alphanumeric characters, spaces, hyphens, underscores, and periods are allowed.

**Description**

**VPC**  
Choose a VPC identifier that corresponds to the subnets you want to use for your DB subnet group. You won't be able to choose a different VPC identifier after your subnet group has been created.





- While creating subnet group you have to choose a VPC and at least two private subnets in different Availability zones

### Add subnets

#### Availability Zones

Choose the Availability Zones that include the subnets you want to add.

Choose an availability zone ▼

us-east-1a ✕

us-east-1b ✕

#### Subnets

Choose the subnets that you want to add. The list includes the subnets in the selected Availability Zones.

Select subnets ▼

subnet-016d6f14648f1f1bb (10.0.144.0/20) ✕

subnet-0212ca2c8b06c7c55 (10.0.128.0/20) ✕

ⓘ For Multi-AZ DB clusters, you must select 3 subnets in 3 different Availability Zones.

### Subnets selected (2)

Availability zone	Subnet ID	CIDR block
us-east-1b	subnet-016d6f14648f1f1bb	10.0.144.0/20
us-east-1a	subnet-0212ca2c8b06c7c55	10.0.128.0/20

- create the subnet

Creating MYSQL RDS Instance:





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- Navigate to RDS console select database and click on create database.

Amazon RDS

Dashboard  
Databases  
Query Editor  
Performance insights  
Snapshots  
Exports in Amazon S3  
Automated backups  
Reserved instances  
Proxies

RDS > Databases



Consider creating a Blue/Green Deployment to minimize downtime during upgrades

You may want to consider using Amazon RDS Blue/Green Deployments and minimize your downtime during upgrades. A Blue/Green Deployment provides a staging environment for changes to production databases. [RDS User Guide](#) [Aurora User Guide](#)

Databases (0)

☒ Group resources



Modify

Actions ▾

Restore from S3

Create database

Filter by databases



DB identifier ▲

Status ▾

Role ▾

Engine ▾

Region & AZ ▾

Size ▾

Recommendations

No instances found



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# Create database

## Choose a database creation method [Info](#)

### ☒ Standard create

You set all of the configuration options, including ones for availability, security, backups, and maintenance.

### ☐ Easy create

Use recommended best-practice configurations. Some configuration options can be changed after the database is created.

## Engine options

### Engine type [Info](#)

#### ☐ Aurora (MySQL Compatible)



#### ☐ Aurora (PostgreSQL Compatible)



#### ☒ MySQL



#### ☐ MariaDB



#### ☐ PostgreSQL



#### ☐ Oracle

ORACLE

#### ☐ Microsoft SQL Server



#### ☐ IBM Db2

IBM Db2

### Edition

#### ☒ MySQL Community

### Engine version [Info](#)

View the engine versions that support the following database features.

#### ▼ Hide filters

#### ☐ Show versions that support the Multi-AZ DB cluster [Info](#)

Create a Multi-AZ DB cluster with one primary DB instance and two readable standby DB instances. Multi-AZ DB clusters provide up to 2x faster transaction commit latency and automatic failover in typically under 35 seconds.

#### ☐ Show versions that support the Amazon RDS Optimized Writes [Info](#)

Amazon RDS Optimized Writes improves write throughput by up to 2x at no additional cost.

### Engine Version

MySQL 8.0.35

#### ☐ Enable RDS Extended Support [Info](#)

Amazon RDS Extended Support is a [paid offering](#). By selecting this option, you consent to being charged for this offering if you are

## Templates

Choose a sample template to meet your use case.

☐ **Production**

Use defaults for high availability and fast, consistent performance.

☐ **Dev/Test**

This instance is intended for development use outside of a production environment.

☒ **Free tier**

Use RDS Free Tier to develop new applications, test existing applications, or gain hands-on experience with Amazon RDS.  
[Info](#)

## Availability and durability

### Deployment options [Info](#)

The deployment options below are limited to those supported by the engine you selected above.

☐ **Multi-AZ DB Cluster**

Creates a DB cluster with a primary DB instance and two readable standby DB instances, with each DB instance in a different Availability Zone (AZ). Provides high availability, data redundancy and increases capacity to serve read workloads.

☐ **Multi-AZ DB instance (not supported for Multi-AZ DB cluster snapshot)**

Creates a primary DB instance and a standby DB instance in a different AZ. Provides high availability and data redundancy, but the standby DB instance doesn't support connections for read workloads.

☐ **Single DB instance (not supported for Multi-AZ DB cluster snapshot)**

Creates a single DB instance with no standby DB instances.

## Settings

### DB instance identifier [Info](#)

Type a name for your DB instance. The name must be unique across all DB instances owned by your AWS account in the current AWS Region.

demoDB

The DB instance identifier is case-insensitive, but is stored as all lowercase (as in "mydbinstance"). Constraints: 1 to 60 alphanumeric characters or hyphens. First character must be a letter. Can't contain two consecutive hyphens. Can't end with a hyphen.

### ▼ Credentials Settings

#### Master username [Info](#)

Type a login ID for the master user of your DB instance.

admin

1 to 16 alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter.

#### Credentials management

You can use AWS Secrets Manager or manage your master user credentials.

☐ **Managed in AWS Secrets Manager - most secure**

RDS generates a password for you and manages it throughout its lifecycle using AWS Secrets Manager.

☒ **Self managed**

Create your own password or have RDS create a password that you manage.

☐ **Auto generate password**

Amazon RDS can generate a password for you, or you can specify your own password.

#### Master password [Info](#)

\*\*\*\*\*

Password strength **Strong**

Minimum constraints: At least 8 printable ASCII characters. Can't contain any of the following symbols: / ' " @

## Instance configuration

The DB instance configuration options below are limited to those supported by the engine that you selected above.

DB instance class [Info](#)

### ▼ Hide filters

☐ Show instance classes that support Amazon RDS Optimized Writes [Info](#)  
Amazon RDS Optimized Writes improves write throughput by up to 2x at no additional cost.

☐ Include previous generation classes

☐ Standard classes (includes m classes)

☐ Memory optimized classes (includes r and x classes)

☒ Burstable classes (includes t classes)

db.t3.micro

2 vCPUs 1 GiB RAM Network: 2,085 Mbps

## Storage

Storage type [Info](#)

Provisioned IOPS SSD (io2) storage volumes are now available.

General Purpose SSD (gp2)

Baseline performance determined by volume size

Allocated storage [Info](#)

20

GiB

The minimum value is 20 GiB and the maximum value is 6,144 GiB

**i** After you modify the storage for a DB instance, the status of the DB instance will be in storage-optimization. Your instance will remain available as the storage-optimization operation completes. [Learn more](#)

### ► Storage autoscaling

## Connectivity [Info](#)



### Compute resource

Choose whether to set up a connection to a compute resource for this database. Setting up a connection will automatically change connectivity settings so that the compute resource can connect to this database.

☐ Don't connect to an EC2 compute resource  
Don't set up a connection to a compute resource for this database. You can manually set up a connection to a compute resource later.

☒ Connect to an EC2 compute resource  
Set up a connection to an EC2 compute resource for this database.

EC2 instance [Info](#)

Choose the EC2 instance to add as the compute resource for this database. A VPC security group is added to this EC2 instance. A VPC security group is also added to the database with an inbound rule that allows the EC2 instance to access the database.

i-0bb82e19367c00a20  
bastion

← bastion host created earlier

**i** Some VPC settings can't be changed when a compute resource is added  
Adding an EC2 compute resource automatically selects the VPC, DB subnet group, and public access

### Virtual private cloud (VPC) [Info](#)

Choose the VPC. The VPC defines the virtual networking environment for this DB instance.

RDS-demo-vpc (vpc-01a6b6ef2af6a61b4)  
4 Subnets, 2 Availability Zones

Only VPCs with a corresponding DB subnet group are listed.

**i** After a database is created, you can't change its VPC.

### DB subnet group [Info](#)

Choose the DB subnet group. The DB subnet group defines which subnets and IP ranges the DB instance can use in the VPC that you selected.

#### ☒ Choose existing

Choose existing DB subnet group

#### ☐ Automatic setup

RDS creates a new subnet group for you or reuses an existing subnet group

### Existing DB subnet groups

rds-db-subnetgroup  
2 Subnets, 2 Availability Zones

### Public access [Info](#)

#### ☐ Yes

RDS assigns a public IP address to the database. Amazon EC2 instances and other resources outside of the VPC can connect to your database. Resources inside the VPC can also connect to the database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

#### ☒ No

RDS doesn't assign a public IP address to the database. Only Amazon EC2 instances and other resources inside the VPC can connect to your database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

### VPC security group (firewall) [Info](#)

Choose one or more VPC security groups to allow access to your database. Make sure that the security group rules allow the appropriate incoming traffic.

#### ☒ Choose existing

Choose existing VPC security groups

#### ☐ Create new

Create new VPC security group

### Additional VPC security group

Choose one or more options

**i** Amazon RDS will add a new VPC security group *rds-ec2-1* to allow connectivity with your compute resource.

### Availability Zone [Info](#)

us-east-1a

### Certificate authority - optional [Info](#)

Using a server certificate provides an extra layer of security by validating that the connection is being made to an Amazon database. It does so by checking the server certificate that is automatically installed on all databases that you provision.

rds-ca-rsa2048-g1 (default)  
Expiry: May 26, 2061

If you don't select a certificate authority, RDS chooses one for you.

### ► Additional configuration



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## Database authentication

Database authentication options [Info](#)

☒ Password authentication

Authenticates using database passwords.

☐ Password and IAM database authentication

Authenticates using the database password and user credentials through AWS IAM users and roles.

☐ Password and Kerberos authentication

Choose a directory in which you want to allow authorized users to authenticate with this DB instance using Kerberos Authentication.

## Monitoring

☐ Enable Enhanced Monitoring

Enabling Enhanced Monitoring metrics are useful when you want to see how different processes or threads use the CPU.

### ► Additional configuration

Database options, encryption turned on, backup turned on, backtrack turned off, maintenance, CloudWatch Logs, delete protection turned off.

## Estimated Monthly costs

DB instance	12.41 USD
Storage	2.30 USD
<b>Total</b>	<b>14.71 USD</b>

This billing estimate is based on on-demand usage as described in [Amazon RDS Pricing](#). Estimate does not include costs for backup storage, IOs (if applicable), or data transfer.

Estimate your monthly costs for the DB Instance using the [AWS Simple Monthly Calculator](#).

## Estimated monthly costs

The Amazon RDS Free Tier is available to you for 12 months. Each calendar month, the free tier will allow you to use the Amazon RDS resources listed below for free:

- 750 hrs of Amazon RDS in a Single-AZ db.t2.micro, db.t3.micro or db.t4g.micro Instance.
- 20 GB of General Purpose Storage (SSD).
- 20 GB for automated backup storage and any user-initiated DB Snapshots.

[Learn more about AWS Free Tier.](#)

When your free usage expires or if your application use exceeds the free usage tiers, you simply pay standard, pay-as-you-go service rates as described in the [Amazon RDS Pricing page](#).

**i** You are responsible for ensuring that you have all of the necessary rights for any third-party products or services that you use with AWS services.

Cancel

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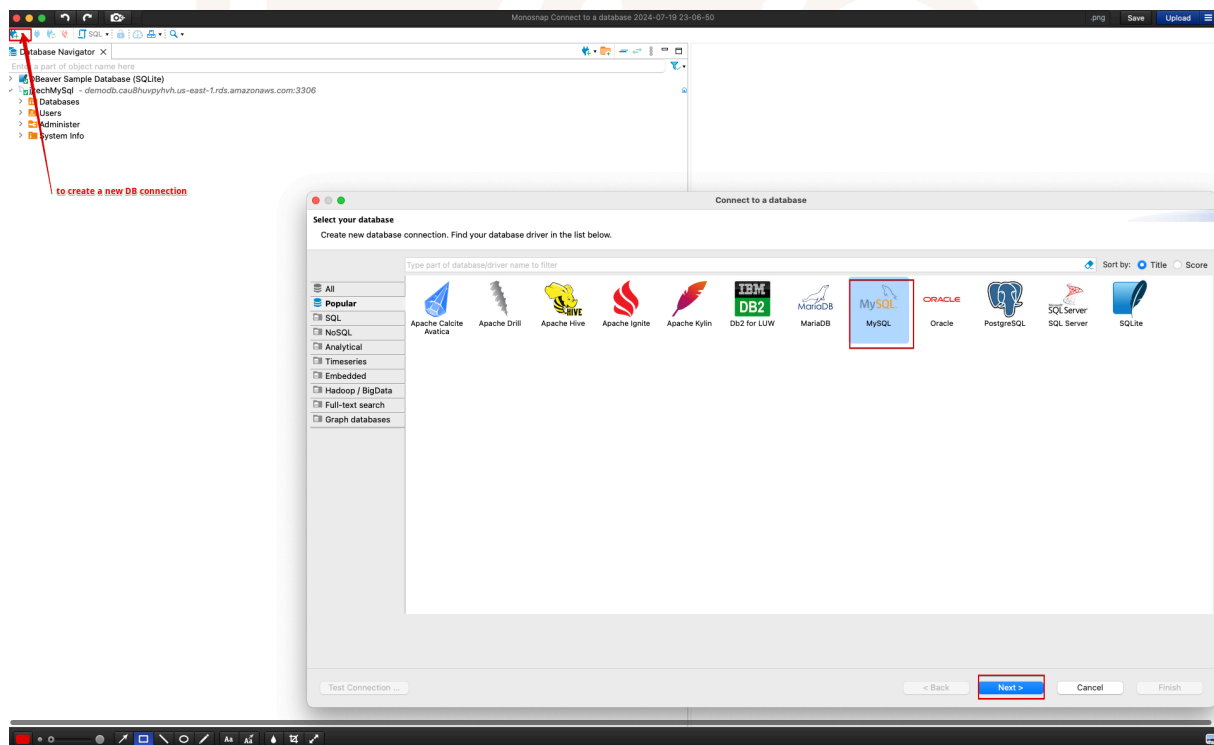
USING DBeaver:

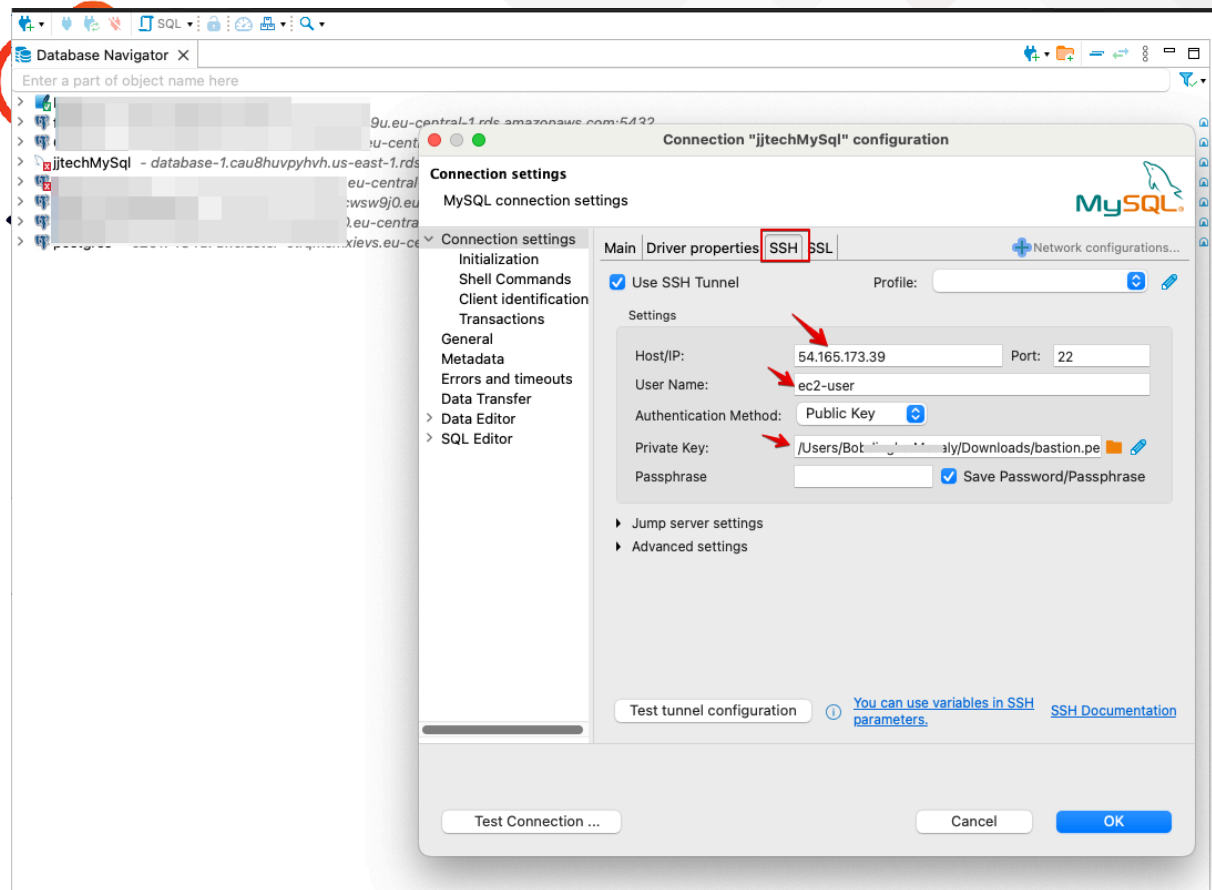
Download Dbeaver, an opensource tool for managing databases.

MacUsers: <https://formulae.brew.sh/cask/dbeaver-community>

Users: Download installer <https://dbeaver.io/download/>

After installation, open the DB application.

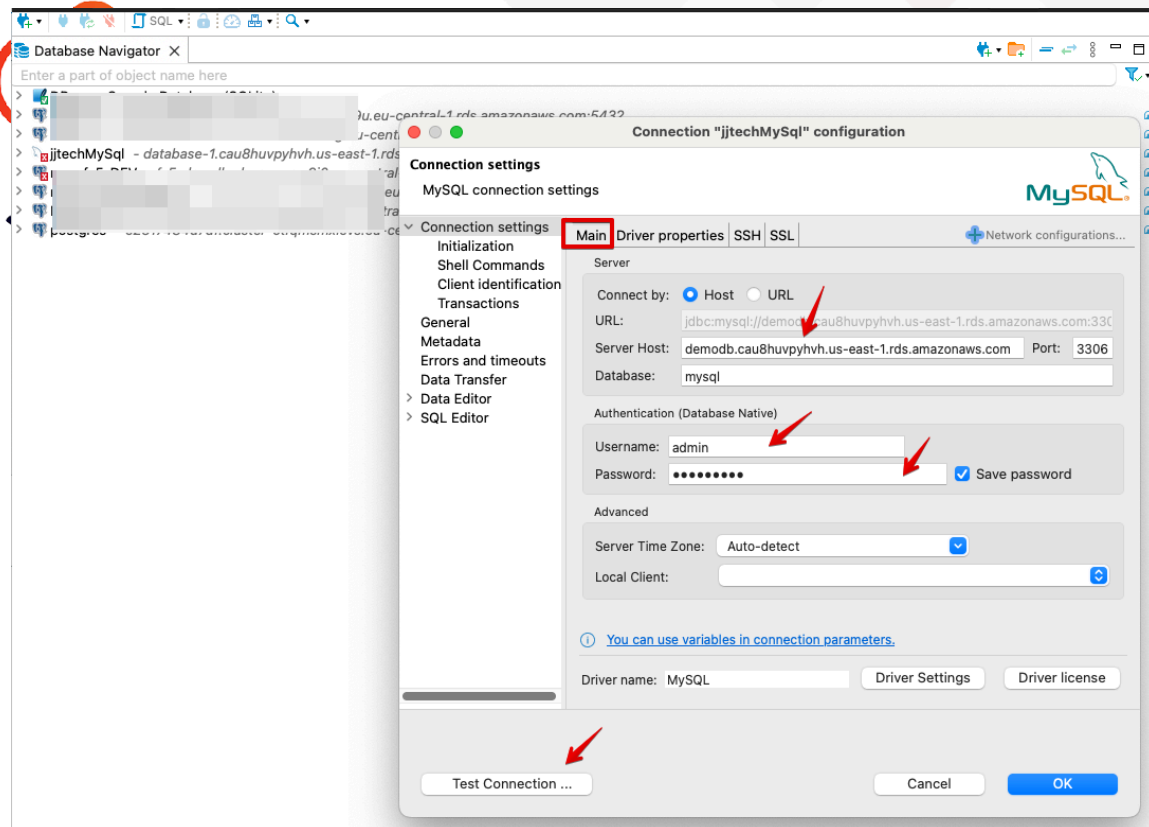




Click on **Test tunnel configuration** to ensure you can reach the bastion host . If connection is successful, then you should see **connected**.

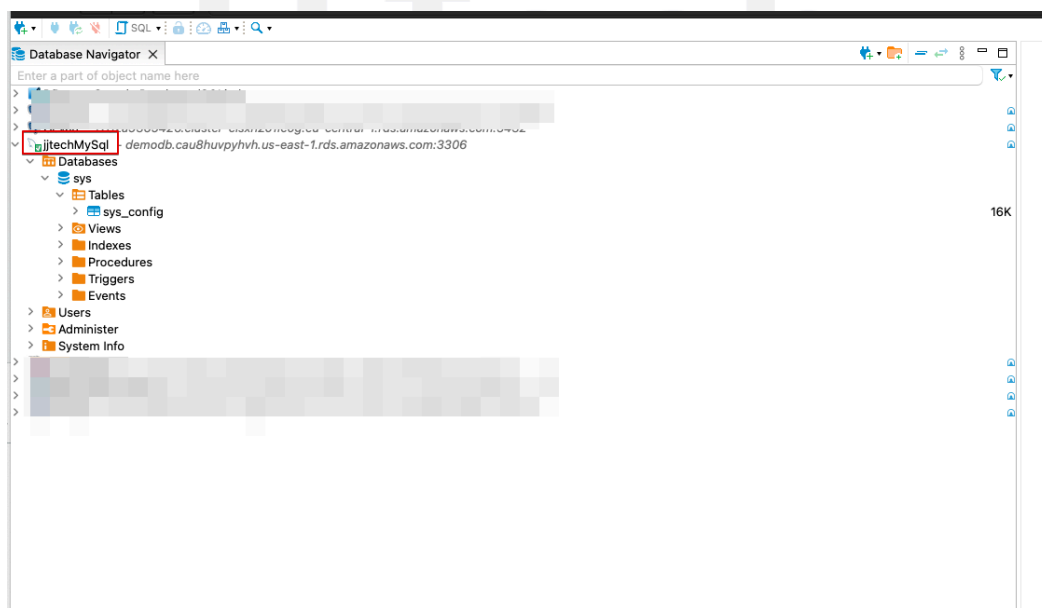
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If the connection is successful, then you will see **connected**. Thus you can reach the DB using the tool.

Connection to the DB will display the following defaults for the MYSQL DB.





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Create a Sample Database using the simple SQL script provided

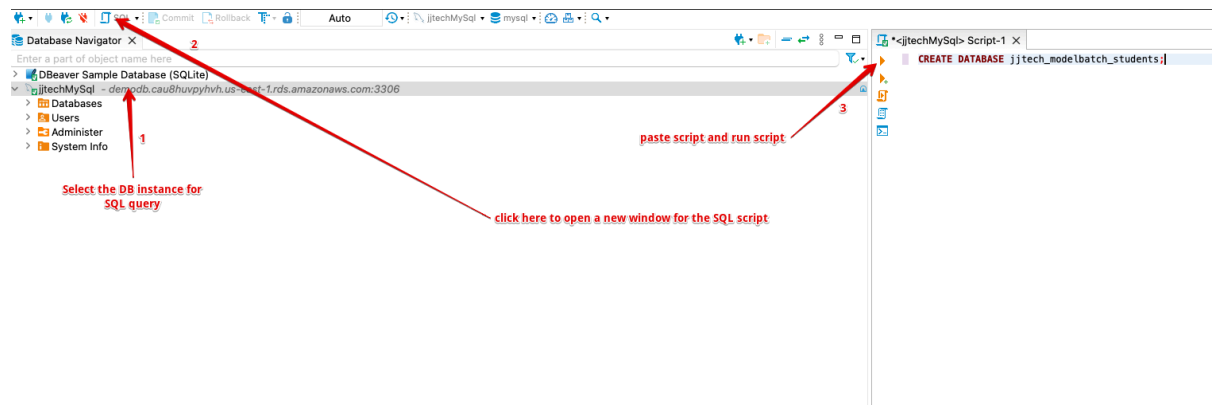
```
simpleRDScrip.sql
1  -- Create the new database
2  CREATE DATABASE jjtech_modelbatch_students;
3
4  -- Switch to the new database
5  USE jjtech_modelbatch_students;
6
7  -- Create the model_batch students info table
8  CREATE TABLE model_students_info (
9      student_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
10     student_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
11     student_city VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
12     student_location_PLZ INT NOT NULL,
13     created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
14     updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON UPDATE CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
15 );
16
17 -- Insert sample data into the information table
18 INSERT INTO model_students_info (student_name, student_city, student_location_PLZ)
19 VALUES
20 ('francesca', 'texas', 7891),
21 ('Adaobi', 'california', 7091),
22 ('Mavuenaa', 'maryland', 7901),
23 ('Pam K', 'Delaware', 5601);
24
25
26
27
28
29 -- Get data
30
31 SELECT * FROM model_students_info;
```





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## Sample for running the SQL script



You could also use the MySQL workbench to access the MYSQL DB.

Download MySQL workbench on your laptop

<https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/workbench/>

Based on your OS it will show you the package file to download

Reference for some most used commands

[:https://www.javatpoint.com/mysql-commands-cheat-sheet](https://www.javatpoint.com/mysql-commands-cheat-sheet)

