## A FIRST COURSE

IN

#### **NUMERICAL ANALYSIS**

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#### **NUMERICAL ANALYSIS**

### **MAT4001 Notebook**

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#### Notations and Conventions

 $\mathbb{R}^n$ *n*-dimensional real space  $\mathbb{C}^n$ *n*-dimensional complex space  $\mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ set of all  $m \times n$  real-valued matrices  $\mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$ set of all  $m \times n$  complex-valued matrices *i*th entry of column vector  $\boldsymbol{x}$  $x_i$ (i,j)th entry of matrix  $\boldsymbol{A}$  $a_{ij}$ *i*th column of matrix *A*  $\boldsymbol{a}_i$  $\boldsymbol{a}_{i}^{\mathrm{T}}$ *i*th row of matrix **A** set of all  $n \times n$  real symmetric matrices, i.e.,  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  and  $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$  $\mathbb{S}^n$ for all *i*, *j*  $\mathbb{H}^n$ set of all  $n \times n$  complex Hermitian matrices, i.e.,  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  and  $\bar{a}_{ij} = a_{ji}$  for all i, j $\boldsymbol{A}^{\mathrm{T}}$ transpose of  $\boldsymbol{A}$ , i.e,  $\boldsymbol{B} = \boldsymbol{A}^{\mathrm{T}}$  means  $b_{ji} = a_{ij}$  for all i,jHermitian transpose of  $\boldsymbol{A}$ , i.e,  $\boldsymbol{B} = \boldsymbol{A}^{H}$  means  $b_{ji} = \bar{a}_{ij}$  for all i,j $A^{\mathrm{H}}$ trace(A)sum of diagonal entries of square matrix A1 A vector with all 1 entries 0 either a vector of all zeros, or a matrix of all zeros a unit vector with the nonzero element at the *i*th entry  $e_i$ C(A)the column space of  $\boldsymbol{A}$  $\mathcal{R}(\boldsymbol{A})$ the row space of  $\boldsymbol{A}$  $\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{A})$ the null space of  $\boldsymbol{A}$ 

 $\operatorname{Proj}_{\mathcal{M}}(\mathbf{A})$  the projection of  $\mathbf{A}$  onto the set  $\mathcal{M}$