

```
In [303]: import netCDF4  
import xarray as xr  
import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt  
%matplotlib inline
```

1. Global methane levels from 2002

```
In [304]: ds = xr.open_dataset("200301_202006-C3S-L3_GHG-PRODUCTS-OBS4MIPS-MERGED-v4.3.nc", engine="netcdf4")  
ds
```

Out[304]: xarray.Dataset

► Dimensions: (time: 210, bnds: 2, lat: 36, lon: 72, pressure: 10)

▼ Coordinates:

time	(time)	datetime64[ns] 2003-01-16T12:00:00 ... 2020-06-16
lat	(lat)	float64 -87.5 -82.5 -77.5 ... 82.5 87.5
lon	(lon)	float64 -177.5 -172.5 ... 172.5 177.5

▼ Data variables:

time_bnds	(time, bnds)	datetime64[ns] ...
lat_bnds	(lat, bnds)	float64 ...
lon_bnds	(lon, bnds)	float64 ...
pre	(pressure)	float64 ...
pre_bnds	(pressure, bnds)	float64 ...
land_fraction	(lat, lon)	float64 ...
xch4	(time, lat, lon)	float32 ...
xch4_nobs	(time, lat, lon)	float64 ...
xch4_stderr	(time, lat, lon)	float32 ...
xch4_stddev	(time, lat, lon)	float32 ...
column_averagin...	(time, pressure, lat, lon)	float32 ...
vmr_profile_ch4...	(time, pressure, lat, lon)	float32 ...

► Attributes: (28)

```
In [306]: #1.1  
#创建12个axes, 3行4列, 共享x、y轴, 分辨率120  
fig, axes = plt.subplots(3, 4, figsize=(20, 10), sharex=True, sharey=True, dpi=120)  
  
#将数组axes拉成一维数组  
axes=axes.ravel()
```

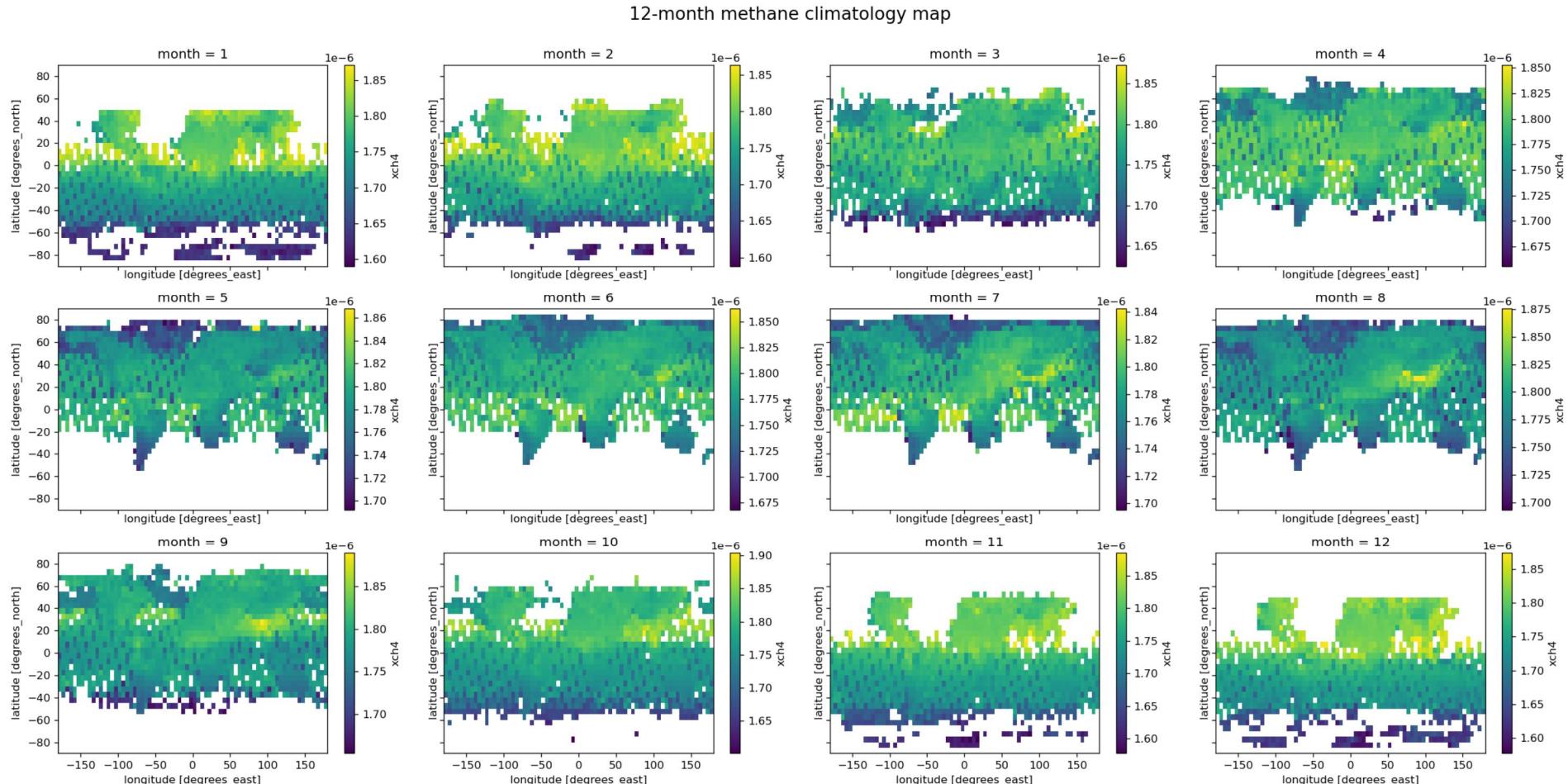
```

xch4_month=ds.xch4.groupby('time.month').mean()

#将1~12月的数据放入每个对应的axes中
for i in range(12):
    axes[i]=plt.subplot(3,4,i+1)
    xch4_month[i,:,:].plot()

plt.suptitle('12-month methane climatology map', verticalalignment='bottom', fontsize=16)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



In [307...]

```

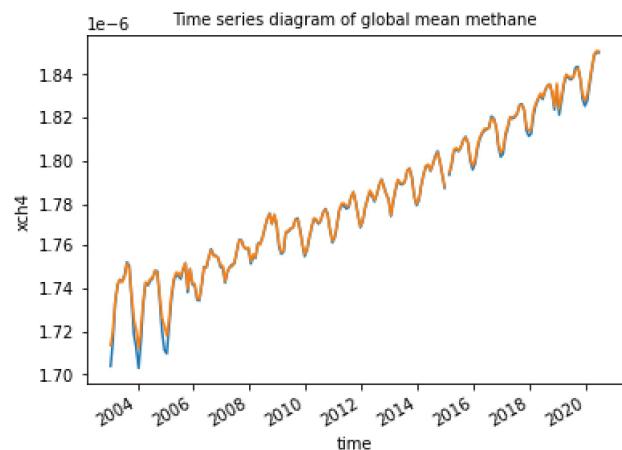
#先按月分组，再求全球平均xch4，作图
ds.xch4.groupby('time.month').mean(dim=['lat','lon']).plot()

#考虑纬度权重
weights = np.cos(np.deg2rad(ds.lat))

```

```
ds.xch4.weighted(weights).mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot()  
  
plt.title('Time series diagram of global mean methane', fontsize=10)  
  
#蓝色为纬度权重前的图，黄色为纬度权重后的图  
#全球平均甲烷含量逐年增加，自2003-01到2020-06，甲烷大致增加 $0.12 \times 10^{-6}$ 。全球甲烷含量有一定的季节性。
```

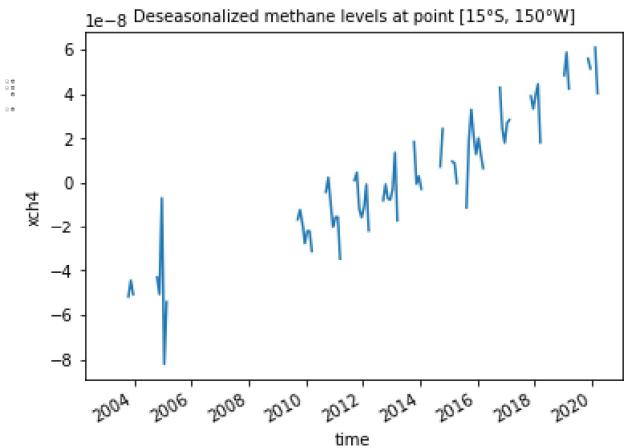
Out[307]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Time series diagram of global mean methane')



```
#1.3  
#西经为负数，南纬为负数  
#求异常值  
xch4_anom = ds.xch4.groupby('time.month') - ds.xch4.groupby('time.month').mean()  
  
#画[15° S, 150° W]的xch4月异常值图  
xch4_anom.sel(lon=-150, lat=-15, method='nearest').plot()  
  
plt.title('Deseasonalized methane levels at point [15° S, 150° W]', fontsize=10)
```

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\xarray\core\indexes.py:234: FutureWarning: Passing method to Float64Index.get_loc is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use index.get_indexer([item], method=...) instead.  
    indexer = self.index.get_loc(  
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\xarray\core\indexes.py:234: FutureWarning: Passing method to Float64Index.get_loc is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use index.get_indexer([item], method=...) instead.  
    indexer = self.index.get_loc(  
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Deseasonalized methane levels at point [15° S, 150° W]')
```

Out[309]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Deseasonalized methane levels at point [15° S, 150° W]')



1. Niño 3.4 index

```
In [61]: ds_2 = xr.open_dataset("NOAA_NCDC_ESST_v3b_SST.nc", engine="netcdf4")
ds_2
```

Out[61]: xarray.Dataset

► Dimensions: (**lat**: 89, **lon**: 180, **time**: 684)

▼ Coordinates:

lat	(lat)	float32 -88.0 -86.0 -84.0 ... 86.0 88.0
lon	(lon)	float32 0.0 2.0 4.0 ... 354.0 356.0 358.0
time	(time)	datetime64[ns] 1960-01-15 ... 2016-12-15

▼ Data variables:

sst	(time, lat, lon)	float32 ...
------------	------------------	-------------

▼ Attributes:

Conventions :	IRIDL
source :	https://iridl.ldeo.columbia.edu/SOURCES/.NOAA/.NCDC/.ERSST/.version3b.sst/
history :	extracted and cleaned by Ryan Abernathey for Research Computing in Earth Science

```
In [310... #2.1
#西经为180° ~ -360° , 例如西经170° 转化为360° 格式应为180+|180-170|=190;南纬为负数
sst = ds_2.sst.sel(lat=slice(-5, 5), lon=slice(170+360, -120+360))
sst.groupby("time.month")

#求异常值
sst_anom = sst.groupby("time.month")-sst.groupby('time.month').mean()
#3个月滚动平均
```

```
sst_anom_rolling = sst_anom.rolling(time=3, center=True).mean()  
#考虑权重，并应用到异常值的3个月滚动平均上  
weights = np.cos(np.deg2rad(ds_2.lat))  
weighted_sst_anom_rolling=sst_anom_rolling.weighted(weights).mean(dim=['lat', 'lon'])  
weighted_sst_anom_rolling
```

Out[310]: xarray.DataArray 'sst' (**time**: 684)

```
array([
    nan, -3.52136731e-01, -3.07922482e-01, -2.10942671e-01,
    -2.40801468e-01, -2.25801334e-01, -1.61719128e-01, -9.32449624e-02,
    -1.72556192e-01, -2.97744423e-01, -3.16537887e-01, -2.53706843e-01,
    -1.78142399e-01, -1.88687652e-01, -1.86583191e-01, -1.24505967e-01,
    3.54308113e-02, 7.37191290e-02, -8.31784979e-02, -4.22465146e-01,
    -6.63186014e-01, -6.89041138e-01, -5.68683267e-01, -4.52810347e-01,
    -4.39396203e-01, -4.45670635e-01, -4.53058064e-01, -4.89248693e-01,
    -4.86178070e-01, -4.22765821e-01, -3.40314269e-01, -4.22423422e-01,
    -5.52226961e-01, -7.19083309e-01, -7.83191741e-01, -7.94970274e-01,
    -6.41396105e-01, -3.29650164e-01, -3.80033664e-02, 5.07872105e-02,
    5.31975366e-02, 2.24640876e-01, 5.20021141e-01, 7.32085824e-01,
    7.80955553e-01, 8.18719685e-01, 9.43071008e-01, 9.48859394e-01,
    8.20473313e-01, 4.14922297e-01, -8.05010572e-02, -5.42425752e-01,
    -8.14303160e-01, -8.64234805e-01, -9.41662908e-01, -1.04450929e+00,
    -1.17973232e+00, -1.24559689e+00, -1.22900093e+00, -1.09335089e+00,
    -7.85555542e-01, -4.21444982e-01, -1.85970977e-01, 2.64181197e-02,
    2.61038065e-01, 5.57310939e-01, 8.80600035e-01, 1.10944867e+00,
    1.34691095e+00, 1.46194518e+00, 1.51645255e+00, 1.40029490e+00,
    1.17677569e+00, 1.02102411e+00, 8.11687589e-01, 4.64973003e-01,
    1.96538165e-01, 8.31781104e-02, 6.70664907e-02, -7.60612562e-02,
    ...
    -1.36074400e+00, -1.42106140e+00, -1.39463878e+00, -1.40015888e+00,
    -1.29396772e+00, -1.12907672e+00, -8.00107419e-01, -4.95390236e-01,
    -1.95580482e-01, -7.08500594e-02, -1.23495981e-01, -3.31612468e-01,
    -5.43040037e-01, -7.75044441e-01, -9.15336668e-01, -9.00234044e-01,
    -7.56594241e-01, -5.23062527e-01, -3.40005398e-01, -1.79401472e-01,
    -5.35799488e-02, 5.45777306e-02, 2.09617987e-01, 4.63171124e-01,
    6.14919424e-01, 6.54052317e-01, 2.47407541e-01, -1.93741620e-01,
    -5.42838812e-01, -5.37602305e-01, -2.73900002e-01, -1.03897184e-01,
    -5.97274527e-02, -1.80382788e-01, -2.66270399e-01, -2.59501129e-01,
    -1.97798893e-01, -1.51537657e-01, -2.10540935e-01, -3.62733006e-01,
    -5.33842206e-01, -5.30328214e-01, -3.43480617e-01, 1.85666047e-03,
    1.98382467e-01, 2.20249832e-01, 9.81423333e-02, 1.13650247e-01,
    2.57235050e-01, 5.44631302e-01, 7.00885713e-01, 7.35688686e-01,
    6.30334258e-01, 5.86936116e-01, 6.80796325e-01, 8.34041774e-01,
    1.01719224e+00, 1.18371272e+00, 1.40097487e+00, 1.65836024e+00,
    1.96497190e+00, 2.31396699e+00, 2.51632094e+00, 2.56233978e+00,
    2.37583923e+00, 2.07454562e+00, 1.63750851e+00, 1.07777739e+00,
    5.00900269e-01, -7.20153004e-02, -4.42695677e-01, -6.18627191e-01,
    -7.28377819e-01, -8.36066544e-01, -9.07837391e-01, nan],
    dtype=float32)
```

▼ Coordinates:

time	(time)	datetime64[ns]	1960-01-15 ... 2016-12-15	
month	(time)	int64	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 ... 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	

► Attributes: (0)

```
In [311]: #2.2  
#新建一个datafram, 设置anom>=0、anom<0列，并将date设置为索引  
df = pd.DataFrame(weighted_sst_anom_rolling.where(weighted_sst_anom_rolling>=0), columns=[‘anom>0’])  
df[‘anom<0’]=pd.DataFrame(weighted_sst_anom_rolling.where(weighted_sst_anom_rolling<0))  
df[‘date’] = pd.DataFrame(weighted_sst_anom_rolling.time)  
df.set_index(‘date’, inplace = True)  
df
```

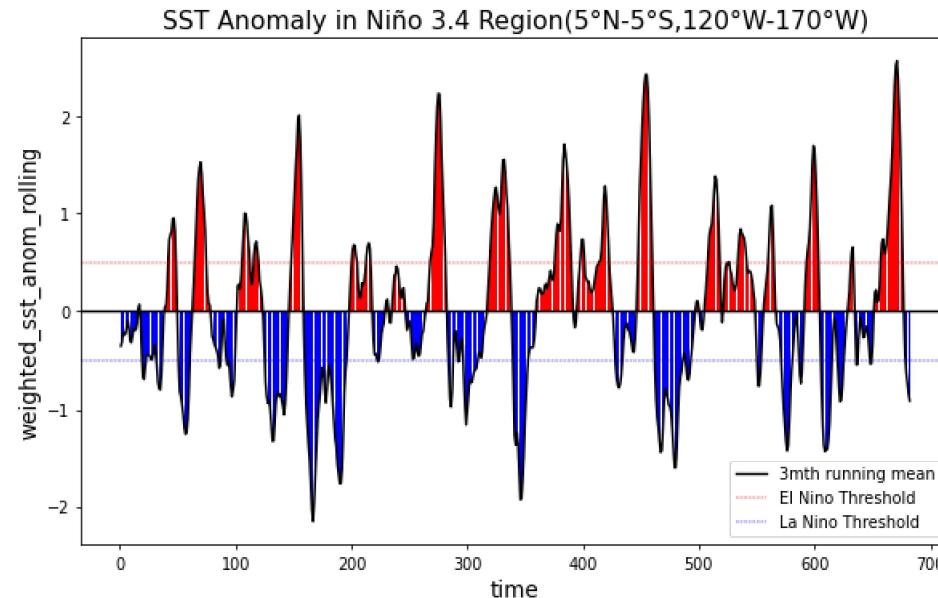
Out[311]: anom>0 anom<0

	date	
1960-01-15	NaN	NaN
1960-02-15	NaN	-0.352137
1960-03-15	NaN	-0.307922
1960-04-15	NaN	-0.210943
1960-05-15	NaN	-0.240801
...
2016-08-15	NaN	-0.618627
2016-09-15	NaN	-0.728378
2016-10-15	NaN	-0.836067
2016-11-15	NaN	-0.907837
2016-12-15	NaN	NaN

684 rows × 2 columns

```
In [312]: #2.2-续  
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=70)  
#根据anom>0、anom<0两列作条形图，非负数异常值，用红色表示，负数异常值，用蓝色表示  
plt.bar(np.arange(len(df[‘anom>0’])), df[‘anom>0’], color = “red”)  
plt.bar(np.arange(len(df[‘anom<0’])), df[‘anom<0’], color = “blue”)  
  
#作3个月滚动平均异常值点线图  
plt.plot(weighted_sst_anom_rolling, ‘k-’)  
#作y=0.5、0、-0.5，三条线，并设置图例  
plt.axhline(y=0.5, color = “red”, linestyle = “--”, linewidth=0.5)  
plt.axhline(y=-0.5, color = “blue”, linestyle = “--”, linewidth=0.5)  
plt.axhline(y=0, color = “black”, linestyle = “-”, linewidth=1.5)  
plt.legend(labels=[‘3mth running mean’, ‘El Nino Threshold’, ‘La Nino Threshold’], loc=4)  
  
plt.ylabel(‘weighted_sst_anom_rolling’, fontsize=14)  
plt.xlabel(‘time’, fontsize=14)  
plt.title(‘SST Anomaly in Niño 3.4 Region(5° N–5° S, 120° W–170° W)’, fontsize=16)
```

```
plt.show()
```



1. Explore a netCDF dataset

```
In [218]: ds_3 = xr.open_dataset("CESM2_200001-201412.nc", engine="netcdf4")  
ds_3
```

#因为在网站上下载不了keyword: ozone的netCDF格式文件，所以用了之前Section 07课堂上的文件

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\xarray\conventions.py:512: SerializationWarning: variable 'tas' has multiple fill values {1e+20, 1e+20}, decoding all values to NaN.  
new_vars[k] = decode_cf_variable(
```

In [218]: xarray.Dataset

► Dimensions: (**time**: 180, **lat**: 192, **lon**: 288, nbnd: 2)

▼ Coordinates:

lat	(lat)	float64	-90.0 -89.06 -88.12 ... 89.06 90.0
lon	(lon)	float64	0.0 1.25 2.5 ... 356.2 357.5 358.8
time	(time)	object	2000-01-15 12:00:00 ... 2014-12-...

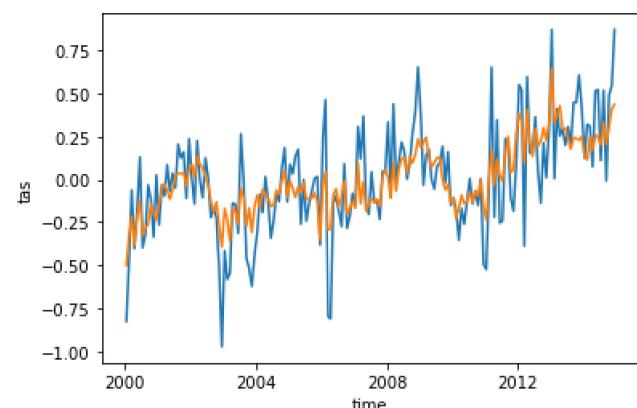
▼ Data variables:

tas	(time, lat, lon)	float32	...
time_bnds	(time, nbnd)	object	...
lat_bnds	(lat, nbnd)	float64	...
lon_bnds	(lon, nbnd)	float64	...

► Attributes: (45)

```
In [313... #3.1  
#作tas全球月异常值点线图  
tas_anom = ds_3.tas.groupby('time.month') - ds_3.tas.groupby('time.month').mean()  
tas_anom.mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot()  
  
#考虑权重后画tas全球月异常值点线图  
weights = np.cos(np.deg2rad(ds_3.lat))  
weighted_tas_anom=tas_anom.weighted(weights)  
weighted_tas_anom.mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot()
```

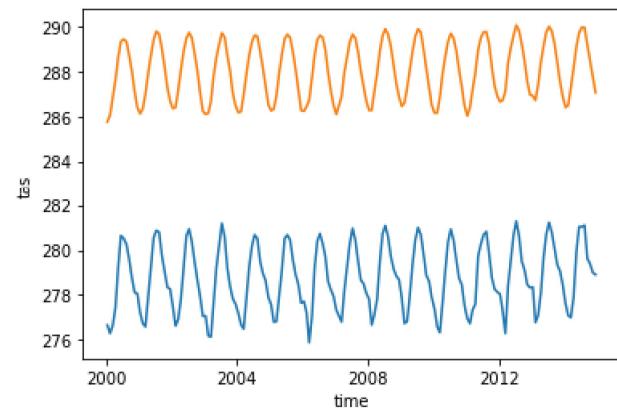
Out[313]: [`<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x21358c49a00>`]



```
In [314... #3.2(1)  
#Plot a time series of global monthly mean tas from 2000-01 to 2014-12  
ds_3.tas.sel(time=slice("2000-01", "2014-12")).groupby('time.month').mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot()
```

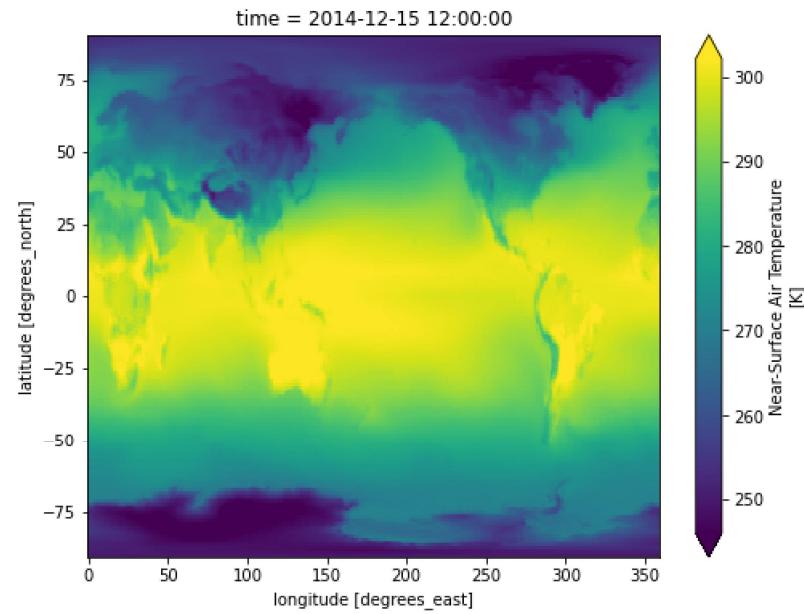
```
#考虑权重  
weights = np.cos(np.deg2rad(ds_3.lat))  
ds_3.tas.weighted(weights).mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot()
```

Out[314]: <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2133e6cfaf0>



```
In [267]: #3.2(2)  
#作2014年12月全球月近表温度(tas)的2维图  
ds_3.tas.isel(time=-1).plot(robust=True, figsize=(8, 6))  
  
#Plot the averaged global tas at December  
#tas_clim = ds_3.tas.groupby('time.month').mean()  
#tas_clim[11, :, :].plot(vmin=250, vmax=300, figsize=(8, 6))
```

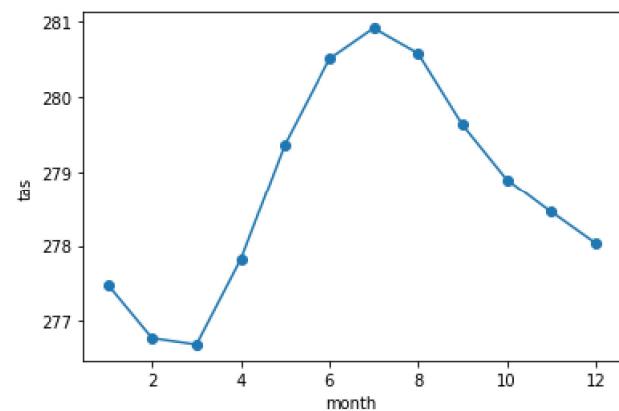
Out[267]: <matplotlib.collections.QuadMesh at 0x21324a3ff10>

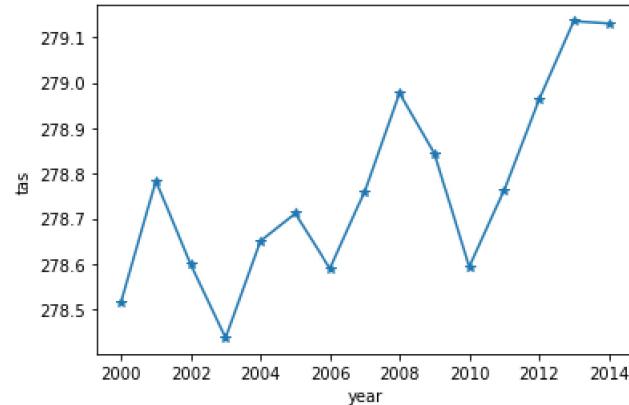


```
In [292]: #3.2(3)
# 全球tas月变化趋势图, 6-8月是全球高温期
ds_3.tas.groupby('time.month').mean().mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot(marker="o", size=4)

# 全球tas年变化趋势图, 温度逐年波动升高
ds_3.tas.groupby('time.year').mean().mean(dim=['lat', 'lon']).plot(marker="*", size=4)
```

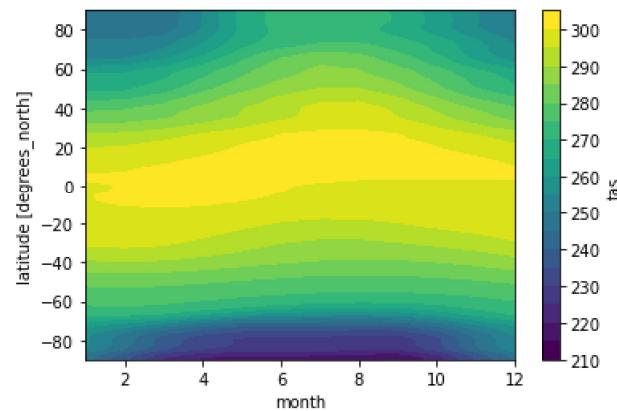
Out[292]: <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x21324941550>





```
In [295]: #3.2(4)
#绘制不同纬度平均气候学等高线图
ds_3.tas.groupby('time.month').mean().mean(dim='lon').transpose().plot.contourf(levels=20, robust=False, cmap='viridis')
```

Out[295]: <matplotlib.contour.QuadContourSet at 0x21329270730>



```
In [300]: #3.2(5)
#Draw an interactive plot
import hvplot.xarray
ds_3.tas.hvplot()
```

Out[300]:

```
In [315]: #3.2(6)
#作2014年12月全球近表温度(tas)的interactive plot
ds_3.tas.isel(time=1).hvplot(cmap="fire")
```

Out[315]:

