Contents

1	Permutations and Combinations	2
	1.1 Basic Counting Principles	2
2	Permutations	3

1

Permutations and Combinations

1.1 Basic Counting Principles

Theorem 1.1.1 ▶ Addition Priciple

Let A_1, A_2, \dots, A_k be k pairwise disjoint finite sets, then

$$\left|\bigcup_{i=1}^k A_i\right| = \sum_{i=1}^k |A_i|.$$

Theorem 1.1.2 ▶ Multiplication Priciple

Let A_1, A_2, \dots, A_k be k pairwise disjoint finite sets, then

$$\left| \prod_{i=1}^k A_i \right| = \prod_{i=1}^k |A_i|.$$

Permutations

Definition 2.0.1 ▶ **Permutations**

Let A be a finite set such that |A| = n, an r-permutation of A is a way to arrange r elements of A, denoted as

$$P_r^n = \prod_{i=1}^r (n-r+i) = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}.$$