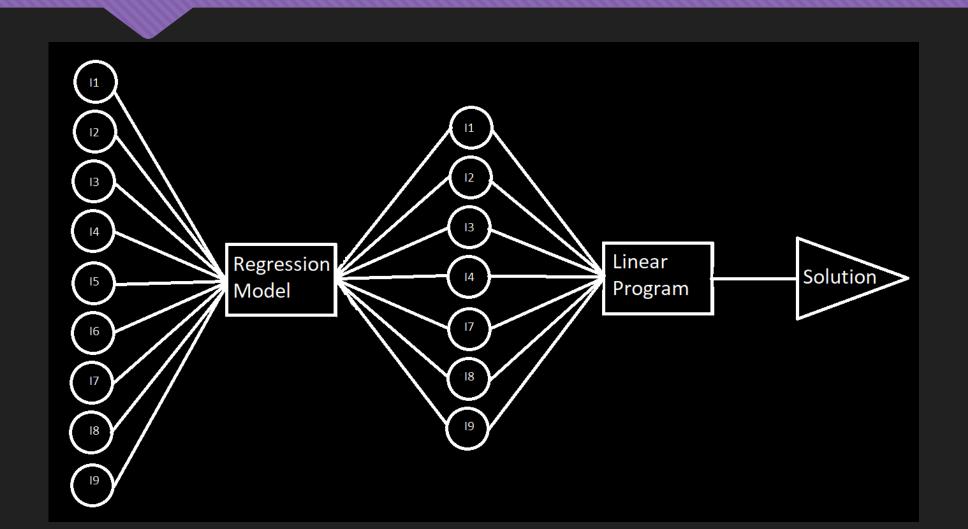
Optimizing High School Graduation Rates

Alyssa Newman, Collin Powell, Zane Showalter-Castorena MATH 5593 Steffen Borgwardt

Regression And Optimization



Chosen Variables For Our Model

- Percent of the students in advanced classes (pAC)
- O Demographic disparity between students and teachers (dD)
- Percent of male teachers (pMt)
- Student to teacher ratio (sTR)
- Turnover rate (tR)

Results of objective function

- y = 98.33 + 46.26pAC 19.3542dD 8.80pMT 0.047sTR + 1.54tR
- Interpretation of some of these values:
 - 98.33 is the expected graduation rate if all other values are zero, not useful in final objective function.
 - O 46.26pAC represents that an increase of 1% (0.01) in Advanced Classes increases the expected graduation rate by 0.4626%, similar to dD, pMT, and tR.
 - \circ -0.047sTR represents that an increase of 1 student per teacher drops graduation rate by 0.047%,

Constructed Constraints For Test Model

• Restrictions:

- \circ -7.334% $\leq pAC \leq 10\%$
- $-(tR + 20.82\%) \le dD \le tR + 20.82\%$
- \bigcirc -42.66% $\leq dD \leq 57.34$ %
- $O(tR + 20.82\%) \le pMT \le tR + 20.82\%$
- \bigcirc -24.11% $\leq pMT \leq 75.89$ %
- \bigcirc $-6 \le sTR \le 4$
- \circ -20.83% $\leq tR \leq 30\%$
- \bigcirc \$1,842,000 pAC \$135,753 sTR + \$750,000 tR \leq 150,000 (or 0)

Results

Budget Increase \$150,000

- O pAC:(Percent Advanced Classes) +10%
- dD:(Demographic Disparity) -43%
- O pMT:(Percent Male Teacher) -24%
- O sTR:(Student Teacher Ratio) +1.9
- O tR:(Turnover Rate) +30%
- Expected Graduation increase +15.38%

Budget Increase \$0

- pAC (Percent Advanced Classes) +10%
- OdD (Demographic Disparity) -43%
- O pMT (Percent Male Teacher) -24%
- STR (Student Teacher Ratio) +3.0
- OtR (Turnover Rate) +30%
- Expected Graduation Increase +15.32%

Needs more research/ Extensions

- A few of the results show that more research is needed:
 - O That this model suggests the percentage of male teachers is dropped to zero is controversial and shows that more research is needed for the impact of male/female teachers in the classroom.
 - O Given that Student Teacher ratio has a very low priority, this potentially is a flaw in the models processing of the data.
- Possible extensions
 - Add more variables: Teacher experience, after school programs, parent education level, special education etc
 - Extend to include non-linear constraints and objective

References And Resources

- 1. AMPL: A Modeling Language for Mathematical Programming by Robert Fourer, David M. Gay, and Brian W. Kerninghan, 2nd edition, 2003 http://ampl.com/resources/the-ampl-book/chapter-downloads/
- 2. Colorado Department of Education: Colorado Education Statistics. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.cde.state.co.us/cdereval
- 3. Kavanagh, D. (2016, April 13). Teacher Turnover Costs How Much?!?!?! Retrieved November 27, 2020, from https://www.sais.org/news/283215/Teacher-Turnover-Costs-How-
 Much.htm#:~:text=The%20cost%20of%20teacher%20turnover,year%20(Carroll%2C%201)
- 4. Olberding, E. (n.d.). Linear Regression as Linear Programming. Retrieved from http://math.ucdenver.edu/~sborgwardt/wiki/index.php/Linear_Regression_as_Linear_Programming
- 5. Roza, M. (2009, August 16). Breaking Down School Budgets. Retrieved November 27, 2020, from https://www.educationnext.org/breaking-down-school-budgets-2/
- 6. Vanderbei, R. J. (2007, October 17). Linear Programming: Chapter 12 Regression. Lecture presented in NJ, Princeton. Retrieved from https://vanderbei.princeton.edu/542/lectures/lec9.pdf