

Modellers and Story Tellers: Group 2 project

AUTHOR

Tendai Gwanzura

PUBLISHED

June 25, 2025

Hollywood coalition data cleaning and analysis.

This file contains the data cleaning and data analysis for Hollywood Food Coalition an organization aiming to reduce food insecurity in Los Angeles.

Install and load libraries

```
install.packages("readxl") install.packages("openxlsx") install.packages("dplyr") install.packages("ggplot2")
install.packages("janitor") install.packages("tidyr") install.packages("stringr")
install.packages("tidytext") install.packages("topicmodels") install.packages("wordcloud")
install.packages("RColorBrewer")
```

Load and Prepare the Data

Use read_excel to load data, after removing encryption in excel and rename new file to HFC_2025. For password openxlsx does not work despite having the password option.

```
HFC_2025 <- read_excel("HFC_2025.xlsx")
View(HFC_2025)

names(HFC_2025)
```

```
[1] "Org ID"
[2] "Orgs"
[3] "Date"
[4] "Organization Type"
[5] "Location"
[6] "Hours of Operation"
[7] "On Site Contact"
[8] "Metrics"
[9] "Volunteer Run Organization"
[10] "Unique individuals served weekly"
[11] "Total served weekly"
[12] "Unique individuals served monthly"
[13] "Total served monthly"
[14] "Age range of population served"
[15] "Racial makeup of population served"
[16] "Percentage of low income population served"
[17] "(Under 18) Population Percentage"
```

```

[18] "(18-25) Population Percentage"
[19] "(26-40) Population Percentage"
[20] "(41-65) Population Percentage"
[21] "(65+) Population Percentage"
[22] "Population Languages"
[23] "(Male) Gender Make Up"
[24] "(Female) Gender Make Up"
[25] "(Non-Binary) Gender Make Up"
[26] "(Transgender) Gender Make Up"
[27] "Veterans served"
[28] "Previously Incarcerated"
[29] "LBGTQ+"
[30] "Unhoused"
[31] "Program Entry/Food restrictions"
[32] "Primary Demographics"
[33] "Primary Services"
[34] "Services Offered"
[35] "Referrals accepted"
[36] "Typical individual Seeking Service"
[37] "Outcome Goals"
[38] "Service Locations"
[39] "Recent Changes"
[40] "Meeting Recent Changes"
[41] "1 Year Growth Plans"
[42] "5 Year Growth Plans"
[43] "Holidays Recognized"
[44] "Other Schedule Notes"
[45] "Preferred Food Items"
[46] "Most to Least Desired"
[47] "Reason for Originally Partnering"
[48] "Reason for Continued Partnership"
[49] "Food Sources"
[50] "Food Intake Barriers"
[51] "(Hypothetical) Food Response without Hofoco"
[52] "(Hypothetical) Hofoco Food Delivery Option"
[53] "Recent Food Quality"
[54] "Food Quality"
[55] "Impact of Food Received"
[56] "Impact Story (1)"
[57] "Impact Story (2)"
[58] "Impact Story (3)"
[59] "Food Distro Process"
[60] "Food Distro Challenges"
[61] "Feedback"
[62] "Notes"
[63] "Future Check In Preference"

```

```

# Total unique individuals served weekly
summary(HFC_2025$'Unique individuals served weekly')

```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
20.00	85.25	185.00	315.23	312.50	3500.00	2

```
# Total individuals served monthly
summary(HFC_2025$'Unique individuals served monthly')
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
40.0	132.5	300.0	417.4	500.0	2000.0	3

The variable names contain spaces hence will need to be cleaned using the janitor package creating a new data set HFC_2025_clean.

```
[1] "org_id"
[2] "orgs"
[3] "date"
[4] "organization_type"
[5] "location"
[6] "hours_of_operation"
[7] "on_site_contact"
[8] "metrics"
[9] "volunteer_run_organization"
[10] "unique_individuals_served_weekly"
[11] "total_served_weekly"
[12] "unique_individuals_served_monthly"
[13] "total_served_monthly"
[14] "age_range_of_population_served"
[15] "racial_makeup_of_population_served"
[16] "percentage_of_low_income_population_served"
[17] "under_18_population_percentage"
[18] "x18_25_population_percentage"
[19] "x26_40_population_percentage"
[20] "x41_65_population_percentage"
[21] "x65_population_percentage"
[22] "population_languages"
[23] "male_gender_make_up"
[24] "female_gender_make_up"
[25] "non_binary_gender_make_up"
[26] "transgender_gender_make_up"
[27] "veterans_served"
[28] "previously_incarcerated"
[29] "lgbtq"
[30] "unhoused"
[31] "program_entry_food_restrictions"
[32] "primary_demographics"
[33] "primary_services"
[34] "services_offered"
[35] "referrals_accepted"
[36] "typical_individual_seeking_service"
[37] "outcome_goals"
[38] "service_locations"
[39] "recent_changes"
```

```

[40] "meeting_recent_changes"
[41] "x1_year_growth_plans"
[42] "x5_year_growth_plans"
[43] "holidays_recognized"
[44] "other_schedule_notes"
[45] "preferred_food_items"
[46] "most_to_least_desired"
[47] "reason_for Originally Partnering"
[48] "reason_for Continued Partnership"
[49] "food_sources"
[50] "food_intake_barriers"
[51] "hypothetical_food_response_without_hofoco"
[52] "hypothetical_hofoco_food_delivery_option"
[53] "recent_food_quality"
[54] "food_quality"
[55] "impact_of_food_received"
[56] "impact_story_1"
[57] "impact_story_2"
[58] "impact_story_3"
[59] "food_distro_process"
[60] "food_distro_challenges"
[61] "feedback"
[62] "notes"
[63] "future_check_in_preference"

```

We can see a summary of the individuals served weekly and monthly.

```
summary(HFC_2025_clean$unique_individuals_served_weekly)
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
20.00	85.25	185.00	315.23	312.50	3500.00	2

```
summary(HFC_2025_clean$total_served_weekly)
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
0.0	100.0	165.0	318.3	387.5	2100.0	2

```
summary(HFC_2025_clean$unique_individuals_served_monthly)
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
40.0	132.5	300.0	417.4	500.0	2000.0	3

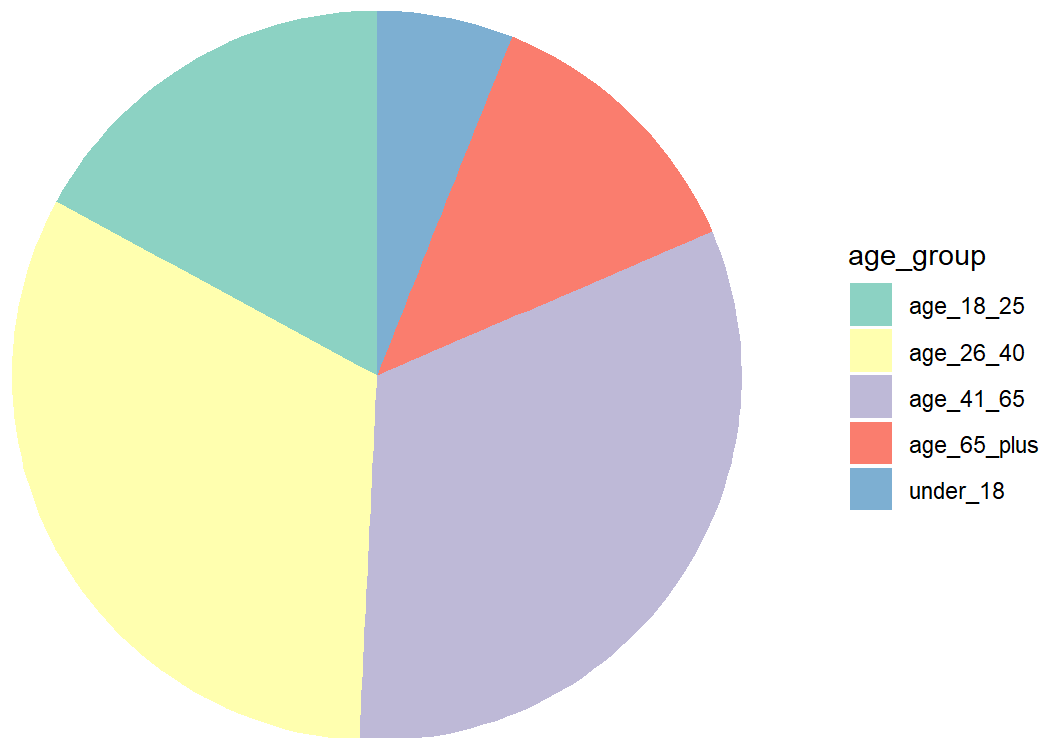
```
summary(HFC_2025_clean$total_served_monthly)
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
0	376	625	1697	1550	20000	2

Age and gender distribution across all organizations

```
# A tibble: 1 × 5
  under_18 age_18_25 age_26_40 age_41_65 age_65_plus
  <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
1  0.0609    0.172    0.325    0.325    0.126
```

Proportion of Individuals Served by Age Group



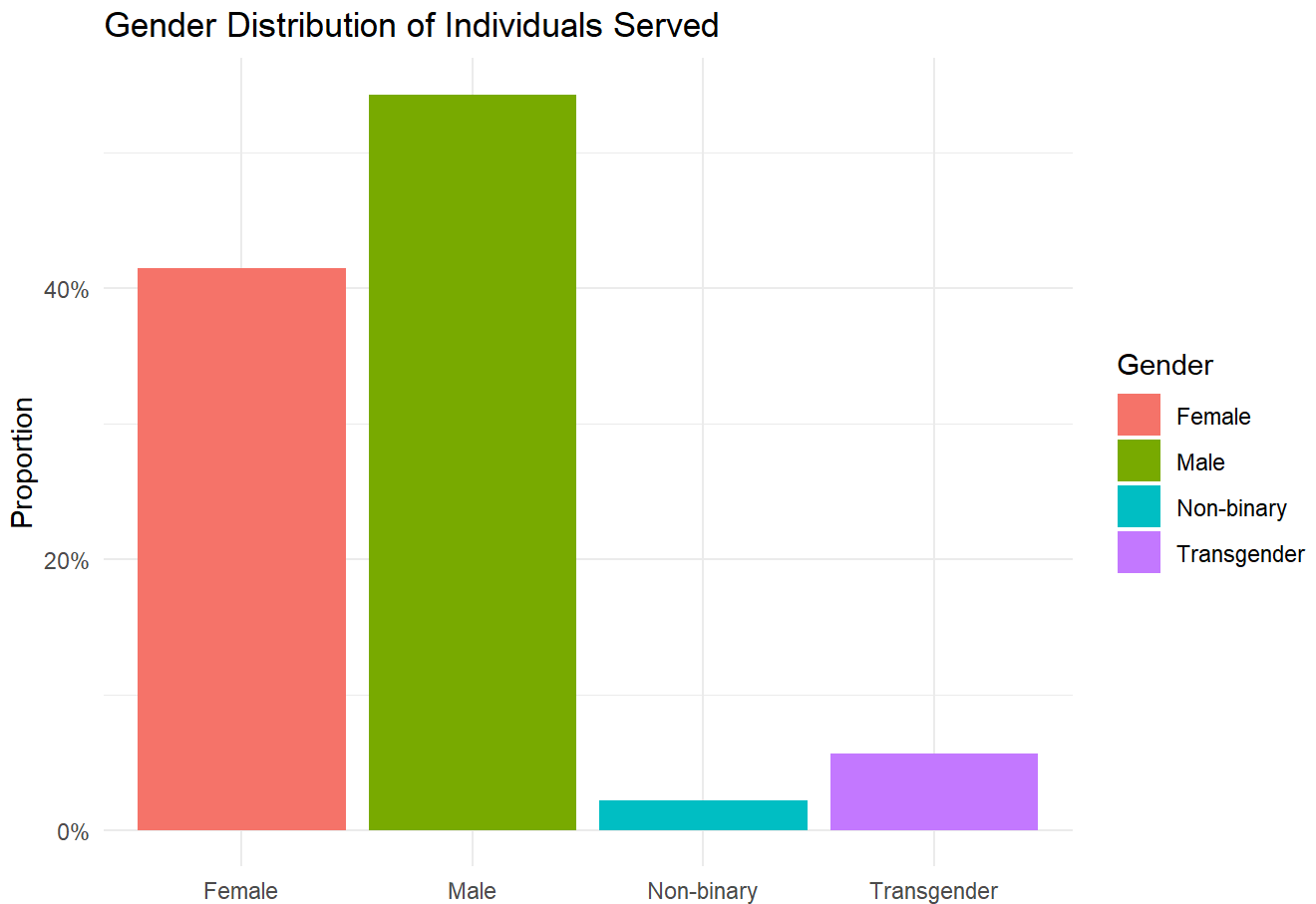
On average, 6.1% of individuals served across all organizations are under 18. Around 17.2% of individuals are young adults (18–25). About 32.5% are adults aged 26–40. About 32.5% are middle-aged to older adults (41–65). Around 12.6% are seniors, aged 65 and above.

```
# A tibble: 1 × 4
  male female non_binary transgender
  <dbl>  <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
1  0.543  0.415    0.022    0.0565
```

About 54.3% of the individuals served are male. About 41.5% are female. About 2.2% are non-binary. About 5.6% identify as transgender (can overlap with other categories depending on how the data was reported). The following plot shows gender distribution across all partners.

```
# Using results from above to plot the gender
gender_data <- data.frame(
  Gender = c("Male", "Female", "Non-binary", "Transgender"),
  Proportion = c(0.5432432, 0.4145946, 0.022, 0.05645161)
)
```

```
ggplot(gender_data, aes(x = Gender, y = Proportion, fill = Gender)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent_format(accuracy = 1)) +
  labs(title = "Gender Distribution of Individuals Served",
       y = "Proportion",
       x = "") +
  theme_minimal()
```

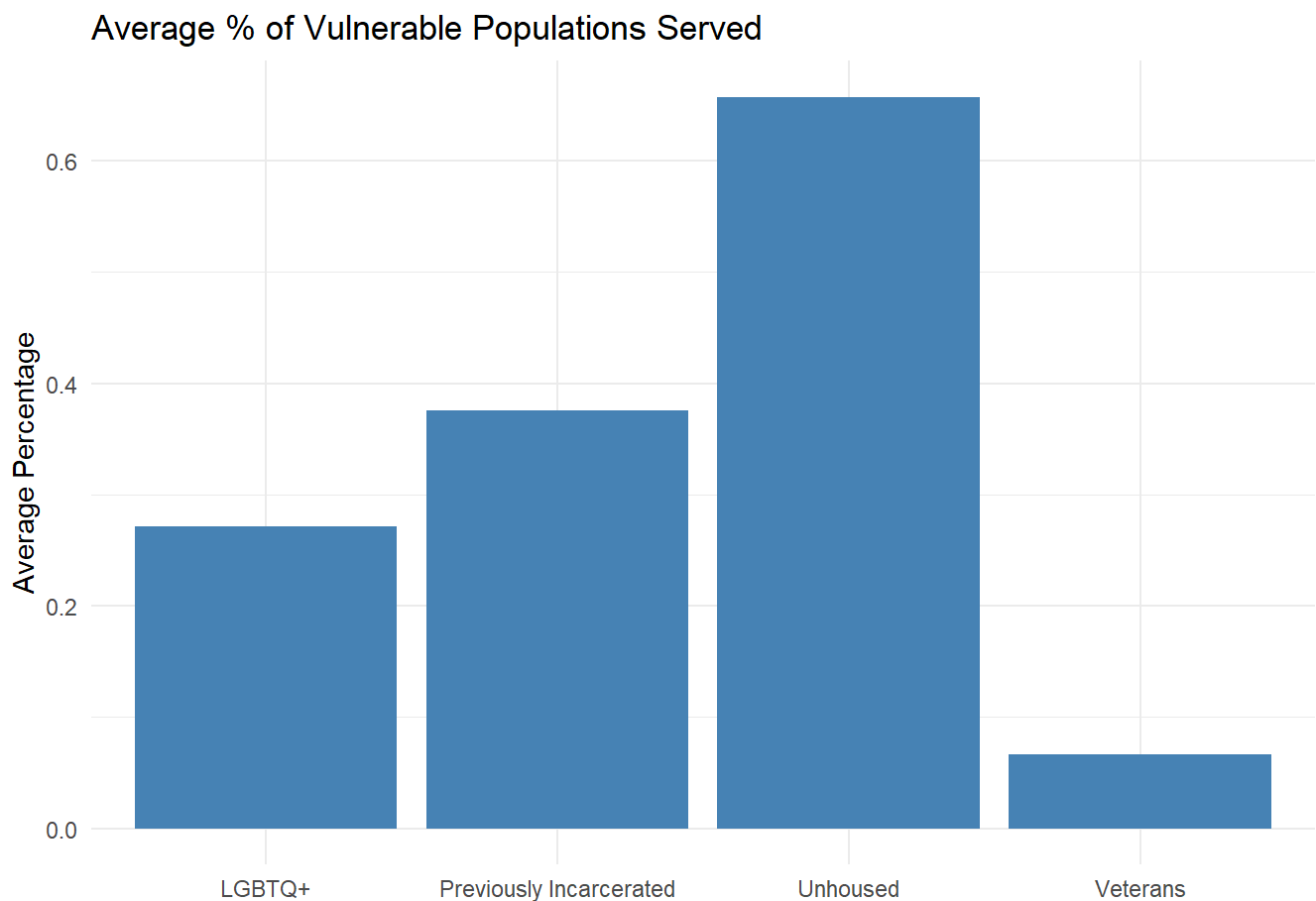


The following shows the distribution of the different populations in the dataset.

```
pop_focus <- HFC_2025_clean %>%
  summarise(
    unhoused = mean(as.numeric(unhoused), na.rm = TRUE),
    lgbtq = mean(as.numeric(lgbtq), na.rm = TRUE),
    veterans = mean(as.numeric(veterans_served), na.rm = TRUE),
    previously_incarcerated = mean(as.numeric(previously_incarcerated), na.rm = TRUE)
  )
pop_focus
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 4
  unhoused lgbtq veterans previously_incarcerated
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1    0.657 0.272    0.0667    0.376
```

```
pop_data <- data.frame(  
  Group = c("Unhoused", "LGBTQ+", "Veterans", "Previously Incarcerated"),  
  Percentage = c(  
    pop_focus$unhoused,  
    pop_focus$lgbtq,  
    pop_focus$veterans,  
    pop_focus$previously_incarcerated  
  )  
)  
  
ggplot(pop_data, aes(x = Group, y = Percentage)) +  
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +  
  labs(  
    title = "Average % of Vulnerable Populations Served",  
    y = "Average Percentage", x = ""  
  ) +  
  theme_minimal()
```



Cleaning and plottin race

Race contains mixed data that is string and numeric we might need to separate it using the following code.

```

[1] NA
[2] "50% Black 50% Brown"
[3] "Asian Diaspora/ Pacific Islander"
[4] "Latino 50%, White 30%, Black 10%, Other 10%"
[5] "white 60%, Latino 25%,. Black 10%, Other 5%"
[6] "White 50%, Latino 30%, Black 20%"
[7] "White 40%, Black 25%, Latino 20%, Other 10%, Asian 5%"
[8] "Latinos, Whites, Blacks"
[9] "Black 42%, 35% Latino, 17% White, 15% Other"
[10] "60% Filipino, 20% Latino, 10% White, 10% Balck"
[11] "Latino 60%, Black 30%, Other 10%"
[12] "Hispanic 44%, Black 35 %, White 21%,"
[13] "40% Latino"
[14] "Latino 50%, White 25%, Black 24%, Asian 1%"
[15] "Hispanic 49%, Latino 49%, White 2%"
[16] "Latino 32%, Black 31%, White 29%, Other 8%"
[17] "Latino 55%, Armenian 35%, Arab 10%"
[18] "Latino70%, Black 20%, White/Other 10%"
[19] "Latino 40%. Black 30%, Other 30%"
[20] "Black, Latino, and Asians"
[21] "Latino 75%, Black 10%, API 5%"
[22] "Latino 75%, Asian 25%,"
[23] "White 35%, Multi 32%, Latino 16%, Black 12%, Other 5%"
[24] "Armenian/Russian 50%, Latino 40%, Other 10%"
[25] "Korean 25%, Black 25%, Latino 25%, Filipino 5%, White 10%, Other 10%"
[26] "88% BIPOC"
[27] "Latino 86%, Other 14%"
[28] "50% White, 30% Black, 5% Latino, 5% Asian, 10% Other"
[29] "Black 60%, Latino 30%, White 10%"
[30] "White 50%, Latino 35%, Black 15%,"
[31] "42.5% Brown, 25% Black, 15% White"
[32] "No one race more than another"
[33] "Latino 20%, Asian 80%"
[34] "100% Latino"
[35] "50% Black, 40% Latino, 10% White"
[36] "50% White, 50% Hispanic"
[37] "Latino 75%, White 10%, Black 5%, API 5%"
[38] "Hispanic, Colombian, Salvadorian, Venezuelan"

```

Important to note not all organizations include the percent of racial makeup they just list the races. The following plot assesses data which contains % makeup of the 38 out of the total 42 organizations without missing data. Filipino, Russian, Armenian and other country specific were set to other for now hence the large percent of other.

```

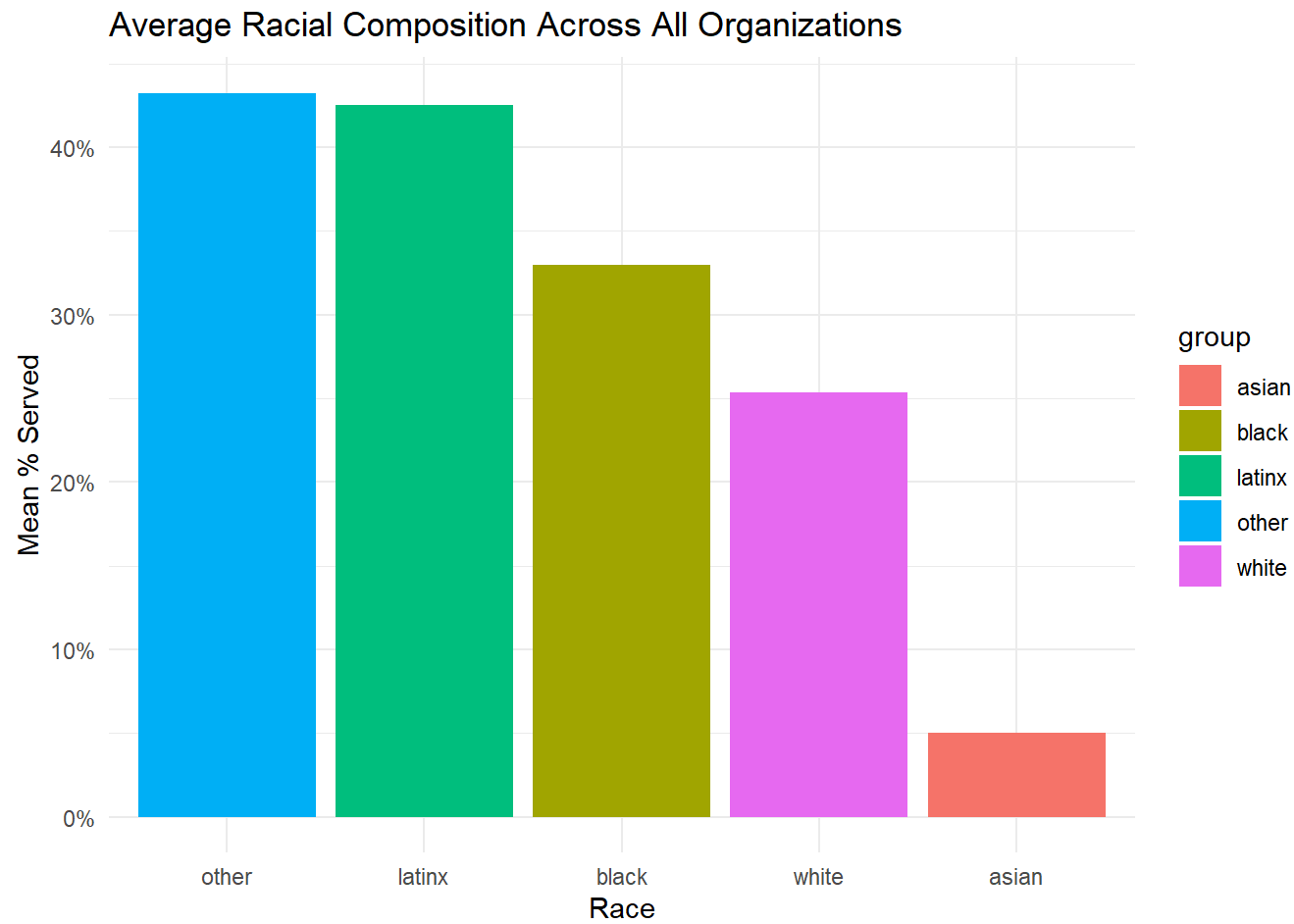
race_summary <- race_long %>%
  group_by(group) %>%
  summarise(mean_pct = mean(value, na.rm = TRUE))

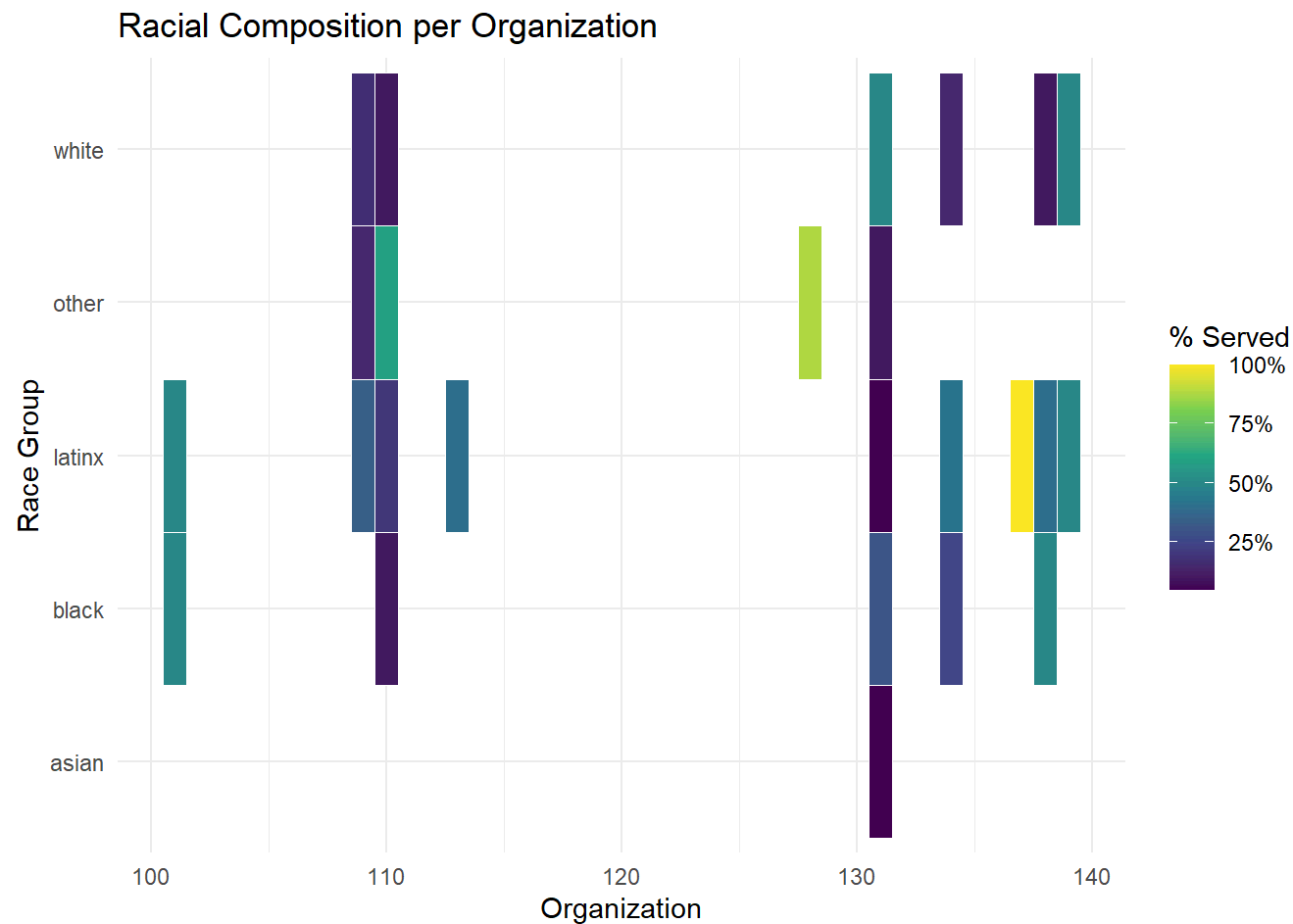
ggplot(race_summary, aes(x = reorder(group, -mean_pct), y = mean_pct, fill = group)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +

```



```
scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent_format()) +  
labs(title = "Average Racial Composition Across All Organizations",  
      y = "Mean % Served", x = "Race") +  
theme_minimal()
```





This visualization highlights how racial representation varies by organization. While Latinx and Black communities are consistently represented, some organizations show a near-exclusive service to one group. This racial composition is important for understanding equity in food access and can inform tailored programming and outreach. Notably, Asian and 'Other' populations appear less frequently, which could suggest either demographic realities or potential service gaps. Also not all organizations include percent of people affected.

Plotting the reach and scale

unique_individuals_served_weekly	total_served_weekly
Min. : 20.00	Min. : 0.0
1st Qu.: 85.25	1st Qu.: 100.0
Median : 185.00	Median : 165.0
Mean : 315.23	Mean : 318.3
3rd Qu.: 312.50	3rd Qu.: 387.5
Max. : 3500.00	Max. : 2100.0
NA's : 2	NA's : 2

unique_individuals_served_monthly	total_served_monthly
Min. : 40.0	Min. : 0
1st Qu.: 132.5	1st Qu.: 376
Median : 300.0	Median : 625
Mean : 417.4	Mean : 1697
3rd Qu.: 500.0	3rd Qu.: 1550

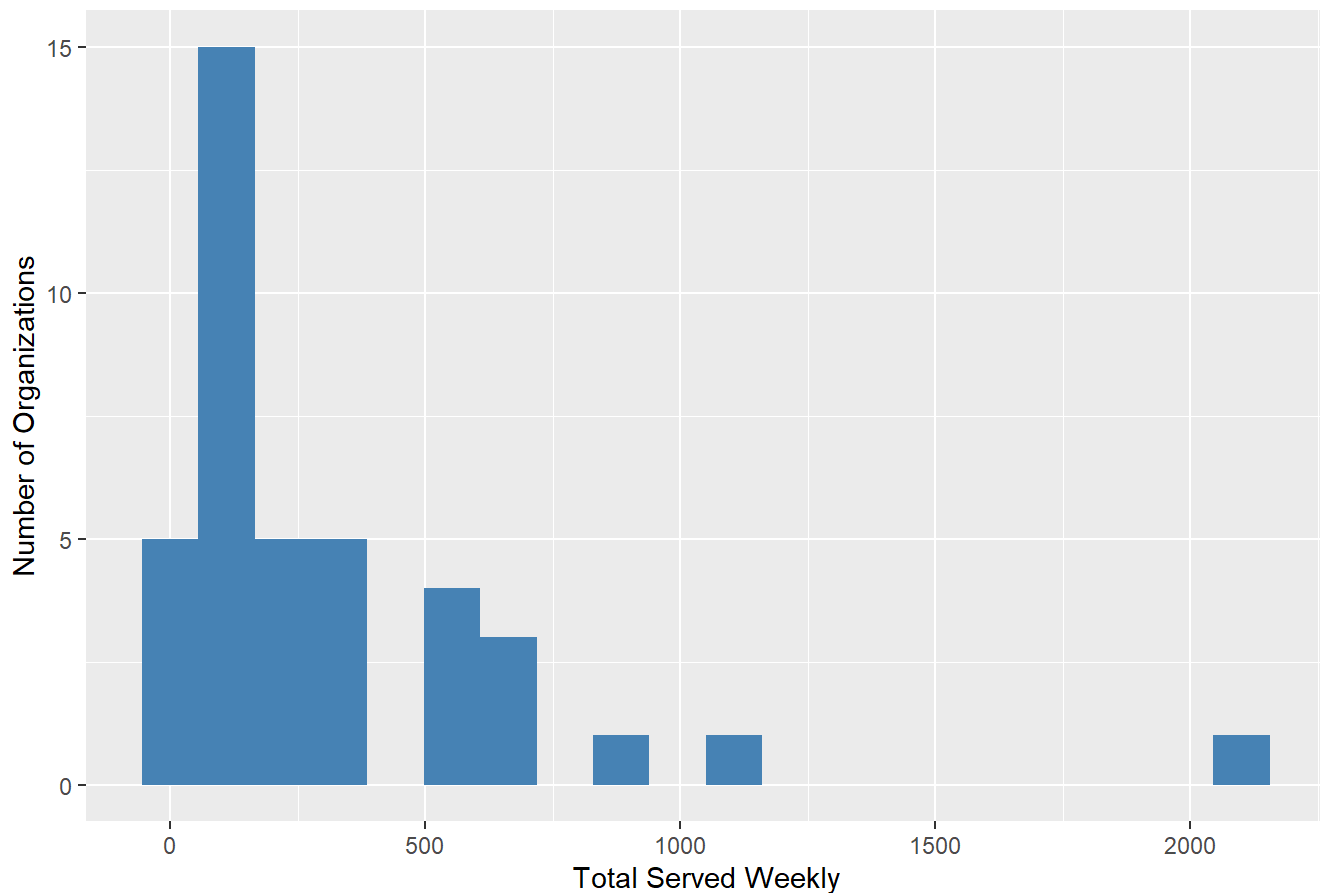
Max. : 2000.0

Max. : 20000

NA's : 3

NA's : 2

Distribution of Total Weekly Individuals Served



Qualitative Impact

Utilising word cloud to view impact. The default stopwords ("en") removes general English filler words (like "the", "is", "it"). But our text still contains domain-irrelevant or generic words like: guys, week, kids, know, one, used, get, great, makes, just, able, come, etc.



The most frequent words include:

"food", "people", "give", "quality", "produce", "relief", "nutritious", "kitchen", "residents", "parents", "love"

The word 'food' dominates the stories — underscoring its centrality to service impact.

'Relief', 'quality', and 'produce' point to the value and trust recipients associate with the program.

References to 'residents', 'parents', and 'love' highlight emotional and familial dimensions of food insecurity.

We can go further and create themes based on the words.

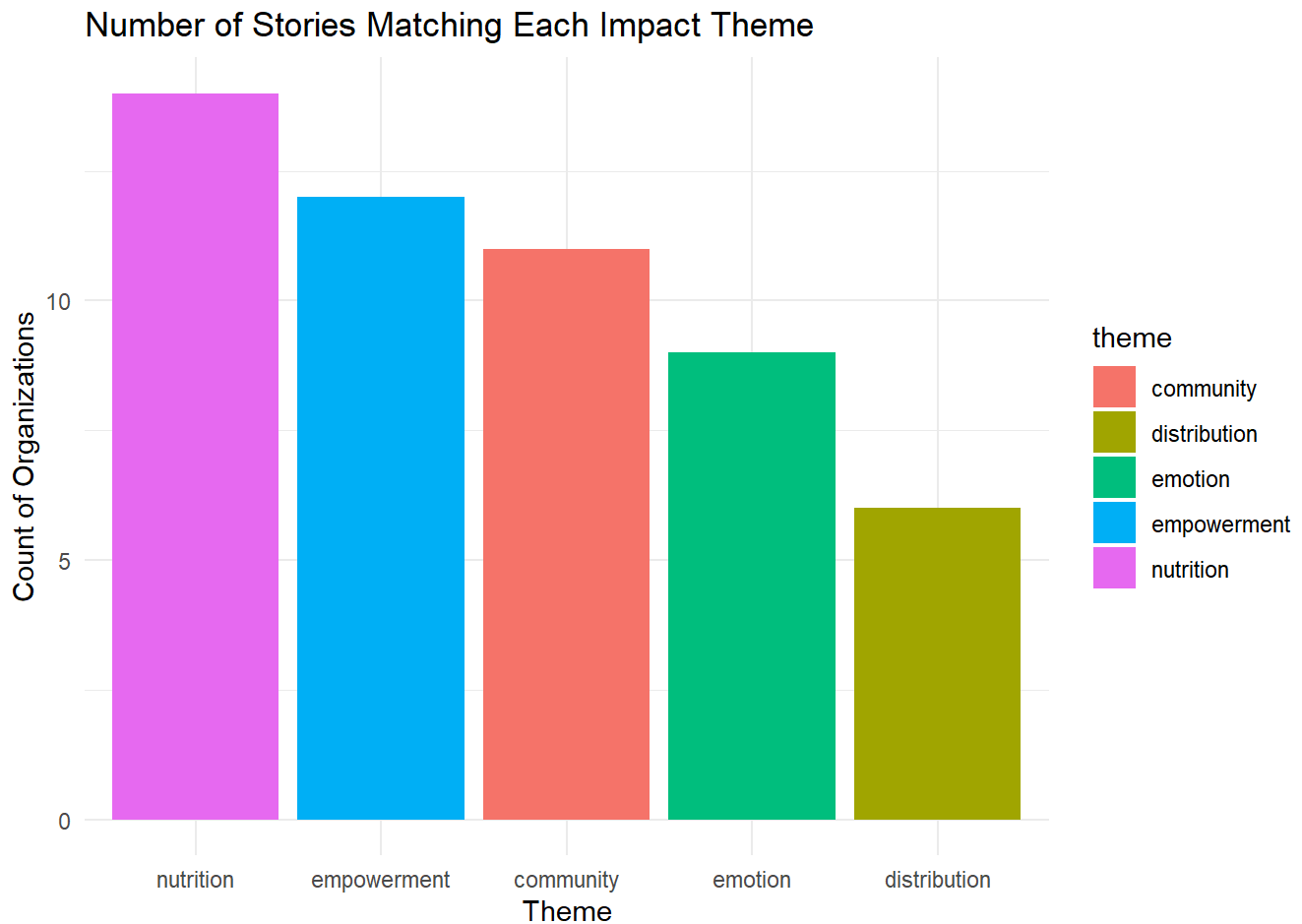
For this I chose nutrition, community, empowerment, distribution, emotion.

```
theme_summary <- theme_tags %>%
  select(nutrition, community, empowerment, distribution, emotion) %>%
  summarise(across(everything(), ~sum(.)))

theme_summary_long <- pivot_longer(theme_summary, everything(), names_to = "theme", values_to = "count")

ggplot(theme_summary_long, aes(x = reorder(theme, -count), y = count, fill = theme)) +
  geom_col() +
  labs(title = "Number of Stories Matching Each Impact Theme",
```

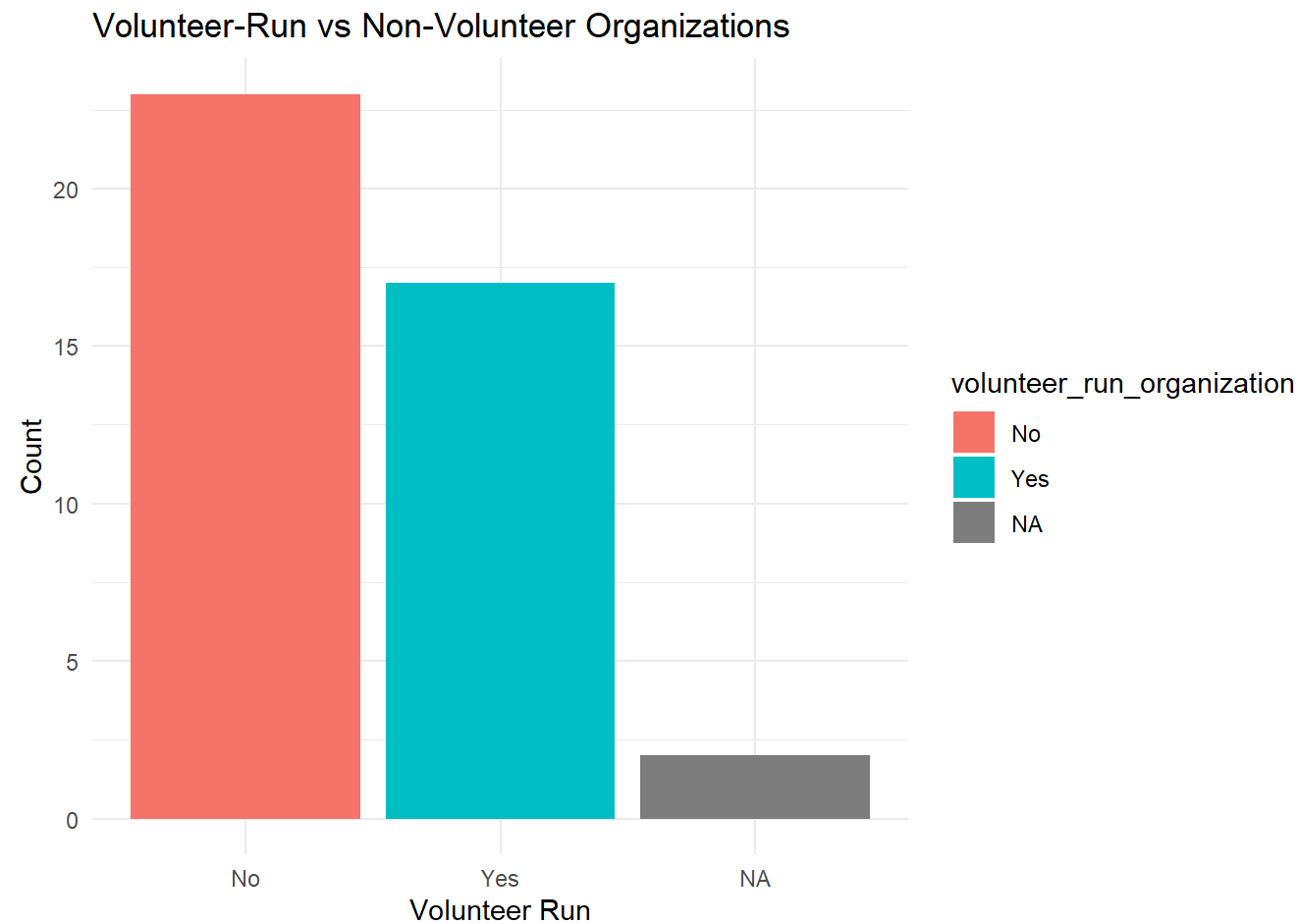
```
x = "Theme", y = "Count of Organizations") +
theme_minimal()
```



Note we can go further and do topic modelling but will leave it at themes for now.

Organization value and resilience

```
HFC_2025_clean %>%
  count(volunteer_run_organization) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = volunteer_run_organization, y = n, fill = volunteer_run_organization)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  labs(title = "Volunteer-Run vs Non-Volunteer Organizations",
       x = "Volunteer Run", y = "Count") +
  theme_minimal()
```



Nearly half of the organizations that HoFoCo works with with are volunteer-run, highlighting a strong reliance on community-driven labor. However, a slightly greater number operate with non-volunteer staffing structures. This suggests a mix of grassroots and institutional capacity within the partner network. The presence of missing values also points to potential opportunities to improve data collection clarity or completeness."

Text exploration

Importance of HoFoCo

Would work on reclaiming the schools food waste and would try to st
 Would talk to LA Mas about a new food connection. Maybe get food from the LA
 Would not know because it would bring numbers down. can only spend \$10 per day on food for the kids (there is never e
 Would have to purchase food from other sources. Would have to find another source for the food. Would have to find another source for the food.
 Would find other pantry partners. Would shift focus some
 Would figure it out, would have to find ar
 Would consolidate what tr
 Will cross that bridge if it ever
 Try to find another outlet, (orgs, c
 They would use funds to purchase food, and give out c
 They would try and find another
 they would have to find ano
 They would have to figure sor
 They would go back to serving peanut butter and jelly sandwiches like how it used to be. Less
 They would go back to reaching out and
 They would get out and ce
 It would be sad, would experience a lot of frustration from participants, extra food is very valued. Would have to go back to spending money c
 They lack a budget for food, basically would not have a consistent meal only a few times a week (Chipotle/M
 Start gardening, but our food is what is keeping many of the families afloat. They had a budget during the pandemic, bu
 Rely on Food Forward more, would have to raise money to purchase more fr
 Ramp up outreach to local businesses for end of the
 Quality would drop greatly in the meals and food that
 People would ask about what happened to the free food. "They would have less greens in their life". Would have to close the commu
 lean heavier on other partners such as Ever
 It would impact the community greatly. Receiving food as an org without documentation is very difficult. There are no other resource s
 It would be hard, would need to find another source. Would have to communicate that with guests that the quantity/volume
 It would be an immediate impact, it would limit all programs across
 Increase their food spen
 He would have to look for other options to supplement, why look for something when our qua
 Find somewhere else, but it would be more difficult to serve people and find the
 Find another place like
 Continue with less consistency of food to distribute, people would miss the c
 budget increase would
 Bu food from Costco, wi
 30-40% food budg

```
# A tibble: 97 × 3
```

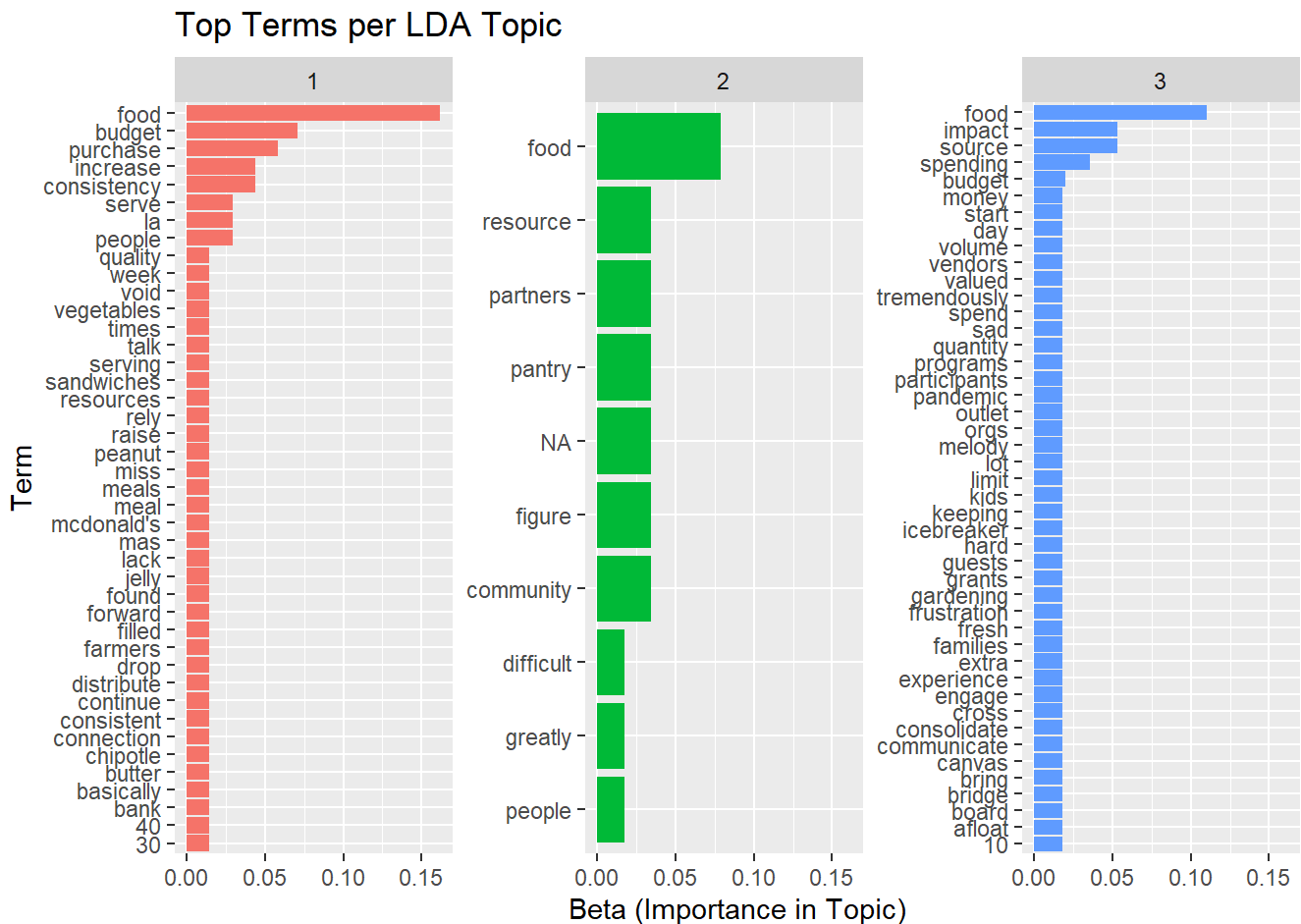
	topic	term	beta
	<int>	<chr>	<dbl>
1	1	food	0.162
2	1	budget	0.0710
3	1	purchase	0.0579
4	1	increase	0.0434
5	1	consistency	0.0434
6	1	serve	0.0290
7	1	la	0.0290
8	1	people	0.0290
9	1	quality	0.0145
10	1	farmers	0.0145

```
# i 87 more rows
```

Top 10 keywords: food, budget, purchase, increase, consistency, serve, quality, farmers based on probability values. Now to view all 97 in topics.

```
top_terms <- topics %>%
  group_by(topic) %>%
  top_n(10, beta) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(topic, -beta)
```

```
ggplot(top_terms, aes(x = reorder_within(term, beta, topic), y = beta, fill = factor(topic))) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ topic, scales = "free_y") +
  coord_flip() +
  scale_x_reordered() +
  labs(title = "Top Terms per LDA Topic",
       x = "Term", y = "Beta (Importance in Topic)")
```



Using Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA), we identified 3 major thematic clusters from open-text responses in the "hypothetical_food_response_without_hofoco" question:

Topic 1: Food Budgeting and Procurement Top terms: food, budget, purchase, consistency, increase, serve, resources, raise, distribute, continue This topic centers around how organizations plan for and manage food procurement, budgeting constraints, and ensuring consistent distribution.

We can label topic as "sustaining Food Supply through Budgeting and Purchasing"

Topic 2: Partner Reliance and Community Coordination Top terms: food, resource, partners, pantry, community, figure, difficult, people This topic shows organizations' dependence on partner networks, food pantries, and community coordination to address gaps. We can label it community Collaboration and External Resource Navigation

Topic 3: Urgency, Impact, and Emotional Strain Top terms: impact, source, spending, quantity, volume, tremendously, programs, participants, frustration, families, communicate This topic addresses the the emotional and operational impact of food insecurity and limited resources — particularly on participants and families. We can label it emotional and Operational Impact of Insecurity on Families

Note we can do more than 3 themes but for the purpose of presentation I just selected 3.

Lets try to run a regression next- work in progress