

CS319 Object Oriented Software Engineering Project Design Report First Iteration

RISE OF EMPIRES

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1.Introduction

It was the coldest night of 1939. Europe is at the edge of another chaos. Dark times are upon us! Take command of your troops and save your homeland from total annihilation. Empower your troops and defend your land. When you are no longer satisfied with defending your land, conquer the enemy lands, and expand your empire.

Rise Of Empires is a turn-based combat strategy game with GUI and designed for desktop machines. The main point of the game is to command your troops each turn and try to either defend or attack your opponent's lands in order to take control of the map. In order to conquer all the maps, the player needs both luck and strategy as the attack and defending the value of the units are decided by research (base) and dice (multiplicative).

1.1 Design Goals

We are aiming to improve our non-functional requirements we did in our analysis report. We will examine our non-functional requirements by their testability. Also, by making choices between trade offs which explained below, we are aiming to upgrade our game.

1.1.1 Trade Offs

1.1.1.1 Development time vs. Performance

Java was chosen as the programming language to minimize development time, as it is easier to design graphical user interfaces with it. However, Java is a less powerful language than languages like C++ which means performance will take a hit.

1.1.1.2 Functionality vs. Usability

For functionality a program should offer many functions and for usability the program must be easily usable so it should avoid too much complexity. In Rise of Empires we are just creating a simple game to increase player's enjoyment. Moreover, our game is not designed for too complex functions, the functions like drawing a card,

making a research is tailored to be as easy as possible in order to increase usability.

1.1.1.3 Efficiency vs. Portability

Between the efficiency and portability, we will go with efficiency. Since our game will run on one computer and be played without the internet, also, as it is explained above, we want to escape complex functions. We will not make our game portable to cross platforms. It will be an efficient pc game, run with JAVA Virtual Machine.

We are using Java as our programming language which is a highly portable language that can support apps in android. However the API that we are using, JavaFX, cannot be directly used in mobile environments so we consider this tradeoff to be a middle ground between portability and efficiency.

1.1.1.4 Understandability vs. Functionality

As we introduced above we want to escape too complex functions in our game. So, from this decision we believe that our game's understandability will be increased too. Together with usability and understandability, a player will be able to play the game with full understanding and he/she will have more fun.

1.1.2 Criteria

1.1.2.1 Usability

While developing RISE, our first target is making RISE enjoyable and easy to understand. So, in order to succeed we are trying to make a user-friendly interface which the player will not lose him/herself in too many functions instead of focusing the game. Furthermore, RISE gives the player a chance to see tips and tutorials with how to play section.

1.1.2.2 Performance

While developing RISE, our second target is we are trying to increase the performance of our game by using libraries related with GUI.

1.1.2.3 Extendibility

While developing RISE, we also think about the future and make our game extendible depending on the feedback we will get.

1.1.2.4 Portability

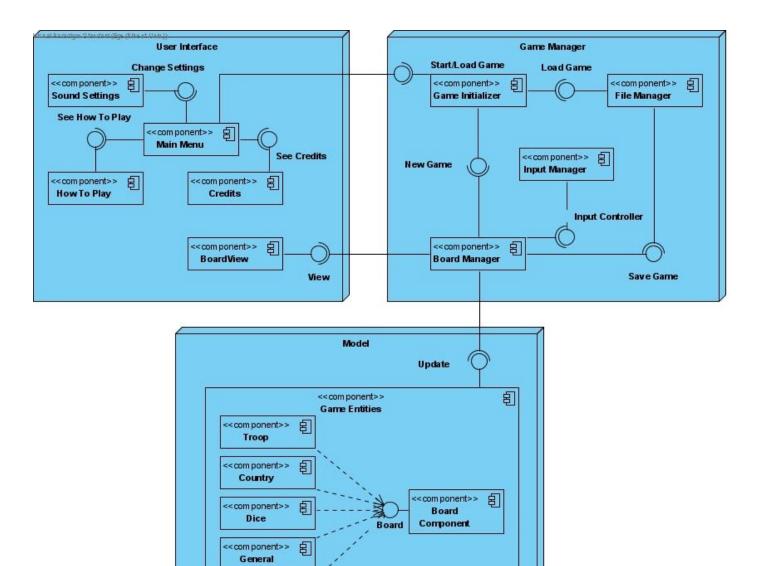
While developing RISE, we think about portability and thus we decided to use JAVA. Together with JAVA Virtual Machine our game will be portable between different pc platforms.

1.1.2.5 Response Time

While developing RISE, we are highly aware of the importance of the FPS and response time. We make our implementation in a way that RISE will not get lower than 20 frames per second and when the player makes an action game will not exceed 0.5 seconds to reply according to that action.

2. System Architecture

2.1 Subsystem Decomposition



While we were designing our system, we decided to decompose our system into subsystems in order to reduce unnecessary dependencies between components. While doing so we also reduced the dependencies between the subsystem which made the maintenance of our system easier. Because we made our system as a group of subsystems, it is also easier to add new elements or change elements of the system.

We decided to use the MVC (Model-View-Controller) design pattern. As it can be seen in the above figure our system is divided into subsystems based on the MVC (see figure 1).

We found that MVC is a favorable design pattern because of the following reasons:

- We have 3 subsystem which can be viewed as categorized as:
 - Model: Model subsystem holds all of the game entities inside. It only interacts with the Game Manager and also is controlled by it.
 - View: User Interface subsystem includes UI components which the user can interact with.
 - Controller: Game Manager subsystem holds the controllers for the whole system. It manages the initialization of the game and the continuation of the game loop.
- Our subsystem's relations can be easily reviewed as parts of the MVC pattern. Before giving a detailed information about our subsystems, let us give the functionality of our subsystems and the relations between them.
 - As mentioned earlier, User Interface subsystem provides an user interface for the user. The only relation between this subsystem and the Game Manager subsystem is for the initialization of the game and the update of the board the game is played on. Users can only use this interface to start a new game or load the previous game. The other interaction between the User Interface and the Game Manager is to update the board according to user inputs.
 - Game Manager subsystem acts as the controller of the system.
 - Input Manager is responsible for getting the user input.
 - File Manager is responsible for saving the game each turn or providing the saved file to the Game Initializer.
 - Game Initializer starts a new game with default values or with the given values from the save files gotten from the File Manager.
 - Board Manager is responsible for the main game loop. This is where the game logic is located. It also updates the BoardView and the Game Entities.
 - Model Subsystem provides the game entities to the Game Manager and its only updated by Board Manager.

2.2. Hardware/Software Mapping

In order to run our game only requirements are minimum Java 8 and keyboard and mouse.

For storage of the game, the text files will be used in order to store players' troop counts, the last turn's map (because we will save at the end of each turn), research tree progress, general and leader selections.

RISE of Empire will be played on a single computer with multiple players taking their turns to play. Therefore, RISE of Empire will not require any internet connection or database to operate.

2.3 Data Management

The game instances of RISE of Empires like cards, troops, map, etc will be stored in the player's hard drive. Moreover, we will use text files to store game data. Thus, a complex data storage system or database is not needed in this project. On the one hand, some of these text files will be instantiated during the implementation like map designs. These files cannot be modified, thus fixed. A list of classes and their information are as follows:

- Player Class: This is needed as each player's information is stored in this class. This class includes troops of the player, lands of the player, country-leader-general information of the player, existing land cards of the player, research tree of the player and the number of troops that the player gets at the start of the round.
- PlayerController Class: This class is needed as the collective information of each player is held here.

and all the classes that are included in these classes as they hold their respected information (such as card land names, troop positions, research tree progression).

On the other hand, other text files will be stored in text files that can be modified. For instance, settings(sound settings, preferences), the cards, troops, and the lands players conquered should be modified during the game. Therefore, these files will be stored in modifiable text files. Furthermore, the .waw format will be used to keep sounds and .gif will be used to keep images.

2.4 Access Control and Security

In RISE of Empires, any kind of internet/network connection or database will not be needed. As a result, the game will be accessible for everyone if the game is loaded. Therefore, no action will be taken in terms of access control and security to prevent malicious actions or data leaks.

2.5 Boundary Conditions

Our game doesn't need any kind of installation; it will not have an executable with .exe extension. Our game will have an executable jar file and the game will be executed by a .jar extension. Thus, our game will be portable. It can be transferred to another computer without any kind of installation and will be executable. The game can be shut down by clicking button on the top right or clicking "Exit" in the main menu.

If the game collapses or freezes during game time because of a performance or design issue, the unsaved data will be lost.

3. Subsystem Services

3.1 User Interface Subsystem

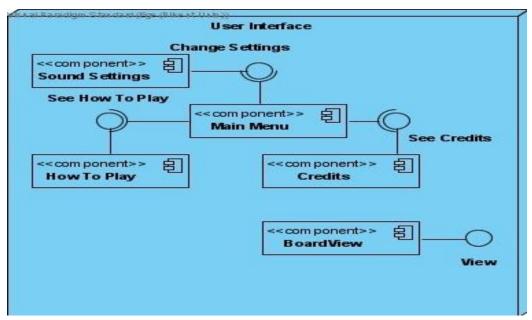


Figure 2.1 User Interface Subsystem Decomposition

This subsystem consists of 5 major components:

- 1. Main Menu
- 2. Sound Settings
- 3. How To Play
- 4. Credits
- 5. BoardView

When the user launches the program, they are met with the Menu. This menu is provided by the Main Menu component of the UI subsystem. Using the menu, users can access different parts of the game such as credits, how to play, settings, new game or load game.

BoardView provides users with an understandable model view. This component displays all of the views such as the boardView, playerView, troopView and such. This component is updated by Board Manager when a change occurs.

Users can access how to play, credits or the sound settings only on the main menu.

When the user wants to start a game, they can only do so from the main menu. This way, it becomes easier to handle the initialization of a game.

3.2 Game Manager Subsystem

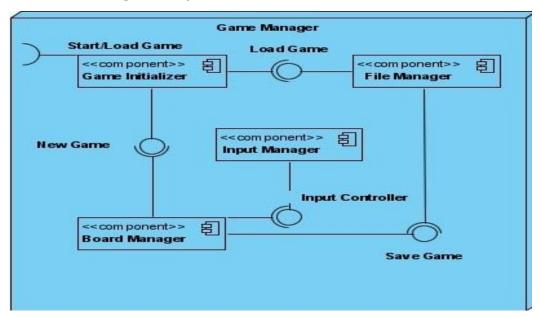


Figure 2.2 Game Manager Subsystem Decomposition

This subsystem consists of 4 major components:

- 1. Game Initializer
- 2. File Manager
- 3. Input Manager
- 4. Board Manager

As can be deduced from the name, Game Initializer takes a new game or load game input from the user and initializes the game. After the initialization, it passes the game info to the Board Manager to handle later user inputs.

File Manager is responsible for the save files. After each turn, it gets the board and player values from the Board Manager and saves it. It also handles pictures and sound files.

Input Manager handles user inputs and passes these inputs to the Board Manager for further processing.

Board Manager is the most important component of this subsystem. It handles the game loop for continuous game turns. This component also updates the game entities and the BoardView for an updated view.

3.3 Model Subsystem

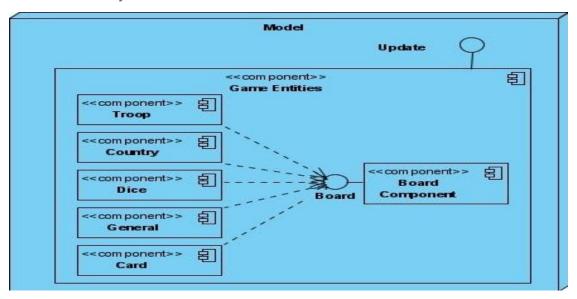


Figure 2.3 Model Subsystem Decomposition

This subsystem consists of 1 main component which consists of smaller components. This component is controlled and updated by the Board Manager.

Board Component represents the board game is played on.

Troop Component represents the troops that a player can have

Country Component represents the country the player has chosen and its attributes.

Dice Component represents the dice cast for each attack or defence option.

General Component represents the general the player has chosen and its attributes.

Card Component represents the cards users collected through the gameplay.

4. Low-Level Design

4.1 Final Object Design

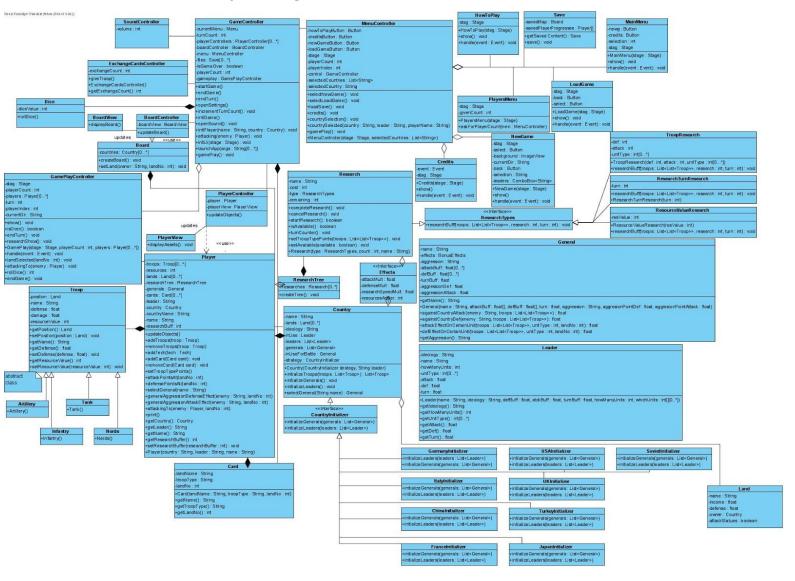


Figure 3 Final Object Design

4.2 Packages

While implementing RISE of Empire two kinds of packages: Game Related and JAVA Related. Game Related packages are simply the ones that we, developers, added for including the classes. The second one JAVA related packages are basically for external libraries.

4.2.1 Game Related Packages

4.2.1.1 Menu Package

This package is basically responsible for the game menu classes and/or interfaces.

4.2.1.2 Game Management Package

This package is responsible for RISE's heart. Most of the actions in the game are handled by this package's classes and interfaces.

4.2.1.3 Map Management Package

This package is responsible for providing classes and/or interfaces for RISE's map.

4.2.1.4 Game Entities Package

This package is responsible for providing classes and/or interfaces for the game objects.

4.2.1.5 File Management Package

This package is responsible for providing file management in RISE.

4.2.2 JAVA Related Packages

4.2.2.1 java.util

This package contains ArrayList which will be used for controlling multiple variables like players' lands, leader/general buffs and troop counts etc.

4.2.2.2 javafx.scene.layout

This package will simply be used for creating a layout for the player interface with GUI.

4.2.2.3 javafx.scene.events

This package will be used for the events and their control. This package gives users to deliver different inputs between different hardware components like a mouse.

4.2.2.4 javafx.scene.input

This package is for taking inputs from keyboard and mouse via the handlers this package provides.

4.2.2.5 javafx.scene.image

In some parts of the game like how to play section we intended to add images. In order to fulfill this desire this package will be used.

4.2.2.6 javafx.scene.paint

For handling the visual output of a game this package will be used.

4.3 Class Interfaces

4.3.1 Game Interfaces

4.3.1.1 ActionListener

This interface will be used for receiving the events when an action occurs.

4.3.1.2 MouseListener

This interface will be used for tracking mouse actions invoked by the player.

4.3.1.3 CountryInitializer

public initializeGenerals (List<General> generals)
public initializeLeaders (List<Leader> leaders)

4.3.1.4 ResearchTypes

public void researchBuff(List<List<Troops>> troops, int research, int turn):

4.3.2 Game Classes

4.3.2.1 Troop Class

- private Land position: Stores which land on the map the troop is positioned.
- private String name: Stores the name of the troop.
- private float defense: Stores the defense value of the troop.
- private float damage: Stores the damage value of the troop.
- private int resourceValue: Stores the exchange value of the troop. For example, infantry has resourceValue = 1, so it takes 3 infantry to get 1 artillery of resourceValue = 3.

Constructors:

• public Troop(): Empty constructor that will be overloaded by Troop's subclasses.

Methods:

- public float getDamage(): Returns the damage value of the troop.
- public float getDefense(): Returns the defense value of the troop.
- public void setDamage(float damage): Changes the damage value of the troop to the value int the damage parameter.
- public String getName(): Returns the name of the troop.
- public Land getPosition(): Returns the land on which the troop is standing.
- public void setPosition(): Changes the position of the troop.
- public int getResourceValue(): Returns the resourceValue of the troop.
- public void setResourceValue(int value): Sets the resourceValue of the troop to the value parameter.

4.3.2.2 Land Class

- private String name: Stores the name of the land.
- private float defense: Stores the base defense value of the land.
- private Country owner: Stores which country owns the land

- private boolean attackStatues:
- private Image img:

Constructor:

• public Land(int landNo, Country owner, Image img): Initializes the land object.

Methods:

- public String getName(): Returns the name of the Land object.
- public void setName(String name): Sets the name of the Land object.
- public float getDefense(): Returns the base defense value of the Land.
- public void setDefense(float defense): Sets the base defense value of the Land objects.
- public void setOwner(Player owner): Sets the owner of the Land object.

4.3.2.3 Country Class

Attributes:

- private String name: Stores the name of the country.
- private ArrayList<Land> lands: Stores the lands the country has.
- private String ideology: Stores the ideology message of the leader.
- private Leader in Use: Stores the current leader.
- private List<leader>: Stores an array of leaders that the country has.
- private General inUseForBattle : Stores the current general.
- private CountryInitializer strategy: The strategy that initializes generals and leaders for the given country.

Constructor:

• public Country(CountryInitializer strategy, String leader): Initializes the country object.

Methods:

• public String getName(): Returns the name of the country object.

- public void setName(String name): Sets the name of the country.
- public List<Land> getLands(): Returns the lands the country has.
- public void setLands(List<Land> lands): Sets the lands of the country to the lands given in the parameter.
- public General selectGeneral(String name): Changes in UseForBattle to the general with the given name.
- public void initializeGenerals(): Initializes the generals that the country has.
- public void initializeLeaders(): Initializes the leaders that the country has.
- public List<List<Troop>> initializeTroops
 (List<List<Troop>> troops): Initializes the troops to the given 2 dimensional troop list.

4.3.2.4 Dice Class

Attributes:

• private int diceValue: The current value of the dice. Between 1 and 6.

Constructor:

• public Dice(int value): Initializes the dice object.

Methods:

- public int rollDice(): Randomly determines a new value for the dice.
- public int getDiceValue(): Returns the value of the dice.

4.3.2.5 Leader Class

- private String ideology: Stores the explanation of the leader's ideology and the areas of the game he affects.
- private String name: Stores the name of the leader.
- private int howManyUnits: Stores the number of unity types this leader affects.
- private int[] unitType: Stores the unit types that this leader affects.

- private float attack: Stores the attack multiplier of the leader.
- private float def: Stores the defense multiplier of the leader
- private float turn: Stores the research turn multiplier that the leader has.

Constructor:

• public Leader(String name, String ideology, float def, float atck, float turn, int howMany, int whichUnits[]): Initializes the leader objects.

Methods:

- public String getIdeology(): Returns the ideology explanation of the leader.
- public String getName(): Returns the name of the leader object.
- public int getHowManyUnits(): Returns the number of unity types this leader affects.
- public int[] getUnitType(): Returns the unit types that this leader affects.
- public float getAttack(): Returns the attack multiplier of the leader.
- public float getDef(): Returns defense multiplier of the leader
- public float getTurn(): Returns the research turn multiplier that the leader has.

4.3.2.6 Player Class

- private ArrayList troops<Troop>: Stores a linked list of troops that belong to the player.
- private int resources: Stores the new troops that will be given to the player at each turn.
- private ArrayList lands<Land>: Stores a linked list of the lands that belong to the player.
- private ArrayList techs<Tech>: Stores a linked list of the techs that the player has invested in so far.
- private ArrayList generals<String>: Stores a linked list of the generals that the player has.
- private ArrayList cards<Card>: Stores a linked list of the board cards that the player has.

- private Leader leader: Stores the leader of the player's country.
- private int researchBuffer: Stores the number of research buffs that have been made.

Constructor:

• public Player(String country, String leader, String name): Default constructor for the player class.

Methods:

- public void addTroops(Troop troop): Adds a troop to the player's hand.
- public void removeTroops(Troop troop): Removes a troop from the player's hand.
- public void addTech(Research tech): Adds a research bonus from the tech tree.
- public void setLeader(String leader): Sets the leader of the player's country.
- public void addGeneral(String general): Adds a general to the player's hand.
- public ArrayList<Card> getCards(): Returns the cards in the player's hand.
- public void addCard(Card card): Adds a card to the player's hand.
- public void remove Card(Card card): Removes a card from the player's hand.
- public Country getCountry(): Returns the Player's country.
- public Leader getLeader(): Returns the Player's leader.

4.3.2.7 Bonus Effects Class

Attributes:

- public float attackMult: Stores the attack multiplier coming from the research tree and/or leader/general.
- public float defenseMult: Stores the defence multiplier coming from the research tree and/or leader/general.
- public float researchSpeedMult: Stores the change value of the research speed.

4.3.2.8 Research Class

Attributes:

- private String name: Stores the name of the research option.
- private int cost: Stores the cost associated with that research
- private ResearchTypes type:
- private int remaining:

Constructor:

• public Research(ResearchTypes type): Initializes the research object

Methods:

- public String getName(): Returns the name of the research option.
- public int getCost(): Returns the cost of the research option.
- public int setCost(): Sets the cost of the research option.
- public void completeResearch(): When a research completed, bonus effects enabled and research tree updated
- public void cancelResearch(): If the player cancels the research or gets in a situation where research has to be cancelled, this cancels the research and resets the research tree
- public BonusEffects getEffects(): Returns the effect of research.
- public boolean startResearch():
- public boolean isAvailable():
- public void turnCounter(): How many turns left to finish the research
- public void setTroopTypePoints (troops : List<List<Troop>>):

4.3.2.9 Menu Class

- public Frame howToPlayFrame: The frame that will show the tutorial of the game with images.
- public Credits creditsFrame: The frame that will show the names and pictures of the developers of the game.
- public JButton howToPlayButton: The button that will open how to play

- public JButton creditsButton: The button that will open credits
- public JButton newGameButton: The button that will initiate a new game.
- public JButton loadGameButton: Opens a prompt that will allow the user to load a saved game.

Constructor:

• public Menu(): initializes the menu

Methods:

- public void selectCredits(): After clicking the button this method will be called
- public void selectHowToPlay(): After clicking the button this method will be called
- public void selectNewGame(): After clicking the button this method will be called
- public void selectLoadGame(): After clicking the button this method will be called
- public void loadSave():In order to call the save file this method will be called
- public void countrySelected(String country, String leader, String playerName)
- public void gamePlay()

4.3.2.10 GameController Class

- private Menu currentMenu: Stores the current menu that is shown on the screen.
- private int turnCount: Stores how many turns have passed since the start
- private PlayerController playerControllers: Stores the player controllers for each player.
- private BoardController boardController: The board controller object.
- private Menu menu:
- private ArrayList<Save> files: Stores an array list of save files for each player.
- private boolean isGameOver: Stores whether or not the game has ended.
- private int playerCount: Stores the number of players currently playing the game.

• private GamePlayController gameplay

Constructor:

• public GameController(int playerCount): Initializes the game controller object.

Methods:

- public void startGame(): Starts the game.
- public void endGame(): Ends the game.
- public void endTurn(): Ends the turn.
- public void getCurrentMenu(): Returns the current menu object.
- public void setCurrentMenu(Menu currentMenu): Sets the current menu object.
- public int getTurnCount(): Returns the turn count of the game.
- public void incrementTurnCount(): Increases the current turn count of the game.
- public int getVolume(): Returns the current volume value.
- public void setVolume(int volume): Sets the volume value for the music.
- public boolean initGame(ArrayList<Save> files): Initializes the game from a save file.
- public void openSound(): Opens the sound settings options.
- public void gameplay():

4.3.2.11 PlayerController Class:

Attributes

- private Player player: The Player model.
- private PlayerView playerView: The view object of the player model.

Constructor

• public PlayerController(): Initializes the player controller object.

Methods

• public void updateObjects(): Updates the playerView.

4.3.2.12 ExchangeCardsController Class:

• public int exchangeCount: The number of card exchanges made through the game.

Constructors:

• public ExchangeCardsController(): Initializes the Exchange cards controller object

Methods:

- public int getExchangeCount(): Gets the number of card exchanges made through the game.
- public void setExchangeCount(int exchangeCount): Sets the number of card exchanges made through the game.
- public void giveTroop(): Gives the player a set amount of troops for the cards exchanged.

4.3.2.13 Credits Class

Attributes:

• public String credits: Stores the name of the developer's name.

Constructors:

• public Credits(): Initializes the credits object.

4.3.2.14 Startmenu Class

Constructors:

• public Startmenu(): Initializes the startmenu object.

4.3.2.15 Card Class

Attributes:

- private String landName: Stores the card name.
- private String troopType: Stores the troop type that the card affects.
- private int landNo: Stores the land number.

Constructor:

 public Card(String landName, String troopType, int landNo): Initializes the card object.

Methods:

• public String getLandName(): Returns the land name of the card.

- public String getTroopType(): Returns troop name of the card.
- public int getLandNo(): Returns the land number.

4.3.2.16 Artillery Class

Constructors:

• public Artillery(): Initializes the artillery object.

4.3.2.17 Tank Class

Constructors:

• public Tank(): Initializes the tank object.

4.3.2.18 Infantry Class

Constructors:

• public Infantry(): Initializes the infantry object.

4.3.2.19 Nerds Class

Constructors:

• public Nerds(): Initializes the nerds object.

4.3.2.20 Save Class

Attributes:

- public Board savedMap: Stores the map object that will be saved into the file.
- public Player[] savedPlayerProgress: Stores the players that will be saved into the file.

Constructors:

• public Save(): Initializes the save object.

Methods:

- public Save getSavedContent(): Returns the Save object
- public void save(): Writes the save file onto a document.

4.3.2.21 SoundController Class

Attributes:

• public int volume: Stores the volume value.

Constructors:

• public SoundController(): Initializes the sound controller object.

Methods:

- public void setVolume(int volume): sets the volume to the given parameter
- public void getVolume(): Returns the int volume value.

4.3.2.22 ResearchTree Class

Attributes:

• public Research[] researches: Stores all of the researches for a player.

Constructors:

• public ResearchTree(): Initializes the research tree object.

4.3.2.23 BoardController Class

Attributes:

• public BoardView boardView: Have the game board object.

Constructors:

• public BoardController(): Initializes the board controller object.

Methods:

• public void updateBoard(): After each change, updates the boardView object.

4.3.2.24 BoardView Class

Constructors:

• public BoardView(): Initializes the boardView object.

Methods:

• public displayBoard(): Displays the board as a frame.

4.3.2.25 InputController Class

Constructors:

• public InputController(): initializes the inputController object

4.3.2.26 Effects Interface

Attributes:

- public float attackMult: Stores the attack multiplier value
- public float defenseMult: Stores the defense multiplier value
- public float researchSpeedMult:Stores the research speed multiplier value
- public int researchAdder: Stores the research add value

4.3.2.27 GermanyInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of German Reich
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of German Reich

4.3.2.28 ItalyInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of Italy
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of Italy

4.3.2.29 USAInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of USA
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of USA

4.3.2.30 Chinalnitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of China
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of China

4.3.2.31 FranceInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of France
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of France

4.3.2.32 JapanInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of Japan
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of Japan

4.3.2.33 TurkeyInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of Turkey
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of Turkey

4.3.2.34 UKInitializer

Methods

- public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of Turkey
- public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of Turkey

4.3.2.35 SovietInitializer

Methods

 public initalizeGenerals(List<General> generals): Initializes the generals of Soviet Union • public initializeLeaders(List<Leader> leaders): Initializes the leaders of Soviet Union

4.3.2.36 GamePlayController

Attributes

- private Stage stag: GUI component
- private int playerCount: Stores the number of players playing the game.
- private Player players[]: Stores the player objects of each player.
- private int turn: Stores the number of the current turn
- private int playerIndex: The index of the current player.
- private String currentDir: Returns the directory of the current file.

Methods

- public void show(): Draws the GUI elements.
- public boolean isOver(): Returns whether or not the game is over.
- public void endTurn(): Ends the current turn.
- public void researchShow(): Shows the research tree
- public void handle(Event event): Handles mouse events.
- public void landSelected(int landNo):
- public int rollDice()
- public void attackingTo(Player enemy)
- public void endGame()

Constructors

 cons: GamePlay(Stage stage, int playerCount, Player players[]): Initializes the GamePlayController object.

4.3.2.37 TroopResearch

- private int def: Stores the defense multiplier of the research.
- private int attack: Stores the attack multiplier of the research.

• private int[] unitType: Stores the unit indexes that the research will affect.

Methods

- public TroopResearch(int def, int attack, int[] unitType): Initializes the research.
- public void researchBuff(List<List<Troops>> troops, int research, int turn):

4.3.2.38 ResearchTurnResearch

Attributes:

• private int turn: Stores the turn multiplier value.

Methods:

 public void researchBuff(List<List<Troops>> troops, int research, int turn): Applies the research buff to the turns it takes to complete a research.

Constructor:

• public ResearchTurnResearch(int turn): Initializes the researchTurnResearch object.

4.3.2.39 ResourceValueResearch

Attributes:

• private int resValue: Stores the resource multiplier value.

Methods:

 public void researchBuff(List<List<Troops>> troops, int research, int turn): Applies the research buff to the resources the player gains.

Constructor:

• public ResourceValueResearch(int resValue): Initializes the resourceValueResearch object.

4.3.2.40 Board Class

Attributes:

• private Country[] countries : Stores the countries in the game.

Methods:

- public void createBoard(): Draws land objects on the board.
- public void setLand(String owner, int landNo): Sets the owner of a land.

4.3.2.41 General Class

Attributes:

- private String name: Stores the name of the general.
- private BonusEffects effects: Stores the bonus effects of the general.
- private String aggression: Stores a message that states special aggression values of generals towards other countries.
- private float[] attackBuff: Stores the attack buff multiplier of the general.
- private float[] defBuff: Stores the defense buff multiplier of the general.
- private float turnBuff: Stores the turn buff multiplier of the general.
- private float aggressionDef: Stores the defense multiplier the general has against a certain country.
- private float aggressionAttack: Stores the attack multiplier the general has against a certain country.

Methods:

- public String getName(): Returns the name of the general.
- public General(String name, float[] atckBuffers, float[] defBuffers, float turn, String aggresion, float aggresionPointDef, float aggresionPointAttack): Initializes the general object.
- public float againstCountryAttack(String enemy, List<List<Troop>> troops): Adds the aggression bonus of the general while attacking a country.
- public float againstCountryDef(String enemy, List<List<Troop>> troops): Adds the defense bonus of the general while defending against country.
- public float attackEffectOnCertainUnit(List<List<Troop>> troops, int unitType, int landNo): Buffs a certain type of infantry while attacking a country with aggression values.

 public float defEffectOnCertainUnit(List<List<Troop>> troops, int unitType, int landNo): Buffs a certain type of infantry while defending against a country with aggression values.

4.3.2.42 MenuController

Attributes:

- private Button howToPlayButton: The button that opens howToPlay menu.
- private Button creditsButton: The button that opens the credits menu.
- private Button newGameButton: The button that starts a new game.
- private Button loadGameButton: The button that opens up a prompt to load a previously saved game.
- private Stage stage: GUI component
- private int playerCount: Stores the player count.
- private int playerIndex: Stores the current player's index.
- private GameController control: The gameController object.
- private List<String> selectedCountries: Stores a list of the countries that the players have selected.
- private String selectedCountry: Stores the selected country.

Constructor:

 public MenuController(Stage stage, List<String> selectedCountries)

Methods:

- public void selectNewGame(): Creates a new game.
- public void selectLoadGame(): Selects a save file to load.
- public void loadSave(): Loads a selected save.
- public void credits(): Shows the credits menu.
- public void countrySelection(): Opens up a prompt to select a country.

- public void countrySelected(String country, String leader, String playerName): Loads the values player selected into the player object.
- public void gamePlay(): Starts the game.