

1. $E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt$ $E = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2$ $P = \frac{E}{t_2 - t_1}$ $P = \frac{E}{n_2 - n_1}$

$E_{av} = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} |x(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt$

$E_{av} = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2N+1} \sum_{n=-N}^N |x[n]|^2 = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2$ $P_{period} = \frac{E_{av}}{T}$

$P_{av} = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} |x(t)|^2 dt$ $P_{av} = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2N+1} \sum_{n=-N}^N |x[n]|^2$

2. ① Energy signal: $E_{av} < \infty \Rightarrow P_{av} = 0$
 ② Power signal: $0 < P_{av} < \infty \Rightarrow E_{av} = \infty$
 ③ Infinite energy & power signal: $E_{av} \rightarrow \infty, P_{av} \rightarrow \infty$

系统性质

Memoryless 系统的输出只与当前输入 $y(t) = x(t)$
Memory $y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]$, $y[n] = x[n-1]$ 单位延迟
 $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau$, 积分器
Invertible 输入 x 与输出 y 是一一对应的。
 e.g. $y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]$ & $x[n] = y[n] - y[n-1]$
 $y[n] = x^n[n]$ & $x[n] = \ln(y[n])$
Causality 系统的输出只依赖于当前及以前的输入 (无未来)
 All memoryless systems are causal.
 e.g. $y(t) = x(t) \cos(t)$ causal.
Stability 有界输入 \Rightarrow 有界输出 $|x(t)| < B \Rightarrow |y(t)| < B$
Time-invariance $x(t) \rightarrow y(t)$ & $x(t-t_0) \rightarrow y(t-t_0)$
 e.g. $y(t) = x(t)$ 时移不变
Linearity $x_1 \rightarrow y_1, x_2 \rightarrow y_2 \Rightarrow x_1 + x_2 \rightarrow y_1 + y_2$
 e.g. $y[n] = x[n^2]$ 非线性
 $x[n] \rightarrow x[n^2]$ 非线性

DTFS

Memoryless $n=0$ 时, $h[n] = 0$ 对 $h[n] = k \delta[n]$
Invertibility $h_0(t) * h_1(t) = \delta(t)$
Causality $n < 0, h[n] = 0$ / $t < 0, h(t) = 0$
Stability $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} |h[k]| < \infty$ / $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt < \infty$

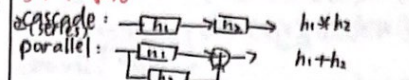
卷积

公式 $x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] h[n-k]$
 $x(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$
性质 $x[n-m] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k-m] h[n-k]$
 $= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] h[n-m-k] = x[n] * h[n-m]$
 $x(t) * h(t-d) = x(t-d) * h(t)$
 ① $x[n] * \delta[n-d] = x[n-d]$
 ② $x[n] * \delta[n] = x[n]$
计算 求 $y[n]$ 每次从 $x[n]$ 最左开始, 遵守 $x[k] y[n-k]$ 的原则, 顺序求和。
卷积性质 $x(t) * u(t) = t u(t)$
 $u(t-t_1) * u(t-t_2) = (t-t_1-t_2) u(t-t_1-t_2)$

Differential Equation

$T: \sum_{k=0}^m a_k \frac{d^k y(t)}{dt^k} = \sum_{k=0}^n b_k \frac{d^k x(t)}{dt^k}$
 $y(t) = y_p(t) + y_h(t)$
Initial reset $x(t) = 0$ for $t \leq t_0$ RP
 $y(t_0) = \frac{dy(t_0)}{dt} = \dots = \frac{d^{m-1} y(t_0)}{dt^{m-1}} = 0$
 $T: \sum_{k=0}^m a_k y[n-k] = \sum_{k=0}^n b_k x[n-k]$
 $y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^m b_k x[n-k] - \sum_{k=1}^m a_k y[n-k]$
 (normalize a_0 , compute $y[n]$ recursively)
Initial reset $y[n] = 0$ for $n \leq -1$
 让你求 $h[n]$ 的话, 把 $x[n] = \delta[n]$ 代入即可
 impulse response (加个 $\delta[n]$)

多个LTI系统



Unit Step Response (即对 impulse response)

两个函数 $\delta[n] = \begin{cases} 1, n=0 \\ 0, n \neq 0 \end{cases}$ $u[n] = \begin{cases} 1, n \geq 0 \\ 0, n < 0 \end{cases}$
 $\delta[n] = u[n] - u[n-1]$ $u[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n \delta[k]$
 ① $u(t) = \begin{cases} 0, t < 0 \\ 1, t \geq 0 \end{cases}$ $s(t) = \frac{du(t)}{dt}$ $\uparrow \delta(t)$
 $u(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t \delta(\tau) d\tau$
解释
 ① $x[n] \delta[n] = x[0], x[n] \delta[n-n_0] = x[n_0]$
 ② $x(t) \delta(t) = x(0) \delta(t)$
 $x(t) \delta(t-t_0) = x(t_0) \delta(t-t_0)$
两个 Response
 ① $x[n] = u[n] \Rightarrow y[n] = s[n]$
 $s[n] = u[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} u[k] h[n-k]$
 $= \sum_{k=-\infty}^n h[n-k]$
 $\Rightarrow h[n] = s[n] - s[n-1]$
 ② $x(t) = u(t) \Rightarrow y(t) = s(t)$
 $s(t) = u(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$
 $= \int_{-\infty}^t h(t-\tau) d\tau$
 $\Rightarrow h(t) = \frac{ds(t)}{dt}$

DTFS

公式 $x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}$ $a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n}$
周期 $x[n+N] = x[n]$
 When $k \neq 0, \pm N, \pm 2N, \dots$
 $a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sin(\frac{k\omega_0 N}{2})$
 when $k = 0, \pm N, \pm 2N, \dots$
 $a_k = a_0 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} 1 = \frac{2M+1}{N}$
性质
 ① 线性
 ② 时移 $x[n-n_0] \xrightarrow{FS} a_k e^{-jk\omega_0 n_0}$
 ③ 频移 $e^{j\omega_0 n} x[n] \xrightarrow{FS} a_{k-1}$
 ④ 共轭 $x^*[n] \xrightarrow{FS} a_k^*$
 ⑤ 时反 $x[-n] \xrightarrow{FS} a_{-k}$
 ⑥ 周期卷积 $\sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} x[r] y[n-r] \xrightarrow{FS} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} a_l b_{k-l}$
 ⑦ 卷积 $x[n] y[n] \xrightarrow{FS} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} a_l b_{k-l}$
 ⑧ 时反 $x[n] - x[n-1] \xrightarrow{FS} (1 - e^{-jk\omega_0}) a_k$
 ⑨ Parseval $\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2 = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} |a_k|^2$

CTFS

Eigenfunction
 CT: $x(t) = e^{st}, y(t) = e^{st} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$
 DT: $x[n] = z^n, y[n] = z^n \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] z^{-k}$
 Generally, $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{s_k t} / x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k z_k^n$
 $\Rightarrow y(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k H(s_k) e^{s_k t}$
 $\Rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k H(z_k) z_k^n$
 Fourier analysis: $s = j\omega, z = e^{j\omega}$ (连续/离散)

公式 $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$

$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$
 $a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T x(t) dt$
周期 $T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_0}$
性质
 ① 线性 $\alpha x(t) + \beta y(t) \xrightarrow{FS} \alpha a_k + \beta b_k$
 ② 时移 $x(t-t_0) \xrightarrow{FS} e^{-jk\omega_0 t_0} a_k$
 ③ 时反 $x(-t) \xrightarrow{FS} a_{-k}$
 ④ 时反 (幅) $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$
 $x(t) \xrightarrow{FS} a_k$
 ⑤ 卷积 $x(t) y(t) \xrightarrow{FS} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} a_l b_{k-l}$
 ⑥ 共轭 $x^*(t) \xrightarrow{FS} a_k^*$
 a. $x(t)$ real. $a_k^* = a_{-k}$
 b. $x(t)$ real and even. a_k real and even
 c. $x(t)$ real and odd. $a_k^* = -a_{-k}$
 ⑦ 微分 $\frac{dx(t)}{dt} \xrightarrow{FS} jk\omega_0 a_k$
 ⑧ 积分 $\int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau \xrightarrow{FS} \frac{a_k}{jk\omega_0}$
 ⑨ Parseval: $\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T |x(t)|^2 dt = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} |a_k|^2$
 ⑩ 频移 $e^{j\omega_0 t} x(t) \xrightarrow{FS} a_{k-1}$
 ⑪ 周期卷积 $\int_T x(\tau) y(t-\tau) d\tau \xrightarrow{FS} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} a_l b_{k-l}$
Even and odd decomposition
 $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$
 $= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} (a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) + j a_k \sin(k\omega_0 t))$
 $= a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} ((a_k + a_{-k}) \cos(k\omega_0 t) + j(a_k - a_{-k}) \sin(k\omega_0 t))$
 偶数: $a_k + a_{-k} = 0 \Rightarrow a_k$ 奇
 奇数: $a_k - a_{-k} = 0 \Rightarrow a_k$ 偶
 $x(t) = x(-t) \Rightarrow a_0 = 0$
 Even part of $x(t)$: $\frac{x(t) + x(-t)}{2}$
 odd part: $\frac{x(t) - x(-t)}{2}$
CTFT
公式 $x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$
 $X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$
FTFS $x(t)$ 周期为 T , 对应 FS 是 a_k
 $x(t)$ 为一个周期内的函数, 对应 FT 是 $X(j\omega)$
 则 $a_k = \frac{1}{T} X(j\omega) |_{\omega = k\omega_0}$ ($\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$)
信号 $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} \xrightarrow{FT} X(j\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$
性质 ① 线性 $\alpha x(t) + \beta y(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \alpha X(j\omega) + \beta Y(j\omega)$
 ② 时移 $x(t-t_0) \xrightarrow{FT} e^{-j\omega t_0} X(j\omega)$
 ③ 频移 $e^{j\omega_0 t} x(t) \xrightarrow{FT} X(j(\omega - \omega_0))$
 ④ 共轭 $x^*(t) \xrightarrow{FT} X^*(j\omega)$
 a. $x(t)$ 为实函数 $X(-j\omega) = X^*(j\omega)$
 b. $x(t)$ 实、偶 $X(j\omega)$ 实、偶
 c. $x(t)$ 实、奇 $X(j\omega)$ 虚、奇
 $x(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \{X(j\omega)\}$, $x(t) \xrightarrow{FT} j \text{Im}\{X(j\omega)\}$
 ($x(t)$ real)

- ① 时域微分 $\frac{d}{dt}x(t) \xrightarrow{FT} j\omega X(\omega)$
- ② 时域积分 $\int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{j\omega} X(\omega) + \pi X(0) \delta(\omega)$
- ③ 时域微分 $(-j\tau)x(\tau) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{d}{d\omega} X(\omega)$
- ④ 时域微分 $-\frac{1}{j\tau}x(\tau) + \pi X(0) \delta(\tau) \xrightarrow{FT} \int_{-\infty}^{\omega} X(\omega') d\omega'$
- ⑤ 尺度变换 $x(at) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{|a|} X(\frac{\omega}{a})$
- ⑥ 卷积 $x_1(t) * x_2(t) \xrightarrow{FT} X_1(\omega) X_2(\omega)$
- ⑦ 卷积 $x_1(t) x_2(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{2\pi} [X_1(\omega) * X_2(\omega)]$
- ⑧ 时域卷积 $x_1(t) x_2(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{2\pi} [X_1(\omega) * X_2(\omega)]$

Parseval $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega$
 LTI frequency response
 $H(\omega) = \frac{Y(\omega)}{X(\omega)} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} h_k e^{-j\omega k}$
 $H(\omega) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} h_k e^{-j\omega k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{d^k}{dt^k} x(t) \bigg|_{t=0} e^{-j\omega k}$

- ① $x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\pi \leq t \leq \pi \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 $X(\omega) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-j\omega t} dt = \frac{2 \sin \omega \pi}{\omega}$
- ② $x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\pi \leq t \leq \pi \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 $X(\omega) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-j\omega t} dt = \frac{2 \sin \omega \pi}{\omega}$
- ③ $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$, $a > 0$, $X(\omega) = \frac{1}{a + j\omega}$
- ④ $x(t) = \delta(t)$, $X(\omega) = 1$
- ⑤ $x(t) = 1$, $X(\omega) = 2\pi \delta(\omega)$
- ⑥ $x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t \delta(\tau) d\tau \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi \delta(\omega)$
- ⑦ $\sin \omega_0 t \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{\pi}{j} [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) - \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$
- ⑧ $\cos \omega_0 t \xrightarrow{FT} \pi [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$
- ⑨ $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - kT) \xrightarrow{FT} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{T})$
- ⑩ $e^{-at} u(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{a + j\omega}$, $t e^{-at} u(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{(a + j\omega)^2}$

DTFT
 $X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$
 $x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$
 $X(e^{j\omega})$ with 2π periodicity

LTI frequency response
 $y[n] = h[n] * x[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} Y(e^{j\omega}) = H(e^{j\omega}) X(e^{j\omega})$
 $H(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} h[n] e^{-j\omega n}$

- ① 线性: $a x[n] + b y[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} a X(e^{j\omega}) + b Y(e^{j\omega})$
- ② 时移: $x[n - n_0] \xrightarrow{DTFT} e^{-j\omega n_0} X(e^{j\omega})$
- ③ 频移: $e^{j\omega_0 n} x[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} X(e^{j(\omega - \omega_0)})$
- ④ 共轭: $x^*[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} X^*(e^{-j\omega})$
 - a. $x[n]$ real, $X^*(e^{-j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega})$
 - b. $x[n]$ imaginary, $X^*(e^{-j\omega}) = -X(e^{j\omega})$
 - c. $x[n]$ complex, $X^*(e^{-j\omega}) = X^*(e^{j\omega})$
- ⑤ 幅度: $\text{Re}\{X(e^{j\omega})\} \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{2} [X(e^{j\omega}) + X^*(e^{-j\omega})]$
- ⑥ 相位: $\text{Im}\{X(e^{j\omega})\} \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{2j} [X(e^{j\omega}) - X^*(e^{-j\omega})]$
- ⑦ 实部: $\text{Re}\{X(e^{j\omega})\} \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{2} [X(e^{j\omega}) + X^*(e^{-j\omega})]$
- ⑧ 虚部: $\text{Im}\{X(e^{j\omega})\} \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{2j} [X(e^{j\omega}) - X^*(e^{-j\omega})]$
- ⑨ 幅度平方: $|X(e^{j\omega})|^2 \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 d\omega$
- ⑩ Time expansion $x_1[n] = \begin{cases} x_2[\frac{n}{M}] & n \text{ multiple of } M \\ 0 & n \text{ not multiple of } M \end{cases}$

- ① 时域微分 $x[n] - x[n-1] \xrightarrow{DTFT} (1 - e^{-j\omega}) X(e^{j\omega})$
- ② 时域微分 $\frac{d}{dn} x[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{j\omega} X(e^{j\omega})$
- ③ 时域微分 $\frac{d}{dn} x[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{j\omega} X(e^{j\omega})$
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- ⑨ 时域微分 $\frac{d}{dn} x[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{j\omega} X(e^{j\omega})$
- ⑩ 时域微分 $\frac{d}{dn} x[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{j\omega} X(e^{j\omega})$

DTFT properties
 ① $a^n u[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{1 - ae^{-j\omega}}$
 ② $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & |n| \leq N \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{\sin(\omega(N+1/2))}{\sin(\omega/2)}$
 ③ $x[n] = \frac{\sin \omega N}{\sin \omega} \xrightarrow{DTFT} X(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq \omega \leq \pi \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

- ④ $\delta[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} 1$
- ⑤ $\delta[n - n_0] \xrightarrow{DTFT} e^{-j\omega n_0}$
- ⑥ $u[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \pi \delta(\omega - 2\pi k)$
- ⑦ $(n+1) a^n u[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})^2}$
- ⑧ $\frac{(n+1)!}{n! (r-1)!} a^n u[n] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})^r}$
- ⑨ $\frac{1}{n!} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - 2\pi k) \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{1}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})^r}$
- ⑩ $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \delta[n - kN] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})$
- ⑪ $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \delta[n - kN] \xrightarrow{DTFT} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})$
- ⑫ $\cos \omega_0 n \xrightarrow{DTFT} \pi [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$
- ⑬ $\sin \omega_0 n \xrightarrow{DTFT} \frac{\pi}{j} [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) - \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$
- ⑭ $e^{j\omega_0 n} \xrightarrow{DTFT} 2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - \omega_0 - 2\pi k)$

Parseval
 $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] h^*[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) H^*(e^{j\omega}) d\omega$
 $E_g = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 d\omega$

Magnitude-phase representation
 $Y(j\omega) = |Y(j\omega)| e^{j\angle Y(j\omega)}$
 $X(j\omega) = |X(j\omega)| e^{j\angle X(j\omega)}$
 $\angle Y(j\omega) = \angle X(j\omega) + \angle H(j\omega)$
 Linear phase system
 $H(j\omega) = e^{-j\omega t_0}$, $|H(j\omega)| = 1$
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -\omega t_0$
 $Y(j\omega) = X(j\omega) e^{-j\omega t_0} \Rightarrow y(t) = x(t - t_0)$

Non-linear system
 $x(t) \rightarrow y(t)$
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -\phi - \alpha \omega$
 $Y(j\omega) = X(j\omega) |H(j\omega)| e^{-j\phi - j\alpha \omega}$
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -\frac{d}{d\omega} \angle H(j\omega)$

Bode Plots
 $\log |Y(j\omega)| = \log |H(j\omega)| + \log |X(j\omega)|$
 $\angle Y(j\omega) = \angle H(j\omega) + \angle X(j\omega)$
 $20 \log |H(j\omega)|$ decibels (dB)
 $20 \log |H(j\omega)|$

DTFT Bode plot
 $h[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} H(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$
 $\omega \in [-\pi, \pi]$
 $\omega \in [-\pi, \pi]$

Filters

Ideal low-pass filter
 CT: $H(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\omega_c \leq \omega \leq \omega_c \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 DT: $H(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\omega_c \leq \omega \leq \omega_c \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 Impulse: $h(t) = \omega_c \text{sinc}(\omega_c t)$, $h[n] = \frac{\omega_c}{\pi} \text{sinc}(\omega_c n)$

Step Response:
 $s(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t h(\tau) d\tau$, $S[n] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^n h[m]$
 Rise time: $\frac{\pi}{\omega_c} \sim \frac{\pi}{\omega_c}$

Linearity phase:
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -\omega t_0$
 $H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\omega_c \leq \omega \leq \omega_c \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

Non ideal low pass filter
 $H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\omega_p \leq \omega \leq \omega_p \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 ω_p : pass band ripple
 ω_s : stop band ripple
 Linear phase is desirable.

Step response:
 $s(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t h(\tau) d\tau$
 Δ : overshoot
 ω_r : ringing frequency
 t_s : settling time
 t_r : rise time

Butterworth, elliptic...
 $(\omega_s - \omega_p)^2$, Trade-off.

First order and second order system

First order system
 $\tau \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) = x(t)$, $H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega \tau}$
 $e^{-t/\tau} u(t) \xrightarrow{FT} \frac{1}{1 + j\omega \tau}$

Second order system
 $\tau^2 \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 2\tau \zeta \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) = x(t)$, $H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - \omega^2 \tau^2 + j 2\zeta \omega \tau}$
 ζ : damping ratio
 ω_n : natural frequency
 $\omega = \frac{1}{\tau}$: break frequency
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -\tan^{-1}(\omega \tau)$
 $\omega = \frac{1}{\tau}$, $\angle H(j\omega) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$

Bode Plots
 $20 \log |H(j\omega)| = -20 \log |\omega \tau| \approx -20 \log \omega - 20 \log \tau$
 $\omega = \frac{1}{\tau}$: break frequency
 $\angle H(j\omega) = -\tan^{-1}(\omega \tau)$
 $\omega = \frac{1}{\tau}$, $\angle H(j\omega) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$

Math Box

- $\cos(\omega t + \varphi) = \frac{1}{2}(e^{j(\omega t + \varphi)} + e^{-j(\omega t + \varphi)})$
 $\sin(\omega t + \varphi) = \frac{1}{2j}(e^{j(\omega t + \varphi)} - e^{-j(\omega t + \varphi)})$
 $e^{j\theta} = \cos\theta + j\sin\theta \quad \cos\pi n = (-1)^n$
- $S_n = \frac{a_1(1-q^n)}{1-q}, S_{\infty} = \frac{a_1}{1-q} \quad (|q| < 1)$
- $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{j\omega t} d\omega = 2\pi \delta(t)$
- $\text{sinc}(\theta) = \frac{\sin\theta}{\theta}, \text{sinc}(0) = 1$
- $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(\tau) h(-t-\tau) d\tau = x(t) * h(-t)$
- $e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \dots$
- 分部积分 $\int u dv = uv - \int v du$

z Transform

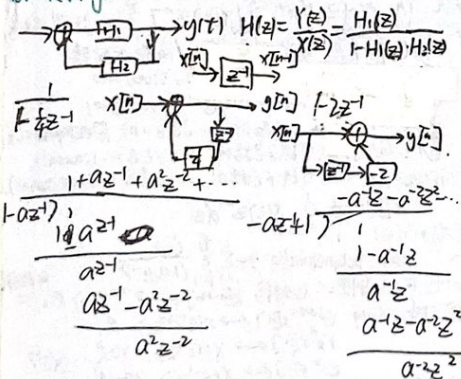
z Transform

$x[n]$	$X(z)$	$M \leq z < \infty$
$\delta[n]$	1	$ z > 0$
$a^n u[n]$	$\frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}$	$ z > a $
$a^n u[-n]$	$\frac{1}{1-az}$	$ z < a $
$\cos(\omega_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{1-z^{-2}}{1-2\cos\omega_0 z^{-1}+z^{-2}}$	$ z > 1$
$\sin(\omega_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{z^{-1}}{1-2\cos\omega_0 z^{-1}+z^{-2}}$	$ z > 1$
$r^n \cos(\omega_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{1-z^{-2}}{1-2r\cos\omega_0 z^{-1}+r^2 z^{-2}}$	$ z > r$
$r^n \sin(\omega_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{r \sin\omega_0 z^{-1}}{1-2r\cos\omega_0 z^{-1}+r^2 z^{-2}}$	$ z > r$

微分方程

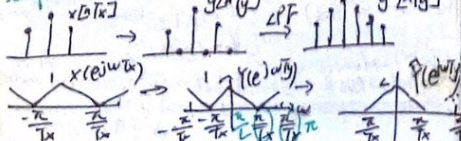
$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^M b_k z^{-k}}{\sum_{k=0}^N a_k z^{-k}}$$

Block Diagram



$$x[n] = x_a(nT_s) = \cos(2\pi f_0 nT_s) = \cos(2\pi f_0 \frac{n}{f_s})$$

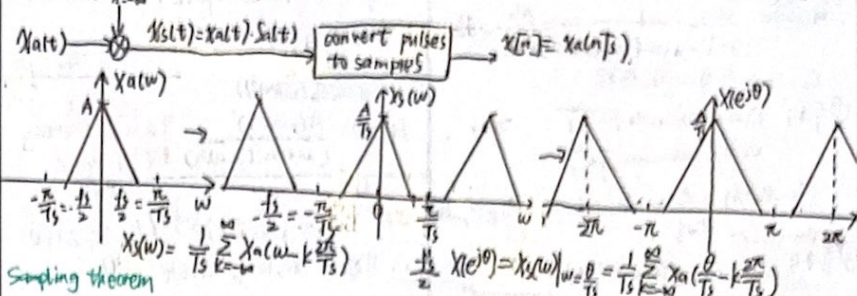
Sample rate increase



Sampling

C/D conversion

$$s(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} s(nT_s) \delta(t-nT_s) \quad \omega_s = \frac{2\pi}{T_s} \text{ sampling frequency}$$



Sampling theorem

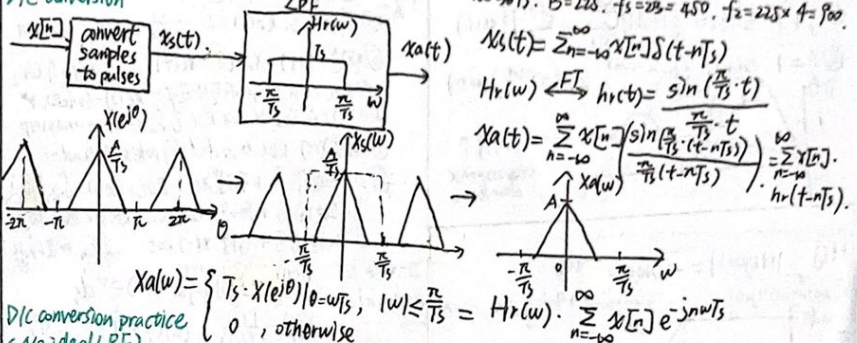
$x(t)$: $X(j\omega) = 0$ for $|\omega| > \omega_m$. Then $x(t)$ is uniquely determined by its samples $x(nT_s)$, $n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$ if $\omega_s > 2\omega_m$. ($\omega_s = \frac{2\pi}{T_s}$) ($f_s > 2f_m$)

E.g. 信号的采样: 周期信号 \rightarrow 谐波信号, 频率谱线分离, $f_s = 100 \text{ Hz}$, 占空比 50%.

E.g. 带通信号的采样: $B = f_2 - f_1$. 如果 $f_1 \neq 0$ 且 $f_2 \neq B$, $f_s = 2B$ 为最小采样频率.

若不满足, e.g. $700 \sim 900 \text{ Hz}$, 最低 f_s .
 $1700 - 700 = 1000$
 $1700 - 900 = 800$
 $1700 - X = X(200 + X) \Rightarrow X = 25$
 $700 + 25 = 725$, $B = 225$, $f_s = 2B = 450$, $f_2 = 225 + 4 = 229$

D/C conversion



D/C conversion practice

(No ideal LPF)

① zero order hold $h(t)$ (代替 $h_r(t)$)
 $x_a(t) = x[n] h(t-nT_s) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n] h(t-nT_s)$
 $H_c(j\omega) = \frac{\sin(\omega T_s/2)}{\omega T_s/2} e^{-j\omega T_s/2} = H_o(j\omega)$

② Compensation filter 加在 $x_a(t)$ 后面. 实现 $H_c(j\omega)$.

③ First order hold
 $h_1(t) = \begin{cases} T_s - t, & 0 \leq t < T_s \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
 $H_1(j\omega) = \frac{1}{T_s} \left(\frac{\sin(\omega T_s/2)}{\omega/2} \right) e^{-j\omega T_s/2}$

Processing analog signal with discrete time filter, otherwise
 $x(t) \xrightarrow{H_a(s)} y_a(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} y(t)$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

Processing discrete-time signal with analog filter
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} x(t) \xrightarrow{H_a(s)} y_a(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

Sample rate decrease
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} y(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

E.g. decimator
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} y(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

Sample rate increase
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} x(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

E.g. decimator
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} y(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

Sample rate increase
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} x(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

E.g. decimator
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} y(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

Sample rate increase
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} x(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

E.g. decimator
 $x[n] \xrightarrow{M/D} y[n] \xrightarrow{D/C} y(t) \xrightarrow{C/D} y[n]$
 $y_a(t) = y[n] \delta(t-nT_s) \Rightarrow H_d(e^{j\omega}) = H_a(j\omega) \big|_{\omega = \frac{\Omega}{T_s} \text{ for } |\Omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{T_s}}$

Second order CT system ω_n : un-damped natural f. ζ : damping ratio

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 2\zeta\omega_n \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + \omega_n^2 y(t) = \omega_n^2 x(t)$$

A impulse $H(j\omega) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{(j\omega)^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n(j\omega) + \omega_n^2} = \frac{M_1}{j\omega - c_1} - \frac{M_2}{j\omega - c_2}$

c_1, c_2 : 分母=0的根.

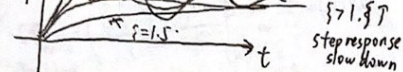
① $\zeta < 1$: $C_1 = -\zeta\omega_n + j\omega_n\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}$
 $C_2 = -\zeta\omega_n - j\omega_n\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}$
 $M_1 = M_2 = M = \frac{\omega_n}{2\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} \Rightarrow h(t) = M(e^{\sigma t} - e^{\sigma^* t})u(t)$

critically damped $\zeta = 1$ $C_1 = C_2 = -\omega_n$ $H(j\omega) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{(j\omega + \omega_n)^2}$
 $\Rightarrow h(t) = \omega_n^2 t e^{-\omega_n t} u(t)$

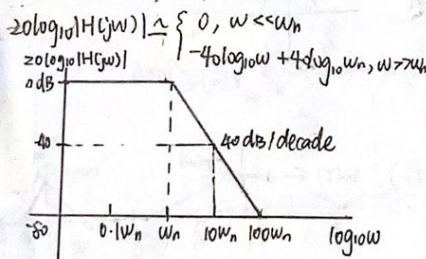
For case ①: $\zeta > 1$ no oscillation
 a. $\zeta \in (0, 1)$: $h(t) = \frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t) u(t)$
 b. $\zeta > 1$: $h(t) = \frac{\omega_n}{2\sqrt{\zeta^2-1}} (e^{\sigma_1 t} - e^{\sigma_2 t}) u(t)$

B. Step Response

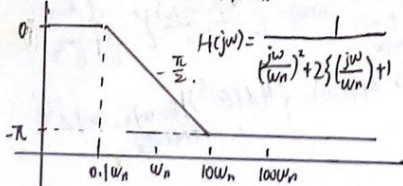
① $\zeta < 1$: $s(t) = \{1 + M[\frac{e^{\sigma_1 t}}{c_1} - \frac{e^{\sigma_2 t}}{c_2}]\} u(t)$
 ② $\zeta = 1$: $s(t) = \{1 - e^{-\omega_n t} - \omega_n t e^{-\omega_n t}\} u(t)$



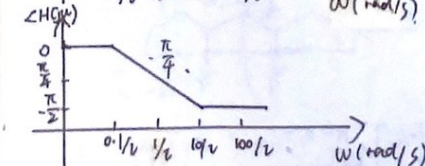
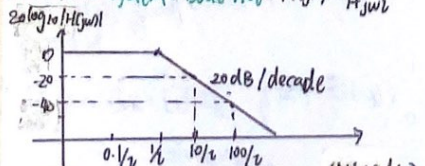
Second-order CT system: Bode plot



$$\angle H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 0, & \omega \leq 0.1\omega_n \\ -\frac{\pi}{2} [\log_{10}(\frac{\omega}{\omega_n}) + 1], & 0.1\omega_n \leq \omega \leq 10\omega_n \\ -\pi, & \omega \geq 10\omega_n \end{cases}$$



First order system: Bode Plot $H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega\tau}$



Bode Plot $H(j\omega) = k$

If $k > 0$: $k = |k|e^{j0}$, If $k < 0$: $k = |k|e^{j\pi}$
 $20\log_{10}|H(j\omega)| = 20\log_{10}|k|$
 $\angle H(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 0, & k > 0 \\ \pi, & k < 0 \end{cases}$

Bode Plot 幅频 (已画图)

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{A(j\omega - \omega_n)^2}{(j\omega + \omega_{n1})(j\omega + \omega_{n2})}$$

(分频点) ω_n 是 break frequency. 再定上下, 再求 A.

Laplace Transform

$$X(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-st} dt, s = \sigma + j\omega$$

$$\text{单边 LT: } X(s) = \int_0^{\infty} x(t)e^{-st} dt$$

$$\text{LT \& FT } X(s) = \text{FT}\{x(t)e^{-\sigma t}\}$$

$$X(s)|_{s=j\omega} = \text{FT}\{x(t)\}$$

RDC region s for which $\int_0^{\infty} |x(t)|e^{\sigma t} dt < \infty$

① strip in s-plane ② 不含极点

③ $x(t)$ 有限区间可积, RDC 包含整个 s-plane

$$\int_0^{\infty} |x(t)|e^{-\sigma t} dt = \int_0^{\infty} |x(t)|e^{-\sigma t} dt \leq M_0 \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\sigma t} dt$$

④ 右通信号, $\text{Re}(s) = \sigma_0$ 在 RDC \Rightarrow RDC 至少含 $\sigma > \sigma_0$

⑤ 左通信号, $\text{Re}(s) = \sigma_0 = 0 \Rightarrow \sigma < \sigma_0$ RDC.

⑥ 双边, $x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t)$, $\text{RDC} = \text{RDC}_1 \cap \text{RDC}_2$

\Rightarrow RDC is a strip (有界是带)

$\text{Re}(s) = \sigma_0$ 在 RDC \Rightarrow RDC 包含 $\text{Re}(s) = \sigma_0$ 的 strip.

⑦ 有理 $X(s)$, RDC bounded by poles/extend to ∞ .

⑧ a. 右通信号 + 有理 $X(s)$ RDC: $\text{Re}(s) > \text{最右极点}$

b. 左通信号 + 有理 $X(s)$ RDC: $\text{Re}(s) < \text{最左极点}$

c. 双边信号 + 有理 $X(s)$ RDC: $\text{Re}(s) < \text{最左极点}$

Inverse LT $x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma_0 - j\infty}^{\sigma_0 + j\infty} X(s)e^{st} ds$

Rational LT $X(s) = \frac{P(s)}{Q(s)}$, $Q(s) = \prod_{i=1}^n (s - s_i)^{p_i}$

$$X(s) = R(s) + \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{C_k}{(s - s_k)^{p_k}} \quad \deg(R) = \deg(P) - \deg(Q)$$

LT 性质

① 时移 $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t-t_0) \leftrightarrow e^{-s t_0} X(s)$ R

② 时移 $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t)e^{-\sigma_0 t} \leftrightarrow X(s - \sigma_0)$ $R + \text{Re}(s_0)$

③ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} X(\frac{s}{a})$ aR

④ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(-s)$ $-R$

⑤ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑥ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑦ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑧ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑨ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑩ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑪ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

⑫ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

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㉑ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

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㉓ 时移 (时移) $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(s)$ $x(t) \leftrightarrow X^*(s^*)$ R

① 时移 (时移) $\frac{d^n}{dt^n} x(t) \leftrightarrow s^n X(s) - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} s^{n-k} x^{(k)}(0^-)$

② 时移 (时移) $x(t) x(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(s) X(s - s') ds'$

③ 时移 (时移) $\frac{1}{t} x(t) \leftrightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(s) ds$

LT 变换对

LT	ROC
$\delta(t)/\delta(t-T)$	$1/e^{-sT}$ all s/all s
$u(t)/u(t-T)$	$\frac{1}{s}$ $\text{Re}(s) > 0$ all s
$-u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{s}$ $\text{Re}(s) < 0$
$\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s^n} = s^{-n}$ $\text{Re}(s) > 0$
$-\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{s^n} = s^{-n}$ $\text{Re}(s) < 0$
$e^{-at} u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$ $\text{Re}(s) > a$
$-e^{-at} u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$ $\text{Re}(s) < a$
$\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} e^{-at} u(t)$	$\frac{1}{(s-a)^n} = (s-a)^{-n}$ $\text{Re}(s) > a$
$-\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} e^{-at} u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{(s-a)^n} = (s-a)^{-n}$ $\text{Re}(s) < a$
$\cos(\omega_0 t) u(t)$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega_0^2}$ $\text{Re}(s) > 0$
$\sin(\omega_0 t) u(t)$	$\frac{\omega_0}{s^2 + \omega_0^2}$ $\text{Re}(s) > 0$
$\cos(\omega_0 t) e^{-at} u(t)$	$\frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2 + \omega_0^2}$ $\text{Re}(s) > -a$
$\sin(\omega_0 t) e^{-at} u(t)$	$\frac{\omega_0}{(s+a)^2 + \omega_0^2}$ $\text{Re}(s) > -a$
$u(-nt) = u(t) * \dots u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s^n}$ $\text{Re}(s) > 0$

LT \& System function

① causal \Rightarrow RDC 在右半平面, causal + 有理 $H(s) \Rightarrow$ RDC 在右半平面

② stable \Rightarrow RDC 在左半平面 ($\text{Re}(s) < 0$)

③ 有理 + causal + stable \Rightarrow 所有极点都在左半平面.

Block Diagram

$x(t) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow y(t)$ $H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{H_1(s)}{1 - H_1(s)H_2(s)}$

双边: 求零极点. 单边: 求全响应 = $\frac{Y(s)}{D(s)} + \frac{1}{s}$

z Transform $X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]z^{-n}$ 单边: $X(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x[n]z^{-n}$ (z^{-1})

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