Data Structure Week (4)

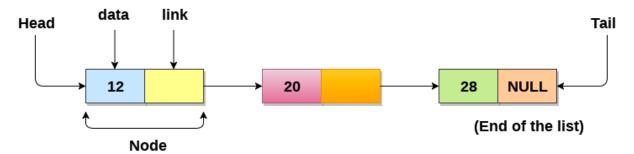
Section Content:

Single Linked List

Linked List

A linked list is a linear data structure, in which the elements are not stored at contiguous memory locations.

- Dynamically Allocated Lists
- Size can vary at runtime
- No memory Wastage
- Elements can be inserted till memory is available



Implementation Node of a Single lined list

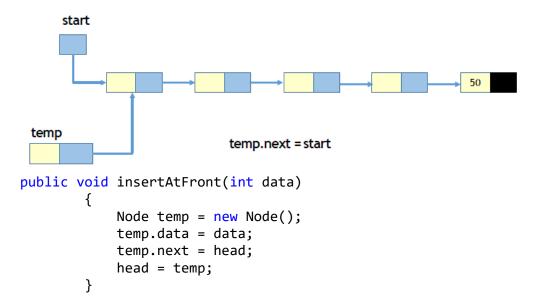
```
class Node
    {
        public int data;
        public Node next;
Single lined list
```

class SingleLinkedList Node head;

Insertion in a Single Linked list

- Insertion in the beginning
- Insertion at the end
- Insertion in between the list nodes
- Insertion at a given position

Insertion in the beginning



Insertion at the end

```
start p temp
```

Insertion after a node

```
start
                  p
                                              temp.next = p.next;
                           temp
                                              p.next = temp ;
public void insertAfter(int data, int item)
            Node temp = new Node();
            temp.data = data;
            Node p = head;
            while( p!= null)
                if(p.data == item)
                {
                    temp.next = p.next;
                    p.next = temp;
                    return;
                p = p.next;
            Console.WriteLine("{0} not present in the list\n", item);
        }
```

Insertion before a node

```
public void insertBefore(int data, int item)
{
    Node temp = new Node();
    temp.data = data;
    if (head == null)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("List is empty!");
        return;
    }
    if(item == head.data)
    {
        temp.next = head;
        head = temp;
        return;
    }
    Node p = head;
    while(p != null)
```

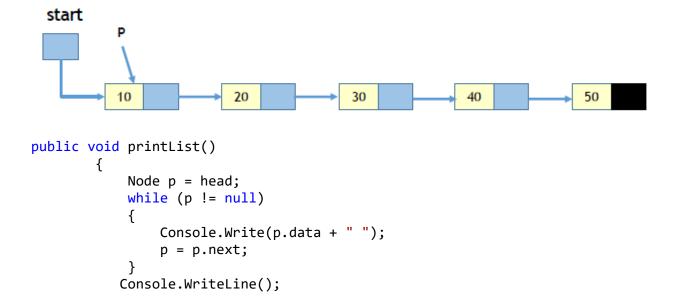
```
{
    if (p.next.data == item)
    {
        temp.next = p.next;
        p.next = temp;
        return;
    }
    p = p.next;
}
Console.WriteLine("{0} not present in the list\n", item);
}
```

Insertion at a given position

```
k = 4
  start
                                 p
                         21
           17
                                                     25
                                         3
            1
                                                       5
                           2
                                                                    6
                                                10
 p=start;
                                                                 temp.next = p.next
                                           temp
 for(i=1; i< k-1 && p!=null; i++)
                                                                 p.next = temp
        p = p.next
public void insertAtPosition(int data, int pos)
             if (pos == 1)
                 insertAtFront(data);
                 return;
            Node temp = new Node();
            temp.data = data;
            Node p = head;
            for (int i = 1; i < pos - 1 && p != null; i++)</pre>
                 p = p.next;
             if (p == null)
                 Console.WriteLine("There are less than {} elements\n", pos);
             else
             {
                 temp.next = p.next;
                 p.next = temp;
             }
```

}

Traversal of Linked list



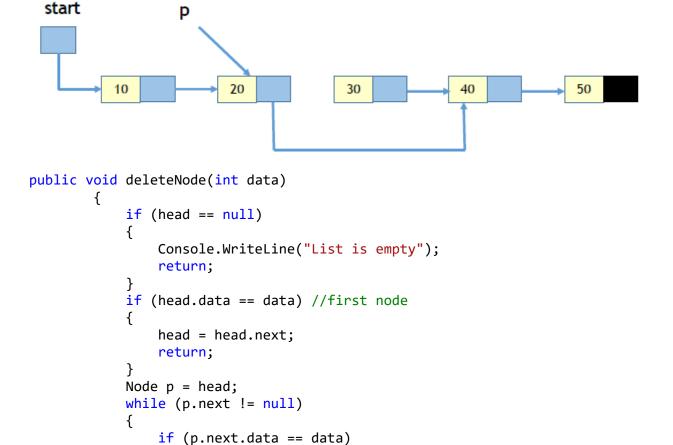
Counting Nodes in a linked List

}

Searching in a Linked List

```
return;
}
p = p.next;
pos++;
}
Console.WriteLine("Item {0} not found in list\n", data);
}
```

Deletion in a Single Linked List



p.next = p.next.next;

Console.WriteLine("Element {0} not found", data);

return;

p = p.next;

Reversing a single linked List

}

