

Python `os` Module – Quick Notes

What is `os`?

- A **built-in Python module** for interacting with the **operating system**.
- Helps with **files, directories, environment variables, and processes**.

Directory Handling

```
import os

print(os.getcwd())      # 📁 Get Current Working Directory
os.chdir("C:/Users")    # 🕒 Change Directory
print(os.listdir())     # 📋 List files & folders
```

Creating & Removing Directories

```
os.mkdir("new_folder")  # 📁 Create single directory
os.makedirs("a/b/c")    # 📁 Create nested directories
os.rmdir("new_folder")  # 🗑️ Remove empty directory
os.removedirs("a/b/c")  # 🗑️ Remove nested empty directories
```

File Handling

```
os.remove("file.txt")   # 🗑️ Delete file
os.rename("old.txt", "new.txt") # ✏️ Rename file
```

Path Handling (`os.path`)

```
os.path.exists("file.txt") # 🔗 File exists?
os.path.isfile("file.txt") # 📄 Is it a file?
os.path.isdir("folder")   # 📁 Is it a folder?
```

```
os.path.join("folder", "a.txt")# 🔗 Join paths
os.path.abspath("file.txt")    # 📌 Absolute path
```

Environment Variables

```
print(os.environ)          # 🕒 All environment variables
print(os.environ.get("PATH")) # 📌 Get specific variable
```

System & Process Info

```
os.name          # 🖥️ OS name → 'nt' (Windows), 'posix' (Linux/Mac)
os.getlogin()    # 👤 Current user
os.getpid()      # 🕒 Process ID
```

Example: Loop through files

```
import os

for file in os.listdir():
    if os.path.isfile(file):
        print("📄 File:", file)
    else:
        print("📁 Folder:", file)
```

🔔 **In short:** `os` = your **toolbox** for OS-level tasks (files, folders, processes, environment).