Zhang Boxuan

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RESEARCH INTEREST

Computer Vision Machine Learning Programming Object Detection/Classification in Natural&Remote-Sensing Scenes

Self&Semi-supervised Learning, Active Learning, Reliable Machine Learning

LaTex, Python, Pytorch, JavaScript

EDUCATION

Wuhan University Wuhan, CHN

M.E. in Artificial Intelligence September 2022 - June 2024 (expected)

- GPA: 3.74/4.00(92.08)

- IELTS: 7.0

Wuhan University

B.E. in Computer Science and Technology

September 2018 - June 2022

- GPA: 3.60/4.00(88.81)

RESEARCH AND PROJECT

Object Detection in Remote-Sensing Images

2022.11-2023.07

- It focuses on Semi-Supervised Object Detection(SSOD) and Active Learning(AL).
- It proposes a novel AL method to boost SSOD for remote sensing images with a teacher-student network, called SSOD-AT, which can achieve high detection accuracy **only with limited labeled samples**. This helps to solve the problem that the available labeled images for object detection are very limited in remote-sensing scenes.
- Experiments on two popular datasets, DOTA and DIOR, show that SSOD-AT can achieve comparable detection capability to the **fully supervised model** only with the label proportion of **50.0%** on DOTA and **30.0%** on DIOR.
- The code is publicly available at: github.com/ZBox1005/SSOD-AT

Machine Learning on Tunnel Boring Machines (TBMs) Excavation

2023.10

- This project was carried out in collaboration with the School of Civil Engineering, Wuhan University.
- This is a study of rock mass accurate classification based on multi-algorithm cross multi-feature optimization selection and TBM parameter efficient prediction using low-dimensional inputs. It helps TBMs to perceive geological conditions in advance and study the optimal operational parameters under geological variations.
- For rock mass classification, we conducted extensive experiments on **different models**, reaching the classification performance with an F1 score of **0.88** for the four-class classification and **0.90** for the binary classification.
- For parameter prediction, in comparison to the reference prediction accuracy provided by the proposition group, the **GANDALF-based models** improve the average goodness of fit (R2) for single-cutter torque from 0.7171 to **0.7615** and for single-cutter thrust from 0.5895 to **0.6691**.
- The code is publicly available at: github.com/ZBox1005/TBM-Competition

Self-Supervised Techniques for Intelligent Image Annotation

2023.04

- This project is applying for the Hubei Provincial Technology Innovation Program in collaboration with Hubei People's Hospital and Wuhan Zhongzhi Digital Technology Company, which is led by my master's advisor, Dr. Zengmao Wang.
- It is aimed at "smart city" and "smart healthcare", and is committed to achieving or even surpassing the performance of a large number of labeled images by using only image-level annotations or unlabeled images.
- In this project, I am responsible for the research of self-supervised learning models.

Semantic Segmentation for Open Set Domain Adaptation

2022.01-2022.05

- o It focuses on unsupervised domain adaptation and feature alignment.
- It performs **feature alignment** by means of a cross bilateral filter and depth-based warping, which allows the segmentation model to **better migrate between open domains**(eg. daytime to nighttime).
- It is the feature alignment that plays a significant role in semantic segmentation field, especially in open set domain scenes.

PUBLICATIONS (Under Review)

 Boosting Semi-Supervised Object Detection in Remote Sensing Images with Active Teaching Boxuan, Zhang and Zengmao, Wang and Bo, Du submitted to IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Letters, 2023. Rank: Q1.

AWARDS

O The third place in The Second TBM Excavation Paramete	r Data Sharing and Machine I	earning Competition.
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