Project 1: Airport Simulation

Instructions

For this project, you and your group will be designing and implementing a system in C or C++, that will simulate the growth of an airport over time. Specifically, you will be simulating the growth of **domestic**, **international**, and **cargo zones**, and seeing how **pollution(noise) impacts** the overall **development of an airport**.

Additionally, sample input files can be found on the project zip file. You can copy the input files from there.

Further, you will need to utilize the GitLab code repository located at https://csegitlab.engineering.unt.edu/. You may access it from the website, the terminal, or an IDE of your choice.

Also, as a reminder, all of the work for this project must be the sole product of the group. You may not share code with other groups, or download solutions off the internet, as doing so will be considered cheating. If you are struggling with a concept or implementation, you are encouraged to contact the instructor or your TA's for aid.

Requirements

This assignment has two parts: a wiki portion and an implementation portion.

1- Wiki

For the wiki portion, the group must generate documentation describing their system using the wiki functionality provided by GitLab. The wiki must contain at least one page that provides a high-level description of the entire system, and must contain at least one page for each of the major functionality components (i.e. if there are five major functionality components, there should be at least five pages).

For the high-level description page, the team must provide a brief description of each of the major functionality components, how they work together, and some of the major data structures across the entire project. This information should not be copied and pasted from the project instructions. The page must also contain a diagram of the entire system, based on the one created during recitations. The diagram must be created digitally (i.e. using PowerPoint, etc.), must be easy to read and understand, and cannot be photographed or scanned images.

For each major functionality component page, the student accountable for that component must provide a detailed description of their component. This description should have three labeled sections: a brief description of the purpose of the component, a description of how data was stored and maintained for this component, and a description of the functionality for the component. They might also consider including diagrams to more easily visualize how all of the pieces fit together.

For the data storage and maintenance section, there should be an explanation of how data was stored and maintained in their component. What, if any, objects or structs were created to store data? How were they organized and managed? What types of formal data structures were made use of (trees, graphs, arrays, hashes, etc)?

For the functionality component, there should be an explanation of the major functions in the component. How is data moved and transformed? How is it read in? How is it output? What are the various major functions constructed and how do they work?

Descriptions and explanations should be primarily in prose and paragraph format, not bulleted lists. Code snippets are also acceptable but must be used as an enhancement to the explanation of functionality not as a substitution for it.

Your grade for the wiki will partly be based on apparent effort, so please be thorough in your descriptions. Additionally, because this is a wiki, the high-level description page must have links to all of the major functionality component pages.

2 - Implementation

- Your program must provide the following functionality and adhere to the following constraints:
 - o Your int main() should be in its own .c/.cpp file
 - o All .c/.cpp files, except your main.c/main.cpp, must have associated header files. You may not #include a .c/.cpp file, only header files
 - o Allow the user to input the file containing the simulation configuration
- Do NOT hardcode the filename into your program
 - O The first line will provide the name of the file containing the zone layout (Do **NOT** prompt the user for this filename)
- The second line will provide the maximum amount of time steps the simulation can take
 - O The third line will provide the refresh rate of how often the current state of the zone should be output to the user during simulation
- Your system should perform the following operations:
- Read in and store the simulation configuration information

1- Read in and store the initial zone layout

- The file will be in CSV format
- The zone may be any sized rectangle.
- The zone contains 0 pollution(noise) and activity at the beginning of the simulation
- (D) represents a domestic zone
- (C) represents a cargo zone
- (I) represents an international zone
- (T) represents a powerline
- (-) represents a terminal
- # represents a powerline over a terminal
- (P) represents a power plant

2- Output the initial zone state

- If a cell is zoned domestic, cargo, or international and has a population of 0, the letter representing the zone type should be displayed instead of its population
- The initial zone state can be interpreted as time step 0

3- Simulate the development of the airport over time

- **Termination Rule:** The simulation should stop when there is no change between two, consecutive time steps or when the time limit has been reached, whichever comes first
- The current time step, number of available workers, and number of available goods should be output for each timestep except time step 0
- The state of the zone should be output at the frequency denoted by the refresh rate in the configuration file
- The zone is considered to be flat, and thus the edges do not wrap around to connect to each other
- Two cells are considered adjacent if they share an edge or corner (i.e. a cell may be adjacent to a maximum of eight other cells, and a minimum of three other cells)
- Each of the zoned cells will change their state according to the provided rules
- In the event of a decision needing to be made over two zoned cells that could grow and use available resources, the following rules must be used in order:

o International zoned cells are prioritized over cargo zoned cells

- O The growth of larger population zoned cells is prioritized over smaller population zoned cells (i.e. a 1 population cell will always grow before a 0 population cell)
- O The growth of zoned cells with greater total adjacent population is prioritized over zoned cells with smaller total adjacent population
- O The growth of zoned cells with smaller Y coordinates is prioritized over zoned cells with greater Y coordinates, assuming the top left cell is 0,0
- O The growth of zoned cells with smaller X coordinates is prioritized over zoned cells with greater X coordinates, assuming the top left cell is 0,0

Domestic

- 1. If a cell has a population of 0 and is adjacent to a powerline in the current time step, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step
- 2. If a cell has a population of 0 and is adjacent to at least one cell with a population of at least 1, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step
- 3. If a cell has a population of 1 and is adjacent to at least two cells with a population of at least 1, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step
- 4. If a cell has a population of 2 and is adjacent to at least four cells with a population of at least 2, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step
- 5. If a cell has a population of 3 and is adjacent to at least six cells with a population of at least 3, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step
- 6. If a cell has a population of 4 and is adjacent to at least eight cells with a population of at least 4, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step
- 7. The domestic population provides workers to the cargo and international zones, but each worker can only have one job

Cargo

- 1. If a cell has a population of 0, is adjacent to a powerline in the current time step, and there are at least 2 available workers, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available workers are assigned to that job
- 2. If a cell has a population of 0, is adjacent to at least one cell with a population of at least 1, and there are at least 2 available workers, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available workers are assigned to that job
- 3. If a cell has a population of 1, is adjacent to at least two cells with a population of at least 1, and there are at least 2 available workers, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available workers are assigned to that job
- 4. If a cell has a population of 2, is adjacent to at least four cells with a population of at least 2, and there are at least 2 available workers, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available workers are assigned to that job
- 5. A cell produces pollution(noise) equal to its population, and pollution(noise) spreads to all adjacent cells at a rate of one less unit of pollution(noise) per cell away from the source
- 6. The cargo zone provides goods to the international zones, at a rate of one good per population, but each good can only be sold at one international cell

International

- 1. If a cell has a population of 0, is adjacent to a powerline in the current time step, there is at least 1 available worker, and there is at least one available good, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available worker and available good are assigned to that job
- 2. If a cell has a population of 0, is adjacent to at least one cell with a population of at least 1, there is at least 1 available worker, and there is at least one available good, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available worker and available good are assigned to that job
- 3. If a cell has a population of 1, is adjacent to at least two cells with a population of at least 1, there is at least 1 available worker, and there is at least one available good, that cell's population will increase by 1 in the next time step and the available worker and available good are assigned to that job
- 1. Output the final zone state
- 2. Output the total, regional population for domestic zones, cargo zones, and international zones
- 3. Output the final regional pollution(noise) state
- 4. Output the total pollution(noise) in the region
- 5. Prompt the user for the coordinates of some rectangular area of the zone to analyze more closely
 - a. You must perform boundary checking to make sure the coordinates are within the bounds of the region, and re-prompt the user if their coordinates are outside the bounds
- 6. Output the total population for domestic zones, cargo zones, and international zones within the area specified by the user
- 7. Output the total pollution(noise) within the area specified by the user
- 8. See the example output files for formatting of each of the outputs
- 9. Major functionality components must be constructed in some function, or across some functions, that are declared and defined outside of your main.c/main.cpp.
 - a. Remember, function declarations must be stored in a header file, while definitions must be stored in a .c/.cpp file. You may have additional functions that support your major functionality component function.

- 10. Your code must be well commented.
 - a. Each group member should be performing regular commits to the GitLab repository on the Apollo server with meaningful commit messages. "Fixed bug" or "New code" are not meaningful, so try to be more specific about what was fixed or what was added.

Please do not commit the example input and output files to the remote server as that may cause a space issue on the server.

You must provide a .txt format README file which includes:

- 1. The names of all group members
- 2. Instructions on how to compile your program
- 3. Instructions on how to run your program
 - a. Additionally, you may write a makefile, but please specify if it needs any additional flags to function properly

Each student must be accountable for one or more major functionality components and may not swap after they sign up for a component barring an exceptional circumstance. Failure to be accountable for any major functionality component will result in a 0 for the coding portions of the project (milestone submission and/or final submission). Keep in mind that some components build on others, so be careful about who takes ownership of which pieces and manage your time to avoid a crunch near the due date. Also, the group should strive to balance the work across all members.

The major functionality components are:

- 1. Reading in the configuration file and zone file, and initializing the simulation
- 2. Domestic zone functionality (i.e. data storage, rules, transformations)
- 3. International zone functionality (i.e. data storage, rules, transformations)
- 4. Cargo zone functionality (i.e. data storage, rules, transformations)
- 5. Pollution(noise) functionality (i.e. data storage, rules, transformations)
- 6. Analysis of the zone and desired area (i.e. outputs, totals)

Milestone Project Submission

Your program must provide all requested functionality for major functionality component 1 (reading in the configuration file and zone file, and initializing the simulation), as well as being able to output the initial zone state. At least one group member must submit a .zip file containing the following:

- 1. All files necessary to compile and run your program (Please do not include any files not necessary to run the program on the CSE machines)
- 2. A .txt format README file explaining how to compile and run your program

Final Project Submission

Your program must provide all requested functionality. At least one group member must submit a .zip file containing the following:

- 1. All files necessary to compile and run your program (Please do not include any files not necessary to run the program on the CSE machines)
- 2. A .txt format README file explaining how to compile and run your program

Rubric

The entire assignment is worth 300 points, and each student will receive a single grade with respect to both the entire project and to the portions they were individually responsible for. The breakdown of those points is as follows.

20 points: Project Expectations Document

30 points: Project Design
15 points: Project Check-ins
10 points: GitLab Commits

• 25 points: Project Wiki

• 100 points: Project Milestone Submission

80 points: Implemented functionality

• 20 points: Proper Commenting

100 points: Project Final Submission
 o 80 points: Implemented functionality

o 10 points: Proper Commenting

o 10 points: Group Evaluation

If your code fails to compile on the CSE machines you will not receive credit for the code portion of the assignment (milestone submission and/or final submission). I recommend not making changes to your code without checking for compilation before you submit.