

## Attachment

# I Some research during the CUHK, HONG KONG (2021-2022)

## 1.1 Related projects of The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Paper: 6-D Spatial Localization of Magnetic Actuated Capsule Endoscopes (WMACE) Based on the Fusion of Hall Sensors Array and IMU (Preparing)

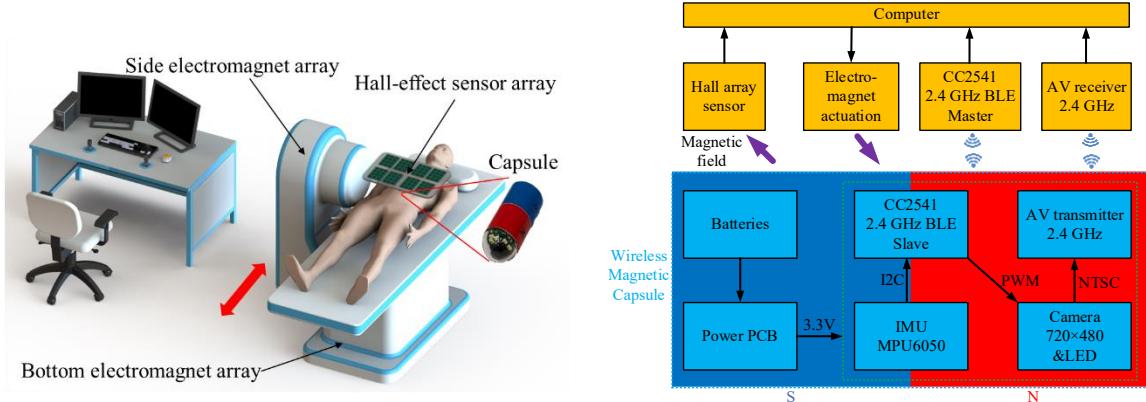


Fig 1.1 Electronic system architecture diagram of the WMACE

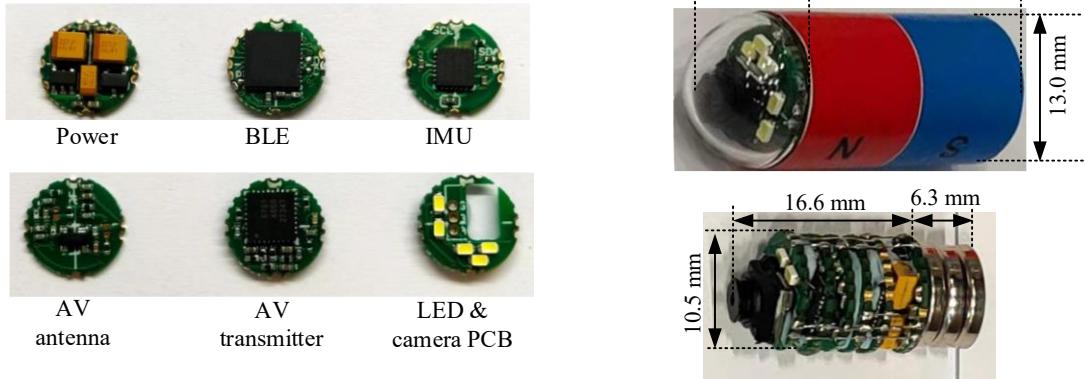


Fig 1.2 Wireless magnet capsule design (done by myself)

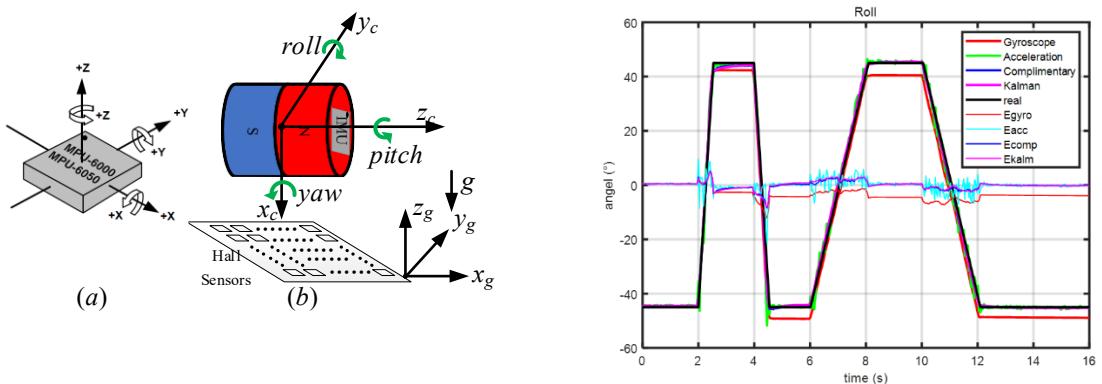


Fig 1.3 Magnet localization and orientation (done by myself)

## II Some research during the master's period (2017-2020)

### 2.1 Related projects of The Chinese University of Hong Kong (Shenzhen)

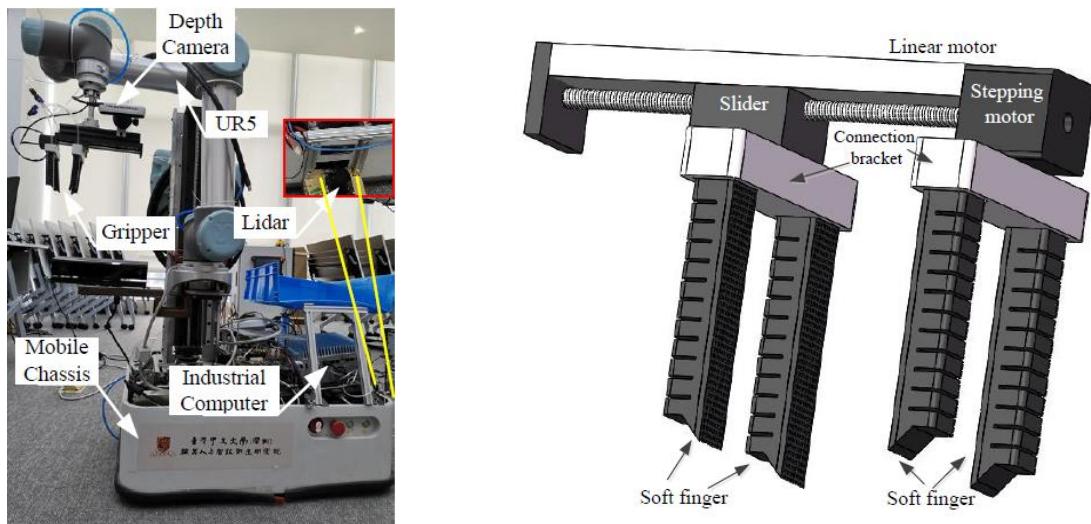


Fig 2.1 Soft gripper with automatically adjustable finger spacing for robot

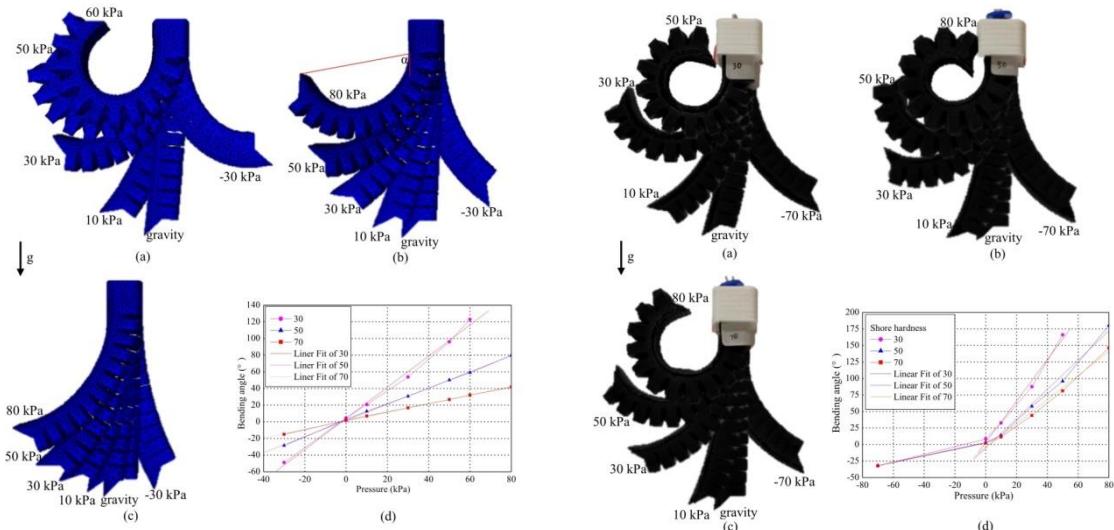


Fig 2.2 Finite element analysis and practical testing of pneumatic fingers at different Shore hardnesses (done by myself)

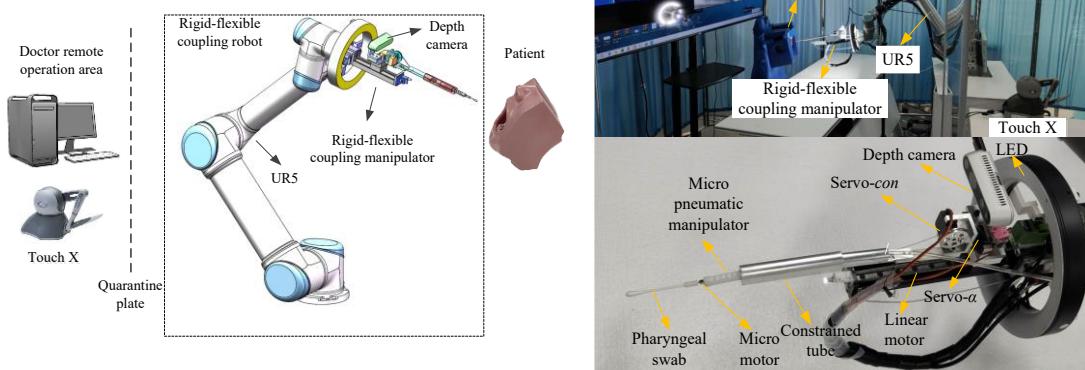


Fig 2.3 Pharyngeal-swabs sampling robot

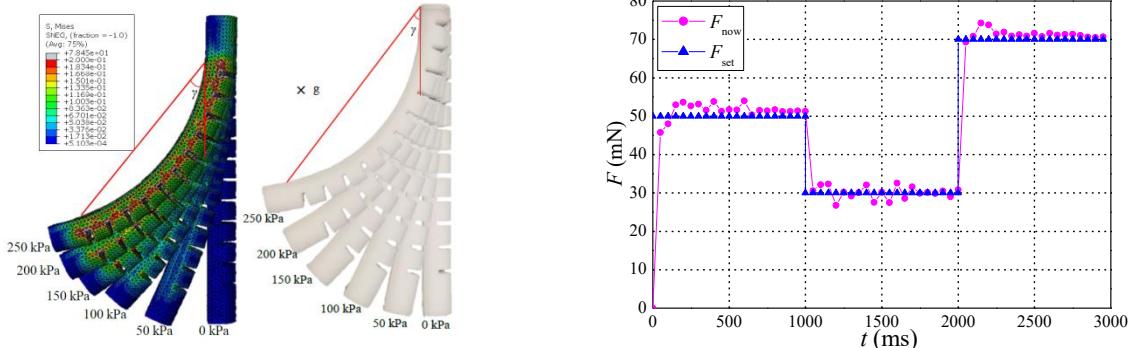


Fig 2.4 Finite element analysis, experiment and constant force control (done by myself)

## 2.2 Related projects of Taiyuan University of Technology



Fig 2.5 Remote real time monitoring equipment for polar images (done by myself)



Fig 2.6 Unmanned ice station



Fig 2.7 Polar image remote real-time monitoring equipment & Flexible platinum resistance temperature chain. (done by myself)

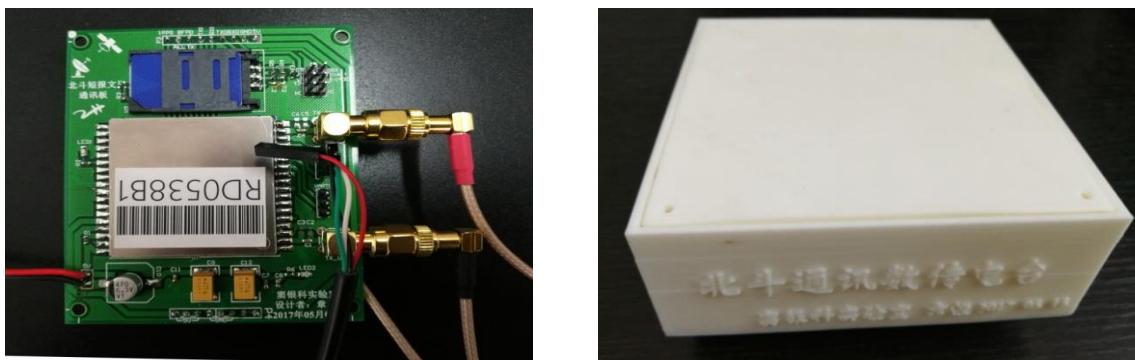


Fig 2.8 Beidou data transmission controller (done by myself)



Fig 2.9 Polar buoy

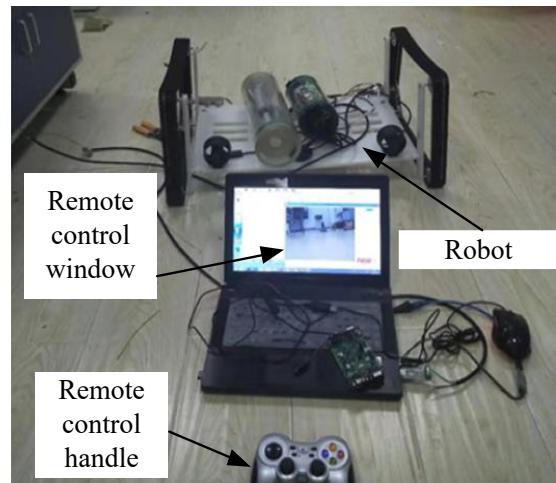
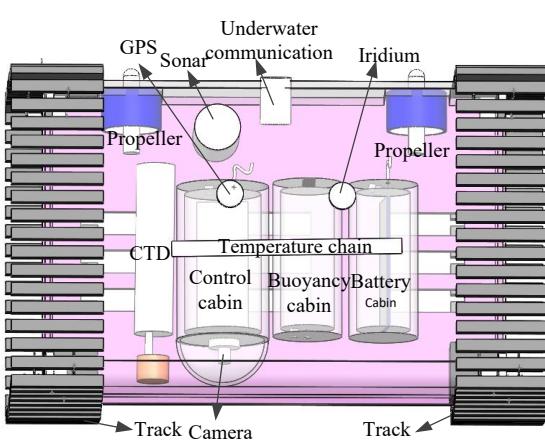


Fig 2.10 Polar robot (done by myself)

## 2.3 Qingdao related projects



Fig 2.11 Water quality online testing equipment and controller



Fig 2.12 Unmanned vehicle photos & control interface



Fig 2.13 Marine ecological buoy photos & APP



Fig 2.14 Underwater acoustic communication experiment & Hydrological observation platform

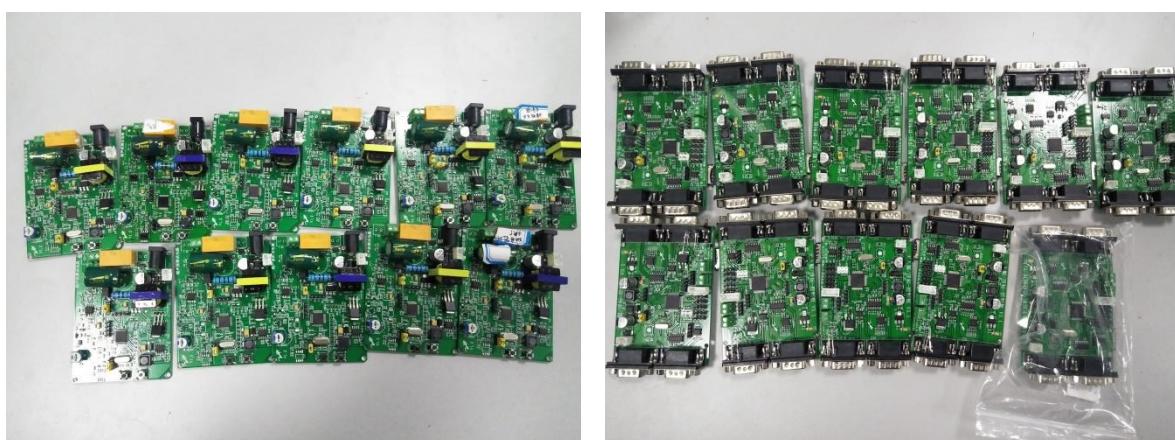


Fig 2.15 Underwater acoustic communication circuit board & Unmanned vehicle/buoy control circuit board (done by myself)

### III Some research during the bachelor's period (2013-2017)

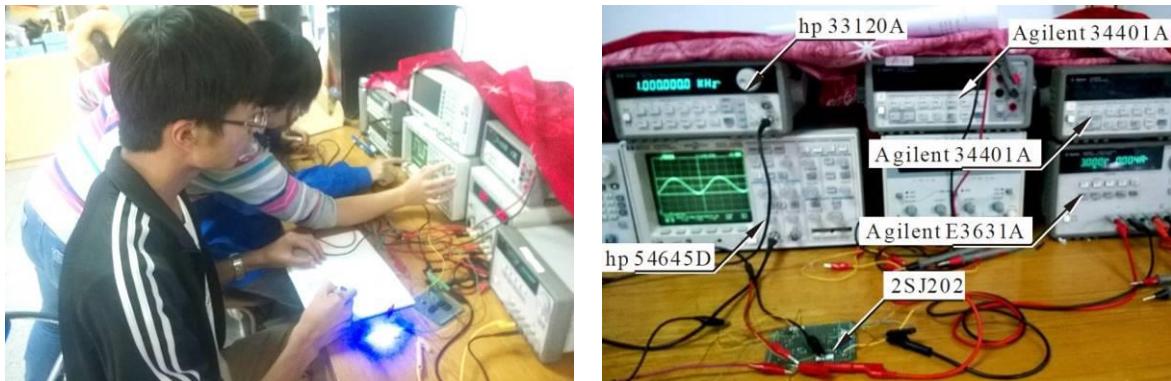


Fig 3.1 MOSFET characteristic measurement experiment

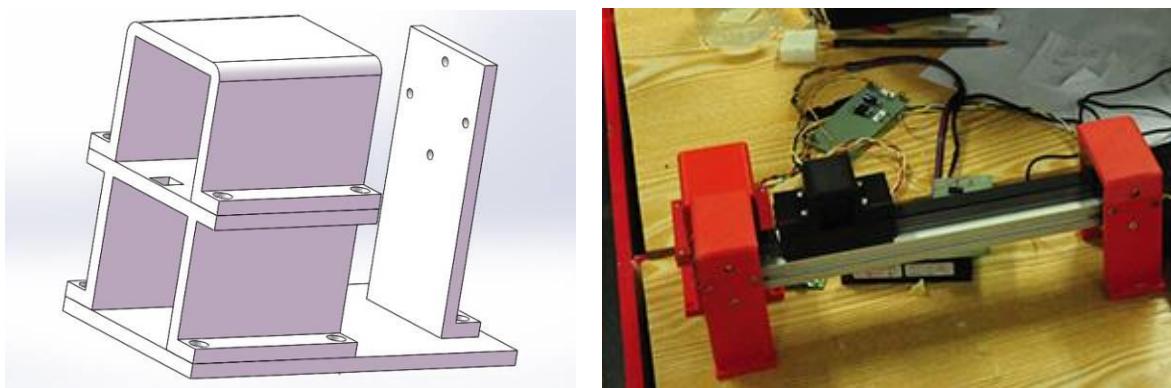


Fig 3.2 Design of linear guide rail fixing frame (SolidWorks)



Fig 3.3 Manufacturing of force sensors & LabVIEW acquisition force waveform

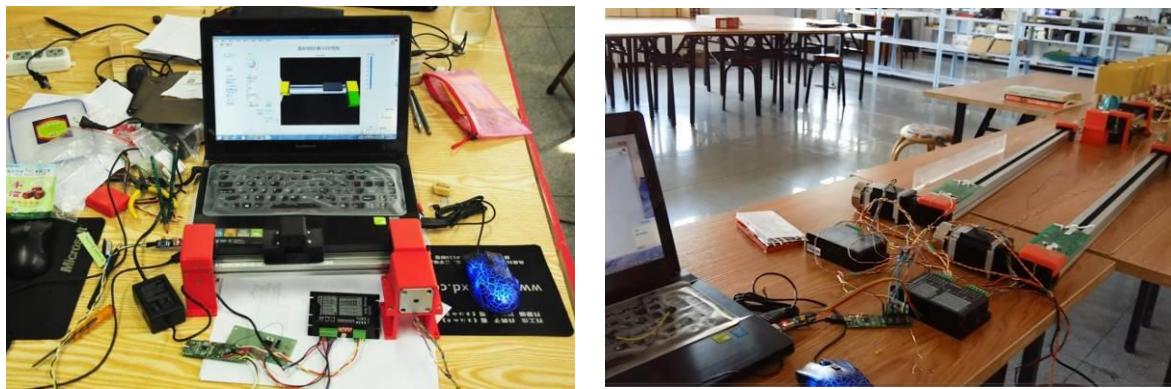


Fig 3.4 Control and Simulation of Linear Motor – Control of two long linear motors



Fig 3.5 Assemble the 3D printer (right 1) & Lecture for undergraduates in Xiaoming Lab



Fig 3.6 Conduct summer lectures as a lecturer trainer & Show the computer mouse project for visitors (right 1) 2014.07

## **R&D EXPERIENCE (RA at CUHK, Master at TYUT and part-time RA at CUHKSZ )**

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<b>Wireless power transfer and position tracking for capsule robot (PhD stage work)</b>	Sept. 2022 – Mar. 2026
Independent research	The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong
Hong Kong	
❖ My main work content: design the transmitting coil, receiving coil to achieve the wireless power transfer and position tracking for capsule endoscope.	
<b>Wireless magnet capsule design and magnet localization and orientation</b>	Sept. 2021 - Sept. 2022
Independent research	The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong
Hong Kong	
❖ My main work content: We have designed a wireless magnetic capsule, developed a Hall array sensor PCB for magnet localization, and completed the fusion of localization with IMU.	
<b>Soft Gripper with Automatically Adjustable Finger Spacing for Robot</b>	Sept. 2019 - Apr. 2020
Independent completion	The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shenzhen / AIRS
Shenzhen	
❖ A novel soft gripper with automatically adjustable finger spacing was developed.	
<b>Pharyngeal-swabs Sampling Robot (Rigid-Flexible Coupling Manipulator, RFCM)</b>	Feb. 2020 - Aug. 2020
Responsible for RFCM	The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shenzhen / AIRS
Shenzhen	
❖ We developed a novel intrinsic safety RFCM to improve the safety and reliability of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) OP-swab sampling.	
<b>National Key Basic Research Program of China (973 Program) - Unmanned Ice Station</b>	Sept. 2017 - Jul. 2019
Controller design	Taiyuan University of Technology
Taiyuan	
❖ An ultra-low power consumption control board based on MSP430 is designed, which is suitable for the main and auxiliary buoys of unmanned ice station. Data collection and transmission include temperature chain, humidity, air pressure, dissolved oxygen, and CTD. The monitoring system of sea-ice-air unmanned ice station is realized.	
<b>Low Power Consumption Polar Image Monitoring System Based on Iridium 9523</b>	Mar. 2017 – Jun. 2017
Independent completion	Taiyuan University of Technology
Taiyuan	
❖ In order to realize unmanned monitoring of polar equipment, a low power consumption polar image monitoring system based on iridium 9523 is designed. The system was put into use in China's 8th, 9th, and 10th Arctic expeditions and the 36th Antarctic expedition, and realized the image monitoring of polar equipment.	
<b>Multi-point Low-power High-precision Flexible Temperature Chain Based on Pt1000</b>	Mar. 2017 – Dec. 2017
Independent completion	Taiyuan University of Technology
Taiyuan	
❖ This equipment has been used many times in the polar regions. (Mainly used chips: MSP430, ADS1232, MAX1483)	
<b>Autonomous Cruise Control Program for Unmanned Vehicle</b>	Jul. 2018 - Mar. 2019
Control section	Qingdao Zhuojian Marine Equipment Technology Co., Ltd.
Qingdao	
❖ In order to realize unmanned seawater environment monitoring, an autonomous seawater environment detection unmanned vehicle based on RTK (differential GPS) is designed. The unmanned vehicle controller uses a self-developed control board based on STM32 microcontroller. The integrated equipment includes RTK, magnetometer, multi-parameter water quality monitor, single beam, etc. After experiments, the system can run safely and reliably according to the predetermined trajectory, and the linear running trajectory accuracy is 0.8 m; (Pub. 6)	
<b>1m/3m Marine Buoy Control and APP Display</b>	Sept. 2018 - Mar. 2019
Control section	Qingdao Zhuojian Marine Equipment Technology Co., Ltd.
Qingdao	
❖ The main control board based on STM32 and the expansion board RS485-RS232 based on STM32 are designed. The expansion board realizes that hundreds of RS232 sensors (such as multi-parameter EXO, nutrients, weather, waves, etc.) can be connected to one RS485 bus. The development of the buoy program, server program (Node.js), and mobile app were completed. (Android Studio, APP development self-study for 10 days).	