

One-Step Cloning

Materials

2×Basic Assembly Mix(TransGen catalog no. CU201-02)

Linearized vector

Inserts

Nucleasw-free Water

LB agar plates

LB medium

chemo-competent E.coli trans1-T1 cells

LB agar plates(with selection marker)

LB medium

Procedure

Recombine:

1. Calculate the amount of carrier and fragment to be added according to the following proportion. In the 10 μ L reaction system, the recommended dosage of vectors and each insertion fragment was 0.01-0.25 pmols. The optimal molar ratio of the vector to each inserted fragment is 1:2.

$\text{Pmols} = \text{quality ng} / (\text{fragment length bp} \times 0.65 \text{ kda})$

For example: 100 ng of 2000 bp fragment is equal to $100 / (2000 \times 0.65)$ about 0.08 pmols.

100 ng of 5000 bp fragment is equal to $100 / (5000 \times 0.65)$ about 0.03 pmols.

2×Basic Assembly Mix	5 μ L
Linearized vector(5-100ng)	x μ L
Inserts	y μ L
Nucleasw-free Water	To 10 μ L

2. Mix gently and react at 50°C for 15 minutes. After the reaction, place the centrifuge tube on ice. Cool for a few seconds. The recombinant product can then be stored at 20°C or used directly in the transformation.

Transformation:

1. Melt trans1-T1 receptor cells on ice.
2. Add 5 μ L of recombinant product into 25 μ L cells, gently shake the centrifugal tube wall to mix (vortex is forbidden), and place on ice for 30 minutes.
3. 42°C water bath in heat shock for 90 seconds, after the horse. Transfer to ice and cool for 2 minutes.

4. Add 970 μL LB medium at room temperature, then culture in 37°C shaker at 250 rpm for 1 hour.
5. The LB plate suitable for resistance was preheated in 37°C.
6. Evenly spread 100 μL cells on the plate. And then incubated overnight in incubator 37°C.