数据结构

linkCutTree

标准版

```
template<class Info>
struct linkCutTree {
    struct node {
       int s[2], p, r;
       Info v;
   };
   vector<node> t;
   int &fa(int x) { return t[x].p; }
   int &lc(int x) { return t[x].s[0]; }
   int &rc(int x) { return t[x].s[1]; }
   // notroot
   bool pos(int x) {
        return t[t[x].p].s[0] == x || t[t[x].p].s[1] == x;
    // 不能以0开头
   linkCutTree(int n) : n(n) { t.resize(n + 1); t[0].v.defaultclear(); }
   void pull(int x) {
        t[x].v.up(t[lc(x)].v, t[rc(x)].v);
   void push(int x) {
       if (t[x].r) {
            swap(lc(x), rc(x));
           t[lc(x)].v.reve();
           t[rc(x)].v.reve();
```

```
t[rc(x)].r ^= 1;
        t[lc(x)].r ^= 1;
       t[x].r = 0;
void mt(int x) {
   if (pos(x)) mt(fa(x));
   push(x);
// rotate
void rtt(int x) {
   int y = fa(x), z = fa(y);
   int k = rc(y) == x;
   if (pos(y))
        t[z].s[rc(z) == y] = x;
   fa(x) = z;
   t[y].s[k] = t[x].s[k ^ 1];
   fa(t[x].s[k ^ 1]) = y;
   t[x].s[k ^ 1] = y;
   fa(y) = x;
   pull(y);
void splay(int x) {
   mt(x);
   while (pos(x)) {
       int y = fa(x), z = fa(y);
       if (pos(y))
            ((rc(z) == y) ^ (rc(y) == x))
            ? rtt(x) : rtt(y);
        rtt(x);
   pull(x);
void acc(int x) {
    for (int y = 0; x;) {
```

```
splay(x);
        rc(x) = y;
        pull(x);
       x = fa(x);
// makeroot
void mrt(int x) {
   acc(x);
   splay(x);
   t[x].r ^= 1;
//y变成原树和辅助树的根
const Info &split(int x, int y) {
   mrt(x);
   acc(y);
    splay(y);
   return t[y].v;
// findroot
int find(int x) {
   acc(x);
   splay(x);
   while (lc(x))
       push(x), x = lc(x);
    splay(x);
    return x;
void link(int x, int y) {
   mrt(x);
   if (find(y) != x) fa(x) = y;
```

```
void cut(int x, int y) {
        mrt(x);
        if (find(y) == x)
            && fa(y) == x && !lc(y)) {
            rc(x) = fa(y) = 0;
            pull(x);
    void modify(int x, const Info &val) {
        splay(x);
        t[x].v.modify(val);
        pull(x);
   bool same(int x, int y) {
        mrt(x);
        return find(y) == x;
    node &operator[](int x) {
        return t[x];
    void DFS(int u, int dep = 0) {
        if (!u) {
            return;
        push(u);
        for (auto i : {0, 1}) {
            if (i == 1) {
                cerr << string(dep, '\t');</pre>
                cerr << u << ' ' << t[u].v << endl;</pre>
            DFS(t[u].s[i], dep + 1);
   void dfs(int u) {
# ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
        cerr << "\nlct rooted u: " << u << ", P = " << t[u].p << '\n';</pre>
```

```
pfs(u);
# endif
    }
};

struct Info {
    void reve() {}
    void modify(const Info& rhs) {}
    void up(const Info & lhs, const Info & rhs) {}
    // default
    void clear() {}
    friend ostream & operator << (ostream & cout, Info x) {
        return cout;
    };
};

using Tree = linkCutTree < Info >;
```

LazyLinkCutTree

```
template<class Info, class Tag>
struct LazyLinkCutTree {
    struct node {
        int s[2], p, r;
        Info v;
        Tag t;
    };
    int n;
    vector<node> t;

int &fa(int x) { return t[x].p; }
    int &lc(int x) { return t[x].s[0]; }
    int &rc(int x) { return t[x].s[1]; }

    bool pos(int x) {
        return t[t[x].p].s[0] == x || t[t[x].p].s[1] == x;
    }

    // 不能以0开头
```

```
LazyLinkCutTree(int n) : n(n) {
    t.resize(n + 1);
    t[0].t.clear();
    t[0].v.clear();
void pull(int x) {
    t[x].v.up(t[lc(x)].v, t[rc(x)].v);
void apply(int x, const Tag &rhs) {
   if (x) {
        t[x].v.apply(rhs);
        t[x].t.apply(rhs);
void push(int x) {
    if (t[x].r) {
        swap(lc(x), rc(x));
        t[lc(x)].v.reve();
        t[rc(x)].v.reve();
        t[rc(x)].r ^= 1;
        t[lc(x)].r ^= 1;
        t[x].r = 0;
    if (bool(t[x].t)) {
        apply(lc(x), t[x].t);
        apply(rc(x), t[x].t);
        t[x].t.clear();
void mt(int x) {
    if (pos(x)) mt(fa(x));
    push(x);
```

```
void rtt(int x) {
    int y = fa(x), z = fa(y);
    int k = rc(y) == x;
    if (pos(y))
        t[z].s[rc(z) == y] = x;
    fa(x) = z;
    t[y].s[k] = t[x].s[k ^ 1];
    fa(t[x].s[k ^ 1]) = y;
   t[x].s[k ^ 1] = y;
    fa(y) = x;
   pull(y);
void splay(int x) {
   mt(x);
   while (pos(x)) {
        int y = fa(x), z = fa(y);
        if (pos(y))
            ((rc(z) == y) ^ (rc(y) == x))
            ? rtt(x) : rtt(y);
        rtt(x);
    pull(x);
void acc(int x) {
    for (int y = 0; x;) {
        splay(x);
        rc(x) = y;
       pull(x);
        x = fa(x);
void mrt(int x) {
    acc(x);
    splay(x);
```

```
t[x].r ^= 1;
//y变成原树和辅助树的根
const Info &split(int x, int y) {
    mrt(x);
    acc(y);
    splay(y);
   return t[y].v;
int find(int x) {
    acc(x);
    splay(x);
   while (lc(x))
        push(x), x = lc(x);
    splay(x);
void link(int x, int y) {
    mrt(x);
    if (find(y) != x) fa(x) = y;
void cut(int x, int y) {
   mrt(x);
    if (find(y) == x \&\& fa(y) == x \&\& !lc(y)) {
        rc(x) = fa(y) = 0;
        pull(x);
void modify(int x, const Info &val) {
    splay(x);
    t[x].v.modify(val);
    pull(x);
```

```
void lineModify(int u, int v, const Tag &rhs) {
        split(u, v);
        apply(v, rhs);
    bool same(int x, int y) {
        mrt(x);
        return find(y) == x;
    node &operator[](int x) {
        return t[x];
    void DFS(int u, int dep = 0) {
        if (!u) {
            return;
        push(u);
        for (auto i : {0, 1}) {
            if (i == 1) {
                cerr << string(dep, '\t');</pre>
                cerr << u << ' ' << t[u].v << ' ' << t[u].t << endl;</pre>
            DFS(t[u].s[i], dep + 1);
    void dfs(int u) {
# ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
        cerr << "\nlct rooted u: " << u << ", P = " << t[u].p << '\n';</pre>
        DFS(u);
# endif
};
struct Tag {
    void apply(const Tag &rhs) {}
    void clear() {}
```

```
constexpr operator bool() {
    return false;
}
friend ostream & operator << (ostream & cout, Tag x) {
    return cout;
}
};

struct Info {
    void reve() {}
    void modify(const Info& rhs) {}
    void up(const Info & lhs, const Info & rhs) {}
    void apply(const Tag & rhs) {}
    void clear() {}
    friend ostream & operator << (ostream & cout, Info x) {
        return cout;
    }
};

using Tree = LazyLinkCutTree < Info, Tag>;
```

维护子树信息

```
template<class Info>
struct linkCutTree {
    struct node {
        int s[2], p, r;
        Info v;
    };
    int n;
    vector<node> t;

int &fa(int x) { return t[x].p; }
    int &lc(int x) { return t[x].s[0]; }
    int &rc(int x) { return t[x].s[1]; }

    bool pos(int x) {
        return t[t[x].p].s[0] == x || t[t[x].p].s[1] == x;
    }
}
```

```
// 不能以0开头
linkCutTree(int n) : n(n) { t.resize(n + 1); t[0].v.clear(); }
void pull(int x) {
   // debug(x);
    t[x].v.up(t[lc(x)].v, t[rc(x)].v);
void push(int x) {
   if (t[x].r) {
        swap(lc(x), rc(x));
       t[lc(x)].v.reve();
       t[rc(x)].v.reve();
       t[rc(x)].r ^= 1;
       t[lc(x)].r ^= 1;
       t[x].r = 0;
void mt(int x) {
    if (pos(x)) mt(fa(x));
   push(x);
void rtt(int x) {
    int y = fa(x), z = fa(y);
    int k = rc(y) == x;
   if (pos(y))
       t[z].s[rc(z) == y] = x;
    fa(x) = z;
    t[y].s[k] = t[x].s[k ^ 1];
    fa(t[x].s[k ^ 1]) = y;
    t[x].s[k ^ 1] = y;
    fa(y) = x;
    pull(y);
void splay(int x) {
   mt(x);
    while (pos(x)) {
        int y = fa(x), z = fa(y);
```

```
if (pos(y))
            ((rc(z) == y) ^ (rc(y) == x)) ? rtt(x) : rtt(y);
        rtt(x);
    pull(x);
void acc(int x) {
    for (int y = 0; x;) {
        splay(x);
       t[x].v.vup(t[rc(x)].v);
       rc(x) = y;
       t[x].v.rv(t[rc(x)].v);
       pull(x);
       x = fa(x);
void mrt(int x) {
    acc(x);
    splay(x);
   t[x].v.reve();
   t[x].r ^= 1;
//x变为原树的根,y变成辅助树的根
const Info &split(int x, int y) {
   mrt(x);
    acc(y);
    splay(y);
   return t[y].v;
int find(int x) {
    acc(x);
    splay(x);
    while (lc(x))
```

```
push(x), x = lc(x);
    splay(x);
void link(int x, int y) {
    mrt(x);
    mrt(y);
    if (find(y) != x) {
        fa(x) = y;
       t[y].v.vup(t[x].v);
void cut(int x, int y) {
    mrt(x);
    if (find(y) == x \&\& fa(y) == x \&\& !lc(y)) {
        rc(x) = fa(y) = 0;
        pull(x);
void modify(int x, const Info &val) {
    mrt(x);
    t[x].v.modify(val);
    pull(x);
bool same(int x, int y) {
    mrt(x);
    return find(y) == x;
node &operator[](int x) {
    return t[x];
void DFS(int u, int dep = 0) {
    if (!u) {
        return;
```

```
push(u);
        for (auto i : {0, 1}) {
            if (i == 1) {
                 cerr << string(dep, '\t');</pre>
                 cerr << u << ' ' << t[u].v << endl;</pre>
            DFS(t[u].s[i], dep + 1);
    void dfs(int u) {
# ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
        cerr << "\nlct rooted u: " << u << ", P = " << t[u].p << '\n';</pre>
        DFS(u);
# endif
};
struct Info {
    void reve() {}
    void modify(const Info& rhs) {}
    void vup(const Info &rhs) {}
   void rv(const Info &rhs) {}
    void up(const Info &lhs, const Info &rhs) {}
    void clear() {}
# ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, Info u) {</pre>
        return cout;
# endif
};
using Tree = linkCutTree<Info>;
```

动态维护直径

```
struct Info {
    i64 x;
    i64 \text{ ans} = 0;
    array<i64, 2> max{};
   i64 sum;
   multiset<i64> set;
   multiset<i64> vans;
   void reve() {
        swap(max[0], max[1]);
    void modify(const Info& rhs) {
        x = rhs.x;
    void vup(const Info &rhs) {
        // debug(rhs.max[0]);
        if (rhs.max[0] != 0) {
            set.insert(rhs.max[0]);
        if (rhs.ans != 0) {
            vans.insert(rhs.ans);
    void rv(const Info &rhs) {
        if (rhs.max[0] != 0) {
            set.erase(set.find(rhs.max[0]));
        if (rhs.ans != 0) {
            vans.erase(vans.find(rhs.ans));
    void up(const Info &lhs, const Info &rhs) {
        sum = 1hs.sum + rhs.sum + x;
        i64 F = 0, S = 0;
        if (set.size()) {
            auto it = set.rbegin();
            F = *it;
```

```
if (set.size() >= 2) {
                it ++;
                S = *it;
        i64 R = std::max(F, rhs.max[0]);
        i64 L = std::max(F, lhs.max[1]);
        max[0] = std::max(lhs.max[0], lhs.sum + x + R);
        max[1] = std::max(rhs.max[1], rhs.sum + x + L);
        array<i64, 4> vec{F, S, lhs.max[1], rhs.max[0]};
        sort(vec.rbegin(), vec.rend());
        ans = std::max({vec[0] + vec[1] + x, lhs.ans, rhs.ans});
        if (!vans.empty()) {
            ans = std::max(ans, *vans.rbegin());
    void clear() {}
# ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, Info u) {</pre>
        return cout << u.x << ' ' << u.ans << ' ' << u.set << ' ' << u.max;
# endif
};
```

RMQ

catTree

```
template<typename T, class F>
struct catTree {
    static constexpr int B = 24;
    int n;
    array<vector<T>, B> a;
    F merge;
    catTree() {}
    catTree(const vector<T> &_init, F merge) {
```

```
init(_init, merge);
    void init(const vector<T> &_init, F merge) {
        this->merge = merge;
        n = _init.size();
        a[0] = _init;
        for (int k = 1, w = 4; k \leftarrow [lg(n)]; k += 1, w \leftarrow [lg(n)]) {
            a[k].assign(n, {});
            for (int l = 0, mid = w / 2, r = std::min(w, n); mid < n; l += w, mid +=
w, r = std::min(r + w, n)) {
                a[k][mid - 1] = a[0][mid - 1];
                for (int i = mid - 2; i >= 1; i -= 1) {
                     a[k][i] = merge(a[0][i], a[k][i + 1]);
                a[k][mid] = a[0][mid];
                for (int i = mid + 1; i < r; i += 1) {
                     a[k][i] = merge(a[0][i], a[k][i - 1]);
        // debug(a);
    T operator() (int 1, int r) {
        if (r - 1 == 1) {
            return a[0][1];
        int k = _lg(l ^ (r - 1));
        return merge(a[k][1], a[k][r - 1]);
};
```

状压rmq

```
template<class T,
    class Cmp = std::less<T>>
    struct RMQ {
    const Cmp cmp = Cmp();
    static constexpr unsigned B = 64;
```

```
using u64 = unsigned long long;
std::vector<std::vector<T>> a;
std::vector<T> pre, suf, ini;
std::vector<u64> stk;
RMQ() {}
RMQ(const std::vector<T> &v) {
    init(v);
void init(const std::vector<T> &v) {
    n = v.size();
    pre = suf = ini = v;
    stk.resize(n);
   if (!n) {
        return;
    const int M = (n - 1) / B + 1;
    const int lg = std::__lg(M);
    a.assign(lg + 1, std::vector<T>(M));
    for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {
        a[0][i] = v[i * B];
        for (int j = 1; j < B && i * B + j < n; j++) {
            a[0][i] = std::min(a[0][i], v[i * B + j], cmp);
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        if (i % B) {
            pre[i] = std::min(pre[i], pre[i - 1], cmp);
    for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
        if (i % B != B - 1) {
            suf[i] = std::min(suf[i], suf[i + 1], cmp);
    for (int j = 0; j < lg; j++) {
        for (int i = 0; i + (2 << j) <= M; i++) {
            a[j + 1][i] = std::min(a[j][i], a[j][i + (1 << j)], cmp);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {
            const int l = i * B;
            const int r = std::min(1U * n, 1 + B);
            u64 s = 0;
            for (int j = 1; j < r; j++) {
                while (s && cmp(v[j], v[std::__lg(s) + 1])) {
                    s ^= 1ULL << std::__lg(s);
                s = 1ULL << (j - 1);
                stk[j] = s;
   T operator()(int 1, int r) {
        if (1 / B != (r - 1) / B) {
            T ans = std::min(suf[l], pre[r - 1], cmp);
            r = r / B;
            if (1 < r) {
                int k = std::__lg(r - 1);
                ans = std::min({ans, a[k][1], a[k][r - (1 << k)]}, cmp);
            return ans;
        } else {
            int x = B * (1 / B);
            return ini[__builtin_ctzll(stk[r - 1] >> (l - x)) + 1];
};
```

ST表

```
template<typename T,
    typename Cmp = less<T>>
struct RMQ {
```

```
vector<vector<T>> pre;
Cmp cmp;
RMQ() = default;
RMQ(vector<T>& c) {
    init(c);
void init(vector<T>& c) {
   n = c.size();
    int k = _{lg(n)} + 1;
   pre.assign(k, {});
    pre[0] = c;
    for (int i = 1, sz = 2; i < k; i += 1, sz *= 2) {
        pre[i].assign(n, 0);
        for (int j = 0; j + sz - 1 < n; j + +) {
            pre[i][j] = std::max(pre[i - 1][j], pre[i - 1][j + sz / 2], cmp);
T operator()(int 1, int r) {
    T k = __lg(r - l + 1);
    return std::max(pre[k][1], pre[k][r - (1 << k) + 1], cmp);
```

并查集

标准

```
struct DSU {
    std::vector<int> f, siz;

DSU() {}

DSU(int n) {
    init(n);
    }

void init(int n) {
```

```
f.resize(n);
    std::iota(f.begin(), f.end(), 0);
    siz.assign(n, 1);
int find(int x) {
   while (x != f[x]) {
       x = f[x] = f[f[x]];
bool same(int x, int y) {
   return find(x) == find(y);
bool merge(int x, int y) {
    x = find(x);
    y = find(y);
    if (x == y) {
    siz[x] += siz[y];
    f[y] = x;
    return true;
int size(int x) {
   return siz[find(x)];
```

```
struct PDSU {
    struct node;
   using Tp = Base<node>;
    struct node {
        int f, siz;
        Tp ch[2];
    };
    Tp news() {
        Tp t = Tp::news();
        return t;
    vector<Tp> root;
   PDSU(): n(0) {}
    PDSU(int _n, int _m = 0) {
        init(_n, _m);
    void build(Tp t, int l, int r) {
        if (r - 1 == 1) {
            t->f = 1;
            t \rightarrow siz = 1;
            return;
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        t->ch[0] = news(), t->ch[1] = news();
        build(t->ch[0], 1, m), build(t->ch[1], m, r);
    void init(int _n, int m = 0) {
        n = _n;
        root.reserve(m + 1);
        root.push_back(news());
        build(root.back(), 0, n);
    void modify0(Tp &t0, Tp &t1, Tp v, int l, int r, int x) {
        if (r - l == 1) {
            t1->f = v->f;
```

```
t1->siz = t0->siz;
        return;
    int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
    if (m > x) {
        t1->ch[0] = news();
        t1->ch[1] = t0->ch[1];
        modify0(t_0-ch[0], t_1-ch[0], v, l, m, x);
    } else {
        t1->ch[0] = t0->ch[0];
        t1->ch[1] = news();
        modify0(t_0-ch[1], t_1-ch[1], v, m, r, x);
void modify0(int x, Tp v, Tp t0, Tp t1) {
    modify0(t0, t1, v, 0, n, x);
void modify1(Tp &t0, Tp &t1, Tp v, int l, int r, int x) {
    if (r - 1 == 1) {
        t1->f = t0->f;
        t1->siz = t0->siz + v->siz;
        return;
    int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
    if (m > x) {
        t1->ch[0] = news();
        t1->ch[1] = t0->ch[1];
        modify1(t0->ch[0], t1->ch[0], v, l, m, x);
    } else {
        t1->ch[0] = t0->ch[0];
        t1->ch[1] = news();
        modify1(t0->ch[1], t1->ch[1], v, m, r, x);
void modify1(int x, Tp v, Tp t0, Tp t1) {
    modify1(t0, t1, v, 0, n, x);
void dfs(Tp t, int l, int r) {
```

```
if (r - l == 1) {
        cerr << "(" << t->f << ", " << t->siz << "), ";
        return;
    int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
    dfs(t->ch[0], 1, m);
    dfs(t->ch[1], m, r);
void dfs(int time) {
    dfs(root[time], 0, n);
    cerr << endl;</pre>
Tp Query(Tp t, int 1, int r, int x) {
    while (r - 1 != 1) {
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        if (m > x)
            t = t->ch[0], r = m;
        else
            t = t - ch[1], 1 = m;
    return t;
Tp Query(int x, Tp t) {
    return Query(t, 0, n, x);
Tp find(int x, Tp t) {
    Tp fa = Query(x, t);
    return fa->f == x ?
        fa : find(fa->f, t);
bool same(int u, int v, int t = -1) {
    t = t == -1 ? int(root.size()) - 1 : t;
    root.push_back(root[t]);
    Tp lhs = find(u, root[t]), rhs = find(v, root[t]);
   return lhs->f == rhs->f;
void merge(int u, int v, int t = -1) {
    t = t == -1 ? int(root.size()) - 1 : t;
```

```
Tp lhs = find(u, root[t]), rhs = find(v, root[t]);
    if (lhs->f == rhs->f) {
        root.push_back(root[t]);
        return;
    }
    if (lhs->siz < rhs->siz) {
        swap(lhs, rhs);
    }
    Tp cur0 = news();
    modify0(rhs->f, lhs, root[t], cur0);
    Tp cur1 = news();
    modify1(lhs->f, rhs, cur0, cur1);
    root.push_back(cur1);
    }
    void roll(int t) {
        root.push_back(root[t]);
    }
};
using DSU = PDSU;
```

可撤回

```
struct DSU {
    vector<int> fa, siz;
    vector<array<int, 4>> h;
    vector<i64> lazy;

DSU() {}

DSU(int n) {
        init(n);
    }

void init(int n) {
        fa.resize(n);
        iota(fa.begin(), fa.end(), 0);
        siz.assign(n, 1);
        lazy.assign(n, 0);
```

```
int find(int x) {
    while (x != fa[x]) {
        x = fa[x];
int size(int x) {
    return siz[find(x)];
bool same(int u, int v) {
    return find(u) == find(v);
void merge(int u, int v) {
    int x = find(u);
    int y = find(v);
    if (x == y) return;
    if (siz[x] < siz[y]) std::swap(x, y);</pre>
    h.push_back({x, y, siz[x], fa[y]});
    siz[x] = siz[x] + siz[y];
    fa[y] = x;
    int p = y;
    lazy[y] -= lazy[x];
int clock() {
    return h.size();
void roll(int to) {
    while (h.size() > to) {
        auto [u, v, sizu, fav] = h.back();
        siz[u] = sizu;
        fa[v] = fav;
```

带权并查集

```
template<typename T>
   std::vector<int> f, siz;
   std::vector<T> val;
   DSU() {}
   DSU(int n) {
       init(n);
   void init(int n) {
        f.resize(n);
        std::iota(f.begin(), f.end(), 0);
       siz.assign(n, 1);
       val.resize(n);
   int find(int x) {
       if (x == f[x]) {
       int y = f[x];
       f[x] = find(f[x]);
       val[x] += val[y];
       return f[x];
   bool same(int x, int y) {
        return find(x) == find(y);
```

```
bool unite(int x, int y, T c) {
        int u = find(x);
        int v = find(y);
        if (u == v) {
            return false;
        siz[u] += siz[v];
        f[v] = u;
        val[v] = -val[y] + val[x] + c;
       return true;
   int size(int x) {
        return siz[find(x)];
   T Val(int x) {
        find(x);
       return val[x];
};
```

平衡树

FhqTreap

```
#include <ext/random>
    __gnu_cxx::sfmt19937 rng(std::chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());

struct node;
using Tp = Base<node>;

struct node {
    Tp ch[2];
    int siz, k;
```

```
i64 val;
    i64 tag;
Tp alloc() {
    Tp t = Tp::alloc();
    t->k = rng();
    return t;
Tp alloc(auto val) {
   Tp t = alloc();
   t->val = val;
   t->siz = 1;
   t->tag = 0;
void app(Tp t, auto tag) {
    if (t) {
       t->val += tag;
        t->tag += tag;
void push(Tp t) {
    if (t->tag) {
        app(t->ch[0], t->tag);
        app(t->ch[1], t->tag);
        t->tag = 0;
void pull(Tp t) {
   t->siz = t->ch[0]->siz + 1 + t->ch[1]->siz;
```

```
// to [-inf, val) and [val, inf]
pair<Tp, Tp> split1(Tp t, auto val) {
    if (!t) {
        return {t, t};
    push(t);
    Tp u;
    if (t->val < val) {</pre>
        tie(t->ch[1], u) = split1(t->ch[1], val);
        pull(t);
        return {t, u};
        tie(u, t->ch[0]) = split1(t->ch[0], val);
        pull(t);
        return {u, t};
// to [1, rk) and [rk, n]
pair<Tp, Tp> split2(Tp t, int rk) {
    if (!t) {
        return {t, t};
    push(t);
    Tp u;
    if (rk <= t->ch[0]->siz) {
        tie(u, t\rightarrow ch[0]) = split2(t\rightarrow ch[0], rk);
        pull(t);
        return {u, t};
    } else if (rk > t - ch[0] - siz + 1) {
        tie(t->ch[1], u) = split2(t->ch[1], rk - 1 - t->ch[0]->siz);
        pull(t);
        return {t, u};
    } else {
        u = t \rightarrow ch[0];
        t \rightarrow ch[0] = 0;
        pull(t);
```

```
return {u, t};
Tp merge(Tp u, Tp v) {
    if (!u | !v) return u.x | v.x;
    if (u->k < v->k) {
        push(u);
        u->ch[1] = merge(u->ch[1], v);
        pull(u);
        return u;
        push(v);
        v->ch[0] = merge(u, v->ch[0]);
        pull(v);
// 2056
void dfs(Tp t, int dep = 0) {
    if (!t) {
        return;
    dfs(t->ch[0], dep + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < dep; i += 1) cerr << '\t';</pre>
    cerr << t->val << ' ' << t->tag << '\n';</pre>
    dfs(t->ch[1], dep + 1);
int less_to_val(Tp t, auto val) {
    int less_siz = 0;
    while (t) {
        push(t);
        if (t->val >= val) {
            t = t \rightarrow ch[0];
```

```
less_siz += t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
    return less_siz;
Tp rank(Tp t, int rk) {
    while (true) {
        push(t);
        if (t->ch[0]->siz >= rk) {
            t = t->ch[0];
        } else if (t->ch[0]->siz + 1 < rk) {</pre>
            rk -= t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
        } else
            break;
// prev_to_val
Tp prev(Tp t, auto val) {
    Tp p;
    while (t) {
        push(t);
        if (t->val < val) {</pre>
            p = t;
            t = t->ch[1];
            t = t->ch[0];
    return p;
// next_to_val
```

```
Tp next(Tp t, auto val) {
    Tp p;
    while (t) {
        push(t);
        if (t->val <= val) {
            t = t->ch[1];
        } else {
            p = t;
            t = t->ch[0];
        }
    }
    return p;
}
```

FhqTreap 无懒标

```
#include <ext/random>
__gnu_cxx::sfmt19937 rng(std::chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
using Tp = Base<node>;
   Tp ch[2];
   int siz, k;
   i64 val;
   i64 sum;
};
Tp alloc() {
   Tp t = Tp::alloc();
    t->k = rng();
    return t;
Tp alloc(auto val) {
    Tp t = alloc();
```

```
t->val = val;
    t->siz = 1;
    t->sum = val;
    return t;
void pull(Tp t) {
    t->siz = t->ch[0]->siz + 1 + t->ch[1]->siz;
   t->sum = t->ch[0]->sum + t->val + t->ch[1]->sum;
// to [-inf, val) and [val, inf]
pair<Tp, Tp> split1(Tp t, auto val) {
    if (!t) {
        return {t, t};
    Tp u;
    if (t->val < val) {</pre>
        tie(t->ch[1], u) = split1(t->ch[1], val);
        pull(t);
        return {t, u};
    } else {
        tie(u, t->ch[0]) = split1(t->ch[0], val);
        pull(t);
        return {u, t};
// to [1, rk) and [rk, n]
pair<Tp, Tp> split2(Tp t, int rk) {
    if (!t) {
        return {t, t};
    Tp u;
    if (rk <= t->ch[0]->siz) {
        tie(u, t->ch[0]) = split2(t->ch[0], rk);
        pull(t);
```

```
return {u, t};
    } else if (rk > t->ch[0]->siz + 1) {
        tie(t->ch[1], u) = split2(t->ch[1], rk - 1 - t->ch[0]->siz);
        pull(t);
        return {t, u};
    } else {
        u = t->ch[0];
        t \rightarrow ch[0] = 0;
        pull(t);
        return {u, t};
Tp merge(Tp u, Tp v) {
    if (!u | !v) return u.x | v.x;
    if (u->k < v->k) {
        u \rightarrow ch[1] = merge(u \rightarrow ch[1], v);
        pull(u);
        return u;
        v->ch[0] = merge(u, v->ch[0]);
        pull(v);
        return v;
// 2056
void dfs(Tp t, int dep = 0) {
    if (!t) {
        return;
    dfs(t->ch[0], dep + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < dep; i += 1) cerr << '\t';
    cerr << t->val << ' ' << t->sum << ' ' << t->siz << '\n';</pre>
    dfs(t->ch[1], dep + 1);
```

```
int less_to_val(Tp t, auto val) {
    int less_siz = 0;
    while (t) {
        if (t->val >= val) {
            t = t->ch[0];
            less_siz += t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
    return less_siz;
Tp rank(Tp t, int rk) {
    while (true) {
        if (t->ch[0]->siz >= rk) {
            t = t->ch[0];
        } else if (t->ch[0]->siz + 1 < rk) {</pre>
            rk -= t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
            break;
    return t;
// prev_to_val
Tp prev(Tp t, auto val) {
    Tp p;
    while (t) {
        if (t->val < val) {</pre>
            t = t->ch[1];
            t = t->ch[0];
```

```
    return p;
}

// next_to_val

Tp next(Tp t, auto val) {
        Tp p;
        while (t) {
            if (t->val <= val) {
                 t = t->ch[1];
            } else {
                p = t;
                 t = t->ch[0];
            }
        }
        return p;
}
```

splay

```
struct node;
using Tp = Base<node>;
struct node {
    Tp ch[2], p;
    i64 val;
    i64 tag;
    i64 sum;
    int siz;
};

Tp alloc() {
    return Tp::alloc();
}

Tp t = alloc();
    t->val = val;
    t->siz = 1;
    t->sum = val;
```

```
t->tag = 0;
     return t;
bool pos(Tp t) {
     return t->p->ch[1] == t;
void apply(Tp t, auto tag) {
    if (t) {
         t->val += tag;
         t->sum += 111 * t->siz * tag;
          t->tag += tag;
};
void push(Tp t) {
     if (t->tag) {
          apply(t->ch[0], t->tag);
          apply(t->ch[1], t->tag);
          t->tag = decltype(t->tag)();
void pull(Tp t) {
    t->siz = t->ch[0]->siz + 1 + t->ch[1]->siz;
    t -> sum = t -> ch[0] -> sum + 1 + t -> ch[1] -> sum;
void rotate(Tp t) {
    Tp q = t->p;
    int x = !pos(t);
    q \rightarrow ch[!x] = t \rightarrow ch[x];
    if (t\rightarrow ch[x]) t\rightarrow ch[x]\rightarrow p = q;
    t \rightarrow p = q \rightarrow p;
    if (q\rightarrow p) q\rightarrow p\rightarrow ch[pos(q)] = t;
    t\rightarrow ch[x] = q;
     q \rightarrow p = t;
```

```
pull(q);
void pushall(Tp t) {
   if (t->p) pushall(t->p);
   push(t);
void splay(Tp t, Tp top = 0) {
   pushall(t);
   while (t->p != top) {
       if (t->p->p != top)
            rotate(pos(t) ^ pos(t->p) ? t : t->p);
        rotate(t);
   pull(t);
// to [-inf, val) and [val, inf]
pair<Tp, Tp> split1(Tp t, auto x) {
   if (!t) {
       return {t, t};
   Tp j = t;
   for (Tp i = t; i; ) {
       push(i);
       j = i;
       if (i->val >= x) {
           v = i;
           i = i->ch[0];
           i = i->ch[1];
    splay(j);
    if (!v) {
```

```
return {j, 0};
    splay(v);
    Tp u = v \rightarrow ch[0];
    if (u) {
        v->ch[0] = u->p = 0;
        pull(v);
    return {u, v};
// 从 1 开始
void splay(Tp& t, int k) {
    while (true) {
        push(t);
        if (k > t - > ch[0] - > siz + 1) {
            k -= t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
        } else if (k <= t->ch[0]->siz) {
            t = t->ch[0];
            break;
    splay(t);
pair<Tp, Tp> split2(Tp t, int x) {
    if (t\rightarrow siz < x) {
        return {t, 0};
    splay(t, x);
    Tp u = t->ch[0];
```

```
t->ch[0] = u->p = 0;
        pull(t);
    return {u, t};
Tp merge(Tp 1, Tp r) {
    if (!1 || !r) {
    Tp i = 1;
    push(i);
    while (i->ch[1]) {
       i = i->ch[1], push(i);
    splay(i);
    i->ch[1] = r;
    r \rightarrow p = i;
    pull(i);
    return i;
void dfs(Tp t, int dep = 0) {
    if (!t) {
        return;
    push(t);
    dfs(t->ch[0], dep + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < dep; i += 1) cerr << '\t';
    cerr << t->val << "\n";</pre>
    dfs(t->ch[1], dep + 1);
```

可持久化FhqTreap

```
#include <ext/random>
__gnu_cxx::sfmt19937 rng(std::chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
using Tp = Base<node>;
   Tp ch[2];
   int siz, k;
   i64 val;
   i64 tag;
Tp alloc() {
   Tp t = Tp::alloc();
   t->k = rng();
   return t;
Tp alloc(Tp u) {
   if (!u) {
       return u;
   Tp p = Tp::alloc();
    *p = *u;
    return p;
void app(Tp t, auto tag) {
   if (!t) {
        return;
   t->val += tag;
   t->tag += tag;
```

```
void push(Tp t) {
    if (t->tag) {
         t \rightarrow ch[0] = alloc(t \rightarrow ch[0]);
         t->ch[1] = alloc(t->ch[1]);
         app(t->ch[0], t->tag);
         app(t->ch[1], t->tag);
         t->tag = decltype(t->tag)();
void pull(Tp t) {
    t\rightarrow siz = t\rightarrow ch[0]\rightarrow siz + 1 + t\rightarrow ch[1]\rightarrow siz;
pair<Tp, Tp> split1(Tp &t, auto val) {
    if (!t) {
         return {0, 0};
    t = alloc(t);
    push(t);
    Tp u;
    if (t->val < val) {</pre>
         tie(t->ch[1], u) = split1(t->ch[1], val);
         pull(t);
         return {t, u};
    } else {
         tie(u, t->ch[0]) = split1(t->ch[0], val);
         pull(t);
         return {u, t};
pair<Tp, Tp> split2(Tp t, int rk) {
    if (!t) {
         return {t, t};
    push(t);
```

```
t = alloc(t);
    Tp u;
    if (rk <= t->ch[0]->siz) {
        tie(u, t->ch[0]) = split2(t->ch[0], rk);
        pull(t);
        return {u, t};
        tie(t->ch[1], u) = split2(t->ch[1], rk - 1 - t->ch[0]->siz);
        pull(t);
        return {t, u};
template<bool isNew = false>
Tp merge(Tp u, Tp v) {
    if (!u | !v) return u.x | v.x;
    if (u->key < v->key) {
        push(u);
        if (isNew) {
            u = alloc(u);
        u->ch[1] = merge<isNew>(u->ch[1], v);
        pull(u);
    } else {
        push(v);
        if (isNew) {
            v = alloc(v);
        v \rightarrow ch[0] = merge < isNew > (u, v \rightarrow ch[0]);
        pull(v);
```

线段树套平衡树

```
constexpr int max_size = 262144000;
uint8_t buf[max_size];
uint8_t *head = buf;
using u32 = uint32_t;
template <class T>
struct u32_p {
   u32 x;
   u32_p(u32 x = 0) : x(x) {}
   T *operator->() {
        return (T *)(buf + x);
    operator bool() {
       return x;
    operator u32() {
       return x;
    bool operator==(u32_p rhs) const {
        return x == rhs.x;
    static u32_p __new() {
       // assert(x < max_size);</pre>
        return (head += sizeof(T)) - buf;
};
* FHQ_treap set卡常:
* 1.递归改非递归
 * 2.insert split优化 o
__gnu_cxx::sfmt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
```

```
template<typename Info>
struct FHQ_treap {
    struct Node;
    using Tp = u32_p<Node>;
    struct Node {
        Tp ch[2];
        Info val;
        int siz, key;
    };
    Tp root;
    void pull(Tp t) {
        t->siz = t->ch[0]->siz + 1 + t->ch[1]->siz;
    pair<Tp, Tp> split(Tp t, Info val) {
        if (!t) {
            return {t, t};
        Tp ohs;
        if (t->val < val) {</pre>
            tie(t->ch[1], ohs) = split(t->ch[1], val);
            pull(t);
            return {t, ohs};
        } else {
            tie(ohs, t->ch[0]) = split(t->ch[0], val);
            pull(t);
            return {ohs, t};
    Tp merge(Tp u, Tp v) {
        if (!u | !v) return u.x | v.x;
        if (u->key < v->key) {
            u \rightarrow ch[1] = merge(u \rightarrow ch[1], v);
            pull(u);
            return u;
```

```
v->ch[0] = merge(u, v->ch[0]);
            pull(v);
// set operator
    void insert(Tp &t, Tp v) {
        if (!t) {
            return;
        if (t->key < v->key) {
            tie(v->ch[0], v->ch[1]) = split(t, v->val);
            t = v;
            pull(t);
            return;
        insert(t->ch[v->val > t->val ||
            (t->val == v->val && int(rng()) >= 0)], v);
        pull(t);
   void insert(Info v) {
        Tp t = Tp::__new();
       t->key = rng();
       t->val = v;
       t->siz = 1;
        insert(root, t);
   void erase(Tp &t, Info v) {
        if (t->val == v) {
            t = merge(t->ch[0], t->ch[1]);
            return;
```

```
erase(t->ch[v > t->val], v);
        pull(t);
void erase(Info v) {
    erase(root, v);
int less(Info v) {
    Tp t = root;
    int less_siz = 0;
   while (t) {
        if (t->val >= v) {
            t = t->ch[0];
        } else {
            less_siz += t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
    return less_siz;
// from zero
Tp rank(Tp t, int k) {
   while (true) {
        if (t->ch[0]->siz >= k) {
            t = t->ch[0];
        } else if (t->ch[0]->siz + 1 < k) {
            k -= t->ch[0]->siz + 1;
            t = t->ch[1];
        } else
            break;
    return t;
```

```
// from zero
Tp operator[] (int k) {
   return rank(root, k);
// by val
static constexpr int inf = std::numeric_limits<int>::max();
Info prev(Info v) {
   Tp t = root, p;
   while (t) {
        if (t->val < v) {
           t = t->ch[1];
        } else {
           t = t->ch[0];
   return p ? p->val : -inf;
// by val
Info next(Info v) {
   Tp t = root, p;
   while (t) {
       if (t->val <= v) {
           t = t->ch[1];
        } else {
           p = t;
           t = t->ch[0];
    return p ? p->val : inf;
void dfs(Tp t, int dep = 0) {
   if (!t) {
       return;
    dfs(t->ch[0], dep + 1);
   for (int i = 0; i < dep; i += 1) cerr << '\t';
    cerr << t->val << ' ' << t->key << '\n';</pre>
```

```
dfs(t->ch[1], dep + 1);
    void dfs() {return dfs(root);}
};
template<typename Value>
struct SegTreap {
    vector<Value> val;
    vector<FHQ_treap<Value>> info;
    SegTreap() : n(0) {}
    SegTreap(int n_, Value v_ = Value()) {
        init(n_, v_);
    template<class T>
    SegTreap(vector<T> init_) {
        init(init_);
    void init(int n_, Value v_ = Value()) {
        init(vector(n_, v_));
    template<class T>
    void init(vector<T> init_) {
        n = init_.size();
        val = init_;
        info.assign(4 << __lg(n), {});</pre>
        function<void(int, int, int)>
        build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
            for (int i = 1; i < r; i += 1) {
                info[p].insert(val[i]);
            if (r - l == 1) {
                return;
            int m = (1 + r) / 2;
            build(2 * p, l, m);
            build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
        };
```

```
build(1, 0, n);
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Value &v) {
    info[p].erase(val[x]);
    info[p].insert(v);
    if (r - l == 1) return;
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    if (x < m) {
        modify(2 * p, 1, m, x, v);
    } else {
       modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
void modify(int p, const Value &v) {
    if(p >= n) return;
    modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
    val[p] = v;
int less(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Value &v) {
    if (1 >= x \& r <= y) {
        return info[p].less(v);
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    if (m >= y) {
        return less(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, v);
    } else if (m <= x) {</pre>
        return less(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
    } else {
       return less(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, v) + less(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
int less(int 1, int r, const Value &v) {
    if (1 >= r) return 0;
   return less(1, 0, n, l, r, v);
// from zero
Value kth (int x, int y, int k) {
```

```
while (l + 1 != r) {
            if (less(x, y, m) <= k) l = m;
            else r = m;
        return 1;
   Value prev(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Value &v) {
        if (1 >= x \&\& r <= y) {
            return info[p].prev(v);
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        if (m >= y) {
            return prev(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, v);
        } else if (m <= x) {</pre>
            return prev(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        } else {
            return std::max(prev(2 * p, l, m, x, y, v), prev(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v))
v));
   Value prev(int x, int y, const Value &v) {
        return prev(1, 0, n, x, y, v);
   Value next(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Value &v) {
        if (1 >= x \&\& r <= y) {
            return info[p].next(v);
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        if (m >= y) {
            return next(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, v);
        } else if (m <= x) {</pre>
            return next(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        } else {
```

```
return std::min(next(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, v), next(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v))
v));
    Value next(int x, int y, const Value &v) {
        return next(1, 0, n, x, y, v);
    void show(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int dep = 0) {
        if (1 >= y \mid | r <= x) return;
        int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
        if (r - 1 > 1)
        show(p * 2, 1, m, x, y, dep + 1);
        for (int i = 0; i < dep; i += 1) {
            cerr << '\t';</pre>
        cerr << 1 << ' ' << r << ' '; info[p].show();</pre>
        cerr << '\n';</pre>
        if (r - 1 > 1)
        show(p * 2 + 1, m, r, x, y, dep + 1);
    void show(int 1, int r) {
        show(1, 0, n, 1, r);
};
using Tree = SegTreap<int>;
```

树状数组

标准版

```
template<typename T>
struct Fenwick {
  int n;
  std::vector <T> a;
```

```
Fenwick(int n_ = 0) {
    init(n_);
void init(int n_) {
    a.assign(n, T{});
void add(int x, const T &v) {
    if (x < 0 \mid | x >= n) return;
    for (int i = x + 1; i \le n; i += i \& -i) {
        a[i - 1] = a[i - 1] + v;
T Query(int x) {
    if (x \le 0) return T\{\};
    if (x > n) x = n;
    T ans{};
    for (int i = x; i != 0; i -= i & -i) {
        ans = ans + a[i - 1];
    return ans;
T range_Query(int 1, int r) {
    if (1 >= r) return 0;
    return Query(r) - Query(1);
int kth(const T &k) {
    T cur{};
    for (int i = 1 << std::__lg(n); i; i /= 2) {
        if (x + i \le n \&\& cur + a[x + i - 1] < k) {
            x += i;
            cur = cur + a[x - 1];
```

```
}
return x;
}
};
```

二维树状数组

```
template<typename T>
struct Two_dimensional_Fenwick {
        std::vector <std::vector<T>> s;
        Base_Fenwick(int _n = 0, int _m = 0) {
             init(_n, _m);
        void init(int _n, int _m) {
             n = _n, m = _m;
            s.assign(n + 1, std::vector\langle T \rangle(m + 1, T()));
        void change(int x, int y, const T &v) {
            if (x <= 0 || y <= 0) return;
            if (x > n) x = n;
             if (y > m) y = m;
             for (int i = x; i \le n; i += i \& (-i))
                 for (int j = y; j \leftarrow m; j += j \& (-j))
                     s[i][j] += v;
        T Query(int x, int y) {
             if (x \leftarrow 0 \mid | y \leftarrow 0) return T();
             if (x > n) x = n;
             if (y > m) y = m;
             T ans = 0;
             for (int i = x; i != 0; i -= i & (-i))
```

```
for (int j = y; j != 0; j -= j & (-j))
                ans += s[i][j];
        return ans;
};
Base_Fenwick A, B, C, D;
Two_dimensional_Fenwick(int _n = 0, int _m = 0) {
    init(_n, _m);
void init(int _n, int _m) {
   A.init(n, m);
    B.init(n, m);
    C.init(n, m);
   D.init(n, m);
void Base_add(int x, int y, int v) {
   A.change(x, y, v);
    B.change(x, y, v * x);
    C.change(x, y, v * y);
   D.change(x, y, v * x * y);
T Base_Query(int x, int y) {
    return A.Query(x, y) * (x * y + x + y + 1)
           - B.Query(x, y) * (y + 1)
           - C.Query(x, y) * (x + 1)
           + D.Query(x, y);
void add(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1, int v) {
    Base_add(x0, y0, v);
    Base_add(x0, y1 + 1, -v);
```

区间加树状数组

```
template<typename T>
struct Range_Fenwick {
    Fenwick <T> a, b;
   Range_Fenwick (int _n = 0) {
       init (_n);
   void init (int _n) {
       n = _n;
       a.init(n); b.init(n);
   void range_Change (int 1, int r, const T& k) {
        a.add(1, k); a.add(r + 1, -k);
       b.add(1, k * 1); b.add(r + 1, -k * (r + 1));
   T range_Query (int 1, int r) {
        return (r + 1) * a.Query(r) - 1 * a.Query(l - 1) - b.range_Query(l, r);
   int kth(const T &k) {
       int x = 0;
       T cur0{}, cur1{};
```

```
for (int i = 1 << std::_lg(n); i; i /= 2) {
      if (x + i <= n && (cur0 + a.a[x + i]) * (x + i + 1) - (cur1 + b.a[x + i])
      < k) {
            x += i;
            cur0 = cur0 + a.a[x];
            cur1 = cur1 + b.a[x];
            }
            return x + 1;
      }
};</pre>
```

线段树

单点

```
template<class Info>
struct SegmentTree {
    std::vector<Info> info;
    SegmentTree() : n(0) {}
    SegmentTree(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(n_, v_);
    template<class T>
    SegmentTree(std::vector<T> init_) {
        init(init_);
    void init(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(std::vector(n_, v_));
    template<class T>
    void init(std::vector<T> init_) {
        n = init_.size();
        info.assign(4 << std::__lg(n), Info());</pre>
        std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
            if (r - l == 1) {
                info[p] = init_[1];
```

```
return;
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        build(2 * p, 1, m);
        build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
        pull(p, 1, m, r);
    };
    build(1, 0, n);
void pull(int p, int l, int m, int r) {
    info[p].update(info[2 * p], info[2 * p + 1], l, m, r);
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
    if (r - 1 == 1) {
        info[p].apply(v, l, r);
        return;
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    if (x < m) {
        modify(2 * p, 1, m, x, v);
        modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
    pull(p, 1, m, r);
void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
    if(p >= n) return;
    modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
Info rangeQuery(int p, int 1, int r, int x, int y) {
    if (1 >= x \&\& r <= y) {
        return info[p];
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    if (m >= y) {
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, 1, m, x, y);
    } else if (m <= x) {</pre>
        return rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y);
```

```
} else {
            return Info::merge(rangeQuery(2 * p, 1, m, x, y), rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m,
r, x, y), std::max(1, x), m, std::min(r, y));
   Info rangeQuery(int 1, int r) {
       if (l >= r) return Info();
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, 1, r);
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (1 >= y || r <= x || !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
        if (r - 1 == 1) {
            return 1;
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        int res = findFirst(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, pred);
        if (res == -1) {
           res = findFirst(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        return res;
    template<class F>
   int findFirst(int 1, int r, F pred) {
        return findFirst(1, 0, n, 1, r, pred);
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (1 >= y || r <= x || !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
       if (r - 1 == 1) {
           return 1;
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
```

```
int res = findLast(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        if (res == -1) {
            res = findLast(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, pred);
        return res;
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int 1, int r, F pred) {
        return findLast(1, 0, n, 1, r, pred);
    void DFS(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int dep = 0) {
        if (1 >= y \mid | r <= x) return;
        int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
        if (r - 1 > 1)
        DFS(p * 2, 1, m, x, y, dep + 1);
        cerr << string(dep, '\t');</pre>
        cerr << 1 << ' ' << r << ' ' << info[p];</pre>
        cerr << '\n';</pre>
        if (r - 1 > 1)
            DFS(p * 2 + 1, m, r, x, y, dep + 1);
    void dfs(int 1, int r) {
        DFS(1, 0, n, l, r);
struct Info {
    void apply(const Info &rhs, int 1, int r) {}
    void update(const Info &lhs, const Info &rhs, int 1, int m, int r) {}
    static Info merge(const Info &lhs, const Info &rhs, int 1, int m, int r) {
        Info info = Info();
        info.update(lhs, rhs, l, m, r);
        return info;
   friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, Info t) {</pre>
        return cout << "Info" << "; ";
};
```

```
using Tree = SegmentTree<Info>;
```

区间

```
template<class Info, class Tag>
struct LazySegmentTree {
    std::vector<Info> info;
    std::vector<Tag> tag;
    LazySegmentTree() : n(0) {}
    LazySegmentTree(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(n_, v_);
    template<class T>
    LazySegmentTree(std::vector<T> init_) {
        init(init_);
    void init(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(std::vector(n_, v_));
    template<class T>
    void init(std::vector<T> init_) {
        n = init_.size();
        info.assign(n * 4, Info());
        tag.assign(n * 4, Tag());
        std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
            if (r - 1 == 1) {
                info[p] = init_[1];
                return;
            int m = (1 + r) / 2;
            build(2 * p, 1, m);
            build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
            pull(p, 1, m, r);
        };
        build(1, 0, n);
```

```
void pull(int p, int l, int m, int r) {
    info[p].update(info[2 * p], info[2 * p + 1], 1, m, r);
void apply(int p, const Tag &v, int l, int r) {
    info[p].apply(v, l, r);
    tag[p].apply(v);
void push(int p, int l, int m, int r) {
    if (bool(tag[p])) {
        apply(2 * p, tag[p], 1, m);
        apply(2 * p + 1, tag[p], m, r);
        tag[p] = Tag();
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
    if (r - 1 == 1) {
        info[p] = v;
        return;
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    push(p, 1, m, r);
    if (x < m) {
        modify(2 * p, 1, m, x, v);
    } else {
        modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
    pull(p, 1, m, r);
void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
    modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
Info rangeQuery(int p, int 1, int r, int x, int y) {
    if (1 >= x \&\& r <= y) {
        return info[p];
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    push(p, 1, m, r);
    if (m >= y) {
```

```
return rangeQuery(2 * p, 1, m, x, y);
        } else if (m <= x) {</pre>
            return rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y);
        } else {
            return Info::merge(rangeQuery(2 * p, 1, m, x, y), rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m,
r, x, y), 1, m, r);
    Info rangeQuery(int 1, int r) {
        if (1 >= r) return Info();
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, 1, r);
    void rangeApply(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Tag &v) {
        if (1 >= y || r <= x) {
            return;
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        if (1 >= x \&\& r <= y) {
            apply(p, v, l, r);
            return;
        push(p, 1, m, r);
        rangeApply(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, v);
        rangeApply(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        pull(p, 1, m, r);
    void rangeApply(int 1, int r, const Tag &v) {
        return rangeApply(1, 0, n, 1, r, v);
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int p, int 1, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (1 >= y || r <= x || !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
        if (r - 1 == 1) {
            return 1;
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
```

```
push(p, 1, m, r);
    int res = findFirst(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, pred);
    if (res == -1) {
        res = findFirst(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
    return res;
template<class F>
int findFirst(int 1, int r, F pred) {
    return findFirst(1, 0, n, 1, r, pred);
template<class F>
int findLast(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
    if (1 >= y || r <= x || !pred(info[p])) {</pre>
        return -1;
    if (r - 1 == 1) {
        return 1;
    int m = (1 + r) / 2;
    push(p, 1, m, r);
    int res = findLast(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
    if (res == -1) {
        res = findLast(2 * p, 1, m, x, y, pred);
    return res;
template<class F>
int findLast(int 1, int r, F pred) {
    return findLast(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
void DFS(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int dep = 0) {
    if (1 >= y \mid | r <= x) return;
    int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
    if (r - 1 > 1)
    DFS(p * 2, 1, m, x, y, dep + 1);
    cerr << string(dep, '\t');</pre>
    cerr << l << ' ' << r << ' ' << info[p] << tag[p];</pre>
```

```
cerr << '\n';</pre>
        if (r - 1 > 1)
            DFS(p * 2 + 1, m, r, x, y, dep + 1);
    void dfs(int 1, int r) {
        DFS(1, 0, n, 1, r);
struct Tag {
    void apply(Tag t) {}
    constexpr operator bool() {
        return true;
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, Tag t) {</pre>
        return cout << "tag" << ";";</pre>
};
struct Info {
    void apply(const Tag &t, int 1, int r) {}
    void update(const Info &lhs, const Info &rhs, int 1, int m, int r) {}
    static Info merge(const Info &lhs, const Info &rhs, int 1, int m, int r) {
        Info info = Info();
        info.update(lhs, rhs, l, m, r);
        return info;
    friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, Info t) {</pre>
        return cout << "Info" << "; ";</pre>
};
using lazySegmentTree = LazySegmentTree<Info, Tag>;
```

zkw线段树区间最大值

```
struct SegmTree {
  vector<int> T; int n;
  SegmTree(int n) : T(2 * n, (int)-2e9), n(n) {}

  void Update(int pos, int val) {
    for (T[pos += n] = val; pos > 1; pos /= 2)
        T[pos / 2] = max(T[pos], T[pos ^ 1]);
  }

  int Query(int b, int e) {
    int res = -2e9;
    for (b += n, e += n; b < e; b /= 2, e /= 2) {
        if (b % 2) res = max(res, T[b++]);
        if (e % 2) res = max(res, T[--e]);
    }
    return res;
  }
};</pre>
```

扫描线

```
struct SegmentTree {
    SegmentTree() {}
    struct line {
        int h, l, r, add;
        friend bool operator<(const line &u, const line &v) {
            return u.h < v.h;
        }
    };
    vector<line> a;
    vector<int> pos, len, tag;
```

```
void reserve(int n) {
    a.reserve(2 * n), pos.reserve(2 * n);
void addRectangle(int x, int 1, int y, int r) {
    a.emplace_back(x, l, r, 1);
    a.emplace_back(y, l, r, -1);
    pos.push_back(1);
    pos.push_back(r);
void addRange(int x, int y, int l, int r) {
    addRectangle(x, 1, y + 1, r + 1);
void pull(int p, int l, int r) {
    if (tag[p]) len[p] = pos[r + 1] - pos[l];
    else len[p] = len[p << 1] + len[p << 1 | 1];
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int v) {
    if (x \le pos[1] \&\& pos[r + 1] \le y) {
        tag[p] += v;
        pull(p, 1, r);
        return;
    if (x \le pos[m])
        modify(p \langle\langle 1, 1, m, x, y, v\rangle\rangle
    if (pos[m + 1] < y)
        modify(p << 1 | 1, m + 1, r, x, y, v);
    pull(p, 1, r);
i64 answer() {
    if (a.empty()) return OLL;
    i64 \text{ ans} = 0;
```

```
int n = a.size();
    sort(a.begin(), a.end());
    sort(pos.begin(), pos.end());
    int m = unique(pos.begin(), pos.end()) - pos.begin();
    len.assign(8 * m, 0);
    tag.assign(8 * m, 0);
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i += 1) {
        modify(1, 0, m - 2, a[i].l, a[i].r, a[i].add);
        ans += 1LL * len[1] * (a[i + 1].h - a[i].h);
    }
    return ans;
}
</pre>
```

区间容斥

```
struct intervalRepulsion {
   intervalRepulsion() {}
   struct line {
       int h, l, r, add;
       friend bool operator<(const line &u, const line &v) {</pre>
            return u.h < v.h;
   };
   vector<line> a;
   vector<int> pos, len, tag;
   vector<array<int, 2>> del; // triangle
   void reserve(int n) {
       a.reserve(2 * n), pos.reserve(2 * n);
   // 左下和右上 在笛卡尔坐标系中
   void addRectangle(int x, int 1, int y, int r) {
       a.emplace_back(x, l, r, 1);
       a.emplace_back(y, l, r, -1);
       pos.push_back(1);
       pos.push_back(r);
```

```
void addRange(int u, int v, int x, int y) {
    if (!(u \le v \&\& x \le y)) {
        return;
    if (x < v) {
        int l = x, r = v;
        del.push_back({v - le, le});
    addRectangle(u, x, v + 1, y + 1);
void pull(int p, int l, int r) {
    if (tag[p]) len[p] = pos[r + 1] - pos[l];
    else len[p] = len[p << 1] + len[p << 1 | 1];
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int v) {
    if (x \le pos[1] \&\& pos[r + 1] \le y) {
        tag[p] += v;
        pull(p, 1, r);
        return;
    if (x \le pos[m])
        modify(p << 1, 1, m, x, y, v);
    if (pos[m + 1] < y)
        modify(p << 1 | 1, m + 1, r, x, y, v);
    pull(p, 1, r);
i64 calc1() {
    if (a.empty()) return OLL;
    i64 ans = 0;
    int n = a.size();
```

```
sort(a.begin(), a.end());
    sort(pos.begin(), pos.end());
    int m = unique(pos.begin(), pos.end()) - pos.begin();
    len.assign(8 * m, 0);
    tag.assign(8 * m, 0);
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i += 1) {
        modify(1, 0, m - 2, a[i].l, a[i].r, a[i].add);
        ans += 1LL * len[1] * (a[i + 1].h - a[i].h);
    return ans;
i64 calc2(int L, int R) {
    sort(del.begin(), del.end());
    del.push_back(\{R + 1, 0\});
    int pos = L - 1, siz = 0;
    auto calc = [&] (int x, int y, int h) {
        return 1LL * (x + y) * h / 2;
    };
    i64 \text{ ans} = 0;
    for (auto [1, le] : del) {
        if (1 + le  <= pos + siz) {
            continue;
        } else {
            if (pos + siz - 1 < 1) {
                ans += calc(siz, 1, siz);
            } else {
                int h = 1 - pos;
                ans += calc(siz, siz - h + 1, h);
            pos = 1, siz = le;
    return ans;
// 左右区间范围
i64 answer(int L, int R) {
```

```
i64 le = R - L + 1;
i64 ans = le * (le + 1) / 2;
ans = ans - calc1() + calc2(L, R);
return ans;
}
};
```

2SAT

```
template <class E> struct csr {
   vector<int> r;
   vector<E> e;
    csr(int n, const vector<pair<int, E>>& edges)
        : r(n + 1), e(edges.size()) {
        for (auto e : edges) {
            r[e.first + 1]++;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            r[i] += r[i - 1];
        auto c = r;
        for (auto e : edges) {
            e[c[e.first]++] = e.second;
};
struct scc_graph {
       int to;
    };
    vector<pair<int, E>> edges;
   scc_graph(int n) : n(n) {}
```

```
void add_edge(int u, int v) { edges.push_back({u, {v}}); }
pair<int, vector<int>> work() {
    auto g = csr<E>(n, edges);
    int now = 0, siz = 0;
    vector<int> vis, low(n), ord(n, -1), ids(n);
    vis.reserve(n);
    auto dfs = [&](auto &&self, int v) -> void {
        low[v] = ord[v] = now++;
        vis.push_back(v);
        for (int i = g.r[v]; i < g.r[v + 1]; i++) {
            auto to = g.e[i].to;
            if (ord[to] == -1) {
                self(self, to);
                low[v] = min(low[v], low[to]);
            } else {
                low[v] = min(low[v], ord[to]);
        if (low[v] == ord[v]) {
            while (true) {
                int u = vis.back();
                vis.pop_back();
                ord[u] = n;
                ids[u] = siz;
                if (u == v) break;
            siz++;
   };
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (ord[i] == -1) dfs(dfs, i);
    return {siz, ids};
vector<vector<int>> scc() {
    auto ids = work();
```

```
int siz = ids.first;
        vector<int> c(siz);
        for (auto x : ids.second) c[x]++;
        vector<vector<int>> g(ids.first);
        for (int i = 0; i < siz; i++) {
            g[i].reserve(c[i]);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            g[ids.second[i]].push_back(i);
        return g;
};
struct two_sat {
   vector<bool> ans;
    scc_graph scc;
    two_sat() : n(0), scc(0) {}
    two_sat(int n) : n(n), ans(n), scc(2 * n) {}
   void addClause(int i, bool f, int j, bool g) {
        scc.add\_edge(2 * i + (f ? 0 : 1), 2 * j + (g ? 1 : 0));
        scc.add_edge(2 * j + (g ? 0 : 1), 2 * i + (f ? 1 : 0));
    void notClause(int u, bool f, int v, bool g) {
        addClause(u, !f, v, !g);
    bool satisfiable() {
        auto id = scc.work().second;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (id[2 * i] == id[2 * i + 1]) return false;
            ans[i] = id[2 * i] > id[2 * i + 1];
        return true;
};
```

一份无封装可持久化线段树参考

```
using Tp = u32_p<node>;
Tp _new() {
    return Tp::__new();
    Tp ch[2];
    int val;
    int add;
};
int cnt = 0;
Tp _new(Tp t) {
    cnt += 1;
    Tp u = _{new()};
    u->val = t->val;
    u->add = t->add;
    u - ch[0] = t - ch[0];
    u \rightarrow ch[1] = t \rightarrow ch[1];
    return u;
void apply(Tp &t, int val) {
    t = _{new(t)};
    t->val += val;
   t->add += val;
void push(Tp &t) {
    int val = t->add;
    if (val) {
        apply(t->ch[0], val);
        apply(t->ch[1], val);
        t->add = 0;
```

```
void rangeAdd(Tp &t, int 1, int r, int x, int y, int val) {
   t = _{new(t)};
   if (x <= 1 && r <= y) {
        t->add += val;
       t->val += val;
        return;
    push(t);
   if (m > x) {
        rangeAdd(t->ch[0], 1, m, x, y, val);
   if (m < y) {
        rangeAdd(t->ch[1], m, r, x, y, val);
int query(Tp &t, int x, int 1, int r) {
   t = _{new(t)};
   if (r - l == 1) {
        return t->val;
    push(t);
    return m > x? query(t->ch[0], x, 1, m) : query(t->ch[1], x, m, r);
void modify(Tp &t, int x, int 1, int r) {
   t = _{new(t)};
   if (r - l == 1) {
       t->val = 0;
        return;
   push(t);
   m > x ? modify(t->ch[0], x, l, m) : modify(t->ch[1], x, m, r);
```

```
void merge(Tp &u, Tp &v, Tp &t, int c, int l, int r) {
    if (r <= c) {
        return;
    if (1 \rightarrow = c) {
        return;
    t = _new();
    u = _{new(u)};
    push(u);
    v = _{new(v)};
    push(v);
    merge(u->ch[0], v->ch[0], t->ch[0], c, 1, m);
    merge(u->ch[1], v->ch[1], t->ch[1], c, m, r);
void dfs(Tp t, int l, int r, int dep = 0) {
# ifdef LOCAL
    if (!t) {
        return;
    dfs(t->ch[0], 1, m, dep + 1);
    cerr << string(dep, '\t');</pre>
    cerr << l << ' ' << r << ' ' << t->val << ' ' << t->add << '\n';</pre>
    dfs(t\rightarrow ch[1], m, r, dep + 1);
# endif
```