杂

初始

```
# include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

using i64 = long long;

void solve () {
}

// 修一下學沒樣int

// 多測

signed main () {
    ios::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0);
    int t = 1;
    cin >> t;
    while (t --) {
        solve ();
    }
    return 0;
}
```

对拍

- 一共4个文件:
 - baoli.cpp
 - std.cpp
 - data.cpp
 - 关键

```
std::mt19937
rng(std::chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
int gen(int min, int max) {
    std::uniform_int_distribution<long long> dis(min, max);
    return dis(rng);
}
shuffle(v.begin(), v.end(), rng);
```

```
# include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

using i64 = long long;

std::mt19937
rng(std::chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());

int gen(int min, int max) {
    std::uniform_int_distribution<long long> dis(min, max);
    return dis(rng);
}

int main () {
    std::ios::sync_with_stdio (false);
    std::cin.tie (nullptr);
    vector<int> a;
    shuffle(a.begin(), a.end(), rng);

    return 0;
}
```

■ 对拍.cpp

```
# include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

void solve() {
```

```
for (int i = 1; ; i += 1) {
        system("data.exe > in.txt");
        system("std.exe < in.txt > std.txt");
        system("baoli.exe < in.txt > baoli.txt");
        if (system("fc std.txt baoli.txt")) {
            cout << "case " << i << " Wrong Answer" << endl;</pre>
            system("pause");
        } else {
            cout << "case " << i << " Accepted Answer" << endl;</pre>
signed main() {
    ios::sync_with_stdio(0);
   cin.tie(0);
   signed t = 1;
// cin >> t;
   while (t --) {
       solve();
   return 0;
```

简易版取模类

```
template<typename T>
T power(T x, long long b) {
    T res = 1;
    while (b) {
        if (b & 1) res *= x;
            x *= x;
        b >>= 1;
    }
    return res;
}
```

```
template<int P>
struct mod_int {
   static int mod;
   mod_int() : x{} {}
   mod_int(long long x) : x(norm(x % getMod())) {}
   int norm(int x) {
       if (x >= P) x -= P;
       if (x < 0) x += P;
       return x;
   static void setMod(int x) {
       mod = x;
    static int getMod() {
        return (P > 0 ? P : mod);
   mod_int operator-() {
       return -x;
   mod_int &operator+=(mod_int rhs) {
       x = norm(x + rhs.x);
       return *this;
   mod_int &operator-=(mod_int rhs) {
        x = norm(x - rhs.x);
       return *this;
   mod_int &operator*=(mod_int rhs) {
       x = 111 * x * rhs.x % getMod();
       return *this;
   mod_int inv() {
```

```
return power(*this, P - 2);
mod_int &operator/=(mod_int rhs) {
    x = 111 * x * rhs.inv().x % getMod();
    return *this;
friend mod_int operator+(mod_int lhs, mod_int rhs) {
    return lhs += rhs;
friend mod_int operator-(mod_int lhs, mod_int rhs) {
    return lhs -= rhs;
friend mod_int operator*(mod_int lhs, mod_int rhs) {
    return lhs *= rhs;
friend mod_int operator/(mod_int lhs, mod_int rhs) {
    return lhs /= rhs;
friend bool operator==(mod_int lhs, mod_int rhs) {
    return lhs.x == rhs.x;
friend bool operator!=(mod_int lhs, mod_int rhs) {
    return lhs.x != rhs.x;
template<class istream>
friend istream &operator>>(istream &input, mod_int &rhs) {
    long long x;
    input >> x;
    rhs = x;
    return input;
template<class ostream>
friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &output, mod_int rhs) {</pre>
    return output << rhs.x;</pre>
```

```
template<>
int mod_int<0>::mod = 998244353;

constexpr int P = 1e9 + 7;
using Z = mod_int<P>;
```

取模类丐版

```
struct Z {
   static constexpr int P = 998244353;
   int x = 0;
   Z() {}
   Z(i64 x) : x(norm(x % P)) {}
   int norm(int x) {
       if (x >= P) {
           x -= P;
       if (x < 0) {
           x += P;
       return x;
   Z operator-() {
        return -x;
    Z &operator+=(Z rhs) {
       x = norm(x + rhs.x);
       return *this;
   Z &operator-=(Z rhs) {
       x = norm(x - rhs.x);
       return *this;
   Z &operator*=(Z rhs) {
       x = 111 * x * rhs.x % P;
       return *this;
```

```
friend Z operator+(Z lhs, Z rhs) {
    return lhs += rhs;
}
friend Z operator-(Z lhs, Z rhs) {
    return lhs -= rhs;
}
friend Z operator*(Z lhs, Z rhs) {
    return lhs *= rhs;
}
friend istream & operator>>(istream & cin, Z & rhs) {
    i64 x;
    cin >> x;
    rhs = x;
    return cin;
}
friend ostream & operator<<((ostream & cout, Z rhs) {
    return cout << rhs.x;
}
</pre>
```

debug.h

```
template<typename A, typename B>
  ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, const pair<A, B> &p) {
    return cout << '(' << p.first << ", " << p.second << ')';
}

template<typename Tp, typename T = typename
    enable_if<!is_same<Tp, string>::value, typename Tp::value_type>::type>
    ostream &operator<<(ostream &cout, const Tp &v) {
        cout << '{';}
        string sep;
        for (const T &x : v)
            cout << sep << x, sep = ", ";
        return cout << '}';
}</pre>
```

```
void Output() { cerr << endl; }
template<typename Head, typename... Tail>
void Output(Head H, Tail... T) {
    cerr << ' ' << H; Output(T...);
}

# define ps cerr << "YES" << endl
# define debug(...) \
    cerr << "(" << #__VA_ARGS__ << "):" << endl,\
    Output(__VA_ARGS__)</pre>
```

hash

```
struct Hash {
  static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
   x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
   x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
    x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
   return x ^ (x >> 31);
  size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
    static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
        chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
    return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
  // 针对 std::pair<int, int> 作为主键类型的哈希函数
  size_t operator()(pair<uint64_t, uint64_t> x) const {
    static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
        chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
    return splitmix64(x.first + FIXED_RANDOM) ^
           (splitmix64(x.second + FIXED_RANDOM) >> 1);
};
```

O2优化

```
#pragma GCC optimize("Ofast")
#pragma GCC target("sse,sse2,sse3,ssse3,sse4,popcnt,abm,mmx,avx,avx2,fma")
#pragma GCC optimize("unroll-loops")
```

快读

```
struct Input {
    using i64 = long long;
    Input() {}
    static constexpr int MAXSIZE = 1 << 20;</pre>
    char buf[MAXSIZE], *p1 = buf, *p2 = buf;
    # define isdigit(x) ('0' <= x && x <= '9')</pre>
    #define gc()
       (p1 == p2 \&\&(p2 = (p1 = buf) + fread(buf, 1, MAXSIZE, stdin), p1 == p2) \setminus
            ? EOF
            : *p1++)
    bool blank(char ch) {
        return ch == ' ' || ch == '\n' || ch == '\r' || ch == '\t' || ch == EOF;
    void tie(int x) {}
    template <typename T>
    Input &operator>>(T &x) {
        x = 0;
        bool sign = 0;
        char ch = gc();
        for (; !isdigit(ch); ch = gc())
            if(ch == '-') sign = 1;
        for (; isdigit(ch); ch = gc())
            x = (x << 3) + (x << 1) + ch - '0';
        if(sign) x = -x;
        return *this;
```

```
Input &operator>>(char &x) {
        for (; blank(x); x = gc());
        return *this;
    Input &operator>>(double &x) {
        x = 0;
        double tmp = 1;
        bool sign = 0;
        char ch = gc();
        for (; !isdigit(ch); ch = gc())
            if(ch == '-') sign = 1;
        for (; isdigit(ch); ch = gc())
        if(ch == '.')
        for (ch = gc(); isdigit(ch); ch = gc())
            tmp /= 10.0, x += tmp *(ch - '0');
        if(sign) x = -x;
        return *this;
    Input &operator>>(string &s) {
        s.clear();
        char ch = gc();
        for (; blank(ch); ch = gc());
        for (; !blank(ch); ch = gc()) {
            s += ch;
        return *this;
   # undef isdigit
   # undef gc
}input;
# define cin input
struct Output {
    struct setprecision {
        int precision;
    };
    static constexpr int MAXSIZE = 1 << 20;</pre>
```

```
char pbuf[MAXSIZE], *pp = pbuf;
void push(const char &c) {
    if(pp - pbuf == MAXSIZE)
        fwrite(pbuf, 1, MAXSIZE, stdout), pp = pbuf;
    *pp++ = c;\
int precision;
Output() { precision = 6;}
~Output() { fwrite(pbuf, 1, pp - pbuf, stdout);}
char stack[40];
int top = 0;
template<class T>
Output & operator << (const T & x) {
   T tmp = x;
   bool _ = tmp < 0;</pre>
   if(_) tmp \stackrel{*}{=} -1;
   while(tmp) stack[++ top] = '0' + tmp % 10, tmp /= 10;
   if(_) stack[++ top] = '-';
   while(top) push(stack [top]), -- top;
   if(x == 0)push('0');
    return *this;
Output &operator<<(const string &x) {
    for (auto &u : x) push(u);
    return *this;
template<size_t N>
Output &operator<<(const char(&x)[N]) {
    *this << string(x);
    return *this;
Output & operator << (const char* const &x) {
    for (const char* ptr = x; *ptr != '\0'; ++ptr)
        push(*ptr);
    return *this;
Output &operator<<(const char &x) {
    push(x);
```

```
return *this;
    Output &operator<<(const bool &x) {
        push(x ? '1' : '0');
        return *this;
    Output &operator<<(const double &x) {
        int intPart = static_cast<int>(x);
        *this << intPart;
        push('.');
        double decimalPart = x - intPart;
        for (int i = 0; i < precision; ++i) {</pre>
            decimalPart *= 10;
            int digit = static_cast<int>(decimalPart);
            *this << char('0' + digit);
            decimalPart -= digit;
        return *this;
    Output &operator<<(setprecision x) {
        precision = x.precision;
        return *this;
   # undef push
}output;
# define cout output
```

u32 指针

```
* 1'030'000'000 1024
* 注意事项: 记得内存别开小了或者别爆了
constexpr int max_size = 1030000000;
uint8_t buf[max_size];
uint8_t *head = buf;
using u32 = uint32_t;
template <class T>
   u32 x;
   Base(u32 x = 0) : x(x) {}
   T *operator->() {
       return (T *)(buf + x);
   T & operator*() {
       return *((T *)(buf + x));
   operator bool() {
       return x;
   operator u32() {
       return x;
   bool operator==(Base rhs) const {
       return x == rhs.x;
   static Base alloc() {
       return (head += sizeof(T)) - buf;
};
```