VM3300 软件源程序

```
#include "Speed.h"
 * @brief 编码器初始化
 */
void Encoder_Init(void)
    HAL_TIM_Base_Start_IT(&htim17);
    HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT(&htim17, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // 开启 time17 通道 1 输入捕获
}
 * @brief 检测速度是否停止-0.05s
 * @param dT 任务周期
void Check_Speed(float dT)
                            // 每 50ms 进入
    Speed.Stop_Cnt += dT;
    if (Speed.Stop_Cnt >= 1.0) // 0.5s 发现没出发输入捕获
        Speed.Rel = 0;
                          // 将速度清零
        Speed.Stop_Cnt = 0; // 计数清零
    }
}
uint32_t capture, capture1, capture2;
float rel1;
/**
 * @brief Tim17 通道 1 的输入捕获回调函数
void TIM17CaptureChannel1Callback(void)
    capture1 = __HAL_TIM_GET_COMPARE(&htim17, TIM_CHANNEL_1); // 获取 Tim14
通道1的输入捕获
    if (capture1 > capture2)
        capture = capture1 - capture2;
    else
        capture = capture 1 + (0xFFFF - capture 2);
    rel1 = 10000.0f / (float)capture; // 计算速度
    capture2 = capture1;
    Speed.Rel = rel1 * 60 / 5; // 将速度赋值给 L1 的实际速度
    Speed.Stop_Cnt = 0;
}
 * @brief TIM_IC 回调函数
```

```
* @param htim
void Speed_IC_CaptureCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
    if (htim->Instance == TIM17)
        if (htim->Channel == HAL_TIM_ACTIVE_CHANNEL_1)
            TIM17CaptureChannel1Callback();
    }
}
#include "Interrupt.h"
 *@brief 定时器计数回调函数
 * @param htim
void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
    Infrared_TIM_Interrupt(htim);//红外发送定时计数中断函数
}
/**
 * @brief 定时器捕获回调函数
 * @param htim
void HAL_TIM_IC_CaptureCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
{
   Infrared_IC_CaptureCallback(htim);
   Speed_IC_CaptureCallback(htim);
}
 * @brief PWM 信号传输完成回调函数,该函数非常之重要
 * @param htim
void HAL_TIM_PWM_PulseFinishedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
    WS2812B_PulseFinishedCallback(htim);
#include "Param.h"
/*********结构体********/
struct _Save_Param_ Param; // 原始数据
/********全局变量声明*****/
```

```
uint8_t Save_Param_En; // 保存标志位
```

```
* @brief 初始化硬件中的参数
 */
void Param_Reset(void)
    Param.Flash_Check_Start = FLASH_CHECK_START;
    Param. Speed = 100;
   Param.Flash_Check_End = FLASH_CHECK_END;
}
/**
 * @brief 保存硬件中的参数
void Param_Save(void)
    Flash_Write((uint8_t *)(&Param), sizeof(Param));
}
/**
 *@brief 读取硬件中的参数,判断是否更新
void Param_Read(void)
    Flash_Read((uint8_t *)(&Param), sizeof(Param));
   // 板子从未初始化
    if (Param.Flash_Check_Start != FLASH_CHECK_START || Param.Flash_Check_End !=
FLASH_CHECK_END)
    {
        Param_Reset();
        Speed.Set = Param.Speed;// 将 Flash 中的速度赋值
        SetOK_Flag = 1;
        Save_Param_En = 1;
    }
   else
        Speed.Set = Param.Speed;// 将 Flash 中的速度赋值
        SetOK_Flag = 1;
    }
   // 保存参数
    if (Save_Param_En)
```

```
Save_Param_En = 0;
        Param_Save();
    }
/**
 * @brief 保存标志位置 1, 0.5s 后保存
 * @param dT 任务周期
void Param_Save_Overtime(float dT)
    static float time;
    if (Save_Param_En)
        time += dT;
        if (time \geq 0.5f)
            Param_Save();
            Save_Param_En = 0;
        }
    }
    else
        time = 0;
#include "PID.h"
/**
 * @brief 微分先行 PID 计算
 * @param dT 周期(单位: 秒)
 * @param Expect 期望值(设定值)
 * @param Freedback 反馈值
 * @param PID_Arg PID 参数结构体
 * @param PID_Val PID 数据结构体
 * @param Error_Lim 误差限幅
 * @param Integral_Lim 积分误差限幅
void AltPID_Calculation(float dT, float Expect, float Freedback, _PID_Arg_ *PID_Arg,
_PID_Val_ *PID_Val, float Error_Lim, float Integral_Lim)
{
    PID_Val->Error = Expect - Freedback; // 误差 = 期望值-反馈值
                                      PID_Arg->Kp
    PID_Val->Proportion
                                                                  PID_Val->Error;
// 比例 = 比例系数*误差
    PID\_Val->Fb\_Differential = -PID\_Arg->Kd * ((Freedback - PID\_Val->Freedback\_Old) *
safe_div(1.0f, dT, 0)); // 微分 = - (微分系数) * (当前反馈值-上一次反馈值) *频率
    PID_Val->Integral += PID_Arg->Ki * LIMIT(PID_Val->Error, -Error_Lim, Error_Lim) * dT;
```

```
// 积分 = 积分系数*误差*周期
   PID_Val->Integral
                         LIMIT(PID_Val->Integral,
                                                  -Integral_Lim,
                                                                Integral_Lim);
// 积分限幅
   PID_Val->Out = PID_Val->Proportion + PID_Val->Integral + PID_Val->Fb_Differential; //
PID 输出
   PID_Val->Freedback_Old = Freedback; // 将当前反馈值赋值给上一次反馈值
}
/**
 * @brief 增量式 PID 计算
 * @param dT dT: 周期(单位: 秒)
 * @param Expect 期望值(设定值)
 * @param Freedback 反馈值
 * @param PID Arg PID 参数结构体
 * @param PID_Val PID 数据结构体
 * @param Integral_Lim 积分误差限幅
 */
void IncPID_Calculation(float dT, float Expect, float Freedback, _PID_Arg, *PID_Arg,
_PID_Val_ *PID_Val, float Integral_Lim)
{
   PID_Val->Error = Expect - Freedback; // 误差 = 期望值-反馈值
   PID_Val->Proportion = PID_Arg->Kp * (PID_Val->Error - PID_Val->Error_Last);
// 比例 = 比例系数*(当前误差-上一次误差)
   PID_Val->Integral
                                                  PID Val->Error
                      =
                                                                         dT:
                            PID_Arg->Ki
// 积分 = 积分系数*误差*周期
   PID_Val->Integral
                         LIMIT(PID_Val->Integral,
                                                  -Integral_Lim,
                                                                Integral_Lim);
                     =
// 积分限幅
   PID_Val->Differential = PID_Arg->Kd * (PID_Val->Error - 2.0f * PID_Val->Error_Last +
PID_Val->Error_Previous) * safe_div(1.0f, dT, 0); // 微分 = 微分系数 * (当前误差-2*上一次
误差+上上次误差)*频率
   PID_Val->Out += PID_Val->Proportion + PID_Val->Integral + PID_Val->Differential; //
PID 输出
   PID_Val->Error_Previous = PID_Val->Error_Last; // 将上一次误差赋值给上上次误差
   PID_Val->Error_Last = PID_Val->Error;
                                            // 将当前误差赋值给上一次误差
#include "SetVal.h"
/********全局变量声明*****/
uint8 t SetOK Flag; // 检测是否按下按键
/**
 * @brief 检测设置
 * @param dT 任务周期
```

```
*/
void Check_Set(float dT)
   if (SetOK_Flag)
       if (Speed.Ctrl != Speed.Set)
            Speed.Ctrl = Speed.Set;
           Param.Speed = Speed.Set;
           if (Speed.ADDMode != 0)
               Speed. ADDMode = 0;
       Save_Param_En = 1; // 保存
       SetOK_Flag = 0;
   }
#include "Show.h"
/**
 * @brief 速度显示处理
 * @param dT 任务周期
void Deal_Speed(float dT)
   if (sys.Run_Status == 1 \parallel Speed.Rel > 10)
       if (Speed.ADDMode == 0) // 在电机控制中,速度未处理
           Speed.Display = Speed.Rel;
           if (Speed.Ctrl >= Speed.Display) // 控制速度大于实际速度
               Speed.ADDMode = 1; // 进入加速模式下
           else if (Speed.Ctrl < Speed.Display) // 控制速度小于实际速度
               Speed.ADDMode = 2; // 进入减速模式下
       if (Speed.ADDMode == 1) // 在进入加速模式下
           if (Speed.Rel > Speed.Display) // 当前速度大于显示速度
            {
               if (Speed.Display < Speed.Rel)
                   Speed.Display += 1; // 显示当前速度
           else // 当前速度小于上一次速度
               Speed.Display = Speed.Display; // 显示上一次速度,不让速度小于当前速
度。呈现攀升速度的现象
```

```
if (Speed.Display >= Speed.Ctrl) // 实际速度大于等于控制速度
               Speed.ADDMode = 3; // 进入稳定模式
               return;
       if (Speed.ADDMode == 2) // 速度下降模式下
           if (Speed.Rel < Speed.Display) // 当前速度小于上一次速度
               if (Speed.Display > Speed.Rel)
                  Speed.Display -= 1; // 显示当前速度
           else // 当前速度大于上一次速度
               Speed.Display = Speed.Display; // 显示上一次速度,不让速度大于当前速
度。呈现下降速度的现象
           }
           if (Speed.Display <= Speed.Ctrl) // 实际速度小于等于控制速度
               Speed.ADDMode = 3; // 进入稳定模式
               return;
       else if (Speed.ADDMode == 3) // 速度稳定模式下
           Speed.Display = Speed.Ctrl; // 显示控制速度
       }
   }
   else
       Speed.Display = Speed.Set; // 显示设定转速
       Speed.ADDMode = 0;
   }
}
 * @brief 显示屏幕内容
void Show_Display(float dT)
   Deal_Speed(dT);
   DisplayNumber_4BitDig(Speed.Display);
#include "Drv_WS2812.h"
```

```
/********结构体********/
_WS2812_RGB_ WS2812[2];
_WS2812_ WS2812_Status[2];
/********局部变量声明*****/
uint16_t WS2812_Buf1[RESET_WORD+RGB_NUM1 * 24+DUMMY_WORD]; // 存放的数组
uint16_t WS2812_Buf2[RESET_WORD+RGB_NUM2 * 24+DUMMY_WORD]; // 存放的数组
uint16_t Memaddr = 0;
                               // 数组的地址值
/**
 * @brief WS2812 初始化
 */
void WS2812_Init(void)
   WS2812[0].Tim = &WS2812_Tim;
                                // 定时器选择
   WS2812[0].CHANNEL = TIM_CHANNEL_4; // 定时器通道数
   WS2812[1].Tim = \&WS2812\_Tim;
                               // 定时器选择
   WS2812[1].CHANNEL = TIM_CHANNEL_1; // 定时器通道数
}
/**
 * @brief 更新目前灯的状态
 */
void WS2812_Update(void)
   if (WS2812_Status[0].Update)
       HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_DMA(WS2812[0].Tim,
                                              WS2812[0].CHANNEL,(uint32_t
*)&WS2812_Buf1[0], RESET_WORD+RGB_NUM1 * 24+DUMMY_WORD); // 开始传输字
节数据
       WS2812_Status[0].Sending = 1; // 发送
       WS2812_Status[0].Update = 0; // 更新完成,标志位清零
   }
   if (WS2812_Status[1].Update)
       HAL_TIM_PWM_Start_DMA(WS2812[1].Tim, WS2812[1].CHANNEL,(uint32_t
*)&WS2812_Buf2[0], RESET_WORD+RGB_NUM2 * 24+DUMMY_WORD); // 开始传输字
节数据
       WS2812_Status[1].Sending = 1; // 发送
       WS2812_Status[1].Update = 0; // 更新完成,标志位清零
   }
}
/**
```

```
*@brief 设置第几个灯的颜色
 * @param num 要设置的第几个灯
 *@paramr 红色的色值
 *@paramg绿色的色值
 *@param b 蓝色的色值
*/
void WS2812_SetColor(uint8_t num, uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
   uint8_t cnt = 0;
   WS2812_Status[0].Number = num; // 灯的序号
   WS2812[0].Red_Out = WS2812[0].Red = r; // 颜色赋值
   WS2812[0].Green\_Out = WS2812[0].Green = g;
   WS2812[0].Blue_Out = WS2812[0].Blue = b;
   WS2812[0].Red\_Out = (WS2812[0].Red\_Out + 1) / 16 * MAX\_RATE * 10;
                                                                    // 乘等
于最大亮度值
   WS2812[0].Green_Out = (WS2812[0].Green_Out + 1) / 16 * MAX_RATE * 10; // 乘等于
最大亮度值
   WS2812[0].Blue_Out = (WS2812[0].Blue_Out + 1) / 16 * MAX_RATE * 10; // 乘等于最
大亮度值
   if (WS2812_Status[0].Number == 0xFF) // 同时改变所有灯的颜色
    {
       Memaddr = 0;
                         // 从头赋值
       while (cnt < RGB_NUM1) // 一个一个发
       {
           for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
               WS2812\_Buf1[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[0].Green\_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO; // 将设定值拆分放入数组中
           for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
               WS2812\_Buf1[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[0].Red\_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
           for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
               WS2812_Buf1[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[0].Blue_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
           cnt++;
       }
   }
   else if (WS2812_Status[0].Number <= RGB_NUM1) // 只改变指定序号灯的颜色,看
RGB_NUM 的值
   {
       Memaddr = WS2812_Status[0].Number * 24;
       for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           WS2812_Buf1[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[0].Green_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
       for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           WS2812_Buf1[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[0].Red_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
```

```
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
       for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
            WS2812_Buf1[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[0].Blue_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
    }
    WS2812_Status[0].Update = 1; // 更新显示
}
 * @brief 设置第几个灯的颜色
 * @param num 要设置的第几个灯
 *@paramr 红色的色值
 *@paramg绿色的色值
 *@param b 蓝色的色值
void WS28121_SetColor(uint8_t num, uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
    uint8_t cnt = 0;
    WS2812_Status[1].Number = num; // 灯的序号
    WS2812[1].Red_Out = WS2812[1].Red = r; // 颜色赋值
    WS2812[1].Green\_Out = WS2812[1].Green = g;
    WS2812[1].Blue_Out = WS2812[1].Blue = b;
    WS2812[1].Red_Out = (WS2812[1].Red_Out + 1) / 16 * MAX_RATE * 10;
                                                                     // 乘等
于最大亮度值
    WS2812[1].Green_Out = (WS2812[1].Green_Out + 1) / 16 * MAX_RATE * 10; // 乘等于
最大亮度值
    WS2812[1].Blue_Out = (WS2812[1].Blue_Out + 1) / 16 * MAX_RATE * 10; // 乘等于最
大亮度值
    if (WS2812_Status[1].Number == 0xFF) // 同时改变所有灯的颜色
       Memaddr = 0:
                         // 从头赋值
       while (cnt < RGB NUM2) // 一个一个发
       {
           for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
               WS2812\_Buf2[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[1].Green\_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO; // 将设定值拆分放入数组中
            for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
               WS2812\_Buf2[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[1].Red\_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
           for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
               WS2812\_Buf2[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[1].Blue\_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
           cnt++;
        }
```

```
}
   else if (WS2812_Status[1].Number <= RGB_NUM2) // 只改变指定序号灯的颜色,看
RGB_NUM 的值
   {
       Memaddr = WS2812_Status[1].Number * 24;
       for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           WS2812\_Buf2[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[1].Green\_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
       for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           WS2812_Buf2[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[1].Red_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
       for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           WS2812_Buf2[Memaddr++] = ((WS2812[1].Blue_Out << i) & 0x80) ?
TIMING_ONE: TIMING_ZERO;
   }
   WS2812_Status[1].Update = 1; // 更新显示
}
*@brief PWM 信号传输完成回调函数,该函数非常之重要
* @param htim
void WS2812B_PulseFinishedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
   if (htim->Instance == TIM1)
       if (htim->Channel == HAL_TIM_ACTIVE_CHANNEL_4)
                                                              // 发送完成,标
           WS2812\_Status[0].Sending = 0;
志位清零
           HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_DMA(WS2812[0].Tim, WS2812[0].CHANNEL);
关闭 DMA 传输
       }
       if \ (htim->Channel == HAL\_TIM\_ACTIVE\_CHANNEL\_1) \\
                                                              // 发送完成,标
           WS2812\_Status[1].Sending = 0;
志位清零
           HAL_TIM_PWM_Stop_DMA(WS2812[1].Tim, WS2812[1].CHANNEL);
关闭 DMA 传输
   }
}
***********************
* 函数原型: static void WS2812_Breath(float dT, uint8_t num, uint8_t f, uint8_t r, uint8_t g,
uint8_t b)
```

```
能: 呼吸灯
* 功
 * 输
        入: num: 第几个 RGB 灯, f: 是否点亮, r、g、b: 表示颜色的值
        数: float dT, uint8_t num, uint8_t f, uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b
        用:内部调用
 * 调
***********************
static void WS2812_Breath(float dT, uint8_t num, uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
   static float T;
   float Run_Time;
   T += dT;
   if(T >= (float)(BREATH\_TIME / 1000)) T = 0;
   Run_Time = (T * 1000) / BREATH_TIME * 6.28f;
   Run\_Time = (cosf(Run\_Time) + 1) * 0.5;
   WS2812_SetColor(num, r * Run_Time,g * Run_Time,b * Run_Time);
}
***********************
 * 函数原型: static void WS2812_Colorful(float dT, uint8_t num, uint8_t f)
 * 功
        能: 七彩变幻
 * 输
        入: num: 第几个 RGB 灯, f: 是否点亮
        数: float dT, uint8_t num, uint8_t f
        用:内部调用
*********************
static void WS2812_Colorful(float dT, uint8_t num)
   static float T:
   float Run_Time;
   uint8_t Red,Green,Blue;
   T += dT;
   if(T >= (float)(COLORFUL\_TIME / 1000)) T = 0;
   Run\_Time = (T * 1000) / COLORFUL\_TIME * 6.28f;
   Red = ((\cos f(Run\_Time - 1.04f) + 1) * 0.5f) * 0xFF;
   Green = ((\cos f(Run\_Time + 0.00f) + 1) * 0.5f) * 0xFF;
   Blue = ((\cos f(Run\_Time + 1.04f) + 1) * 0.5f) * 0xFF;
   WS2812_SetColor(num, Red,Green,Blue);
}
 * @brief WS2812 显示任务
 * @param dT 任务周期
```

```
void WS2812_Duty(float dT)
{
    static uint16_t time = 0;
    static uint8_t led_check = 1;
    static uint32_t time1 = 0;
    if (Save_Param_En)
//
         return;
    uint8_t val1,val2,val3,val4,val5,val6,val7,val8,val9,val10;
    if (led_check) //开机灯光自检
         time += 20;
         uint8_t step = (time / 500) \% 4;
         if (step == 0)
              WS2812_SetColor(0xFF, 0xFF, 0, 0);
         else if (step == 1)
              WS2812_SetColor(0xFF, 0, 0xFF, 0);
         else
              WS2812_SetColor(0xFF, 0, 0, 0), led_check = 0, WS2812_Status[0].Mode = 1;
    }
    else
         switch (WS2812_Status[0].Mode)
         {
         case 1:
//
              time1 += 20;
//
              uint8_t step1 = (time1 / 25) \% 12;
//
              WS2812_Colorful(dT,step1);
//
              WS2812_Colorful(dT,24-step1);
//
              time 1 += 20;
//
              uint8_t step1 = (time1 / 25) \% 24;
//
              WS2812_Colorful(dT,step1);
//
              time1 += 20;
//
              uint8_t step1 = (time1 / 25) % (RGB_NUM1/2);
//
              if(time1 > 25*(RGB_NUM1/2))
//
                  time1 = 0;
//
              WS2812_Colorful(dT,step1);
//
              WS2812_Colorful(dT,12+step1);
//
         WS2812_SetColor(0xFF, 0, 0, 0);
         /*************/
              if (Infrared[0].Someone || Infrared[1].Someone)
              {
                  WS2812_SetColor(0xFF, 0, 0, 0);
                  time1 += 20;
                  uint8_t step1 = (time1 / 20) \% 24;
                  val1 = step1;
                  if(val1 > 23) val1 = 0;
```

```
WS2812_SetColor(val1, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val2 = val1+1;
                   if(val2 > 23) val2 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val2, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val3 = val2+1;
                   if(val3 > 23) val3 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val3, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val4 = val3 + 1;
                   if(val4 > 23) val4 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val4, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val5 = val4 + 1;
                   if(val5 > 23) val5 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val5, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val6 = val5 + 1;
                   if(val6 > 23) val6 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val6, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val7 = val6 + 1;
                   if(val7 > 23) val7 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val7, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val8 = val7 + 1;
                   if(val8 > 23) val8 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val8, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val9 = val8 + 1;
                   if(val9 > 23) val9 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val9, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   val10 = val9 + 1;
                   if(val10 > 23) val10 = 0;
                   WS2812_SetColor(val10, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   if(step1 > 23)
                        time1 = 0;
              }
              else
              {
                   WS2812_SetColor(0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
                   time1 = 0;
              }
//
              time1 += 20;
//
              uint8_t step1 = (time1 / 50) \% ((RGB_NUM1/2)-1);
//
              if(time1 > 50*((RGB_NUM1/2)-1))
//
                   time1 = 0;
//
              WS2812_SetColor(step1, 0, 0, 0);
//
              WS2812_SetColor(step1+1, 0, 0, 0);
//
              WS2812_SetColor(24-step1, 0, 0, 0);
//
              WS2812\_SetColor(24-(step1 + 1), 0, 0, 0);
```

```
//
           WS2812_SetColor(0, 0, 0, 0);
//
           WS2812_SetColor(1, 0, 0, 0);
//
           WS2812_SetColor(23-0, 0, 0, 0);
//
           WS2812_SetColor(23-1, 0, 0, 0);
           break; // 正常情况下
       case 2:
           break; // 按键变换检测
       case 3:
           break; // 按键变换检测
       }
   }
   WS28121_SetColor(1, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
    WS28121_SetColor(2, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
   WS28121_SetColor(3, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF);
   if (!WS2812_Status[0].Sending || !WS2812_Status[1].Sending)
       WS2812_Update();
#include "Drv_Flash.h"
// Flash_Write((uint8_t *)(&Param), sizeof(Param));
// Flash_Read((uint8_t *)(&Param),sizeof(Param));
 * @brief 写入 Flash
 * @param addr 需要写入结构体的地址
 * @param len 结构体长度
 * @return uint8_t 1: 成功, 0: 失败
uint8_t Flash_Write(uint8_t *addr, uint16_t len)
{
                               // 定义写入 Flash 状态
   uint16_t FlashStatus;
   FLASH_EraseInitTypeDef My_Flash; // 声明 FLASH_EraseInitTypeDef 结构体为
My_Flash
   HAL_FLASH_Unlock(); // 解锁 Flash
                                                    // 标明 Flash 执行页面只做
   My_Flash.TypeErase = FLASH_TYPEERASE_PAGES;
擦除操作
   My_Flash.PageAddress = PARAMFLASH_BASE_ADDRESS; // 声明要擦除的地址
   My_Flash.NbPages = 1;
                                                // 说明要擦除的页数,此参数必
须是 Min_Data = 1 和 Max_Data =(最大页数-初始页的值)之间的值
    uint32_t PageError = 0; // 设置 PageError,如果出现错误这个变量会被设置为出错的
FLASH 地址
```

FlashStatus = HAL_FLASHEx_Erase(&My_Flash, &PageError); // 调用擦除函数(擦除

```
Flash)
    if (FlashStatus != HAL_OK)
        return 0;
    for (uint16_t i = 0; i < len; i = i + 2)
        uint16_t temp; // 临时存储数值
        if (i + 1 \le len - 1)
            temp = (uint16\_t)(addr[i+1] << 8) + addr[i];
        else
            temp = 0xff00 + addr[i];
        // 对 Flash 进行烧写,FLASH_TYPEPROGRAM_HALFWORD 声明操作的 Flash
地址的 16 位的,此外还有 32 位跟 64 位的操作,自行翻查 HAL 库的定义即可
        FlashStatus = HAL_FLASH_Program(FLASH_TYPEPROGRAM_HALFWORD,
PARAMFLASH_BASE_ADDRESS + i, temp);
        if (FlashStatus != HAL_OK)
            return 0;
    HAL_FLASH_Lock(); // 锁住 Flash
    return 1;
}
 * @brief 读取 Flash
 * @param addr 需要写入结构体的地址
 * @param len 结构体长度
 * @return uint8_t 1: 成功
uint8_t Flash_Read(uint8_t *addr, uint16_t len)
{
    for (uint16_t i = 0; i < \text{len}; i = i + 2)
        uint16_t temp;
        if (i + 1 \le len - 1)
            temp = (*(_IO uint16_t *)(PARAMFLASH_BASE_ADDRESS + i)); //*(_IO
uint16_t*)是读取该地址的参数值,其值为 16 位数据,一次读取两个字节
            addr[i] = BYTEO(temp);
            addr[i + 1] = BYTE1(temp);
        }
        else
        {
            temp = (*(__IO uint16_t *)(PARAMFLASH_BASE_ADDRESS + i));
            addr[i] = BYTE0(temp);
        }
    }
    return 1;
#include "Drv_Infrared.h"
```

```
/*******结构体********/
_Infrared_ Infrared[2];
/********局部变量声明******/
uint32_t Infrared_Time;//发送的时间
uint8_t Infrared_Step;//发送的步骤
 * @brief 红外驱动初始化
void Drv_Infrared_Init(void)
   HAL_TIM_PWM_Start(&htim3, TIM_CHANNEL_1);//开启 tim3 通道一
   HAL_TIM_PWM_Start(&htim3, TIM_CHANNEL_2);//开启 tim3 通道二
   HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT(&htim15, TIM_CHANNEL_1);
                                                 //开启 tim15 通道 1 的捕获(中
断方式)
   HAL_TIM_IC_Start_IT(&htim15, TIM_CHANNEL_2); //开启 tim15 通道 2 的捕获(中
断方式)
   __HAL_TIM_ENABLE_IT(&htim15, TIM_IT_UPDATE); //更新使能中断
   HAL_TIM_Base_Start_IT(&htim6);//开始定时器
}
/**
 * @brief 检测速度是否停止-0.05s
 * @param dT 任务周期
void Check_Infrared(float dT)
   Infrared[0].Someone_Time += dT;//每 100ms 进入
   Infrared[1].Someone_Time += dT;//每 100ms 进入
   if (Infrared[0].Someone_Time >= 0.5f)// 0.5s 发现没出发输入捕获
       Infrared[0].Someone = 0;// 将有人清零
       Infrared[0].Someone_Time = 0;//计数清零
   if (Infrared[1].Someone_Time >= 0.5f)// 0.5s 发现没出发输入捕获
       Infrared[1].Someone = 0;// 将有人清零
       Infrared[1].Someone_Time = 0;//计数清零
   }
}
 * @brief 定时器计数中断
```

```
*/
void Infrared_TIM_Interrupt(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
     if(htim->Instance == htim6.Instance)
         if(Infrared\_Step == 0)
         {
              Infrared_Send1 = 79;
              Infrared_Send2 = 79;
              Infrared_Time++;
              if(Infrared_Time >= 900)
                   Infrared\_Step = 1;
                   Infrared_Time = 0;
              }
         if(Infrared\_Step == 1)
              Infrared\_Send1 = 0;
              Infrared_Send2 = 0;
              Infrared_Time++;
              if(Infrared_Time >= 225)
              {
                   Infrared\_Step = 2;
                   Infrared_Time = 0;
              }
         if(Infrared\_Step == 2)
              Infrared_Send1 = 79;
              Infrared_Send2 = 79;
              Infrared_Time++;
              if(Infrared\_Time >= 56)
              {
                   Infrared_Step = 3;
                   Infrared\_Time = 0;
              }
         if(Infrared\_Step == 3)
              Infrared_Send1 = 0;
              Infrared\_Send2 = 0;
              Infrared_Time++;
              if(Infrared_Time >= 9819)
                   Infrared_Step = 0;
                   Infrared\_Time = 0;
              }
         }
```

```
}
/**
 * @brief 红外检测信号变化定时器捕获
void Infrared_IC_CaptureCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)
   if(htim->Instance == TIM15)
       if (htim->Channel == HAL_TIM_ACTIVE_CHANNEL_2)
           if(IR1_IN)//capture 了上升沿
              TIM_RESET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15, TIM_CHANNEL_2);//清除
捕获上升沿
              TIM_SET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15,
                                                         TIM_CHANNEL_2,
TIM_ICPOLARITY_FALLING);//开始捕获下降沿
              __HAL_TIM_SET_COUNTER(&htim15, 0);//清空定时器值
              Infrared[0].IRSta |= 0x10;//[4]置 1,即标志上升沿已捕获
           }
           else //捕获下降沿
              Infrared[0].Dval
                                         HAL_TIM_ReadCapturedValue(&htim15,
TIM_CHANNEL_2);//下降沿计数
              TIM_RESET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15,TIM_CHANNEL_2);// 清 除
捕获下降沿
   TIM_SET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15,TIM_CHANNEL_2,TIM_ICPOLARITY_RISI
NG);//开始捕获上升沿
              if(Infrared[0].IRSta & 0x10) //如果完成了一次高电平捕获,接下来看是否
有引导码
              {
                  if(Infrared[0].Dval>2100 && Infrared[0].Dval<2400)//2.25ms 高电平,
引导码
                  {
                      Infrared[0].Someone = 1;
                      Infrared[0].Someone\_Time = 0;
                      Infrared[0].IRSta &= 0xF0;
                  }
              Infrared[0].IRSta &=~(1<<4);//清空[4],即高电平计数结束
       if (htim->Channel == HAL_TIM_ACTIVE_CHANNEL_1)
           if(IR2_IN)//capture 了上升沿
              TIM_RESET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15, TIM_CHANNEL_1);//清除
捕获上升沿
```

```
TIM_SET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15,
                                                           TIM_CHANNEL_1,
TIM_ICPOLARITY_FALLING);//开始捕获下降沿
               __HAL_TIM_SET_COUNTER(&htim15, 0);//清空定时器值
               Infrared[1].IRSta |= 0x10;//[4]置 1,即标志上升沿已捕获
           }
           else //捕获下降沿
           {
               Infrared[1].Dval
                                          HAL_TIM_ReadCapturedValue(&htim15,
TIM_CHANNEL_1);//下降沿计数
               TIM_RESET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15,TIM_CHANNEL_1);// 清 除
捕获下降沿
   TIM_SET_CAPTUREPOLARITY(&htim15,TIM_CHANNEL_1,TIM_ICPOLARITY_RISI
NG);//开始捕获上升沿
               if(Infrared[1].IRSta & 0x10)//如果完成了一次高电平捕获,接下来看是否有
引导码
               {
                   if(Infrared[1].Dval>2100 && Infrared[1].Dval<2600)//2.25ms 高电平,
引导码
                   {
                      Infrared[1].Someone = 1;
                      Infrared[1].Someone_Time = 0;
                      Infrared[1].IRSta \&= 0xF0;
                   }
               }
               Infrared[1].IRSta &=~(1<<4); //清空[4],即高电平计数结束
           }
       }
   }
}
#include "Drv_TM1650.h"
/********局部变量声明*****/
static uint8_t s_7number[10] = \{0xF5,0x84,0xB3,0x97,0xC6,0x57,0x77,0x85,0xF7,0xD7\};
 * @brief TM1650 开始函数
void TM1650_Start(void)
   SDA_OUT();
   TM1650_SDA_H;
   TM1650_SCL_H;
   Delay_us(4);
   TM1650_SDA_L;
   Delay_us(4);
   TM1650_SCL_L;
   Delay_us(4);
```

```
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650 停止函数
 */
void TM1650_Stop(void)
    SDA_OUT();
    TM1650_SDA_L;
    TM1650_SCL_H;
    Delay_us(4);
    TM1650_SDA_H;
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650 等待响应
uint8_t TM1650_Wait_Ack(void)
    uint8_t ucErrTime=0;
    TM1650_SDA_H;
    Delay_us(4);
    SDA_IN();
    TM1650_SCL_H;
    Delay_us(4);
    while(TM1650_SDA_RD())
        ucErrTime++;
        if(ucErrTime>250)
            TM1650_Stop();
            return 1;
        }
    }
    TM1650_SCL_L;
    return 0;
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650Ack 信号
 */
void TM1650_Ack(void)
    TM1650_SCL_L;
    SDA_OUT();
    TM1650_SDA_L;
    Delay_us(4);
```

```
TM1650_SCL_H;
   Delay_us(4);
   TM1650\_SCL\_L;
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650NAck 信号
 */
void TM1650_NAck(void)
   TM1650_SCL_L;
   SDA_OUT();
   TM1650_SDA_H;
   Delay_us(4);
   TM1650_SCL_H;
   Delay_us(4);
   TM1650_SCL_L;
}
 * @brief TM1650 发送一个字节数据
 * @param oneByte 字节值
void TM1650_Send_Byte(uint8_t oneByte)
{
    uint8_t t;
   SDA_OUT();
   TM1650_SCL_L;
   TM1650_SDA_L;
    for(t=0;t<8;t++)
        TM1650_SCL_L;
        Delay_us(2);
        if((oneByte\&0x80)==0x80)
        {
            TM1650_SDA_H;
            Delay_us(4);
        }
        else
            TM1650_SDA_L;
            Delay_us(4);
        }
        oneByte <<=1;\\
        Delay_us(4);
        TM1650_SCL_H;
        Delay_us(4);
        TM1650_SCL_L;
```

```
Delay_us(4);
    }
   TM1650_SCL_L;
   TM1650_SDA_L;
}
 * @brief TM1650 读一个字节数据
 */
uint8_t TM1650_Read_Byte(void)
   uint8_t i,rekey=0;
   SDA_IN();
    for(i=0;i<8;i++)
        TM1650_SCL_L;
        Delay_us(4);
        TM1650_SCL_H;
        rekey<<=1;
        if(TM1650_SDA_RD()) rekey++;
        Delay_us(4);
    }
   return rekey;
}
 * @brief TM1650 发送命令
 * @param add 地址
 * @param dat 字节值
void TM1650_SendCommand(uint8_t add,uint8_t dat)
   TM1650_Start();
   TM1650_Send_Byte(add);
   TM1650_Wait_Ack();
   TM1650_Send_Byte(dat);
   TM1650_Wait_Ack();
   TM1650_Stop();
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650 显示函数
 * @param index 要设置的第几个数码管
 * @param num 设置的数值
void TM1650_SendDigData(uint16_t index,uint16_t num)
```

```
uint8_t indexAddr = 0;
    uint8_t numValue = 0;
    switch(index)
        case 1:indexAddr = 0x68;break;
        case 2:indexAddr = 0x6A;break;
        case 3:indexAddr = 0x6C;break;
        case 4:indexAddr = 0x6E;break;
        default:break;
    numValue = s_7number[num];
   numValue = num;
   TM1650_Start();
    TM1650_Send_Byte(indexAddr);
    TM1650_Wait_Ack();
    TM1650_Send_Byte(numValue);
    TM1650_Wait_Ack();
    TM1650_Stop();
}
 * @brief TM1650 显示函数
 * @param brightness 亮度 1 到 8 宏定义
void TM1650_SetDisplay(uint8_t brightness)
{
    TM1650_SendCommand(0x48,brightness*16 + 1*4 + 1);
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650 显示位数值函数
 * @param Num 数值
void DisplayNumber_4BitDig(uint16_t Num)
    uint16_t Numb;
    Numb = Num + 10000;
   TM1650_SendDigData(3,0x01);
    TM1650_SendDigData(3,Numb/1000%10);
    TM1650_SendDigData(2,Num/100%10);
    TM1650_SendDigData(1,Num/10%10);
    TM1650_SendDigData(4,Num%10);
}
/**
 * @brief TM1650 驱动初始化
 */
```

```
void DrvTM1650_Init(void)
{
    TM1650_SCL_H;
    TM1650_SDA_H;
    HAL_Delay(20);//这个 20ms 延时不加开机点亮不了
    TM1650_SetDisplay(brighting_1);
}
#include "Drv_Uart.h"
#if 1
 * @brief 重定向 c 库函数 printf 到 DEBUG_USARTx
int fputc(int ch, FILE *f)
    HAL_UART_Transmit(&huart1, (uint8_t *)&ch, 1, 0xffff);
    return ch;
}
/**
 * @brief 重定向 c 库函数 getchar,scanf 到 DEBUG_USARTx
 */
int fgetc(FILE *f)
    uint8_t ch = 0;
    HAL_UART_Receive(&huart1, &ch, 1, 0xffff);
    return ch;
}
#endif
/**
 * @brief 串口初始化
void Drv_Uart_Init(void)
    HAL_UART_Receive_IT(&huart1, (uint8_t *)&aRxBuffer1, 1);
}
char RxBuffer1[RXBUFFERSIZE];//接收数据
uint8_t aRxBuffer1;//接收中断缓冲
uint8_t Uart1_Rx_Cnt = 0;//接收缓冲计数
/**
 *@brief 串口1中断回调函数,要在mian中先调用一次接收中断函数
 * @param huart 串口号
```

```
*/
void HAL_UART_RxCpltCallback(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart)
    UNUSED(huart);
    /********USART1*******/
    if(huart->Instance == USART1)//判断是由哪个串口触发的中断
        HAL_UART_Receive_IT(&huart1, (uint8_t *)&aRxBuffer1, 1);//重新使能串口 1 接收
中断
}
 * @brief 打印一个字节
 * @param huart 串口号
 * @param DataToSend 一个字节
 */
void Uart_Put_Char(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart, uint8_t DataToSend)
   HAL_UART_Transmit(huart, &DataToSend, 1, 0xFFFF);
}
 * @brief 打印一串字符串
 * @param huart 串口号
 * @param Str 一串字符串
void Uart_Put_String(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart, uint8_t *Str)
{
    uint8_t *p;
    p = Str;
    while(*p != \backslash 0')
        Uart_Put_Char(huart, *p);
        p++;
    }
}
/**
 * @brief 打印一个数组
 * @param huart 串口号
 * @param DataToSend 数组
 * @param data_num 数组长度
void Uart_Put_Buf(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart, uint8_t *DataToSend , uint8_t data_num)
    while(data_num)
```

```
{
    Uart_Put_Char(huart, *DataToSend);
    DataToSend++;
    data_num--;
}
```