

# Literature review -- active motion in a harmonic trap

The motion of passive particles driven by an active bath results from a combined effect of hydrodynamic interaction and collision between many pairs of passive particles and active particles in the bath. Despite the complexity of these interactions, the resulting motion is usually pretty well captured by a simple stochastic model where the contribution from the active bath is considered as a noise with some persistence (Wu and Libchaber 2000). In such a model, the motion of passive particles in an active bath resembles that of active Brownian particles.

How active baths transfer momentum to passive particles remain poorly understood. Intuitively, higher concentration and activity lead to higher motility of the driven passive particle. Mino et al. 2011 proposed a "active flux" model, which states that the diffusivity grows linearly with concentration n and velocity V:

$$D = D_0 + \beta nV$$
.

However, this model does not account for the size-dependent diffusivity (Patteson 2016) and potential-dependent diffusivity (Ye 2020). **Our experiment may also reveal a curvature-dependent diffusivity**. Clearly, the momentum transfer process is more complicated than the model above.

### Dynamics of active particles in a harmonic potential

There are several studies on the dynamics of active particles in a harmonic potential: Tailleur and Cates 2009 (1-D RTP model), Takatori 2016 (Janus particle in acoustic trap), Dauchot and Deremy 2019 (hexbug in a parabolic dish) and Schmidt 2021 (gold nanoparticle in optical trap). All of these works report position distributions significantly deviating from Boltzmann. Such deviation can be understood by considering the persistence length  $l_p$  and the characteristic trap length  $l_{trap}$ : when  $l_p \ll l_{trap}$ , the motion remains random, so the position distribution is Boltzmann; when  $l_p \geq l_{trap}$ , each run of active particle can reach the very edge of the potential, leading to a high-potential peak.

An interesting **orbital motion** is reported for nanoparticles and macroscopic robots (Schmidt 2021 and Dauchot 2019), but not for micron-size particles.

#### Dynamics of passive particle in an active bath in a harmonic potential

The dynamics of passive particle in an active bath has also been studied, in particular the position distributions (Maggi 2014, Argun 2016). In this case the deviation from Boltzmann distribution is less significant: the large displacement tails are heavier, but the general center-peak distribution persists.

#### Multi-particle interaction mediated by an active bath

Multi-particle interaction mediated by an active bath, a more complex scenario, has also been investigated (Angelani 2011, Gokhale 2021). We may borrow ideas from them to study the interaction in curved spaces.

## References

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