

## Задание 1. Разработать программу на языке C++ для следующих заданий:

### Условие задачи:

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Определить содержит ли текст хотя бы один восклицательный знак и в какой строке.

### Код программы:

---

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    string text;
    int lineNumber = 1;

    cout << "Enter text (press Enter to finish):\n";
    getline(cin, text);

    int length = text.length();
    int exclamationCount = 0; // переменная для подсчета восклицательных знаков

    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
        if (text[i] == '!') {
            cout << "An exclamation point was found in line: " << lineNumber <<
endl;
            exclamationCount++;
        }
        else if (text[i] == '\n') {
            lineNumber++;
        }
    }

    if (exclamationCount > 0) {
        cout << "Total exclamation points found: " << exclamationCount << endl;
    } else {
        cout << "No exclamation point found." << endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

## Результат тестирования программы:

```

Enter text (press Enter to finish):
Hi! Hello! Cucumber!
An exclamation point was found in line: 1
An exclamation point was found in line: 1
An exclamation point was found in line: 1
Total exclamation points found: 3

Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 9.850 s
Press any key to continue.

```

## Задание 2. Структуры. Операции над комплексными числами

### Условие задачи:

### Даны комплексные числа

$$a = \alpha + \beta * i, b = \gamma + \sigma * i, c = \lambda + \mu * i$$

Найти комплексное число

$$d = \phi + \psi * i$$

по формуле представленной ниже.

$$d = (a * b^3 - c)/(a + b)$$

## Код программы:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

struct Complex {
    double real;
    double imag;
};

// функция сложения
Complex add(Complex a, Complex b) {
    Complex result;
    result.real = a.real + b.real;
    result.imag = a.imag + b.imag;
    return result;
}

// функция вычитания
Complex subtract(Complex a, Complex b) {
    Complex result;
```

```

    result.real = a.real - b.real;
    result.imag = a.imag - b.imag;
    return result;
}

// Функция умножения
Complex multiply(Complex a, Complex b) {
    Complex result;
    result.real = a.real * b.real - a.imag * b.imag;
    result.imag = a.real * b.imag + a.imag * b.real;
    return result;
}

// Функция деления
Complex divide(Complex a, Complex b) {
    Complex result;
    double denominator = b.real * b.real + b.imag * b.imag;
    if (denominator != 0.0) {
        result.real = (a.real * b.real + a.imag * b.imag) / denominator;
        result.imag = (a.imag * b.real - a.real * b.imag) / denominator;
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "Error: Division by zero!" << "\n";
    }
    return result;
}

// Функция счёта куба
Complex cube(Complex num) {
    Complex result;
    result = multiply(multiply(num, num), num);
    return result;
}

int main() {
    double alpha, beta, gamma, sigma, lambda, mu;
    cout << "Enter the real part of the complex number a: ";
    cin >> alpha;
    cout << "Enter the imaginary part of the complex number a: ";
    cin >> beta;

    cout << "Enter the real part of the complex number b: ";
    cin >> gamma;
    cout << "Enter the imaginary part of the complex number b: ";
    cin >> sigma;

    cout << "Enter the real part of the complex number c: ";
    cin >> lambda;
    cout << "Enter the imaginary part of the complex number c: ";
    cin >> mu;

    Complex a = {alpha, beta};
    Complex b = {gamma, sigma};
    Complex c = {lambda, mu};

```



## Задание 3. Работа с библиотекой комплексных чисел

### Условие задачи:

Для заданных матриц комплексных чисел  $A(n \times n)$  и  $B(m \times m)$  найти

$$C = (\Delta * A - A^T) * A$$

где

$$\Delta = |B|$$

Вычислить

$$C^{-1}$$

### Код программы:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <math.h>
#include <complex>
#include <memory.h>
using namespace std;

// Значение нуля при вычислениях
const double eps = 1E-12;

complex<double>** mul_mat(complex<double>** mat1, complex<double>** mat2, int N)
{
    complex<double>** res = new complex<double>*[N];
    int i, j, k;

    // Create the result matrix
    for (i = 0; i < N; ++i)
    {
        res[i] = new complex<double>[N];
    }

    // Perform matrix multiplication
    for (i = 0; i < N; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < N; ++j)
        {
            complex<double> v = 0.0;
            for (k = 0; k < N; ++k)
            {
                v += mat1[i][k] * mat2[k][j];
            }
            res[i][j] = v;
        }
    }

    return res;
}
```

```

//Вычисление определителя матрицы
//с комплексными коэффициентами
complex<double> determinant(complex<double> **matrica_a, int n)
{
    int i, j, k, r;
    complex<double> c, M, s, det = 1;
    complex<double> **a;
    double max;
    a = new complex<double>*[n];
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        a[i] = new complex<double>[n];

    // Copy the input matrix 'matrica_a' to temporary matrix 'a'
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            a[i][j] = matrica_a[i][j];
    }

    // Gaussian elimination with partial pivoting
    for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
        max = abs(a[k][k]);
        r = k;
        // Find the row with the maximum absolute value in the current column
        for (i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
            if (abs(a[i][k]) > max) {
                max = abs(a[i][k]);
                r = i;
            }
        }
        // Perform row swaps and eliminate elements below the pivot
        if (r != k)
            det = -det;
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            c = a[k][j];
            a[k][j] = a[r][j];
            a[r][j] = c;
        }
        for (i = k + 1; i < n; i++) {
            M = a[i][k] / a[k][k];
            for (j = k; j < n; j++)
                a[i][j] -= M * a[k][j];
        }
    }

    // Compute the determinant as the product of the diagonal elements
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        det *= a[i][i];

    // Deallocate memory for the temporary matrix
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        delete[] a[i];
    delete[] a;

    return det;
}

```

```

}

complex<double>** inv(complex<double>** mat, int n) {
    complex<double> y, w, *b, *c, **a;
    int i, j, k, r, *z;

    a = new complex<double>*[n];
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        a[i] = new complex<double>[n];
        memcpy(a[i], mat[i], sizeof(complex<double>) * n);
    }

    z = new int[n];
    b = new complex<double>[n];
    c = new complex<double>[n];

    //initialize the original sequence numbers of columns
    for (j = 0; j < n; ++j)
        z[j] = j;

    // loop through all the rows of the matrix
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        // In the current line find the index of the minimum
        // by absolute value of the element
        y = a[i][k = i];
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; ++j) {
            if (abs(w = a[i][j]) > abs(y)) {
                k = j;
                y = w;
            }
        }

        // The minimum element is almost zero?
        if (abs(y) < eps) {
            // delete occupied memory
            delete[] b;
            delete[] c;
            delete[] z;
            for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                delete[] a[i];
            delete[] a;
            cout << ("Inverse matrix cannot be computed");
            exit(0);
        }

        y = 1.0 / y;
        for (j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
            c[j] = a[j][k];
            a[j][k] = a[j][i];
            a[j][i] = -c[j] * y;
            b[j] = (a[i][j] *= y);
        }

        //create the rearrangement of the indexes according to
        // with the found main element
        a[i][i] = y;
    }
}

```

```

        j = z[i];
        z[i] = z[k];
        z[k] = j;

        for (k = 0; k < n; ++k) {
            if (k != i) {
                for (j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
                    if (j != i) {
                        a[k][j] -= b[j] * c[k];
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }

    // Final formation of the inverse matrix
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        while ((k = z[i]) != i) {
            for (j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
                w = a[i][j];
                a[i][j] = a[k][j];
                a[k][j] = w;
            }
            r = z[i];
            z[i] = z[k];
            z[k] = r;
        }
    }

    // delete occupied memory
    delete[] b;
    delete[] c;
    delete[] z;

    // return
    return a;
}

int main()
{
    // Русификация
    setlocale(LC_ALL, "Rus");

    // Ввод i, j, N - размерность матриц
    int i, j, N;

    // Инициализация матриц
    complex <double> **A, **B, **C;

    ifstream f;

    // Открытие файла
    f.open("Matrix.txt");
    f >> N;

```



```

// Создание матриц
A = new complex <double> *[N];
B = new complex <double> *[N];
C = new complex <double> *[N];
for(i=0;i<N;i++)
{
    A[i] = new complex <double> [N];
    B[i] = new complex <double> [N];
    C[i] = new complex <double> [N];
}

// Запись элементов в матрицу A
for(i=0;i<N;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<N;j++)
    {
        f>>A[i][j];
    }
}

// Вывод матрицы A
cout<<"Матрица A:\n";
for(i=0;i<N;cout<<endl,i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<N;j++)
    {
        cout<<A[i][j]<<"\t";
    }
}

cout << "\n";

// Запись элементов в матрицу B
for(i=0;i<N;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<N;j++)
    {
        f>>B[i][j];
    }
}

// Вывод матрицы B
cout<<"Матрица B:\n";
for(i=0;i<N;cout<<endl,i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<N;j++)
    {
        cout<<B[i][j]<<"\t";
    }
}

cout << "\n";

// Нахождение матрицы C

// det(B) * A

```

```

for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
{
    for(j = 0; j < N; ++j)
    {
        C[i][j] = (determinant(B,N) * A[i][j] - A[j][i]);
    }
}
cout << "\n";

cout << "Matrix C: \n";
for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
{
    for(j = 0; j < N; ++j)
    {
        cout << mul_mat(C, A, N)[i][j] << "\t";
    }
    cout << "\n";
}

cout << "Inv matrix: \n";
for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
{
    for(j = 0; j < N; ++j)
    {
        cout << inv(C, N)[i][j] << "\t";
    }
    cout << "\n";
}

for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
{
    delete A[i];
    delete B[i];
    delete C[i];
}
delete[] A;
delete[] B;
delete[] C;

return 0;
}

```

## Результат тестирования программы:

```
Матрица A:
(1,2) (2,3) (3,1.54)
(2,5) (3,7) (4,10)
(1.5,3.25) (1.7,-3.94) (6.23,11.17)

Матрица B:
(6.23,-1.97) (0.19,0.22) (0.16,0.28)
(0.22,0.29) (11,12) (6.72,-1.13)
(5,1) (1.4,-1.76) (4.5,2.3)

Matrix C:
(-21311,1613.83) (-13366.6,1874.4) (-50032.9,13121.8)
(-53766,-14584.1) (-32940.6,14737.8) (-140498,-24606.3)
(-25921.1,8032.19) (20626.3,44499.9) (-92938.7,22927)

Inv matrix:
(-0.00160807,0.000278168) (0.000637256,-0.000389414) (-0.000262881,-3.82422e-05)
(0.000329197,-0.000193717) (-0.000239139,4.46329e-05) (0.000160998,7.87251e-05)
(0.000574172,4.07984e-06) (-0.000247347,4.0967e-05) (1.63747e-05,-3.37212e-05)

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.036 s
Press any key to continue.
```

### Input interpretation

$$\begin{vmatrix} 6.23 - 1.97i & 0.19 + 0.22i & 0.16 + 0.28i \\ 0.22 + 0.29i & 11 + 12i & 6.72 - 1.13i \\ 5 + i & 1.4 - 1.76i & 4.5 + 2.3i \end{vmatrix}$$

### Result

292.679... +  
533.312... i

Test = det(B) \* A:

```
Матрица A:
(1,2) (2,3) (3,1.54)
(2,5) (3,7) (4,10)
(1.5,3.25) (1.7,-3.94) (6.23,11.17)

Матрица B:
(6.23,-1.97) (0.19,0.22) (0.16,0.28)
(0.22,0.29) (11,12) (6.72,-1.13)
(5,1) (1.4,-1.76) (4.5,2.3)

Test
(-773.946,1118.67) (-1014.58,1944.66) (56.7351,2050.66)
(-2081.2,2530.02) (-2855.15,3648.69) (-4162.41,5060.03)
(-1294.25,1751.17) (2598.8,-246.523) (-4133.71,6591.75)
```

$$\text{Test} = \det(B) \cdot A - \text{trans}(A)$$

Матрица A:

```
(1,2) (2,3) (3,1.54)
(2,5) (3,7) (4,10)
(1.5,3.25) (1.7,-3.94) (6.23,11.17)
```

Матрица B:

```
(6.23,-1.97) (0.19,0.22) (0.16,0.28)
(0.22,0.29) (11,12) (6.72,-1.13)
(5,1) (1.4,-1.76) (4.5,2.3)
```

Test

```
(-774.946,1116.67) (-1016.58,1939.66) (55.2351,2047.41)
(-2083.2,2527.02) (-2858.15,3641.69) (-4164.11,5063.97)
(-1297.25,1749.63) (2594.8,-256.523) (-4139.94,6580.58)
```

$$C = (\det(B) \cdot A - \text{trans}(A)) \cdot A$$

Matrix C:

```
(-21311,1613.83) (-13366.6,1874.4) (-50032.9,13121.8)
(-53766,-14584.1) (-32940.6,14737.8) (-140498,-24606.3)
(-25921.1,8032.19) (20626.3,44499.9) (-92938.7,22927)
```

	$C_1$	$C_2$	$C_3$
1	-21310.97585+1613.827075i	-13366.56693+1874.392706i	-50032.884827+13121.773527i
2	-53766.0575-14584.1525i	-32940.6852+14737.8024i	-140497.661-24606.3836i
3	-25921.09+8032.149i	20626.2582+44499.8906i	-92938.655+22926.9166i

$$C = C^{(-1)}$$

Matrix C:

```
(-21311,1613.83) (-13366.6,1874.4) (-50032.9,13121.8)
(-53766,-14584.1) (-32940.6,14737.8) (-140498,-24606.3)
(-25921.1,8032.19) (20626.3,44499.9) (-92938.7,22927)
```

Inv matrix:

```
(0.00135495,0.000980804) (-0.000780985,-0.000251906) (0.000173582,0.000293699)
(-0.000406477,-9.06698e-05) (0.000195901,-6.66165e-06) (-5.07701e-05,-6.28984e-05)
(-0.000393923,-0.000468375) (0.000247727,0.000156194) (-3.74789e-05,-0.000114427)
```

	$B_1$	$B_2$	$B_3$
1	0.0013549425031875009881+0.0009807983022193726475i	-0.00078098041295992621998-0.00025190512563771749632i	0.00017358066003853305221+0.00029369839775429342197i
2	-0.0004064748349669372817-0.00009066919434057702477i	0.00019589992168055244323-0.000006661484093161235245i	-0.000050769839993436816367-0.000062898381137399998571i
3	-0.0003939206552962791061-0.00046837237857123454841i	0.00024772561767275608352+0.00015619348653840648315i	-0.000037478545531635066176-0.00011442639167717199456i