

# 16-08 nginx-hls-多码率测试环境搭建

---

## 1 nginx-rtmp开源项目

## 2 环境搭建

安装依赖库

安装nginx-http-flv-module

安装ffmpeg

安装nginx

## 3 配置文件

## 4 测试

## 5 Nginx的RTMP直播模块开发参数说明和配置范例

直播RTMP模块中一些主要的配置选项

在直播时的一些配置项

HLS协议进行m3u8实时直播

录制直播视频以便回放重播

使用HTTP动态自适应不同带宽的视频

用于视频点播的配置

拉流转播到其他平台

直播状态的消息和状态

对直播的访问权限控制

其他RTMP的配置选项

下面是一个NGINX-RTMP直播配置的范例

腾讯课堂 《FFmpeg/WebRTC/RTMP音视频流媒体高级开发》 <https://ke.qq.com/course/468797?tuin=137bb271>

## 1 nginx-rtmp开源项目

项目地址: <https://github.com/winshining/nginx-http-flv-module>

- nginx-http-flv-module的其他功能与[nginx-rtmp-module](#)的对比:

功能	nginx-http-flv-module	nginx-rtmp-module	备注
HTTP-FLV (播放)	√	x	支持HTTPS-FLV和chunked回复
GOP缓存	√	x	
虚拟主机	√	x	
省略listen配置	√	见备注	配置中必须有一个listen
纯音频支持	√	见备注	wait_video或wait_key开启后无法工作
reuseport支持	√	x	
定时打印访问记录	√	x	
JSON风格的stat	√	x	
stat中包含录制详情	√	x	

## 2 环境搭建

Linux主机版本：ubuntu 16.04

### 安装依赖库

下载相关的依赖库

```

1 sudo apt-get update
2 #安装依赖：gcc、g++依赖库
3 sudo apt-get install build-essential libtool
4 #安装 pcre依赖库 (http://www.pcre.org/)
5 sudo apt-get install libpcre3 libpcre3-dev
6 #安装 zlib依赖库 (http://www.zlib.net)
7 sudo apt-get install zlib1g-dev
8 #安装ssl依赖库
9 sudo apt-get install openssl

```

# 安装nginx-http-flv-module

git clone <https://github.com/winshining/nginx-http-flv-module.git>

该源码下载后的路径是 /home/ubuntu/0voice/media/nginx-rtmp/nginx-http-flv-module，在编译nginx的时候需要用到

## 安装ffmpeg

参考 ubuntu ffmpeg环境搭建

## 安装nginx

--prefix=/usr/local/rtmp-nginx 指定nginx安装目录

--add-module=/home/ubuntu/0voice/media/nginx-rtmp/nginx-http-flv-module

```
1 注意安装的时候要带ssl
2 #下载nginx 1.19.2版本
3 wget http://nginx.org/download/nginx-1.19.2.tar.gz
4 tar xvzf nginx-1.19.2.tar.gz
5 cd nginx-1.19.2/
6 # 配置，一定要支持https
7 ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/rtmp-nginx --with-http_ssl_module
  --add-module=/home/ubuntu/0voice/media/nginx-rtmp/nginx-http-flv-
  module
8 # 编译
9 make
10 #安装
11 sudo make install
12 最终安装到目录：/usr/local/rtmp-nginx/nginx 主要是避免和原有的nginx有冲突
```

最终安装到目录：/usr/local/rtmp-nginx/nginx 主要是避免和原有的nginx有冲突

启动：sudo /usr/local/rtmp-nginx/nginx/sbin/nginx

停止：sudo /usr/local/nginx/rtmp-nginx/sbin/nginx -s stop

重新加载配置文件：sudo /usr/local/rtmp-nginx/nginx/sbin/nginx -s reload

如果nginx-http-flv-module路径不对会报错，比如下面所示。

```
adding module in /home/ubuntu/0voice/media/nginx-rtmp/nginx-http-flv-module2
./configure: error: no /home/ubuntu/0voice/media/nginx-rtmp/nginx-http-flv-module2/config was found
ubuntu@VM-0-13-ubuntu:~/0voice/rtmp-nginx/nginx-1.19.2$
```

### 3 配置文件

```
1 daemon off;
2 # 如果开启off对应的ts文件不并删除
3 # master_process off;
4 user root;
5
6 error_log /tmp/error.log debug;
7 events{
8     worker_connections 1024;
9 }
10
11
12 rtmp{
13     server {
14         listen 1935;
15         chunk_size 4000;
16
17         #live
18         application live {
19             live on;
20
21             exec /usr/bin/ffmpeg -i rtmp://localhost/live/$name
22             -c:a copy -c:v libx264 -b:v 300K -g 30 -f flv rtmp://localhost/hls/$name_hi
23             -c:a copy -c:v libx264 -b:v 200K -g 30 -s 46
24             2x254 -f flv rtmp://localhost/hls/$name_mid
25             -c:a copy -c:v libx264 -b:v 100K -g 30 -s 23
26             0x128 -f flv rtmp://localhost/hls/$name_low;
27         }
28     }
29     application hls {
```

```

28         live on;
29         hls on;
30         hls_path /tmp/hls;
31         hls_nested on;
32         hls_fragment 2s;
33         hls_playlist_length 6s;
34
35         hls_variant _hi BANDWIDTH=350000;
36         hls_variant _mid BANDWIDTH=250000;
37         hls_variant _low BANDWIDTH=150000;
38
39     }
40 }
41 }
42
43 #HTTP
44 http{
45     server {
46         listen 8081;
47
48         #welcome
49         location / {
50             root    html;
51             index   index.html index.htm;
52         }
53
54         #hls
55         location /hls {
56             types {
57                 application/vnd.apple.mpegusr m3u8;
58                 video/mp2t ts;
59             }
60             #root /tmp;
61             alias /tmp/hls;
62             add_header Cache-Control no-cache;
63         }
64     }
65 }

```

## 4 测试

模拟丢包

```
1 1. 延迟设置
2 //延迟 300ms ± 100ms
3 sudo tc qdisc add dev eth0 root netem delay 300ms 100ms
4 sudo tc qdisc del dev eth0 root netem delay 300ms 100ms
5
6 2. 丢包
7 //丢包率 5%
8 sudo tc qdisc add dev eth0 root netem loss 30%
9 sudo tc qdisc del dev eth0 root netem loss 5%
```

推流：

```
ffmpeg -re -i time.flv -vcodec copy -acodec copy -f flv -y
```

```
rtmp://111.229.231.225/live/livestream
```

RTMP流地址为：rtmp://111.229.231.225/live/livestream

HLS流地址为：<http://111.229.231.225:8081/hls/livestream.m3u8>

[http://111.229.231.225:8081/hls/livestream\\_hi/index.m3u8](http://111.229.231.225:8081/hls/livestream_hi/index.m3u8)

使用 ffplay和vlc进行播放测试

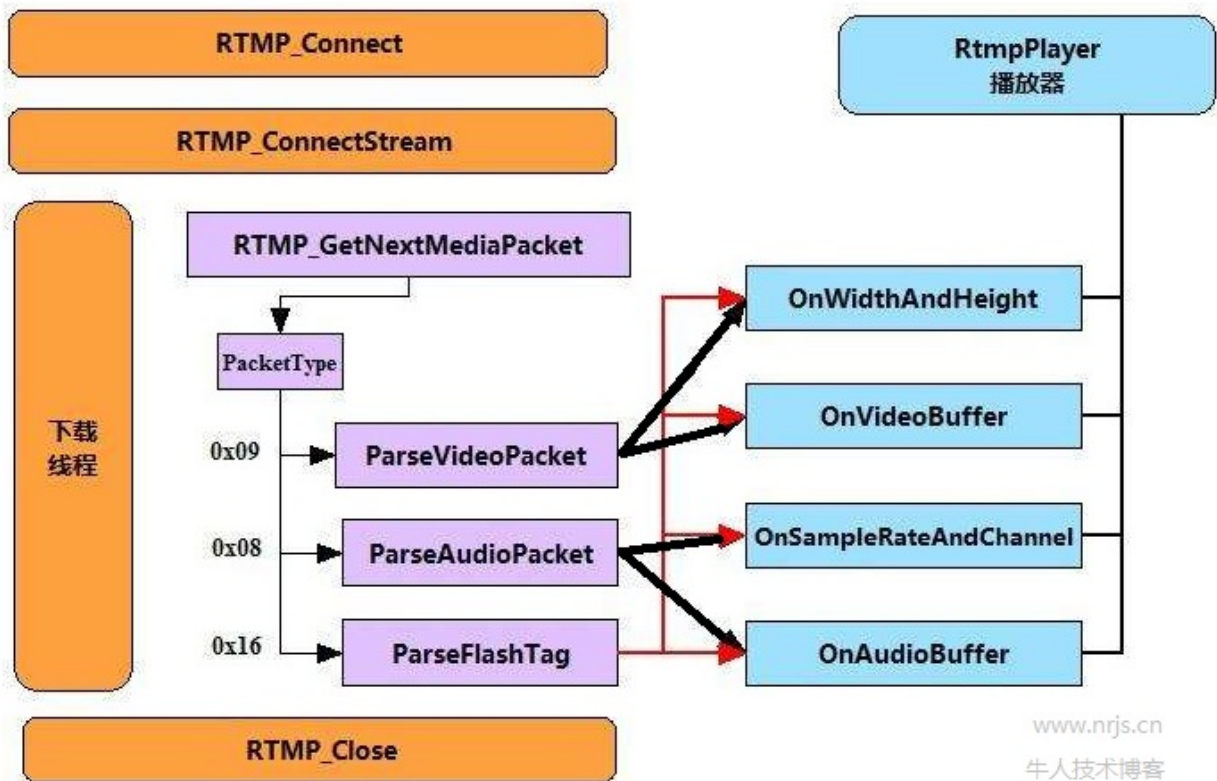
## 5 Nginx的RTMP直播模块开发参数说明和配置范例

参考：

【官方文档】Nginx模块Nginx-Rtmp-Module学习笔记（二）HLS 指令详解

<https://www.cnblogs.com/tinywan/p/5981197.html>

现在直播也是非常流行的一种应用场景，各种应用和H5页面上也经常用到直播。目前直播技术以RTMP方式是非常成熟的，虽然有10秒左右的延迟。但是这完全不影响直播的效果和稳定性。这次我们就以Nginx下的RTMP直播模块来讲一下直播的应用级别开发。安装这种类型的RTMP模块，需要重新编译[NGINX服务](#)。并且下载RTMP安装包。这里的安装和编译在另一篇牛人技术文章中说过了，在此就不多介绍了。下面我们来说说RTMP模块的一些命令参数和配置方法。



## 直播RTMP模块中一些主要的配置选项

rtmp

server NGINX中的服务块

listen 监听端口

application 用于在NGINX配置文件中创建同一个程序块

timeout 连接过期时间

ping 测试数据包

ping\_timeout 测试数据包超时时间

max\_streams 最大流数量

ack\_window

chunk\_size

max\_queue  
max\_message  
buflen  
out\_queue  
out\_cork

## 在直播时的一些配置项

live  
meta  
interleave  
wait\_key  
wait\_video  
publish\_notify  
drop\_idle\_publisher  
sync  
play\_restart  
idle\_streams

## HLS协议进行m3u8实时直播

hls  
hls\_path  
hls\_fragment  
hls\_playlist\_length  
hls\_sync  
hls\_continuous  
hls\_nested  
hls\_base\_url  
hls\_cleanup  
hls\_fragment\_naming  
hls\_fragment\_naming\_granularity  
hls\_fragment\_slicing  
hls\_variant  
hls\_type



hls\_keys  
hls\_key\_path  
hls\_key\_url  
hls\_fragments\_per\_key

## 录制直播视频以便回放重播

record  
record\_path  
record\_suffix  
record\_unique  
record\_append  
record\_lock  
record\_max\_size  
record\_max\_frames  
record\_interval  
recorder  
record\_notify

## 使用HTTP动态自适应不同带宽的视频

dash  
dash\_path  
dash\_fragment  
dash\_playlist\_length  
dash\_nested  
dash\_cleanup  
MPEG-DASH

## 用于视频点播的配置

play  
play\_temp\_path  
play\_local\_path

## 拉流转播到其他平台

pull  
push  
push\_reconnect  
session\_relay

## 直播状态的消息和状态

on\_connect  
on\_play  
on\_publish  
on\_done  
on\_play\_done  
on\_publish\_done  
on\_record\_done  
on\_update  
notify\_update\_timeout  
notify\_update\_strict  
notify\_relay\_redirect  
notify\_method

## 对直播的访问权限控制

allow  
deny  
Exec 一簇函数（进程往往要调用一种exec函数以执行另一个程序）  
exec\_push  
exec\_pull  
exec  
exec\_options  
exec\_static  
exec\_kill\_signal

respawn  
respawn\_timeout  
exec\_publish  
exec\_play  
exec\_play\_done  
exec\_publish\_done  
exec\_record\_done

## 其他RTMP的配置选项

access\_log 访问日志  
log\_format  
max\_connections 连接数Limits 限制  
rtmp\_stat 数据统计  
rtmp\_stat\_stylesheet  
Multi-worker live streaming 多线程直播流  
rtmp\_auto\_push  
rtmp\_auto\_push\_reconnect  
rtmp\_socket\_dir  
rtmp\_control 直播Control 控制模块

## 下面是一个NGINX-RTMP直播配置的范例

```
worker_processes 1;

events {
    worker_connections 1024;
}

#这里开始是牛人技术测试直播的配置信息
rtmp {
    server {
        listen 1935;
        chunk_size 4096;
```

```

application hls {
    live on;
    hls on;
    hls_path /byDATA/NginxRtmpNRJS/webroot/tt/hls;
    hls_fragment 5s;
}

```

#用来给115频道

```

application ANuid115 {
    live on;
    hls on;
    hls_path /byDATA/NginxRtmp/webroot/ANuid115;
    hls_fragment 5s;
}

```

#用来测试

```

application ANuid901 {
    live on;
    hls on;                                #实时回访
    wait_key on;                            #保护TS切片
    hls_nested on;                          #每个流都自动创建一个文件夹
    hls_fragment 5s;                        #每个ts文件为5s的样子
    hls_fragment_naming system;#使用系统时间戳命名ts文件
    hls_playlist_length 10800s;            #保存m3u8列表长度时间，默认是30

```

秒，可考虑三小时10800秒

```

    hls_cleanup on;                        #是否删除列表中已经没有了的媒体块TS文件，
默认是开启

```

```

    hls_continuous on;                    #连续模式
    hls_path /byDATA/NginxRtmp/webroot/live/record/ANuid901; #媒体
块ts的位置
}

```

```

application ANuid902 {
    live on;

```

```

        hls on;
        hls_path /byDATA/NginxRtmp/webroot/tt/ANuid902;
        hls_fragment 5s;
    }

    application ANuid903 {
        live on;
        hls on;
        hls_path /byDATA/NginxRtmp/webroot/tt/ANuid903;
        hls_fragment 5s;
    }
}

http {
    include      mime.types;
    default_type application/octet-stream;
    #access_log  logs/access.log  main;
    sendfile     on;
    #tcp_nopush  on;
    #keepalive_timeout 0;
    keepalive_timeout 65;

    #byAdd
    #include /byDATA/NginxRtmp/conf/*.conf; 此处可以添加自定义配置文件目录
    #gzip on;
    server {
        listen      80;
        server_name localhost;
        #charset koi8-r;
        #access_log logs/host.access.log  main;
        location / {
            #byAdd
            #root    /byDATA/NginxRtmp/webroot/tt;

```

```

    root    html;
    index   index.html index.htm;
}
#error_page 404                /404.html;
# redirect server error pages to the static page /50x.html
#
error_page 500 502 503 504 /50x.html;
location = /50x.html {
    root    html;
}
# proxy the PHP scripts to Apache listening on 127.0.0.1:80
#
#location ~ /\.php$ {
#    proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1;
#}
# pass the PHP scripts to FastCGI server listening on 127.0.0.1:9000
#
#location ~ /\.php$ {
#    root            html;
#    fastcgi_pass    127.0.0.1:9000;
#    fastcgi_index   index.php;
#    fastcgi_param   SCRIPT_FILENAME /scripts$fastcgi_script_name;
#    include         fastcgi_params;
#}
# deny access to .htaccess files, if Apache's document root
# concurs with nginx's one
#
#location ~ /\.ht {
#    deny all;
#}
}

#byAdd
server {
    listen    80;
    server_name flow.320023.com;

```

```

        location /ANuid901 {
            types {
                application/vnd.apple.mpegurl m3u8;
                video/mp2t ts;
            }
            root /byDATA/NginxRtmp/webroot/live/record;
            add_header Cache-Control no-cache;
        }

        #推流状态查看 http://flow.320023.com/stat
        location /stat {
            rtmp_stat all;
            rtmp_stat_stylesheet stat.xsl;
        }
        location /stat.xsl {
            root /byDATA/NginxRtmp/Program/nginx-rtmp-module-master;
        }

        #rewrite /ANuid901/(.*).m3u8$ /ANuid901/$1/index.m3u8 last;      #重写
用于兼容阿里云m3u8命名格式
        #rewrite /ANuid901/(.*).ts$ /ANuid901/StreamName/$1.ts last;    #重写
让上面m3u8能找到ts文件
    }
    # another virtual host using mix of IP-, name-, and port-based configuration
    #
    #server {
    #    listen      8000;
    #    listen      somename:8080;
    #    server_name somename alias another.alias;
    #    location / {
    #        root    html;
    #        index   index.html index.htm;
    #    }
    #}
    # HTTPS server
    #

```

```
#server {  
#   listen      443 ssl;  
#   server_name localhost;  
#   ssl_certificate      cert.pem;  
#   ssl_certificate_key  cert.key;  
#   ssl_session_cache    shared:SSL:1m;  
#   ssl_session_timeout  5m;  
#   ssl_ciphers  HIGH:!aNULL:!MD5;  
#   ssl_prefer_server_ciphers on;  
#   location / {  
#       root   html;  
#       index  index.html index.htm;  
#   }  
#}  
}
```