PROJECT 3 – WEB SECURITY

CS 6324: Information Security

What is it about?

- You are provided with code to an online bulletin board – "hackme"
 - Users can register accounts
 - Users can login, post blogs, or read posts
- Perform a series of attacks on the website
- Fix the website's code to prevent such attacks

hackme

- Hosted at fiona.utdallas.edu
- php-based:
 - Beginner guide to PHP is available at the course website.
- Files:
 - index.php: login interface
 - members.php: login check, and global thread view
 - show.php: view one thread
 - post.php: post a new thread
 - register.php: register a new user
 - connect.php: db connection utilities
 - others: header.php, footer.php, style.css

Password Management

Explore how passwords are "managed"

- Identify 2 vulnerabilities:
 - Should be something other than "weak passwords" and should not involve cookies
- Fix the vulnerabilities

Session Management

- Cookies!
- Describe how they are used
- Identify 3 vulnerabilities
 - HINT: look at what the cookies store, how they store it, how checks are performed
- Fix the vulnerabilities

Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

- Users are allowed to post new threads
 - Posts are allowed to contain HTML
- Craft a new post that conducts a XSS attack to steal users' cookies
 - If a user views your posting, his/her cookies should be stored in a file at the attacker's server.
 - Explain what, how and why?
- Provide any extra webpages, files, scripts that the attacker needs
 - I should be able to replicate your attack!
- Fix the vulnerability that caused this
 - The code fix should make your attack impossible.

Cross-Site Request Forgery (XSRF)

- Post a new thread without the user's consent
- Attack:
 - Lure a user to your malicious website while he is logged in to hackme
 - Post an advertisement to hackme
 - "You won the lottery!"
 - Should be completely (100%) stealthy (no redirection, etc.)
- Describe the vulnerability
- Explain three methods to prevent this attack

SQL Injection Attack

- Private version at [http://fiona.utdallas.edu/hackme]:
 - But you need a secret key to register a user account.
- Use an SQL-injection attack to register a new user and post something on the bulletin board
- Explain your attack:
 - Where, how + exact input.
 - I should be able to replicate it.
- Fix the vulnerability.

Weak Password attacks

- hackme does not check password strength
- A group of 100 users registered user accounts with weak passwords
- You need to recover their passwords by running a brute-force dictionary attack
- Get a corpus of weak passwords
 - Many are available online
- If you recover all 100 passwords, you get bonus points!

Weak Password attacks

- Usernames available in users.txt
- Your results should be in a separate file. Each username should be on a separate line username <tab> password
- The order of usernames should be the same as the order in users.txt
- If you do not recover a password for a user, write the username on the line
 - □ I want to be able to run diff to grade this.

Logistics

- Your website is on fiona.utdallas.edu
 - Your home directory will contain a web directory called "public_html"
 - You can access anything you put there on http://fiona.utdallas.edu/~username/

Logistics

- You will all be using the same database backend
 - Username: cs6324spring21
 - Database name: cs6324spring21
 - Schema: cs6324spring21_schema.sql
 - Play Nice!
- Another database is used for SQL injection attacks and weak passwords

Fixes

Your code should run with no errors

Fix the vulnerabilities without introducing new ones!

Point clearly to the files you changed and what you changed and why?

What to submit:

- The complete modified source code for the webpage
- Supplemental files, scripts and webpages needed for the attack
- pass.txt: list of recovered passwords
- Complete running final version of your website at: fiona.utdallas.edu/~username
- Written portion of the project
 - PDF only.
- If you want to use extra days in this project, please notify me before the due time.

Questions?