

例12: 已知 $\text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^- = \text{Ag}$, $\varphi^\circ = 0.80\text{V}$; $\text{AgI(固)} + \text{e}^- = \text{Ag} + \text{I}^-$ $\varphi^\circ = -0.15\text{V}$, 求 AgI 的溶度积(忽略离子强度影响)。

解:
$$\varphi_{\text{AgI/Ag}}^\circ = \varphi_{\text{Ag}^+/\text{Ag}}^\circ + 0.059 \lg \frac{K_{\text{sp}}}{[\text{I}^-]}$$

$$\lg K_{\text{sp}} = \frac{\varphi_{\text{AgI/Ag}}^\circ - \varphi_{\text{Ag}^+/\text{Ag}}^\circ}{0.059} = \frac{-0.15 - 0.80}{0.059} = -16.1$$

$$K_{\text{sp}(\text{AgI})} = 10^{-16.1} = 7.9 \times 10^{-17}$$

例13. (1) 求反应 $\text{Fe}^{3+} + \text{Ti}^{3+} = \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{Ti}^{4+}$ 的平衡常数。

(2) 当用 $0.0100\text{mol/L TiCl}_3$ 滴定 $0.0100\text{mol/L Fe}^{3+}$ 溶液, 滴定至终点时溶液中 $[\text{Fe}^{3+}] = 1.0 \times 10^{-5}\text{mol/L}$ 时, 求溶液中 $[\text{Ti}^{4+}]/[\text{Ti}^{3+}]$ 的比值。 ($\varphi^\theta_{\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}} = 0.77\text{V}$, $\varphi^\theta_{\text{TiO}_2^{2+}/\text{Ti}^{3+}} = 0.1\text{V}$)

解: (1) $K = \frac{(\varphi_1^\theta - \varphi_2^\theta)n_1n_2}{0.059} = \frac{0.77 - 0.1}{0.059} = 11.4 \quad K = 2.51 \times 10^{11}$

(2) $\lg K = \lg \frac{[\text{Ti}^{4+}][\text{Fe}^{2+}]}{[\text{Ti}^{3+}][\text{Fe}^{3+}]} = 11.4$

终点时 $[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0.0100/2 - 1.0 \times 10^{-5} = 0.0050 \text{ mol/L}$

$$\frac{[\text{Ti}^{4+}]}{[\text{Ti}^{3+}]} = \frac{10^{11.4} \times 1.0 \times 10^{-5}}{0.0050} = 10^{8.7}$$

例14. 通过理论计算说明, Co^{2+} 的氨性溶液 ($[\text{NH}_3]=1.0 \text{ mol/L}$) 敞开在空气中, 钴以何价态存在, 请计算出 $c_{(\text{Co(III)})}/c_{(\text{Co(II)})}$ 值。

已知: $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{2+}$ 的 $\lg\beta_1 \sim \lg\beta_6$ 为 2.11, 3.74, 4.79, 5.55, 5.73, 5.11, $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{3+}$ 的 $\lg\beta_1 \sim \lg\beta_6$ 为 6.7, 14.0, 20.1, 25.7, 30.8, 33.2, $\text{pK}_b(\text{NH}_3)=4.74$,

$$\varphi_{\text{Co}^{3+}/\text{Co}^{2+}}^\theta = 1.84 \text{ V}, \quad \varphi_{(\text{O}_2/\text{OH}^-)}^\theta = 0.401 \text{ V}$$

解: $\alpha_{\text{ox}} = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^6 \beta_i [\text{NH}_3]^i = 1 + 10^{6.7} + 10^{14.0} + 10^{20.1} + 10^{25.7} + 10^{30.8} + 10^{33.2} = 10^{33.2}$

同理: $\alpha_{\text{Red}} = 10^{6.03}$

$$\varphi^{\theta'} = \varphi^\theta + \frac{0.059}{n} \lg \frac{\alpha_{\text{Red}}}{\alpha_{\text{ox}}} = 1.84 + 0.059 \lg \frac{10^{6.03}}{10^{33.2}} = 0.24 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{O}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 4\text{e}^- = 4\text{OH}^- \quad [\text{OH}^-] = \sqrt{K_b c_{(\text{NH}_3)}} = \sqrt{10^{-4.74} \times 1} = 10^{-2.37}$$

$$\varphi_{\text{O}_2/\text{OH}^-} = \varphi^\theta + \frac{0.059}{4} \lg \frac{p_{\text{O}_2}}{[\text{OH}^-]^4} = 0.401 + \frac{0.059}{4} \lg 0.22 + 0.059 \lg 10^{2.37} = 0.56 \text{ V}$$

$$\varphi = \varphi^{\theta'} + \frac{0.059}{n} \lg \frac{c_{\text{Ox}}}{c_{\text{Red}}} \quad \varphi_{\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{3+}/\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{2+}}^{\theta'} < \varphi_{\text{O}_2/\text{OH}^-}$$

$$0.56 = 0.24 + 0.059 \lg \frac{c_{\text{Co}^{3+}}}{c_{\text{Co}^{2+}}}$$

$$\frac{c_{\text{Co}^{3+}}}{c_{\text{Co}^{2+}}} = 2.63 \times 10^5$$