

**例12:** 已知 $\text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^- = \text{Ag}$ ,  $\varphi^\circ = 0.80\text{V}$ ;  $\text{AgI(固)} + \text{e}^- = \text{Ag} + \text{I}^-$   $\varphi^\circ = -0.15\text{V}$ , 求 $\text{AgI}$ 的溶度积(忽略离子强度影响)。

**解:**  $\varphi_{\text{AgI}/\text{Ag}}^\circ = \varphi_{\text{Ag}^+/\text{Ag}}^\circ + 0.059 \lg \frac{K_{sp}}{[\text{I}^-]}$

$$\lg K_{sp} = \frac{\varphi_{\text{AgI}/\text{Ag}}^\circ - \varphi_{\text{Ag}^+/\text{Ag}}^\circ}{0.059} = \frac{-0.15 - 0.80}{0.059} = -16.1$$

$$K_{sp(\text{AgI})} = 10^{-16.1} = 7.9 \times 10^{-17}$$

**例13.** (1) 求反应  $\text{Fe}^{3+} + \text{Ti}^{3+} = \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{Ti}^{4+}$  的平衡常数。

(2) 当用0.0100mol/L  $\text{TiCl}_3$ 滴定0.0100mol/L  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ 溶液，滴定至终点时溶液中  $[\text{Fe}^{3+}] = 1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol/L}$  时，求溶液中  $[\text{Ti}^{4+}]/[\text{Ti}^{3+}]$  的比值。 $(\varphi^\theta_{\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}} = 0.77 \text{ V}, \varphi^\theta_{\text{TiO}_2^{2+}/\text{Ti}^{3+}} = 0.1 \text{ V})$

解： (1)  $K = \frac{(\varphi_1^\theta - \varphi_2^\theta)n_1 n_2}{0.059} = \frac{0.77 - 0.1}{0.059} = 11.4 \quad K = 2.51 \times 10^{11}$

(2)  $\lg K = \lg \frac{[\text{Ti}^{4+}][\text{Fe}^{2+}]}{[\text{Ti}^{3+}][\text{Fe}^{3+}]} = 11.4$

终点时  $[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 0.0100 / 2 - 1.0 \times 10^{-5} = 0.0050 \text{ mol/L}$

$$\frac{[\text{Ti}^{4+}]}{[\text{Ti}^{3+}]} = \frac{10^{11.4} \times 1.0 \times 10^{-5}}{0.0050} = 10^{8.7}$$

**例14.** 通过理论计算说明,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ 的氨性溶液( $[\text{NH}_3]=1.0 \text{ mol/L}$ )敞开在空气中, 钴以何价态存在, 请计算出  $c_{(\text{Co(III)})}/c_{(\text{Co(II})}$  值。

已知:  $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{2+}$  的  $\lg\beta_1 \sim \lg\beta_6$  为 2.11, 3.74, 4.79, 5.55, 5.73, 5.11,  $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{3+}$  的  $\lg\beta_1 \sim \lg\beta_6$  为 6.7, 14.0, 20.1, 25.7, 30.8, 33.2,  $pK_b(\text{NH}_3)=4.74$ ,

$$\varphi_{\text{Co}^{3+}/\text{Co}^{2+}}^{\theta} = 1.84 \text{ V}, \quad \varphi_{\text{O}_2/\text{OH}^-}^{\theta} = 0.401 \text{ V}$$

解:  $\alpha_{\text{ox}} = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^6 \beta_i [\text{NH}_3]^i = 1 + 10^{6.7} + 10^{14.0} + 10^{20.1} + 10^{25.7} + 10^{30.8} + 10^{33.2} = 10^{33.2}$

同理:  $\alpha_{\text{Red}} = 10^{6.03}$

$$\varphi^{\theta'} = \varphi^{\theta} + \frac{0.059}{n} \lg \frac{\alpha_{\text{Red}}}{\alpha_{\text{ox}}} = 1.84 + 0.059 \lg \frac{10^{6.03}}{10^{33.2}} = 0.24V$$

$$\text{O}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 4\text{e} = 4\text{OH}^- \quad [\text{OH}^-] = \sqrt{K_b c_{(\text{NH}_3)}} = \sqrt{10^{-4.74} \times 1} = 10^{-2.37}$$

$$\varphi_{\text{O}_2/\text{OH}^-}^{\theta'} = \varphi^{\theta} + \frac{0.059}{4} \lg \frac{P_{\text{O}_2}}{[\text{OH}^-]^4} = 0.401 + \frac{0.059}{4} \lg 0.22 + 0.059 \lg 10^{2.37} = 0.56V$$

$$\varphi = \varphi^{\theta'} + \frac{0.059}{n} \lg \frac{c_{\text{ox}}}{c_{\text{Red}}} \quad \varphi_{\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{3+}/\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{2+}}^{\theta'} < \varphi_{\text{O}_2/\text{OH}^-}$$

$$0.56 = 0.24 + 0.059 \lg \frac{c_{\text{Co}^{3+}}}{c_{\text{Co}^{2+}}}$$

$$\frac{c_{\text{Co}^{3+}}}{c_{\text{Co}^{2+}}} = 2.63 \times 10^5$$

$$c_{\text{Co}^{2+}}$$