

# CONDUCTIVE HEAT TRANSFER

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The heat transfer through the wall of a house can be one-dimensional, one direction only. In this case, the rate of heat transfer is constant.

Heat transfer through a wall is proportional to its area, to the difference of temperature and conductivity of the material; and inversely proportional to the thickness of the wall.

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{dQ}{dt} \frac{\text{Energy}}{\text{time}} \left( \frac{J}{s} \right) \rightarrow W \text{ Power}$$

## Exercises:

Find the rate of heat transfer through the wall if  $k=0.78 \text{ W/m } ^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $A= 20\text{m}^2$ ,  $\Delta T=25$ ,  $L= 0.4\text{m}$ , using both: simple method and using the resistance concept.

$$\dot{Q} = kA \frac{\Delta T}{L} = 0.78 * 20 * \frac{25}{0.4} = 975 \text{ W}$$

$$R_{wall} = \frac{L}{kA} = \frac{0.4}{0.78 * 20} = 0.02564 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C/W}$$

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{wall}} = \frac{25}{0.02564} = 975.039 \text{ W}$$