

### Question:

A short summary about the conductive heat transfer and solving the same exercise with  $L = 0.4 \text{ m}$ ,  $A = 20 \text{ m}^2$ ,  $\Delta T = 25$ , and  $k = 0.78 \text{ W/m K}$  using both simple method and using the resistance concept

### SUMMARY:

Heat transferring is related to temperature difference, contact area and wall thickness. The greater the contact area and temperature difference, the more heat is transferred.

$$1. \quad Q = k \cdot A \cdot \frac{\Delta T}{L} = 0.78 \cdot 20 \cdot \frac{25}{0.4} = 975 \text{ (W)}$$

$$2. \quad R = \frac{L}{kA} = \frac{0.4}{0.78 \cdot 20} \approx 0.0256 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C/W)}$$

$$Q = \frac{\Delta T}{R} = \frac{25}{0.0256} \approx 976.6 \text{ (W)}$$