TASK1:

Considering the same example you solved in the previous assignment (radiative heat transfer between two paralle plates), how many shields with epsilon=0.1 should you add in order to have the new heat transfer rate to be 1% of the case without shields?

① ③ ② ②
$$\begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 = 0.1 \\ T_1 = 800 \text{ K} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_2 = 0.1 \\ T_2 = 500 \text{ K} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\epsilon_3 = 0.1$$

$$\vec{q}_{12}$$

$$q_{net_{1-2}} = \frac{Q_{net_{1-2}}}{A} = \frac{A\sigma \left(T_2^4 - T_1^4\right)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1} \div A = \frac{\sigma \left(T_2^4 - T_1^4\right)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1} = \frac{5.67 \times 10^{-8} \times (800^4 - 500^4)}{\frac{1}{0.1} + \frac{1}{0.1} - 1} W / m^2 = 1035.82W / m^2$$

The new heat transfer rate should be 1% of the $\ q_{{\scriptscriptstyle net}_{{\scriptscriptstyle 1-2}}}$

i.e.,
$$q_{net_{1-2}} = q_{net_{1-2}, nshields} = \frac{1}{100} \times q_{net_{1-2}}$$

$$\dot{q}_{net_{1-2},nshields} = \frac{\dot{Q}_{net_{1-2},nshields}}{A} = \frac{A\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1) + (\frac{1}{\varepsilon_{3,1}} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_{3,2}} - 1) + \dots + (\frac{1}{\varepsilon_{n,1}} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_{n,2}} - 1)} \div A$$

$$\frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1) + (\frac{1}{\varepsilon_{3,1}} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_{3,2}} - 1) + \dots + (\frac{1}{\varepsilon_{n,1}} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_{n,2}} - 1)}$$

Autem,
$$\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2 = \varepsilon_3 = \dots = \varepsilon_n$$

substitute $\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \varepsilon_3, \dots, \varepsilon_n$

And introduce to the equation:

$$q_{net_{1-2},n,shields} = \frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{(n+1)(\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1)} = \frac{1}{n+1} \times \frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} q'_{net_{1-2}} &= q'_{net_{1-2,n,shields}} = \frac{1}{100} \times q'_{net_{1-2}} = \frac{1}{100} \times \frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1} = \frac{1}{100} \times \frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1} \end{aligned}$$
 Since *i.e.*,
$$\frac{1}{n+1} \times \frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1} = \frac{1}{100} \times \frac{\sigma(T_2^4 - T_1^4)}{\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1}$$

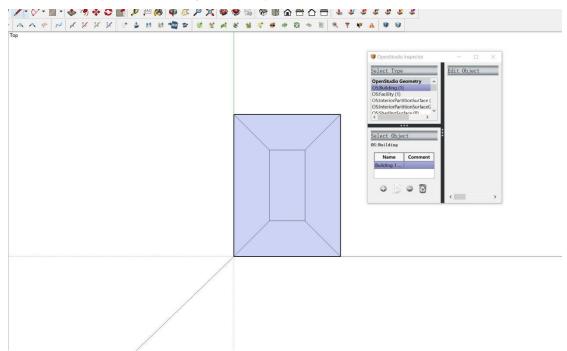
$$n = 99$$

To have the new heat transfer rate be 1% of the previous rate without any shields, we need 99 shields with epsilon=0.1.

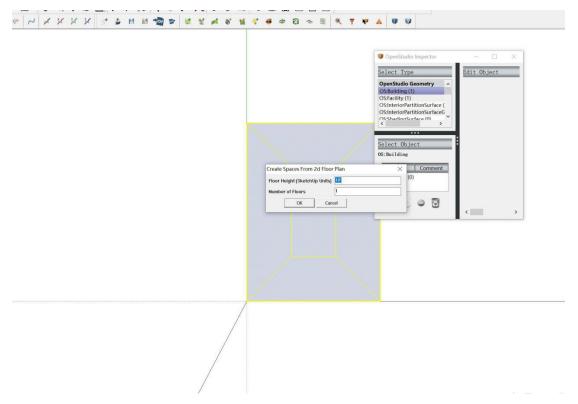
TASK2:

You should create a PDF file with screen shots of all of the steps we went through (clearly from your file) and explain briefly the reason behind the use of each step (in your words!)

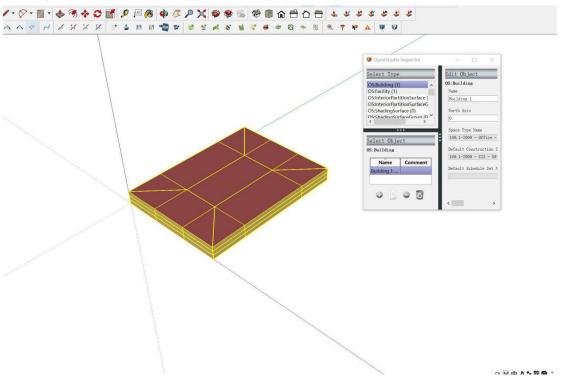
1.Create the shape of the buliding in sketch up



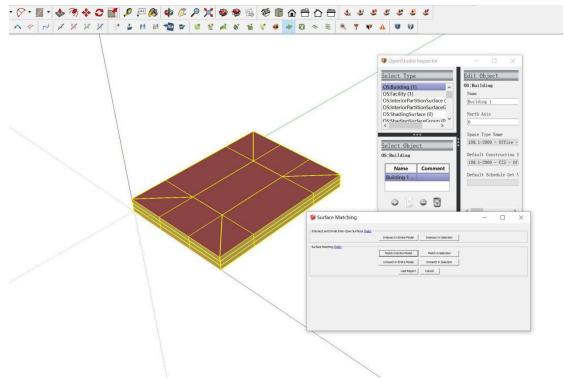
2. Use "Create spaces from diagram" create a 3 floor building.



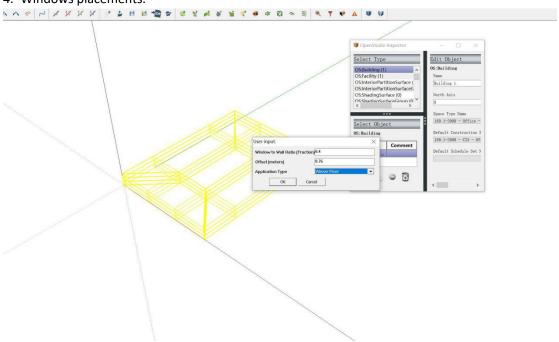
Creating the levels, new layers appear at the right side off the screen.



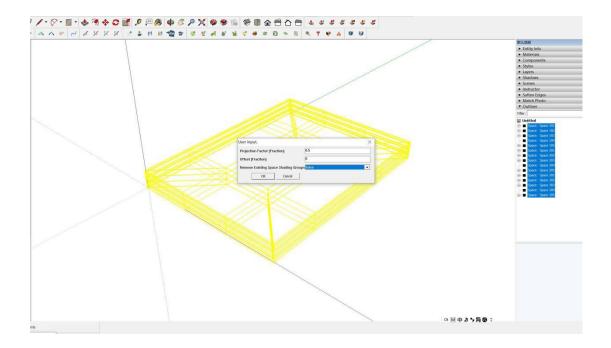
3. Click"Surface matching".



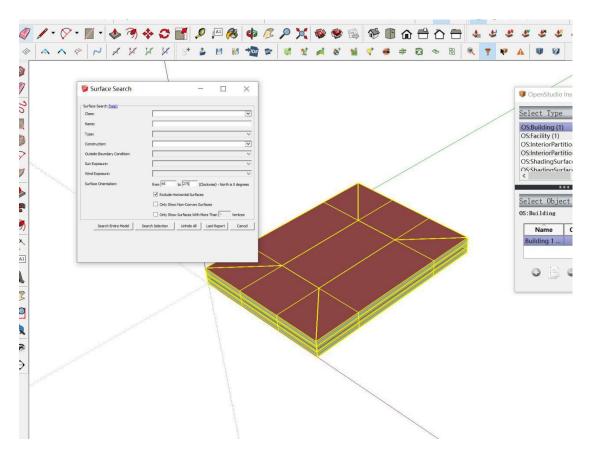
4. Windows placements.



5. Open the "Outliner"

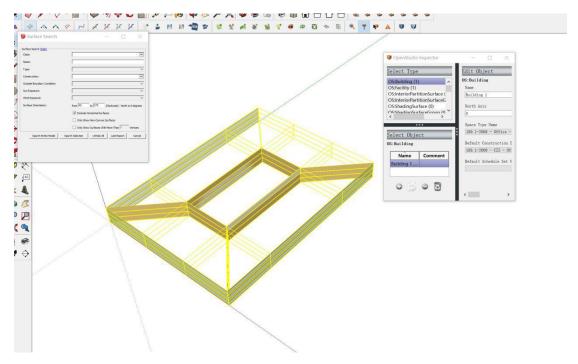


6. Check other directions besides the north.



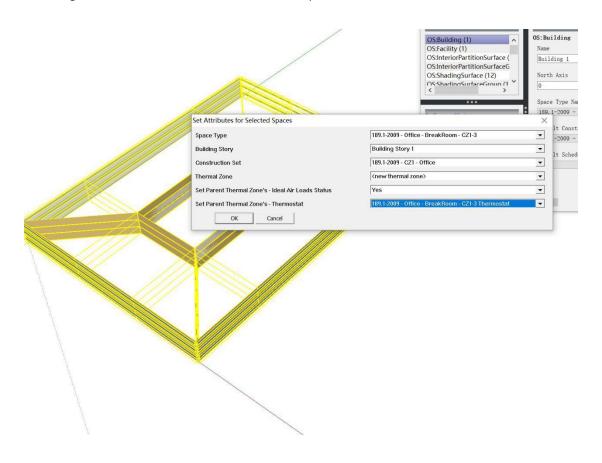
7. External shading addition.

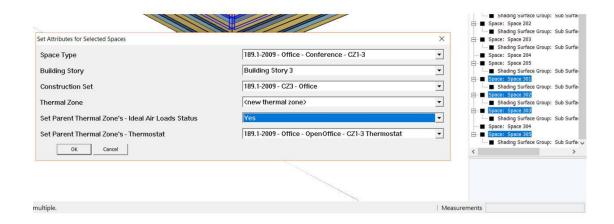
Using the search surfaces tool and applying 0 to 360 parameters we can visualize again the entire model.

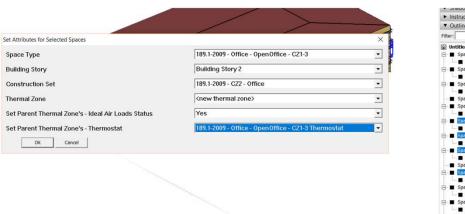


8. Adding of specifications.

Choosing each thermal zone, we have to add the specifications.

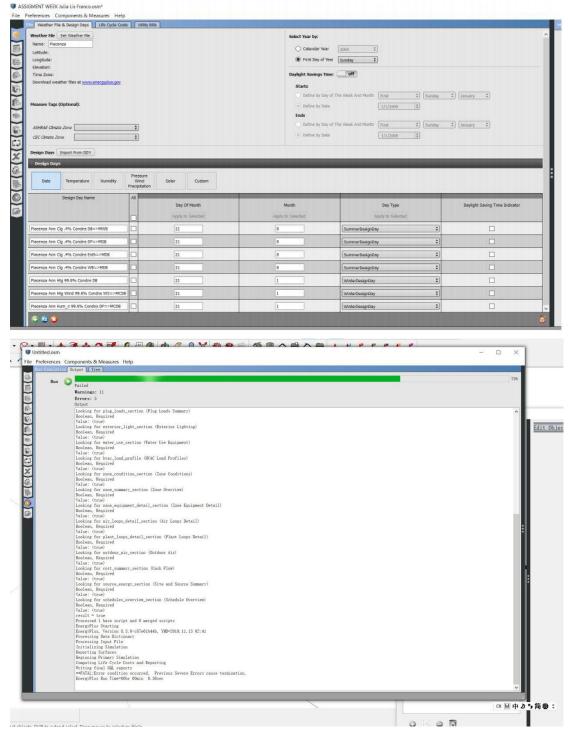








9. Open Studio launching.



10. Result reviews.

