Summary about the convective heat transfer convective heat transfer also called heat convection happens between two moving fluids (liquid and gas, liquid and liquid and gas, efc) the types of convection: natural and forced Thermal resistance. · Natural convection happens when two moving third or a solid and a moving fluid with different temperature contact without external force, the heat is transferred from the hotter part to the cooler part · Forced convection happens when the two moving fluid or a solid with different temperature contact due to external force, the heat is transferred from the hotter part to the cooler part. Thermal resistance: thermal resistance also call heat resistance is defined as the difficulty of heat in passing through a solid, liquid or gaseous medium. It is represented in Pl and the unit is kny or of w

Question: Why increasing the thickness of a single pane 9103 does increase the total resistance Answer: Since the thormal resistance of glass by 0.0043°C for the thermal resistance for value for the 0. 4332°C/W in that case. Therefore it's not possible for significantly increasing the total thermal resistance inexeasing the glassis Heview of the mistakes: the different units meters and milimeters -07 Neglected

Application: Consider a 0.8m-high and 1-5m-wide double-pane window consisting of two 6-mm-thick layers of glass ck=0.78 m/m°c separated by a B-mm-thick stagnant air space (k=0.026 w/m°c). Determine the steady yate of heat transfer coefficients on the inner and outer surfaces of the window to Determine the steady rate of heat transfer through this double pane window and the temperature of its inner surface. clake the convection heat transfer coefficients on the inner and outer surfaces of the window to be h, = 10 w/m2.0c and hz = 40 w/200 which includes the effect of radiation. Answer:

The area of surface is: $Agless = 0.8 * LJ = 1.2 m^2$ alass Air 14 -10 c The thermal resistance of convection between inner surface and air: 6mm (3mm Hanv, I = h.A = 10-*1.2 = 0.0833 °C/W The thermal vosistance of convection between Outer surface and air:

Plans, 2 = h>A = 40*1.2 = 0.0208 oc/w The thermal resistance of convection between to 6-mm-thick glass: Piglas = L = 0.006 × 0.0064 °C/W Rain = KA = 0.013 ~ 0.4167°C/W

